A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RANKED CHOICE VOTING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that ranked choice voting
- 2 defies the basic principle of one-person, one-vote that is
- 3 central to democracy. The purpose of this Act is to prohibit
- 4 ranked choice voting from being instituted in the future and to
- 5 repeal its current implementation for special elections and
- 6 county council.
- 7 SECTION 2. Chapter 11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
- 8 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 "\$11- Prohibition on Ranked Choice Voting. (a) The
- 11 office of elections, chief elections officer, city or county
- 12 council, city or county clerk, may not authorize or adopt or
- 13 enforce in any manner a rule, resolution, or ordinance
- 14 establishing a system of voting for any office where:
- 15 (1) Voters rank candidates in order of preference;

1	(2)	Tabulation proceeds in rounds where in each round		
2		either a candidate is elected or the last place		
3		candidate is eliminated;		
4	(3)	(3) Votes are transferred from elected or eliminated		
5		candidates to the voter's next-ranked candidate in		
6		order of preference; and		
7	(4)	Tabulation ends when a candidate receives the majority		
8		of votes cast or the number of candidates elected		
9		equals the number of offices to be filled."		
10	SECTION 3. Section 11-100, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
11	repealed.			
12	"[{\$11-100} Ranked-choice voting; application; procedure.			
13	(a) Any federal election not held on the date of a regularly			
14	scheduled primary or general election and any special election			
15	for a vacant seat on a county council shall be conducted by			
16	ranked-choice voting.			
17	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the			
18	following procedures shall be used to determine the winner of a			
19	election conducted by ranked-choice voting:			
20	(1)	Tabulation of votes shall proceed in rounds;		

H.B. NO. 175-

1	-(2)	In c	a ch round, the number of votes for each continuing	
2		candidate shall be counted, with each continuing		
3		ball	ot counting as one vote for its highest-ranked	
4		cont.	inuing candidate for that round;	
5	(3)	Inactive ballots shall not be counted for any		
6		cont	inuing candidate; and	
7	(4)	The :	round shall end with one of two potential	
8		outc	omes÷	
9		(A)	If there are two or fewer continuing candidates,	
10			the candidate with the most votes shall be	
11			declared the winner of the election; or	
12		(B)	If there are more than two continuing candidates,	
13			the last-place candidate shall be defeated and a	
14			new-round shall begin.	
15	(c)	-A-ti	e under this section between candidates for the	
16	most-vote	s in	the final round or a tie between last-place	
17	candidate	s in a	any round shall be decided by lot, and the	
18	candidate	-chos	en by lot shall be:	
19	(1)	Decla	ared the winner if the tie is between candidates	
20		for	the most votes in the final round; or	

1 .	(2)	Defeated if the tie is between last-place candidates	
2		in any round.	
3	(d)	The office of elections may modify a ranked-choice	
4	voting ba	llot and tabulation; provided that:	
5	(1)	The number of allowable rankings shall be limited to	
6		no fewer than six candidates; and	
7	(2)	Two or more candidates may be defeated simultaneously	
8		by batch elimination in any round of tabulation.	
9	-(e)	For the purposes of this section:	
10	"Bat	ch elimination" means the simultaneous defeat of	
11	multiple candidates for whom it is mathematically impossible to		
12	be elected.		
13	"Continuing ballot" means a ballot that is not an inactive		
14	ballot.		
15	"Con	tinuing candidate" means a candidate who has not been	
16	defeated.		
17	"Hig	hest continuing ranking" means the highest ranking on a	
18	voter's ballot for a continuing candidate.		
19	"Inactive ballot" means a ballot that does not rank any		
20	continuin	g candidate, contains an overvote at the highest	

1	continuing ranking, or-c	ontains two or more sequential skipped			
2	rankings before its highest continuing ranking.				
3	"Last-place candidate" means the candidate with the fewest				
4	votes in a round of ranked-choice voting tabulation.				
5	"Mathematically impossible to be elected", with respect to				
6	a candidate, means that:				
7	(1) The candidate	cannot be elected because the			
8	candidate's vo	te total in a round of the ranked-choice			
9	voting tabulat	ion, plus all votes that could possibly			
10	be transferred	to the candidate in future rounds from			
11	candidates wit	h an equal or lower number of votes,			
12	would not be-e	nough to surpass the candidate with the			
13	next-higher vo	te total in the round; or			
14	(2) The candidate	has a lower vote total than a candidate			
15	described in p	aragraph (1).			
16	"Overvote" means a	circumstance in which a voter has ranked			
17	more than one candidate	at the same ranking on a ballot.			
18	"Ranked-choice voti	ng" means the method of casting and			
19	tabulating votes in whic	h voters rank candidates in order of			
20	proforonge tabulation n	rocoods in someontial rounds in which			

1	last-place candidates are defeated, and the candidate with the
2	most votes in the final round is elected.
3	"Ranking" means the number assigned on a ballot by a voter
4	to a candidate to express the voter's preference for that
5	candidate, in which the lowest number is the highest ranking,
6	and the highest number is the lowest ranking.
7	"Round" means an instance of the sequence of voting
8	tabulation steps established in subsection (b).
9	"Skipped ranking" means a circumstance in which a voter has
10	left a ranking blank and ranks a candidate at a subsequent
11	ranking.]"
12	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
15	Mar with the

INTRODUCED BY:

Danie and

HB HMIA 2024-1-21

JAN 1 8 2024

Report Title:

Minority Caucus Package; Ranked Choice Voting; Elections

Description:

Prohibits the use of ranked choice voting for any election. Repeals the provision allowing for ranked choice voting for certain positions and circumstances.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.