



GOV. MSG. NO. 1202

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS
KE KE'ENA O KE KIA'ĀINA

JOSH GREEN, M.D.
GOVERNOR
KE KIA'ĀINA

June 27, 2024

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi
President of the Senate,
and Members of the Senate
Thirty-Second State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki
Speaker, and Members of the
House of Representatives
Thirty-Second State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 431
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 27, 2024, the following bill was signed into law:

HB1889 HD1 SD2

RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION
MEDICAL BENEFITS.
ACT 101

Sincerely,

Josh Green, M.D.
Governor, State of Hawai'i

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2024
STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1889
H.D. 1
S.D. 2

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION MEDICAL BENEFITS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that firefighters may be
2 exposed in the course of their duties to contaminants that are
3 known or suspected to cause cancer. Although fire departments
4 are expected to use the best available equipment and risk
5 management practices to reduce a firefighter's exposure to
6 contaminants, some house fires and vehicle fires release highly
7 concentrated toxicants from burning plastics and other
8 synthetics, so some exposure may be unavoidable. In October
9 2013, researchers from the National Institute of Occupational
10 Safety and Health found that firefighters have a higher risk of
11 cancer than the general population. A published study looked at
12 cancer diagnoses and deaths among more than thirty-thousand
13 firefighters from fire departments in Chicago, Philadelphia, and
14 San Francisco. The study found that cancers of the respiratory,
15 digestive, and urinary systems were common, which substantiated
16 similar findings from a 2006 study by the University of
17 Cincinnati.



1 The legislature further finds that a task force convened
2 pursuant to House Concurrent Resolution No. 32, Regular Session
3 of 2016, to examine the risks of cancer among firefighters found
4 that some states, including Arizona, California, Nevada, North
5 Dakota, and Virginia, have enacted legislation providing special
6 benefit programs for firefighters who have been diagnosed with
7 cancer. The benefit programs recognize that firefighters assume
8 significant occupational risks while performing an essential
9 public service. By providing sufficient workers' compensation
10 coverage for firefighters, states can help ensure that
11 firefighters receive timely and appropriate medical treatment
12 and can help ease the emotional and financial burdens for
13 firefighters and their families if the firefighter is diagnosed
14 with cancer.

15 The legislature recognizes that female firefighters may be
16 at increased risk of breast, cervical, and uterine cancers. In
17 April 2023, the National Library of Medicine highlighted a study
18 published in *Frontiers in Public Health* regarding the occurrence
19 of cancer in female firefighters. The study found that female
20 firefighters may develop a wide variety of cancers and may
21 develop them at an earlier age than most other women. These



1 findings illustrate the need to provide broad and presumptive
2 medical coverage for female firefighters who have become ill.

3 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to improve female
4 firefighters' access to comprehensive medical coverage by
5 expanding workers' compensation medical benefits for
6 firefighters to include coverage for breast cancer and cancer of
7 the female reproductive organs.

8 SECTION 2. Section 386-21.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9 amended to read as follows:

10 " **[+]§386-21.9[+]** **Medical care, services, and supplies for**
11 **firefighters suffering from cancer.** If a claim for leukemia,
12 multiple myeloma, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, or cancer of the lung,
13 brain, stomach, esophagus, intestines, rectum, kidney, bladder,
14 prostate, breast, female reproductive organs, or testes filed by
15 an employee with five or more years of service as a firefighter
16 is accepted or determined to be compensable, section 386-21
17 shall remain applicable; provided that the employer shall be
18 liable for medical care, services, and supplies for a minimum of
19 one hundred ten per cent, and not to exceed one hundred fifty
20 per cent of fees prescribed in the Medicare Resource Based



1 Relative Value Scale applicable to Hawaii as prepared by the
2 United States Department of Health and Human Services."

3 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
4 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
5 begun before its effective date.

6 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
7 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

8 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

APPROVED this 27th day of June , 2024



GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 1889, HD 1, SD 2

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: April 19, 2024

Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-Second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2024.



Scott K. Saiki
Speaker
House of Representatives

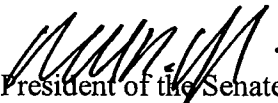



Brian L. Takeshita
Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: April 9, 2024
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Third Reading in the Senate of the Thirty-Second Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2024.


President of the Senate


Clerk of the Senate