MAR 0 8 2024

SENATE RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR TO CONVENE A WORKING GROUP TO PLAN FOR THE REMEDIATION OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES (PFAS) IN THE STATE.

WHEREAS, perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances 1 (PFAS) are a group of synthetic organofluorine chemical 2 compounds that have multiple fluorine atoms attached to an alkyl 3 chain that are increasingly becoming understood to pose serious 4 toxicity to humans and other organisms in the environment; and 5 6 WHEREAS, in 2021, the Organization for Economic Co-7 operation and Development (OECD) identified at least 4,730 8 distinct PFAS chemicals; and 9 10 WHEREAS, the United States Environmental Protection 11 Agency's toxicity database (DSSTox) lists 14,735 unique PFAS, 12 while PubChem lists more than 6,000,000 that fit under the 2021 13 revised definition of PFAS by the OECD; and 14 15 WHEREAS, DSSTox also includes perfluorosulfonic acids, such 16 as perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) and perfluorocarboxylic 17 acids, such as perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA); and 18 19 WHEREAS, many PFAS chemicals were used in the mid-twentieth 20 century in products and on materials due to their enhanced 21 22 water-resistant and oil-resistant properties, like Teflon or aqueous film forming foam, before the environmental impact and 23 toxicity to human and mammalian life had been studied; and 24 25 WHEREAS, PFOS, PFOA, and other PFAS chemicals are commonly 26 described as persistent organic pollutants or "forever 27 chemicals" because they remain in the environment for long 28 29 periods of time; and 30 31 WHEREAS, residues have been detected in humans and wildlife, prompting concern about impacts on health; and 32 33 WHEREAS, according to the National Academies of Sciences, 34 Engineering, and Medicine, PFAS exposure is linked to increased 35



risk of dyslipidemia (abnormally high cholesterol), suboptimal 1 antibody response, reduced infant and fetal growth, and higher 2 rates of kidney cancer; and 3 4 WHEREAS, health concerns related to PFAS have resulted in 5 numerous lawsuits involving PFAS producers 3M, Chemours, DuPont, 6 and Corteva where billion-dollar settlements have been reached 7 and the use of PFAS has been regulated in several parts of the 8 world, some with plans to phase PFAS out entirely from products; 9 and 10 11 12 WHEREAS, chemical corporations that produce PFAS generate approximately \$4,000,000,000 in annual profits from the 13 production of these chemicals in the United States, but they 14 15 impose monumental costs on taxpayers and the health of global human and animal populations; and 16 17 WHEREAS, of these costs, the most expensive are remediation 18 19 efforts to fight PFAS soil and water contamination, followed by 20 the health care costs to treat cancer, thyroid disease, kidney dysfunction, birth defects, and other major medical conditions 21 that have been linked to even low levels of exposure to PFAS, 22 and followed by the costs of monitoring of PFAS pollution in 23 human and other life forms; and 24 25 WHEREAS, the International Chemical Secretariat has 26 27 estimated that PFAS costs approximately \$17,500,000,000,000 28 annually; and 29 WHEREAS, PFAS have been frequently documented in marine 30 31 species that are commonly consumed by humans, posing substantial health risks because of bioaccumulation and biomagnification in 32 certain species that exceeds tolerable limits for human 33 consumption posing potential health risks and causing local 34 communities to face economic and food source consequences due to 35 potential future advisories, fishing limits, or closures for 36 certain species due to their PFAS content; and 37 38 39 WHEREAS, as of August 2023, twenty-five states have 40 established enforceable drinking water standards related to PFAS and the United States Environmental Protection Agency is 41



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1 2 3		g a study from 2023 to 2025 to collect data on PFAS and dditional regulations; now, therefore,
4 5 6 7 8	Legislatu	I RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-second re of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2024, Office of the Governor is requested to convene a PFAS roup; and
8 9 10 11		I FURTHER RESOLVED that the working group is requested e the following members:
12 13 14	(1)	The Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Standing Committees with subject matter jurisdiction encompassing environmental protection and restoration;
15 16 17	(2)	The Director of Health;
18 19	(3)	A representative from the City and County of Honolulu;
20 21	(4)	A representative of the County of Hawaii;
21 22 23	(5)	A representative of the County of Maui;
24 25	(6)	A representative of the County of Kauai;
26 27 28 29 30 31	(7)	Two representatives from established Hawaii organizations whose mission statements or purposes are dedicated to environmental protection, including protection against contaminations by environmental toxins, as selected and invited by the Governor; and
32 33 34	(8)	Two representatives of the business community that manufacture or sell products containing PFAS, as selected and invited by the Governor; and
35 36 37 38 39	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the mayors of each county are requested to select a representative from their county to serve on the working group; and	
40 41 42	Representa	F FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chairs of the House of atives and Senate Standing Committees with subject risdiction encompassing environmental protection and



1	restoration are requested to serve as co-chairpersons of the		
2	working group; and		
3			
4	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the working group is requested		
5	to proactively plan for the remediation of PFAS contamination		
6	throughout the State and to accomplish this objective the		
7	working g	roup is requested to:	
8			
9	(1)		
10		controlling authority of all major accumulations of	
11		PFAS and related chemicals, or both, within the State;	
12	(-)		
13	(2)	Propose plans of action, including but not limited to	
14		proposals for legislation and litigation, remediation,	
15		or elimination of all major accumulations of PFAS and	
16		related chemicals within the State;	
17	(-)		
18	(3)	Identify any known contaminants or environmental	
19		hazards associated with the inventoried lands, any	
20		environmental studies performed in connection with the	
21		lands, and any required remediation;	
22			
23	(4)	Affirmatively engage in a public information campaign	
24		to advise the public of the dangers of PFAS and	
25		related chemicals, and actions that the public may	
26		undertake to limit their exposure to these chemicals;	
27	(-)		
28	(5)	Encourage the business community to become more aware	
29 20		of the presence of PFAS and related chemicals in	
30		products and product packaging, make the community	
31		aware of the dangers of such chemicals, and encourage	
32		members of the community to adopt practices to	
33		eliminate or at least reduce the presence of these	
34		chemicals in the products that they use and sell; and	
35	(\mathbf{c})	Work on any other chicatives deemed respectively by the	
36 37	(6)	Work on any other objectives deemed necessary by the	
37 39		working group; and	
38 39	יד שמ	T FURTHER RESOLVED that the working group is requested	
39 40		to the Legislature by:	
40 41	to report	co che degistacute by:	
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Submitting a preliminary report of its findings and (1) 1 recommendations, including any proposed legislation, 2 3 to the Legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the Regular Session of 2025; and 4 5 Submitting subsequent reports on its findings and 6 (2) recommendations, including any proposed legislation, 7 to the Legislature no later than twenty days prior to 8 the convening of each Regular Session thereafter; and 9 10 11 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the Governor, President of the 12 Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Director of 13 Health, and Mayor of each county. 14 15 Jule Saft 16 17

OFFERED BY:

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