JAN 19 2024

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
3	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
4	as follows:
5	"CHAPTER
6	NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT
7	<b>§ -1 Name.</b> This chapter may be cited as the Nurse
8	Licensure Compact.
9	§ -2 Terms and provisions of compact. The legislature
10	of the State of Hawaii hereby authorizes the governor to enter
11	into a compact on behalf of the State of Hawaii with any other
12	state legally joining therein, in the form substantially as
13	follows:
14	NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT
15	Article I. Findings and Declaration of Purpose
16	a. The party states find that:



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1	1.	The health and safety of the public are affected by
2		the degree of compliance with and the effectiveness of
3		enforcement activities related to state nurse
4		licensure laws;
5	2.	Violations of nurse licensure and other laws
6		regulating the practice of nursing may result in
7		injury or harm to the public;
8	3.	The expanded mobility of nurses and the use of
9		advanced communication technologies as part of our
10		nation's health care delivery system require greater
11		coordination and cooperation among states in the areas
12		of nurse licensure and regulation;
13	4.	New practice modalities and technology make compliance
14		with individual state nurse licensure laws difficult
15		and complex;
16	5.	The current system of duplicative licensure for nurses
17		practicing in multiple states is cumbersome and
18		redundant for both nurses and states; and
19	6.	Uniformity of nurse licensure requirements throughout
20		the states promotes public safety and public health
21		benefits.



1	b.	The general purposes of this Compact are to:
2	1.	Facilitate the states' responsibility to protect the
3		public's health and safety;
4	2.	Ensure and encourage the cooperation of party states
5		in the areas of nurse licensure and regulation;
6	3.	Facilitate the exchange of information between party
7		states in the areas of nurse regulation, investigation
8		and adverse actions;
9	4.	Promote compliance with the laws governing the
10		practice of nursing in each jurisdiction;
11	5.	Invest all party states with the authority to hold a
12		nurse accountable for meeting all state practice laws
13		in the state in which the patient is located at the
14		time care is rendered through the mutual recognition
15		of party state licenses;
16	6.	Decrease redundancies in the consideration and
17		issuance of nurse licenses; and
18	7.	Provide opportunities for interstate practice by
19		nurses who meet uniform licensure requirements.
20		Article II. Definitions
21	As u	used in this Compact:



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1 "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, a. 2 equitable or criminal action permitted by a state's laws, which 3 is imposed by a licensing board or other authority against a nurse, including actions against an individual's license or 4 multistate licensure privilege such as revocation, suspension, 5 6 probation, monitoring of the licensee, limitation on the 7 licensee's practice, or any other encumbrance on licensure 8 affecting a nurse's authorization to practice, including 9 issuance of a cease and desist action. 10 "Alternative program" means a non-disciplinary b. monitoring program approved by a licensing board. 11 12 "Coordinated licensure information system" means an с. 13 integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing

14 information on nurse licensure and enforcement activities 15 related to nurse licensure laws that is administered by a 16 nonprofit organization composed of and controlled by licensing 17 boards.

d. "Current significant investigative information" means:
19 1. Investigative information that a licensing board,
20 after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification
21 and an opportunity for the nurse to respond, if



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1 required by state law, has reason to believe is not 2 groundless and, if proved true, would indicate more 3 than a minor infraction; or 4 2. Investigative information that indicates that the 5 nurse represents an immediate threat to public health 6 and safety regardless of whether the nurse has been 7 notified and had an opportunity to respond. "Encumbrance" means a revocation or suspension of, or 8 e. any limitation on, the full and unrestricted practice of nursing 9 imposed by a licensing board. 10 "Home state" means the party state which is the nurse's 11 f. 12 primary state of residence. "Licensing board" means a party state's regulatory body 13 α. 14 responsible for issuing nurse licenses. 15 "Multistate license" means a license to practice as a h. 16 registered or a licensed practical/vocational nurse (LPN/VN) 17 issued by a home state licensing board that authorizes the 18 licensed nurse to practice in all party states under a multistate licensure privilege. 19

20 i. "Multistate licensure privilege" means a legal21 authorization associated with a multistate license permitting



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the practice of nursing as either a registered nurse (RN) or
 LPN/VN in a remote state.

j. "Nurse" means RN or LPN/VN, as those terms are defined4 by each party state's practice laws.

5 k. "Party state" means any state that has adopted this6 Compact.

7 1. "Remote state" means a party state, other than the home8 state.

9 m. "Single-state license" means a nurse license issued by 10 a party state that authorizes practice only within the issuing 11 state and does not include a multistate licensure privilege to 12 practice in any other party state.

n. "State" means a state, territory, or possession of theUnited States and the District of Columbia.

o. "State practice laws" means a party state's laws,
rules, and regulations that govern the practice of nursing,
define the scope of nursing practice, and create the methods and
grounds for imposing discipline. "State practice laws" do not
include requirements necessary to obtain and retain a license,
except for qualifications or requirements of the home state.

21

Article III. General Provisions and Jurisdiction



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1 A multistate license to practice registered or licensed a. practical/vocational nursing issued by a home state to a 2 3 resident in that state will be recognized by each party state as authorizing a nurse to practice as a registered nurse (RN) or as 4 5 a licensed practical/vocational nurse (LPN/VN), under a 6 multistate licensure privilege, in each party state. 7 A state must implement procedures for considering the b. criminal history records of applicants for initial multistate 8 9 license or licensure by endorsement. Such procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based 10 11 information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the Federal 12 Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining 13 14 that state's criminal records. c. Each party state shall require the following for an 15 applicant to obtain or retain a multistate license in the home 16 17 state: 18 Meets the home state's qualifications for licensure or 1.

19 renewal of licensure, as well as all other applicable 20 state laws;



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1	2.	i.	Has graduated or is eligible to graduate
2			from a licensing board-approved RN or LPN/VN $$
3			prelicensure education program; or
4		ii.	Has graduated from a foreign RN or LPN/VN $$
5			prelicensure education program that has been
6			approved by the authorized accrediting body
7			in the applicable country and has been
8			verified by an independent credentials
9			review agency to be comparable to a
10			licensing board-approved prelicensure
11			education program;
12	3.	Has, if a	graduate of a foreign prelicensure education
13		program n	ot taught in English or if English is not the
14		individua	l's native language, successfully passed an
15		English p	roficiency examination that includes the
16		component	s of reading, speaking, writing, and
17		listening	;
18	4.	Has succe	ssfully passed an NCLEX-RN $^{\circledast}$ or NCLEX-PN $^{\circledast}$
19		Examinati	on or recognized predecessor, as applicable;
20	5.	Is eligib	le for or holds an active, unencumbered
21		license;	



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1 Has submitted, in connection with an application for 6. 2 initial licensure or licensure by endorsement, 3 fingerprints, or other biometric data for the purpose 4 of obtaining criminal history record information from 5 the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency 6 responsible for retaining that state's criminal 7 records; 7. Has not been convicted or found guilty, or has entered 8 9 into an agreed disposition, of a felony offense under 10 applicable state or federal criminal law; 11 8. Has not been convicted or found guilty, or has entered 12 into an agreed disposition, of a misdemeanor offense 13 related to the practice of nursing as determined on a 14 case-by-case basis; 15 9. Is not currently enrolled in an alternative program; 16 Is subject to self-disclosure requirements regarding 10. 17 current participation in an alternative program; and 18 11. Has a valid United States Social Security Number. 19 All party states shall be authorized, in accordance d. 20 with existing state due process law, to take adverse action 21 against a nurse's multistate licensure privilege such as



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1 revocation, suspension, probation, or any other action that 2 affects a nurse's authorization to practice under a multistate 3 licensure privilege, including cease and desist actions. If a party state takes such action, it shall promptly notify the 4 administrator of the coordinated licensure information system. 5 The administrator of the coordinated licensure information 6 system shall promptly notify the home state of any such actions 7 8 by remote states.

9 e. A nurse practicing in a party state must comply with the state practice laws of the state in which the client is 10 11 located at the time service is provided. The practice of 12 nursing is not limited to patient care, but shall include all 13 nursing practice as defined by the state practice laws of the party state in which the client is located. The practice of 14 15 nursing in a party state under a multistate licensure privilege 16 will subject a nurse to the jurisdiction of the licensing board, the courts and the laws of the party state in which the client 17 18 is located at the time service is provided.

19 f. Individuals not residing in a party state shall
20 continue to be able to apply for a party state's single-state
21 license as provided under the laws of each party state.



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However, the single-state license granted to these individuals
 will not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice
 nursing in any other party state. Nothing in this Compact shall
 affect the requirements established by a party state for the
 issuance of a single-state license.

g. Any nurse holding a home state multistate license, on
the effective date of this Compact, may retain and renew the
multistate license issued by the nurse's then-current home
state; provided that:

A nurse who changes primary state of residence after
 this Compact's effective date must meet all applicable
 Article III.c. requirements to obtain a multistate
 license from a new home state.

14 2. A nurse who fails to satisfy the multistate licensure
15 requirements under Article III.c. due to a
16 disqualifying event occurring after this Compact's
17 effective date shall be ineligible to retain or renew
18 a multistate license, and the nurse's multistate
19 license shall be revoked or deactivated in accordance
20 with applicable rules adopted by the Interstate



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Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators
 ("Commission").

3 Article IV. Applications for Licensure in a Party State 4 Upon application for a multistate license, the a. 5 licensing board in the issuing party state shall ascertain, through the coordinated licensure information system, whether 6 7 the applicant has ever held, or is the holder of, a license 8 issued by any other state, whether there are any encumbrances on 9 any license or multistate licensure privilege held by the 10 applicant, whether any adverse action has been taken against any 11 license or multistate licensure privilege held by the applicant 12 and whether the applicant is currently participating in an 13 alternative program.

b. A nurse may hold a multistate license, issued by thehome state, in only one party state at a time.

16 c. If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving 17 between two party states, the nurse must apply for licensure in 18 the new home state, and the multistate license issued by the 19 prior home state will be deactivated in accordance with 20 applicable rules adopted by the Commission:



1 The nurse may apply for licensure in advance of a 1. 2 change in primary state of residence. 3 2. A multistate license shall not be issued by the new 4 home state until the nurse provides satisfactory 5 evidence of a change in primary state of residence to 6 the new home state and satisfies all applicable 7 requirements to obtain a multistate license from the 8 new home state. 9 If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving d. 10 from a party state to a nonparty state, the multistate license 11 issued by the prior home state will convert to a single-state 12 license, valid only in the former home state. 13 Article V. Additional Authorities Invested in Party State 14 Licensing Boards 15 In addition to the other powers conferred by state a. 16 law, a licensing board shall have the authority to: 17 1. Take adverse action against a nurse's multistate 18 licensure privilege to practice within that party 19 state.



1 i. Only the home state shall have the power to take 2 adverse action against a nurse's license issued 3 by the home state. 4 ii. For purposes of taking adverse action, the home 5 state licensing board shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received 6 7 from a remote state as it would if such conduct 8 had occurred within the home state. In so doing, 9 the home state shall apply its own state laws to 10 determine appropriate action. 11 Issue cease and desist orders or impose an encumbrance 2. 12 on a nurse's authority to practice within that party 13 state. 14 Complete any pending investigations of a nurse who 3. 15 changes primary state of residence during the course 16 of such investigations. The licensing board shall 17 also have the authority to take appropriate action(s), 18 and shall promptly report the conclusions of such 19 investigations to the administrator of the coordinated 20 licensure information system. The administrator of 21 the coordinated licensure information system shall



1 promptly notify the new home state of any such 2 actions. Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations 3 4. that require the attendance and testimony of 4 5 witnesses, as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a party state 6 7 for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another party state shall 8 9 be enforced in the latter state by any court of 10 competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and 11 procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing 12 13 authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, 14 mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses or 15 16 evidence are located. 17 Obtain and submit, for each nurse licensure applicant, 5. fingerprint or other biometric-based information to 18

19 the Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal
 20 background checks, receive the results of the Federal
 21 Bureau of Investigation record search on criminal



1 background checks and use the results in making 2 licensure decisions. If otherwise permitted by state law, recover from the 3 6. affected nurse the costs of investigations and 4 disposition of cases resulting from any adverse action 5 taken against that nurse. 6 7 7. Take adverse action based on the factual findings of 8 the remote state, provided that the licensing board 9 follows its own procedures for taking such adverse 10 action. If adverse action is taken by the home state against a 11 b. 12 nurse's multistate license, the nurse's multistate licensure 13 privilege to practice in all other party states shall be 14 deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from the 15 multistate license. All home state disciplinary orders that impose adverse action against a nurse's multistate license shall 16 17 include a statement that the nurse's multistate licensure 18 privilege is deactivated in all party states during the pendency of the order. 19

20 c. Nothing in this Compact shall override a party state's21 decision that participation in an alternative program may be



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used in lieu of adverse action. The home state licensing board
 shall deactivate the multistate licensure privilege under the
 multistate license of any nurse for the duration of the nurse's
 participation in an alternative program.

5 Article VI. Coordinated Licensure Information System and 6 Exchange of Information

7 All party states shall participate in a coordinated a. 8 licensure information system of all licensed registered nurses 9 (RN) and licensed practical/vocational nurses (LPN/VN). This 10 system will include information on the licensure and disciplinary history of each nurse, as submitted by party 11 12 states, to assist in the coordination of nurse licensure and 13 enforcement efforts.

b. The Commission, in consultation with the administrator
of the coordinated licensure information system, shall formulate
necessary and proper procedures for the identification,
collection and exchange of information under this Compact.
c. All licensing boards shall promptly report to the

19 coordinated licensure information system any adverse action, any 20 current significant investigative information, denials of 21 applications (with the reasons for such denials) and nurse



participation in alternative programs known to the licensing
 boards regardless of whether such participation is deemed
 nonpublic or confidential under state law.

d. Current significant investigative information and
participation in nonpublic or confidential alternative programs
shall be transmitted through the coordinated licensure
information system only to party state licensing boards.

8 e. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party
9 state licensing boards contributing information to the
10 coordinated licensure information system may designate
11 information that may not be shared with nonparty states or
12 disclosed to other entities or individuals without the express
13 permission of the contributing state.

14 f. Any personally identifiable information obtained from 15 the coordinated licensure information system by a party state 16 licensing board shall not be shared with nonparty states or 17 disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent 18 permitted by the laws of the party state contributing the 19 information.

20 g. Any information contributed to the coordinated21 licensure information system that is subsequently required to be



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1	expunged by the laws of the party state contributing that
2	information, shall also be expunged from the coordinated
3	licensure information system.
4	h. The Compact administrator of each party state shall
5	furnish a uniform data set to the Compact administrator of each
6	other party state, which shall include, at a minimum:
7	1. Identifying information;
8	2. Licensure data;
9	3. Information related to alternative program
10	participation; and
11	4. Other information that may facilitate the
12	administration of this Compact, as determined by
13	Commission rules.
14	i. The Compact administrator of a party state shall
15	provide all investigative documents and information requested by
16	another party state.
17	Article VII. Establishment of the Interstate Commission of
18	Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators
19	a. The party states hereby create and establish a joint
20	public entity known as the Interstate Commission of Nurse
21	Licensure Compact Administrators:



1	1.	The Commission is an instrumentality of the party
2		states.
3	2.	Venue is proper, and judicial proceedings by or
4		against the Commission shall be brought solely and
5		exclusively, in a court of competent jurisdiction
6		where the principal office of the Commission is
7		located. The Commission may waive venue and
8		jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or
9		consents to participate in alternative dispute
10		resolution proceedings.
11	3.	Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a
12		waiver of sovereign immunity.
13	b.	Membership, Voting and Meetings
14	1.	Each party state shall have and be limited to one
15		administrator. The head of the state licensing board
16		or designee shall be the administrator of this Compact
17		for each party state. Any administrator may be
18		removed or suspended from office as provided by the
19		law of the state from which the administrator is
20		appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the Commission



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1 shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the 2 party state in which the vacancy exists. 2. Each administrator shall be entitled to one (1) vote 3 4 with regard to the promulgation of rules and creation 5 of bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the 6 7 Commission. An administrator shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. 8 The 9 bylaws may provide for an administrator's 10 participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication. 11 12 3. The Commission shall meet at least once during each 13 calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as 14 set forth in the bylaws or rules of the Commission. 15 All meetings shall be open to the public, and public 4. 16 notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner 17 as required under the rulemaking provisions under 18 Article VIII. 19 The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public 5. 20 meeting if the Commission must discuss:



1	i.	Noncompliance of a party state with its
2		obligations under this Compact;
3	ii.	The employment, compensation, discipline or other
4		personnel matters practices or procedures related
5		to specific employees or other matters related to
6		the Commission's internal personnel practices and
7		procedures;
8	iii.	Current, threatened or reasonably anticipated
9		litigation;
10	iv.	Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale
11		of goods, services or real estate;
12	v.	Accusing any person of a crime or formally
13		censuring any person;
14	vi.	Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or
15		financial information that is privileged or
16		confidential;
17	vii.	Disclosure of information of a personal nature
18		where disclosure would constitute a clearly
19		unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
20	viii.	Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for
21		law enforcement purposes;



ix. Disclosure of information related to any reports 1 prepared by or on behalf of the Commission for 2 3 the purpose of investigation of compliance with this Compact; or 4 x. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by 5 federal or state statute. 6 If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed 7 6. 8 pursuant to this provision, the Commission's legal 9 counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may 10 be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting 11 provision. The Commission shall keep minutes that 12 fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in a 13 meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary 14 of actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including 15 a description of the views expressed. All documents 16 considered in connection with an action shall be 17 identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents 18 of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject 19 to release by a majority vote of the Commission or 20 order of a court of competent jurisdiction.



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c. The Commission shall, by a majority vote of the 1 administrators, prescribe bylaws or rules to govern its conduct 2 3 as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and exercise the powers of this Compact, including but not limited 4 5 to: 6 Establishing the fiscal year of the Commission; 1. 7 2. Providing reasonable standards and procedures: 8 i. For the establishment and meetings of other 9 committees; and 10 ii. Governing any general or specific delegation of 11 any authority or function of the Commission; 12 Providing reasonable procedures for calling and 3. 13 conducting meetings of the Commission, ensuring 14 reasonable advance notice of all meetings, and 15 providing an opportunity for attendance of such 16 meetings by interested parties, with enumerated 17 exceptions designed to protect the public's interest, 18 the privacy of individuals, and proprietary 19 information, including trade secrets. The Commission 20 may meet in closed session only after a majority of 21 the administrators vote to close a meeting in whole or



1 in part. As soon as practicable, the Commission must make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting 2 3 revealing the vote of each administrator, with no proxy votes allowed; 4 Establishing the titles, duties, authority, and 5 4. reasonable procedures for the election of the officers 6 7 of the Commission; Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the 8 5. 9 establishment of the personnel policies and programs 10 of the Commission. Notwithstanding any civil service 11 or other similar laws of any party state, the bylaws 12 shall exclusively govern the personnel policies and programs of the commission; and 13 14 6. Providing a mechanism for winding up the operations of 15 the Commission and the equitable disposition of any 16 surplus funds that may exist after the termination of 17 this Compact after the payment or reserving of all of 18 its debts and obligations.

d. The Commission shall publish its bylaws and rules, and
any amendments thereto, in a convenient form on the website of
the Commission.



1	e.	The Commission shall maintain its financial records in
2	accordance	e with the bylaws.
3	f. '	The Commission shall meet and take such actions as are
4	consisten	t with the provisions of this Compact and the bylaws.
5	g. '	The Commission shall have the following powers:
6	1.	To promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and
7		coordinate implementation and administration of this
8		Compact. The rules shall have the force and effect of
9		law and shall be binding in all party states;
10	2.	To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in
11		the name of the Commission provided that the standing
12		of any licensing board to sue or be sued under
13		applicable law shall not be affected;
14	3.	To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
15	4.	To borrow, accept or contract for services of
16		personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of
17		a party state or nonprofit organizations;
18	5.	To cooperate with other organizations that administer
19		state compacts related to the regulation of nursing,
20		including but not limited to sharing administrative or
21		staff expenses, office space or other resources;



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To hire employees, elect, or appoint officers, fix 1 6. compensation, define duties, grant such individuals 2 appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of 3 this Compact, and to establish the Commission's 4 personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts 5 of interest, qualifications of personnel and other 6 7 related personnel matters; To accept any and all appropriate donations, grants 8 7. 9 and gifts of money, equipment, supplies, materials, 10 and services, and to receive, utilize and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission 11 12 shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict 13 of interest; 14 8. To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or 15 donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve or use, any property, whether real, personal or mixed; 16 17 provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid 18 any appearance of impropriety; 19 To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, 9. abandon or otherwise dispose of any property, whether 20 real, personal or mixed; 21



1	10.	To establish a budget and make expenditures;
2	11.	To borrow money;
3	12.	To appoint committees, including advisory committees
4		composed of administrators, state nursing regulators,
5		state legislators or their representatives, and
6		consumer representatives, and other such interested
7		persons;
8	13.	To provide and receive information from, and to
9		cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
10	14.	To adopt and use an official seal; and
11	15.	To perform such other functions as may be necessary or
12		appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact
13		consistent with the state regulation of nurse
14		licensure and practice.
15	h.	Financing of the Commission:
16	1.	The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment
17		of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
18		organization and ongoing activities.
19	2.	The Commission may also levy on and collect an annual
20		assessment from each party state to cover the cost of
21		its operations, activities and staff in its annual

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budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual
 assessment amount, if any, shall be allocated based
 upon a formula to be determined by the Commission,
 which shall promulgate a rule that is binding upon all
 party states.

6 3. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind
7 prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same;
8 nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of
9 the party states, except by, and with the authority
10 of, such party state.

11 The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all 4. 12 receipts and disbursements. The receipts and 13 disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to 14 the audit and accounting procedures established under 15 its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements 16 of funds handled by the Commission shall be audited 17 yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, 18 and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission. 19 Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification: 20 i.



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The administrators, officers, executive director, 1 1. 2 employees and representatives of the Commission shall 3 be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for 4 damage to or loss of property or personal injury or 5 6 other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that 7 occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is 8 9 made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, 10 within the scope of Commission employment, duties or 11 responsibilities; provided that nothing in this 12 paragraph shall be construed to protect any such 13 person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, 14 injury or liability caused by the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that person. 15 16 The Commission shall defend any administrator, 2. 17 officer, executive director, employee or 18 representative of the Commission in any civil action 19 seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual 20 or alleged act, error or omission that occurred within 21 the scope of Commission employment, duties or



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responsibilities, or that the person against whom the 1 2 claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing 3 occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing 4 herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from 5 6 retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further 7 that the actual or alleged act, error or omission did 8 not result from that person's intentional, willful or 9 wanton misconduct.

10 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any 11 administrator, officer, executive director, employee, 12 or representative of the Commission for the amount of 13 any settlement or judgment obtained against that 14 person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error 15 or omission that occurred within the scope of 16 Commission employment, duties or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing 17 18 occurred within the scope of Commission employment, 19 duties or responsibilities, provided that the actual 20 or alleged act, error or omission did not result from



1 the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that
2 person.

#### 3

#### Article VIII. Rulemaking

4 The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers a. 5 pursuant to the criteria set forth in this Article and the rules 6 adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding 7 as of the date specified in each rule or amendment and shall 8 have the same force and effect as provisions of this Compact. 9 Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a b. 10 regular or special meeting of the Commission.

c. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least sixty (60) days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the Commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:

15 1. On the website of the Commission; and

16 2. On the website of each licensing board or the
17 publication in which each state would otherwise
18 publish proposed rules.

d. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:

21

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which the rule will be considered and voted upon;

The proposed time, date and location of the meeting in



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1 The text of the proposed rule or amendment, and the 2. 2 reason for the proposed rule; 3 A request for comments on the proposed rule from any 3. 4 interested person; and The manner in which interested persons may submit 5 4. notice to the Commission of their intention to attend 6 7 the public hearing and any written comments. 8 Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission e. 9 shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions and 10 arguments, which shall be made available to the public. 11 f. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public 12 hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment. 13 The Commission shall publish the place, time, and date q. 14 of the scheduled public hearing. 15 Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each 1. 16 person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable 17 opportunity to comment orally or in writing. All 18 hearings will be recorded, and a copy will be made 19 available upon request. 20 2. Nothing in this section shall be construed as 21 requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may



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be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at 1 2 hearings required by this section. If no one appears at the public hearing, the Commission 3 h. may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule. 4 Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close 5 i. 6 of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral 7 8 comments received. 9 The Commission shall, by majority vote of all i. 10 administrators, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the 11 12 rulemaking record and the full text of the rule. 13 Upon determination that an emergency exists, the k. 14 Commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment or hearing, provided that 15 16 the usual rulemaking procedures provided in this Compact and in 17 this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon 18 as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this 19 20 provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted 21 immediately in order to:



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Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety or 1 1. 2 welfare; 3 Prevent a loss of Commission or party state funds; or 2. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an 4 3. administrative rule that is required by federal law or 5 6 rule. 7 The Commission may direct revisions to a previously 1. adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting 8 9 typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency or 10 grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be 11 posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of thirty days 12 after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds 13 14 that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the 15 16 Commission, prior to the end of the notice period. If no 17 challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further 18 action. If the revision is challenged, the revision may not 19 take effect without the approval of the Commission. 20 Article IX. Oversight, Dispute Resolution and Enforcement

21

a. Oversight:



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Each party state shall enforce this Compact and take 1 1. 2 all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate 3 this Compact's purposes and intent. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of 4 2. process in any proceeding that may affect the powers, 5 responsibilities, or actions of the Commission, and 6 7 shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding 8 for all purposes. Failure to provide service of 9 process in such proceeding to the Commission shall 10 render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, 11 this Compact or promulgated rules. Default, Technical Assistance and Termination: 12 b. 13 If the Commission determines that a party state has 1. 14 defaulted in the performance of its obligations or 15 responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated 16 rules, the Commission shall: 17 i. Provide written notice to the defaulting state 18 and other party states of the nature of the 19 default, the proposed means of curing the default 20 or any other action to be taken by the 21 Commission; and



ii. Provide remedial training and specific technical 1 2 assistance regarding the default. 3 2. If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state's membership in this Compact may be 4 terminated upon an affirmative vote of a majority of 5 the administrators, and all rights, privileges and 6 7 benefits conferred by this Compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the 8 9 default does not relieve the offending state of 10 obligations or liabilities incurred during the period 11 of default. 12 Termination of membership in this Compact shall be 3. 13 imposed only after all other means of securing 14 compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to 15 suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission 16 to the governor of the defaulting state and to the 17 executive officer of the defaulting state's licensing 18 board and each of the party states. 19 4. A state whose membership in this Compact has been 20 terminated is responsible for all assessments, 21 obligations and liabilities incurred through the



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effective date of termination, including obligations 1 2 that extend beyond the effective date of termination. 3 The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a 5. state that is found to be in default or whose 4 5 membership in this Compact has been terminated unless 6 agreed upon in writing between the commission and the 7 defaulting state. 8 The defaulting state may appeal the action of the 6. 9 Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for 10 the District of Columbia or the federal district in 11 which the Commission has its principal offices. The 12 prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such 13 litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees. 14 c. Dispute Resolution: 15 Upon request by a party state, the Commission shall 1. 16 attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact 17 that arise among party states and between party and 18 nonparty states. 19 2. The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for

20 both mediation and binding dispute resolution for
21 disputes, as appropriate.



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1	3.	In the event the Commission cannot resolve disputes
2		among party states arising under this Compact:
3		i. The party states may submit the issues in dispute
4		to an arbitration panel, which will be composed
5		of individuals appointed by the Compact
6		administrator in each of the affected party
7		states and an individual mutually agreed upon by
8		the Compact administrators of all the party
9		states involved in the dispute.
10		ii. The decision of a majority of the arbitrators
11		shall be final and binding.
12	d.	Enforcement:
13	1.	The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
14		discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of
15		this Compact.
16	2.	By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal
17		action in the U.S. District Court for the District of
18		Columbia or the federal district in which the
19		Commission has its principal offices against a party
20		state that is in default to enforce compliance with
21		the provisions of this Compact and its promulgated



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rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both 1 2 injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial 3 enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall 4 be awarded all costs of such litigation, including 5 reasonable attorneys' fees. 6 The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive 3. 7 remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state 8 9 law. 10 Article X. Effective Date, Withdrawal and Amendment 11 This Compact shall become effective and binding on the a. 12 earlier of the date of legislative enactment of this Compact into law by no less than twenty-six (26) states or December 31, 13 2018. All party states to this Compact that also were parties 14 15 to the prior Nurse Licensure Compact, superseded by this 16 Compact, ("Prior Compact") shall be deemed to have withdrawn from said Prior Compact within six months after the effective 17 18 date of this Compact.

19 b. Each party state to this Compact shall continue to20 recognize a nurse's multistate licensure privilege to practice

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in that party state issued under the Prior Compact until such
 party state has withdrawn from the Prior Compact.

c. Any party state may withdraw from this Compact by
enacting a statute repealing the same. A party state's
withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after
enactment of the repealing statute.

d. A party state's withdrawal or termination shall not
affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing or
terminated state's licensing board to report adverse actions and
significant investigations occurring prior to the effective date
of such withdrawal or termination.

e. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to
invalidate or prevent any nurse licensure agreement or other
cooperative arrangement between a party state and a nonparty
state that is made in accordance with the other provisions of
this Compact.

17 f. This Compact may be amended by the party states. No
18 amendment to this Compact shall become effective and binding
19 upon the party states unless and until it is enacted into the
20 laws of all party states.

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g. Representatives of nonparty states to this Compact
 shall be invited to participate in the activities of the
 Commission, on a nonvoting basis, prior to the adoption of this
 Compact by all states.

5 Article XI. Construction and Severability 6 This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this Compact 7 8 shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or 9 provision of this Compact is declared to be contrary to the 10 constitution of any party state or of the United States, or if 11 the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or 12 circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of 13 this Compact and the applicability thereof to any government, 14 agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. 15 If this Compact shall be held to be contrary to the constitution 16 of any party state, this Compact shall remain in full force and 17 effect as to the remaining party states and in full force and 18 effect as to the party state affected as to all severable 19 matters."

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PART II



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1 SECTION 2. Chapter 457, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 3 and to read as follows: 4 "<u>§457-</u> (a) Beginning January 1, 2026, and annually 5 thereafter, individuals that hold a multistate nurse license 6 issued by a state other than Hawaii and are employed by any 7 health care facility as defined in section 323D-2 shall complete 8 any demographic data surveys required by the board of nursing as 9 a condition of employment. 10 (b) All health care facilities shall report to the board 11 of nursing, within thirty days of employment, all nurses holding 12 a multistate license issued by a state other than Washington and 13 an attestation that the employees holding a multistate licensed 14 issued by a state other than Hawaii have completed the tasks 15 required under this section as a condition of employment." 16 SECTION 3. Section 457-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows: 18 "(c) The applicant applying for a license to practice as a 19 registered nurse by examination shall pay application, 20 examination, and reexamination fees, if applicable, as 21 prescribed by the board. Each applicant who successfully passes

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1	the examination shall pay a license fee. The applicant applying
2	for a license to practice as a registered nurse by endorsement
3	shall pay application and license fees. <u>Beginning January 1,</u>
4	2026, the board may charge different fees for registered nurses
5	who hold a multistate license issued by the State."
6	SECTION 4. Section 457-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
8	"(c) The applicant applying for a license to practice as a
9	licensed practical nurse by examination shall pay application,
10	examination, and reexamination fees, if applicable, as
11	prescribed by the board. Each applicant who successfully passes
12	the examination shall pay a license fee. The applicant applying
13	for a license to practice as a licensed practical nurse by
14	endorsement shall pay application and license fees. <u>Beginning</u>
15	January 1, 2026, the board may charge different fees for
16	licensed practical nurses who hold a multistate license issued
17	by the State."
18	PART III
19	SECTION 5. New statutory material is underscored.



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SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
 provided that section 1 shall take effect on January 1, 2026.

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INTRODUCED BY



#### Report Title:

State Board of Nursing; Nurse Licensure Compact; Registered Nurses; Licensed Practical Nurses; Fees

#### Description:

Allows the Governor to enter the State into the multi-state Nurse Licensure Compact, which will allow a nurse who is licensed by a home state to practice under a multi-state licensure privilege in each party state, effective 1/1/2026. Beginning 1/1/2026, allows the State Board of Nursing to charge different fees for registered nurses and licensed practical nurses who hold a multi-state license issued by the State.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

