## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2024 STATE OF HAWAII

H.R. NO. (63

## HOUSE RESOLUTION

DESIGNATING THE MONTH OF MAY AS POSTPARTUM DEPRESSION AWARENESS MONTH IN HAWAII.

1 WHEREAS, greater awareness and understanding of mental health challenges is needed throughout the United States and 2 within the State of Hawaii; and 3 4 5 WHEREAS, postpartum depression is a common, complex, and multifaceted psychological condition that affects thousands of 6 mothers from all races, ethnicities, cultures, and educational 7 8 and economic backgrounds following childbirth; and 9 10 WHEREAS, postpartum depression is thought to last between three to six months, depending on the individual, and is 11 characterized by a range of emotional, physical, and cognitive 12 13 symptoms that can significantly impact a woman's well-being, her 14 relationship with her child, the child's other parent, and the 15 family dynamic; and 16 WHEREAS, while there is no known cause of postpartum 17 depression, numerous risk factors are thought to increase the 18 19 likelihood of experiencing symptoms, such as health problems occurring during labor, previous history with postpartum 20 21 depression, lack of social support, and previous issues with depression, anxiety disorders, and serious mood disorders; and 22 23 24 WHEREAS, it is believed that half of all women who develop postpartum depression begin experiencing symptoms during 25 pregnancy, which illuminates the clear need for early symptom 26 27 recognition, depression screening, and increased access to treatment options in order to support better symptom management 28 and faster recovery rates; and 29 30 31 WHEREAS, with proper treatment for postpartum depression, 32 such as psychiatry, psychotherapy, support groups, and



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1 antidepressants, eighty percent of women have been reported to 2 experience a full recovery; and 3 4 WHEREAS, awareness of postpartum depression initially arose 5 in the late 1980s and has since grown, as many studies have been conducted on its incidence rates, risk factors, and successful 6 treatment options; and 7 8 9 WHEREAS, while postpartum depression is often unable to be 10 accounted for in public health statistics, it is thought to be much more common than data reveals, with approximately one in 11 seven women experiencing this type of depression in the year 12 13 after giving birth; and 14 15 WHEREAS, it is estimated that 900,000 women with live births, still births, or miscarriages struggle with postpartum 16 17 depression in the United States; and 18 WHEREAS, studies have also revealed that postpartum 19 depression affects not only new mothers, but also is equally 20 21 likely to affect about fifty percent of men who have partners 22 who have been diagnosed with postpartum depression and approximately ten percent of new fathers who experience symptoms 23 24 of depression during the postpartum period; and 25 26 WHEREAS, despite a significant number of women and men who 27 suffer from postpartum depression, this condition often goes 28 unrecognized and is thus undertreated, with an estimated fifty percent of mothers with postpartum depression not diagnosed by a 29 30 health professional; and 31 32 WHEREAS, according to 2012 to 2016 data collected by the 33 Hawaii Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, 34 approximately 10.3 percent of mothers in Hawaii always or often had symptoms suggestive of postpartum depression, and 27.2 35 36 percent have reported sometimes having symptoms; and 37 38 WHEREAS, in Hawaii, mothers who were more likely to report 39 being always or often depressed were Native Hawaiian, Filipino, or other Pacific Islander, those under twenty years old, those 40 who had Medicaid/Quest insurance or were uninsured before 41 pregnancy, those with an unintended pregnancy or unsure of their 42



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1 pregnancy or pregnancy intentions, those who experienced intimate partner violence before or during pregnancy, or those 2 who smoked in the last three months of pregnancy; and 3 4 5 WHEREAS, designating May as Postpartum Depression Awareness Month in Hawaii will promote a greater sense of shared purpose 6 among individuals who experience postpartum depression, raise 7 8 awareness among the rest of the community, and invigorate the work of medical and mental health professionals who are 9 10 addressing the needs of persons who experience postpartum 11 depression and educating the people who surround them; now, therefore, 12 13 14 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 15 Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular 16 Session of 2024, that May is designated as Postpartum Depression 17 Awareness Month in Hawaii; and 18 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Health is 19 encouraged to spread awareness of postpartum depression and 20 21 related mental health challenges as well as information on how 22 to access information and support services to address the needs 23 of persons experiencing postpartum depression; and 24 25 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the Governor and Director of 26 27 Health. 28 29 OFFERED BY: MAR 0 8 2024 30

