HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2024 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1886

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FIRE PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii enacted a 2 reduced ignition propensity cigarette law effective on 3 September 30, 2009. As stated in section 132C-1, Hawaii Revised 4 Statutes, "the intent of this law is to require that only 5 reduced ignition propensity cigarettes be sold in the State." 6 As required by section 132C-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, 7 "[e]ach manufacturer shall submit to the state fire council 8 written certification attesting that each cigarette has been 9 tested in accordance with, and has met the performance standard required under section 132C-3 Each cigarette certified 10 under this subsection shall be recertified every three years. 11 12 For each cigarette listed in a certification, a manufacturer 13 shall pay to the state fire council a \$375 fee to be deposited into the reduced ignition propensity cigarette program special 14 15 fund under section 132C-9[, Hawaii Revised Statutes]. The state 16 fire council is authorized to annually adjust this fee to ensure 17 it defrays the actual costs of the administration and staffing

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requirements and processing, testing, enforcement, inspection,
and oversight activities required by this chapter."

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In 1979, the legislature abolished the state fire marshal's 3 4 office and created the state fire council, which is composed of 5 the four county fire chiefs and is administratively attached to 6 the department of labor and industrial relations. The goal of 7 the state fire council is to develop and maintain a 8 comprehensive fire service emergency management network for the 9 protection of life, property, and the environment throughout the 10 State of Hawaii. The state fire council is tasked with 11 reviewing and adopting the state fire code, providing 12 administrative oversight of the reduced ignition propensity 13 cigarette program, providing assistance with the application and 14 administration of federal grants for the fire service, assisting and coordinating with the statewide delivery of fire training 15 16 programs, coordinating the collection of fire data, and 17 supporting contingency planning needs for fire fighters. The 18 state fire council may establish statewide qualifications for testing, certifying, and credentialing individuals who perform 19 20 maintenance and testing of portable fire extinguishers, fire 21 protection systems, and fire alarm systems. The state fire



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council may also advise the governor and legislature on matters
related to fire prevention, fire protection, and life safety.
The state fire council is a voting member of the state building
code council, whose responsibilities are delineated in
section 107-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

6 From its inception until 2001, the state fire council had 7 no funding for staff to fulfill its responsibilities. The state 8 fire council relied upon county personnel to perform the state fire council's duties along with county personnel's normal 9 10 functions within their respective fire departments. In 2001, 11 the governor directed the department of labor and industrial 12 relations to allocate \$35,000 to fund the first part-time 13 employee. In 2011, the legislature appropriated an additional 14 \$71,000 to hire two additional personnel. With the transfer of 15 certification fees from the reduced ignition propensity 16 cigarette program special fund, the state fire council could 17 hire additional personnel to oversee the coordination of 18 statewide fire data collection and analysis and administer 19 federal fire-related grants. The state fire council would also 20 be able to fund statewide educational efforts for the protection 21 of life, property, and the environment, such as the current

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1 statewide firefighter safety guide program for Hawaii's youth and the residential smoke alarm installation program for 2 3 Hawaii's at-risk senior population. 4 This Act requests an annual transfer of \$40,000 from the 5 reduced ignition propensity cigarette program special fund to be 6 used to assist the state fire council with its overall 7 objectives. The following is an overview of the effect this 8 transfer will have on the reduced ignition propensity cigarette 9 program objectives, the impact the transfer will have on the 10 reduced ignition propensity cigarette program special fund 11 balance, and a proposal to ensure that this transfer does not 12 hinder the objectives of the reduced ignition propensity 13 cigarette program for the future: 14 (1) Estimated reduced ignition propensity cigarette 15 certification fees to be collected annually are 16 \$108,000. Estimated operational expenses for the 17 reduced ignition propensity cigarette program are 18 \$138,000. The result is an annual overage of \$30,000 19 for the program; 20 (2) Under this Act, the department of labor and industrial

relations annually could transfer \$40,000 from the

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1 special fund to assist the state fire council with the 2 council's programs. Estimated operational expenses 3 for the reduced ignition propensity cigarette program 4 would be \$178,000, resulting in an overage of 5 approximately \$70,000; and 6 The reduced ignition propensity cigarette program (3) 7 special fund balance as of June 30, 2022, was more 8 than \$885,000. The special fund balance could 9 accommodate this \$70,000 overage for approximately ten 10 years.

11 As stated previously, "[t]he state fire council is 12 authorized to annually adjust this [reduced ignition propensity cigarette certification] fee to ensure it defrays the actual 13 14 costs of the administration and staffing requirements and processing, testing, enforcement, inspection, and oversight 15 activities required by this chapter." Prior to exhausting the 16 17 \$885,000 special fund balance noted above, the state fire 18 council requests approval of double the current certification 19 fee that a cigarette manufacturer pays for each brand or style 20 of cigarette from \$375 to \$750 every three years. Based on the 21 approximately eight hundred cigarette brands and styles

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1 currently certified for sale in Hawaii, this would result in a 2 total of \$600,000 in fees collected every three years, or 3 \$200,000 annually, which would be sufficient to compensate 4 annual reduced ignition propensity cigarette operational 5 expenses estimated at \$178,000. 6 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to revise 7 section 32C-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to authorize the use of 8 the reduced ignition propensity cigarette program special fund 9 to support the duties and responsibilities of the state fire 10 council in addition to administering and enforcing the reduced 11 ignition propensity cigarette program. 12 SECTION 2. Section 132C-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 amended to read as follows: 14 "[+]§132C-9[+] Reduced ignition propensity cigarette 15 program special fund. (a) There is established in the state 16 treasury a reduced ignition propensity cigarette program special 17 fund, into which shall be deposited all moneys collected by the state fire council from the reduced ignition propensity 18 19 cigarette program pursuant to section 132C-4. All interest 20 earned or accrued on moneys deposited in the fund shall become 21 part of the fund.

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1	(b)	Moneys in the reduced ignition propensity cigarette
2	program s	pecial fund shall be administered and expended by the
3	state fir	e council to defray the actual cost of activities and
4	requireme	nts of section 132C-4, including employing one
5	full-time	administrator and one full-time assistant whose duties
6	include:	
7	(1)	Adopting administrative rules for program
8		implementation, establishing compliance inspections,
9		and approving forms and enforcement procedures and
10		guidelines;
11	(2)	Receiving certifications for approximately [six] eight
12		hundred different brands and styles of cigarettes from
13		the manufacturers;
14	(3)	Compiling a list of the cigarette brands and styles
15		for which manufacturers have submitted certifications,
16		verifying tax stamp compliance with the department of
17		the attorney general, and posting the list of
18		certified brands and styles on a state website for
19		informational purposes only;



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1	(4)	Reviewing and approving, as needed, any alternative	
2		test methods or fire standard compliance markings	
3		submitted by the manufacturer; and	
4	(5)	If needed, submitting certified cigarettes to an	
5		accredited laboratory for testing to verify that	
6		performance standards have been met.	
7	(C)	Moneys in the reduced ignition propensity cigarette	
8	program s	pecial fund may also be administered and expended by	
9	the state	fire council to defray the cost of statewide fire	
10	prevention, education, life safety, and preparedness programs,		
11	especially as those programs relate to youth, seniors, and		
12	persons with disabilities, including the hiring of		
13	administrative personnel."		
14	SECT	ION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed	
15	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
16	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.	
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INTRODUCED BY:

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By Request



Report Title:

State Fire Council Package; Fire Protection; Reduced Ignition Propensity Cigarette Program; Special Fund

Description:

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Authorizes the use of the reduced ignition propensity cigarette program special fund to support the State Fire Council and its programs and activities, including for the hiring of administrative personnel.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.