HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2024 STATE OF HAWAII H.B. NO. 1870

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMES AGAINST ELDERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 707-710, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

3 "\$707-710 Assault in the first degree. (1) A person
4 commits the offense of assault in the first degree if the person
5 intentionally or knowingly causes:

6 (a) Serious bodily injury to another person; or
7 (b) Substantial bodily injury to a person who is sixty
8 years of age or older [and the age of the injured
9 person is known or reasonably should be known to the
10 person causing the injury].

11 (2) The requisite state of mind for subsection (1)(b) of 12 this offense is not applicable to the fact that the person who

13 sustained substantial bodily injury was sixty years of age or

14 older. A person is strictly liable with respect to the

15 attendant circumstance that the person who sustained substantial

16 bodily injury was sixty years of age or older.



1 [(2)] (3) Assault in the first degree is a class B 2 felonv." 3 SECTION 2. Section 707-711, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended to read as follows: 5 "§707-711 Assault in the second degree. (1) A person commits the offense of assault in the second degree if the 6 7 person: 8 (a) Intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes 9 substantial bodily injury to another; 10 (b) Recklessly causes serious bodily injury to another; 11 (C) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a 12 correctional worker, as defined in section 710-1031(2), who is engaged in the performance of duty 13 14 or who is within a correctional facility; 15 (d) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to 16 another with a dangerous instrument; 17 Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to an (e) 18 educational worker who is engaged in the performance 19 of duty or who is within an educational facility. For 20 the purposes of this paragraph, "educational worker" 21 means any administrator, specialist, counselor,



Page 3

1 teacher, or employee of the department of education or 2 an employee of a charter school; a person who is a 3 volunteer, as defined in section 90-1, in a school 4 program, activity, or function that is established, 5 sanctioned, or approved by the department of 6 education; or a person hired by the department of 7 education on a contractual basis and engaged in 8 carrying out an educational function; 9 (f) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to any 10 emergency medical services provider who is engaged in 11 the performance of duty. For the purposes of this 12 paragraph, "emergency medical services provider" means 13 emergency medical services personnel, as defined in 14 section 321-222, and physicians, physician's 15 assistants, nurses, nurse practitioners, certified 16 registered nurse anesthetists, respiratory therapists, 17 laboratory technicians, radiology technicians, and 18 social workers, providing services in the emergency 19 room of a hospital; 20 Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a (g)

person employed at a state-operated or -contracted

21



1	mental health facility. For the purposes of this
2	paragraph, "a person employed at a state-operated
3	or -contracted mental health facility" includes health
4	care professionals as defined in section 451D-2,
5	administrators, orderlies, security personnel,
6	volunteers, and any other person who is engaged in the
7	performance of a duty at a state-operated
8	or -contracted mental health facility;
9	(h) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a
10	person who:
11	(i) The defendant has been restrained from, by order
1 2	of any court, including an ex parte order,
13	contacting, threatening, or physically abusing
14	pursuant to chapter 586; or
15	(ii) Is being protected by a police officer ordering
16	the defendant to leave the premises of that
17	protected person pursuant to section 709-906(4),
18	during the effective period of that order;
19	(i) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to any
20	firefighter or water safety officer who is engaged in
21	the performance of duty. For the purposes of this

H.B. NO. 1870

1 paragraph, "firefighter" has the same meaning as in 2 section 710-1012 and "water safety officer" means any 3 public servant employed by the United States, the 4 State, or any county as a lifeguard or person 5 authorized to conduct water rescue or ocean safety 6 functions;

7 (j) Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a 8 person who is engaged in the performance of duty at a 9 health care facility as defined in section 323D-2. 10 For purposes of this paragraph, "a person who is 11 engaged in the performance of duty at a health care 12 facility" includes health care professionals as 13 defined in section 451D-2, physician assistants, surgical assistants, advanced practice registered 14 15 nurses, nurse aides, respiratory therapists, 16 laboratory technicians, and radiology technicians; 17 Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a (k) 18 person who is engaged in providing home health care 19 services, as defined in section 431:10H-201; 20 Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a (1)21 person, employed or contracted to work by a mutual



Page 5

1		benefit society, as defined in section 432:1-104, to
2		provide case management services to an individual in a
3		hospital, health care provider's office, or home,
4		while that person is engaged in the performance of
5		those services;
6	(m)	Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a
7		person who is sixty years of age or older [and the age
8		of the injured person is known or reasonably should be
9		known to the person causing the injury]; or
10	(n)	Intentionally or knowingly causes bodily injury to a
11		sports official who is engaged in the lawful discharge
12		of the sports official's duties. For the purposes of
13		this paragraph, "sports official" and "lawful
14		discharge of the sports official's duties" have the
15		same meaning as in section 706-605.6.
16	(2)	The requisite state of mind for subsection (1)(m) of
17	this offe	nse is not applicable to the fact that the person who
18	sustained	bodily injury was sixty years of age or older. A
19	<u>person is</u>	strictly liable with respect to the attendant
20	<u>circumsta</u>	nce that the person who sustained bodily injury was
21	<u>sixty yea</u>	rs of age or older.



6

Page 6

1 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Assault in the second degree is a class C 2 felony." 3 SECTION 3. Section 708-812.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended to read as follows: 4 5 "§708-812.55 Unauthorized entry in a dwelling in the first degree. (1) A person commits the offense of unauthorized entry 6 7 in a dwelling in the first degree if the person intentionally or 8 knowingly enters unlawfully into a dwelling and another person 9 was, at the time of the entry, lawfully present in the dwelling 10 who: 11 (a) Was sixty years of age or older [and the age of the 12 person lawfully present in the dwelling was known or

13 reasonably should have been known to the person who
14 unlawfully entered];

15 (b) Was an incapacitated person; or

16 (c) Had a developmental disability.

17 (2) For the purposes of this section:

18 "Developmental disability" shall have the same meaning as19 in section 333E-2.

20 "Incapacitated person" shall have the same meaning as in 21 section 560:5-102.



Page 8

1	(3)	Unauthorized entry in a dwelling in the first degree
2	is a clas	s B felony.
3	(4)	It shall be an affirmative defense that reduces this
4	offense t	o a misdemeanor that, at the time of the unlawful
5	entry:	
6	(a)	There was a social gathering of invited guests at the
7		dwelling the defendant entered;
8	(b)	The defendant intended to join the social gathering as
9		an invited guest; and
10	· (c)	The defendant had no intent to commit any unlawful act
11		other than the entry.
12	(5)	The requisite state of mind for subsection (1)(a) of
13	this offe	nse is not applicable to the fact that the person
14	lawfully	present in the dwelling at the time of the entry was
15	<u>sixty yea</u>	rs of age or older. A person is strictly liable with
16	respect t	o the attendant circumstance that the person lawfully
17	<u>present</u> i	n the dwelling at the time of the entry was sixty years
18	of age or	older."
19	SECT	ION 4. Section 708-830.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended t	o read as follows:



1	" §7 0	8-830.5 Theft in the first degree. (1) A person
2	commits t	he offense of theft in the first degree if the person
3	commits t	heft of:
4	(a)	Property or services, the value of which exceeds
5		\$20,000;
6	(b)	A firearm;
7	(c)	Dynamite or other explosive;
8	(d)	Property or services during an emergency period
9		proclaimed by the governor or mayor pursuant to
10		chapter 127A, within the area covered by the emergency
11		or disaster under chapter 127A, the value of which
12		exceeds \$300;
13	(e)	Property from the person of another who is sixty years
14		of age or older [and the age of the property owner is
15		known or reasonably should be known to the person who
16		commits-theft];
17	· (f)	Property or services, the value of which exceeds \$750,
18		from a person who is sixty years of age or older [and
19		the age of the property owner is known or reasonably
20		should be known to the person who commits theft]; or



1	(g) A motor vehicle or motorcycle as defined in section
2	291C-1.
3	(2) The requisite state of mind for subsections (1)(e) and
4	(1)(f) of this offense is not applicable to the fact that the
5	owner of the property, provider of the services, or the
6	individual from whose person the property was taken was sixty
7	years of age or older. A person is strictly liable with respect
8	to the attendant circumstance that the owner of the property,
9	provider of the services, or the individual from whose person
10	the property was taken was sixty years of age or older.
11	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Theft in the first degree is a class B felony."
12	SECTION 5. Section 708-831, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"§708-831 Theft in the second degree. (1) A person
15	commits the offense of theft in the second degree if the person
16	commits theft of:
17	(a) Property from the person of another;
18	(b) Property or services the value of which exceeds \$750;
19	(c) An aquacultural product or part thereof from premises
20	that are fenced or enclosed in a manner designed to
21	exclude intruders or there is prominently displayed on



Page 11

1 the premises a sign or signs sufficient to give notice 2 and reading as follows: "Private Property", "No 3 Trespassing", or a substantially similar message; 4 (d) Agricultural equipment, supplies, or products, or part 5 thereof, the value of which exceeds \$100 but does not 6 exceed \$20,000, or of agricultural products that 7 exceed twenty-five pounds, from premises that are 8 fenced, enclosed, or secured in a manner designed to 9 exclude intruders or where there is prominently 10 displayed on the premises a sign or signs sufficient 11 to give notice and reading as follows: "Private Property", "No Trespassing", or a substantially 12 13 similar message; or if at the point of entry of the 14 premises, a crop is visible. The sign or signs, 15 containing letters no less than two inches in height, 16 shall be placed along the boundary line of the land in 17 a manner and in such a position as to be clearly 18 noticeable from outside the boundary line. Possession 19 of agricultural products without ownership and 20 movement certificates, when a certificate is required



Page 12

1 pursuant to chapter 145, is prima facie evidence that 2 the products are or have been stolen; 3 (e) Agricultural commodities that are generally known to 4 be marketed for commercial purposes. Possession of 5 agricultural commodities without ownership and 6 movement certificates, when a certificate is required 7 pursuant to section 145-22, is prima facie evidence 8 that the products are or have been stolen; provided 9 that "agricultural commodities" has the same meaning 10 as in section 145-21; 11 (f) Property commonly used to store items of monetary 12 value, including but not limited to any purse, 13 handbag, or wallet; 14 Property or services, the value of which exceeds \$250, (g) 15 from a person who is sixty years of age or older [and 16 the age of the property owner is known or reasonably 17 should be known to the person who commits theft]; or 18 (h) An electric gun as defined in section 134-81. 19 (2) The requisite state of mind for subsection (1)(g) of 20 this offense is not applicable to the fact that the owner of the 21 property or provider of the services was sixty years of age or



Page 13

H.B. NO. 1870

1	older. A person is strictly liable with respect to the
2	attendant circumstance that the owner of the property or
3	provider of the services was sixty years of age or older.
4	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Theft in the second degree is a class C felony.
5	A person convicted of committing the offense of theft in the
6	second degree under subsection (1)(c) and (d) shall be sentenced
7	in accordance with chapter 706, except that for the first
8	offense, the court may impose a minimum sentence of a fine of at
9	least \$1,000 or two-fold damages sustained by the victim,
10	whichever is greater."
11	SECTION 6. Section 708-851, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended to read as follows:
13	"§708-851 Forgery in the first degree. (1) A person
14	commits the offense of forgery in the first degree if, with
15	intent to defraud, the person falsely makes, completes,
16	endorses, or alters a written instrument, or utters a forged
17	instrument, or fraudulently encodes the magnetic ink character
18	recognition numbers, which is or purports to be, or which is
19	calculated to become or to represent if completed:



Page 14

1	(a)	Part of an issue of stamps, securities, or other
2		valuable instruments issued by a government or
3		governmental agency;
4	(b)	Part of an issue of stock, bonds, or other instruments
5		representing interests in or claims against a
6		corporate or other organization or its property; or
7	(c)	All or part of a deed, will, codicil, contract,
8		assignment, commercial instrument, or other instrument
9		which does or may evidence, create, transfer,
10		terminate, or otherwise affect a legal right,
11		interest, obligation, or status and [+
12		(i) The] the purported maker or drawer of the written
13		instrument or forged instrument is a person who
14		is sixty years of age or older[; and
15	-(ii) The age of the purported maker or drawer of the
16		written instrument or forged instrument is known
17		or reasonably should be known to the person who
18		falsely makes, completes, endorses, or alters the
19		instrument; utters the forged instrument; or
20		fraudulently encodes the magnetic ink character
21		recognition numbers of the instrument].



H.B. NO.1810

1	(2) The requisite state of mind for subsection (1)(c) of
2	this offense is not applicable to the fact that the purported
3	maker or drawer of the written instrument or forged instrument
4	was sixty years of age or older. A person is strictly liable
5	with respect to the attendant circumstance that the purported
6	maker or drawer of the written instrument or forged instrument
7	was sixty years of age or older.
8	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Forgery in the first degree is a class B
9	felony."
10	SECTION 7. Section 708-852, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"§708-852 Forgery in the second degree. (1) A person
13	commits the offense of forgery in the second degree if, with
14	intent to defraud, the person:
15	(a) Falsely makes, completes, endorses, or alters a
16	written instrument, or utters a forged instrument, or
17	fraudulently encodes the magnetic ink character
18	recognition numbers, which is or purports to be, or
19	which is calculated to become or to represent if
20	completed, a deed, will, codicil, contract,
21	assignment, commercial instrument, or other instrument



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Page 15

Page 16

1	•	which does or may evidence, create, transfer,
2		terminate, or otherwise affect a legal right,
3		interest, obligation, or status; or
4	(b)	Falsely makes, completes, endorses, or alters a
5		written instrument, or utters a forged instrument[$ au$]
6		and [+
7	-	(i) The] the purported maker or drawer of the written
8		instrument or forged instrument is a person who
9		is sixty years of age or older[; and
10	.(:	ii) The age of purported maker or drawer of the
11		written instrument or forged instrument is known
12		or reasonably should be known to the person who
13		falsely makes, completes, endorses, or alters a
14		written instrument; or utters a forged
15		instrument].
16	(2)	The requisite state of mind for subsection (1)(b) of
17	this offen	se is not applicable to the fact that the purported
18	maker or d	rawer of the written instrument or forged instrument
19	was sixty	years of age or older. A person is strictly liable
20	with respec	ct to the attendant circumstance that the purported



Page 17

1	maker or drawer of the written instrument or forged instrument
2	was sixty years of age or older.
3	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Forgery in the second degree is a class C
4	felony."
5	SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
6	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
7	begun before its effective date.
8	SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
9	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
10	SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
11	

INTRODUCED BY:

By Request

JAN 1 8 2024



Report Title:

Honolulu Prosecuting Attorney Package; Criminal Offenses; Sentencing; Crimes Against Elders

Description:

Establishes strict liability for crimes against elders with respect to the attendant circumstance that the victim was 60 years of age or older.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

