HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2023 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. **1406**

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that a majority of the 2 road and highway surfaces in the State are made of asphalt 3 pavement, a mixture that consists primarily of aggregate (small 4 rocks, sand, gravel), asphalt cement or binder (liquid petroleum 5 product), and other substances. According to the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highways Division, Office 6 7 of Infrastructure, asphalt is the single most recycled material 8 in the world. Recycling of asphalt pavement has proven to be a 9 cost-effective method of pavement rehabilitation. When properly 10 selected, all the different types of recycling methods are 11 usually cheaper than the conventional rehabilitation methods 12 because of the savings realized as a result of requiring fewer 13 virgin materials. In Hawaii, there are additional cost and 14 carbon savings associated with the reduced need to import raw 15 and virgin materials.

16 The legislature further finds that according to the17 National Asphalt Paving Association, in 2021, approximately

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1 2,600,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent was spared 2 from the atmosphere through using reclaimed asphalt pavement in 3 new mixtures, 94,600,000 tons of reclaimed asphalt pavement was 4 recycled into new mixes, ninety-five per cent of asphalt mixture 5 was reclaimed from old asphalt pavements and put back to use in 6 new pavements, 630,000 tons of recycled asphalt shingles were 7 put into asphalt mixes, and 26,000,000 barrels of virgin asphalt 8 binder was replaced by recycled binder from reclaimed asphalt 9 pavement and recycled asphalt shingles.

10 The legislature also finds that the State could do more to 11 incorporate a circular asphalt model into its practices through 12 requiring a maximized rate of recycling reclaimed asphalt 13 pavement into new asphalt mixtures and further, by requiring 14 proper storage, stockpiling, and disposal of old asphalt that is 15 not immediately recycled or that is deemed non-recyclable, so as 16 to reduce instances of the indiscriminate incorporation of old 17 asphalt into the environment. Additionally, because petroleum 18 is a base ingredient in asphalt pavement, extra caution should be taken when managing the use of this material to prevent harm 19 20 to health and the environment.

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Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:

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1	(1)	Require public and private entities, including the
2		State, the counties, and their contractors to recycle
3		at least per cent of old asphalt into new asphalt
4		when executing a paving project greater
5		than square yards;
6	(2)	Require public and private entities, including the
7		State, the counties, and their contractors to dispose
8		of old asphalt as a landfill cover only after making
9		the determination that recycling is not possible;
10	(3)	Require the department of transportation to set
11		standard best management practices for paving projects
12		requiring all asphalt processing, stockpiling, and
13		disposal procedures to be explicitly prohibitive of
14		the distribution and incorporation of old asphalt into
15		the environment; and
16	(4)	Require the department of health, to either:
17		(A) Designate a site on each island where unused old
18		asphalt can be safely and securely stored for
19		future use in new pavement, not to be located in
20		areas known to flood; or

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1	(B) Develop a centralized state processing and
2	storage facility to serve as a repository for all
3	excess old asphalt unable to be recycled in
4	place.
5	SECTION 2. Chapter 342H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by adding two new sections to part II to be
7	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
8	" <u>\$342H-A</u> Failure to recycle asphalt. (a) Any person,
9	including the State, the counties, and their contractors, who
10	executes a paving project greater than square yards and
11	who removes asphalt as part of that project shall recycle not
12	less than per cent of the planed asphalt pavement; provided
13	that a person may dispose of the planed asphalt pavement through
14	application as landfill cover only after:
15	(1) Making a determination that recycling or reusing the
16	planed asphalt pavement is not possible; and
17	(2) Complying with rules adopted by the department of
18	transportation pursuant to section 342H-B(a)(3).
19	(b) Any person who violates subsection (a) shall be
20	subject to an administrative fine as follows:

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1	(1)	For a first violation or a violation beyond five years
2		of a previous violation, a fine of not more than
3		<u>\$;</u>
4	(2)	For a second violation within five years of a previous
5		violation, by a fine of not more than \$; and
6	(3)	For a third or subsequent violation within five years
7		of the last violation, by a fine of not more than
8		<u>\$</u> .
9	<u>§342</u>	H-B Asphalt recycling and storage. (a) The
10	departmen	t of transportation, in consultation with the
11	departmen	t, shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91:
12	(1)	Establishing best practices for paving projects;
13	(2)	Requiring that all asphalt processing, stockpiling,
14		and disposal procedures prohibit distribution and
15		incorporation of planed asphalt pavement into the
16		environment; and
17	(3)	Establishing standards, procedures, and certifications
18		for disposal of planed asphalt pavement through
19		application as landfill cover for planed asphalt
20		pavement that cannot be recycled.
21	<u>(b)</u>	The department shall:



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1	(1)	Designate not less than one site on each island with a
2		population of greater than one thousand where planed
3		asphalt pavement can be safely and securely stored for
4		future use in new pavement; provided that the
5		locations shall not be in any area prone to flooding;
6		<u>or</u>
7	(2)	Develop a centralized state processing and storage
8		facility to serve as a repository for all excess
9		planed asphalt pavement unable to be recycled in
10		place."
11	SECT	ION 3. Section 342H-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended b	y adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
13	and to re	ad as follows:
14	" <u>"Pl</u>	aned asphalt pavement" means asphalt and included
15	aggregate	s removed from a road, driveway, or other location on
16	the groun	<u>d.</u> "
17	SECT	ION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
18	matured,	penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
19	begun bef	ore its effective date.
20	SECT	ION 5. In codifying the new sections added by
21	section 2	of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute

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appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
the new sections in this Act.

3 SECTION 6. New statutory material is underscored.

4 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;

5 provided that section 2 shall take effect on January 1, 2024.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 5 2023



H.B. NO. 1466

Report Title:

Asphalt Recycling; DOH; DOT; Environmental Protection

Description:

Requires that asphalt removed from roads and driveways be recycled. Requires the Department of Transportation to adopt rules regarding best practices for paving projects, asphalt processing, and asphalt disposal. Requires the Department of Health to designate asphalt storage sites or develop a centralized asphalt state processing and storage facility.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

