



Division of Forestry & Wildlife

Invasive Species Info Briefing

Forestry & Wildlife State Capitol, January 26, 2023

Introduced Mosquitoes & Malaria

Lainie Berry, Wildlife Program Manager

DLNR-DOFAW

Jeomhee Hasty, Acting Manager

DOH-VCB



INTRODUCED MOSQUITOES AND MALARIA

- No mosquitoes are native to HI
- Southern House Mosquito introduced in 1826 (Lahaina)
- Avian malaria introduced early 20th century
- Leads to rapid mortality of honeycreepers
- Mosquitoes and malaria parasite are cold intolerant
- Climate change has diminished high elevation refugia for honeycreepers

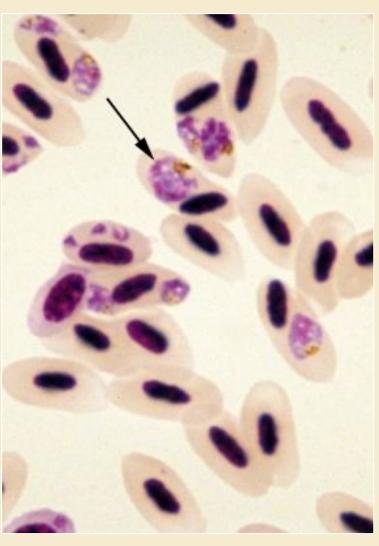


J. Jeffrey



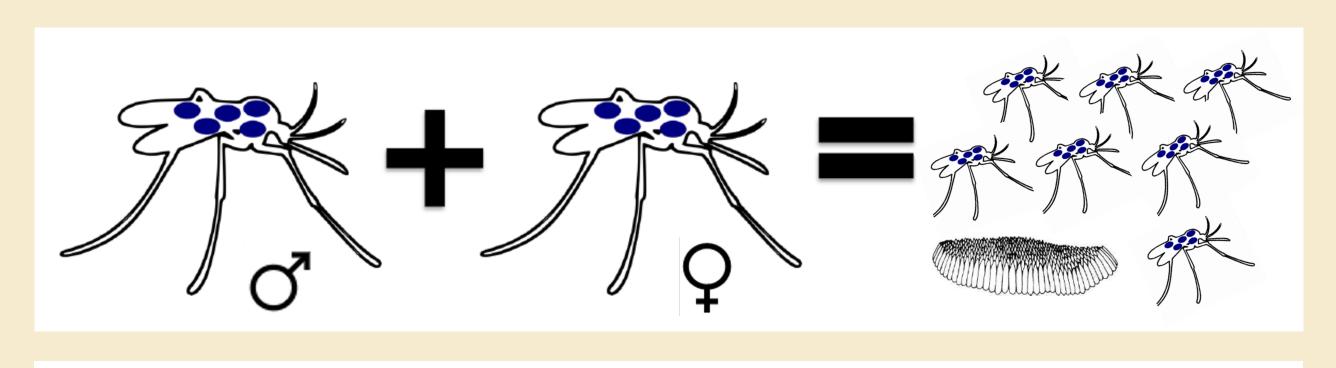
B. Mossman

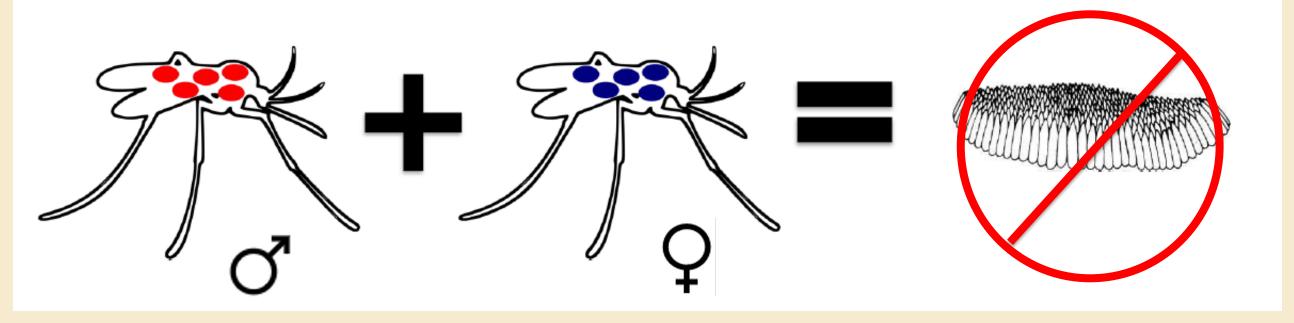
Malaria parasites in red blood cells



C. Atkinson, USGS

WHAT IS INCOMPATIBLE INSECT TECHNIQUE? ("Mosquito Birth-Control")





Progress to date

- East Maui Environmental Assessment public review and comment ended 23
 January, anticipated completion April 2023
- Kauai Environmental Assessment Currently being drafted
- Statewide environmental assessment
 - RFP closed on 19 January 2023
 - One bid received from reputable contractor
- Hawaii Department of Agriculture Import permit Approved by BOA and issued to DLNR
- Plan in place to retrofit an existing DLNR insectary to rear/house mosquitoes
- Cultivating public and private partnerships to leverage funds for project implementation

Department of Health Vector Control Branch

- Submitted a permit application to import three separate male mosquito species: Aedes albopictus, Aedes aegypti, and Culex quinquefasciatus (Diptera: Culicidae), for Immediate Field Release to suppress Wild Populations of Aedes aegypti, Aedes albopictus, and Culex quiquefasciatus, by the State of Hawaii Department of Health (HDOH).
- Posted the request for proposals (RFP) for the Environmental Assessment of using Wolbachia-based Incompatible Insect Technique to suppress Aedes aegypti, Aedes albopictus, and Culex quinquefasciatus mosquito populations within Hawaii. The deadline for the RFP is January 19, 2023.

Project Timeline

Research & Community Engagement

2020

Planning, permitting, & community engagement

2022

HDOA import permit
Submit EPA Sect. 18
Publish draft East Maui EA
Initiate drafting of Kauai EA

2024

Landscape-Scale Releases on East Maui & Kaua'i

Planning, permitting, & community engagement for other islands











2021

Planning, permitting, & community engagement Begin informal & formal EA process

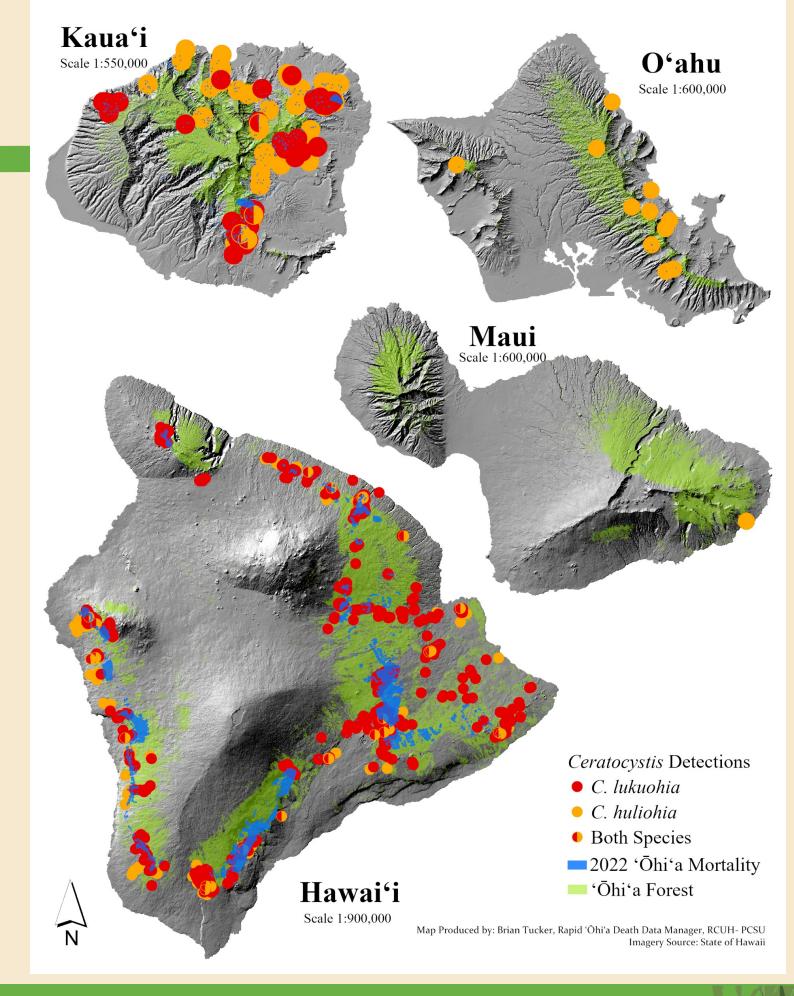
2023

Finalize East Maui and Kauai EAs
Initiate statewide EA
Conduct MRR to inform control program
DLNR Facility permitting

Rapid 'Ōhi'a Death

Rob Hauff, State Protection Forester DLNR-DOFAW









ROD Research

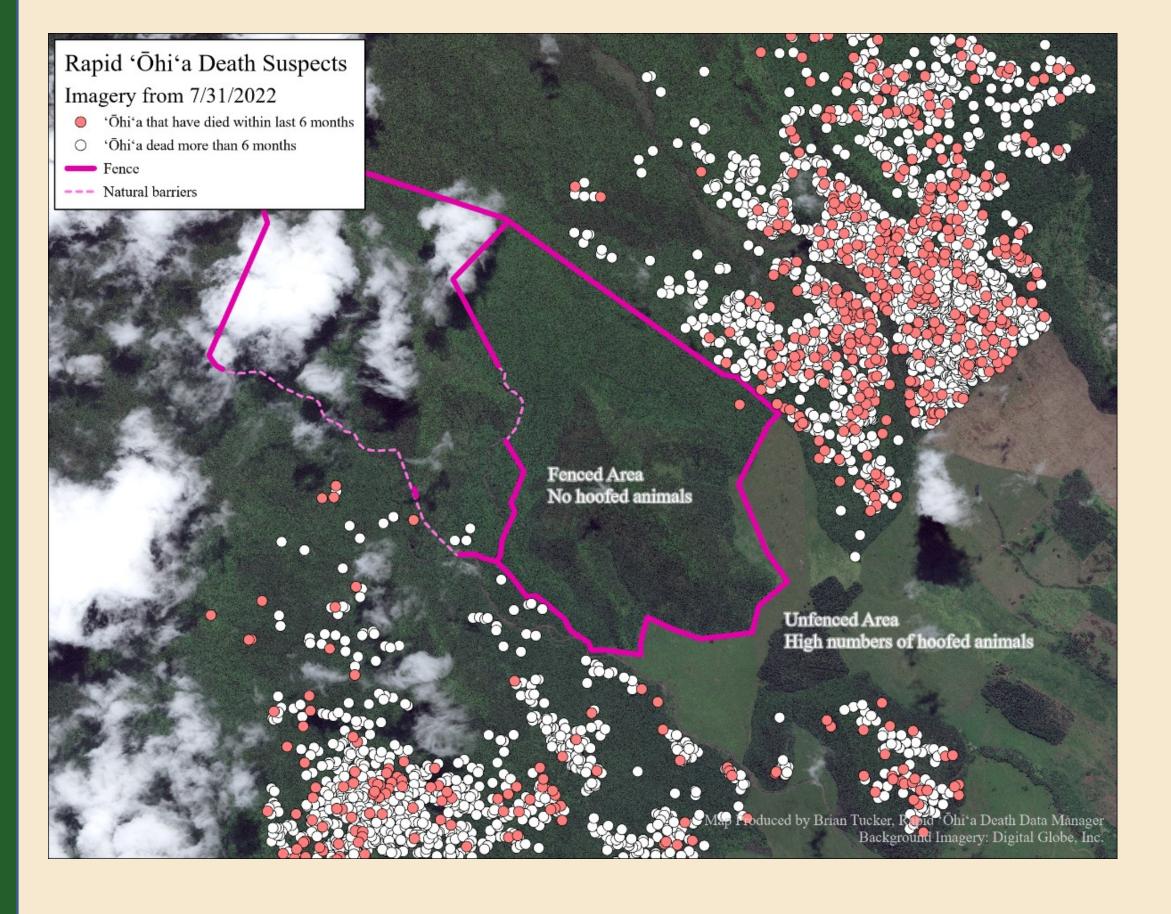
- 42 scientific publications
- UH and federal agencies; ISU; University of Arizona; international collaborators







Long-term Forest Health Management Tools









Community Outreach





ATTENTION

Please brush your shoes before & after you hike.



Disease and invasive plant seeds can stick on shoes and gear.









Department of Land and Natural Resources
Division of Forestry and Wildlife



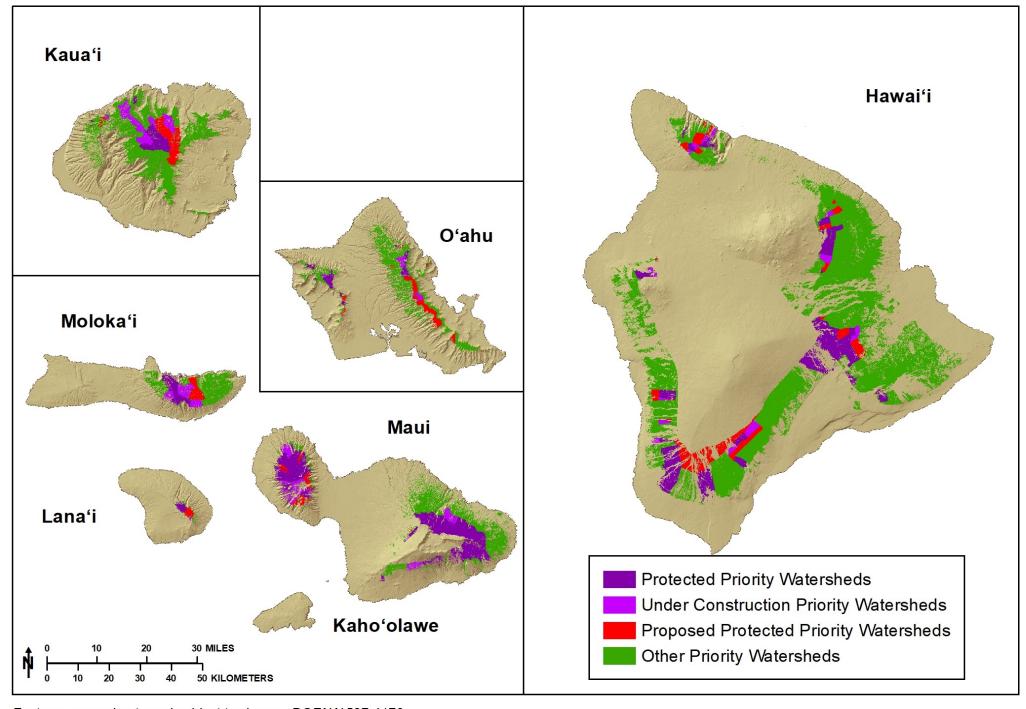








30x30 Watershed Plan



Features approximate and subject to change. DOFAW 587-4170.





Watershed CIP Attracts Matching Funds

- The Watershed CIP has enabled DOFAW to get over \$40m in matching Federal funds since FY13.
- DOFAW is aggressively seeking BIL and IRA funds

Watershed CIP Funding



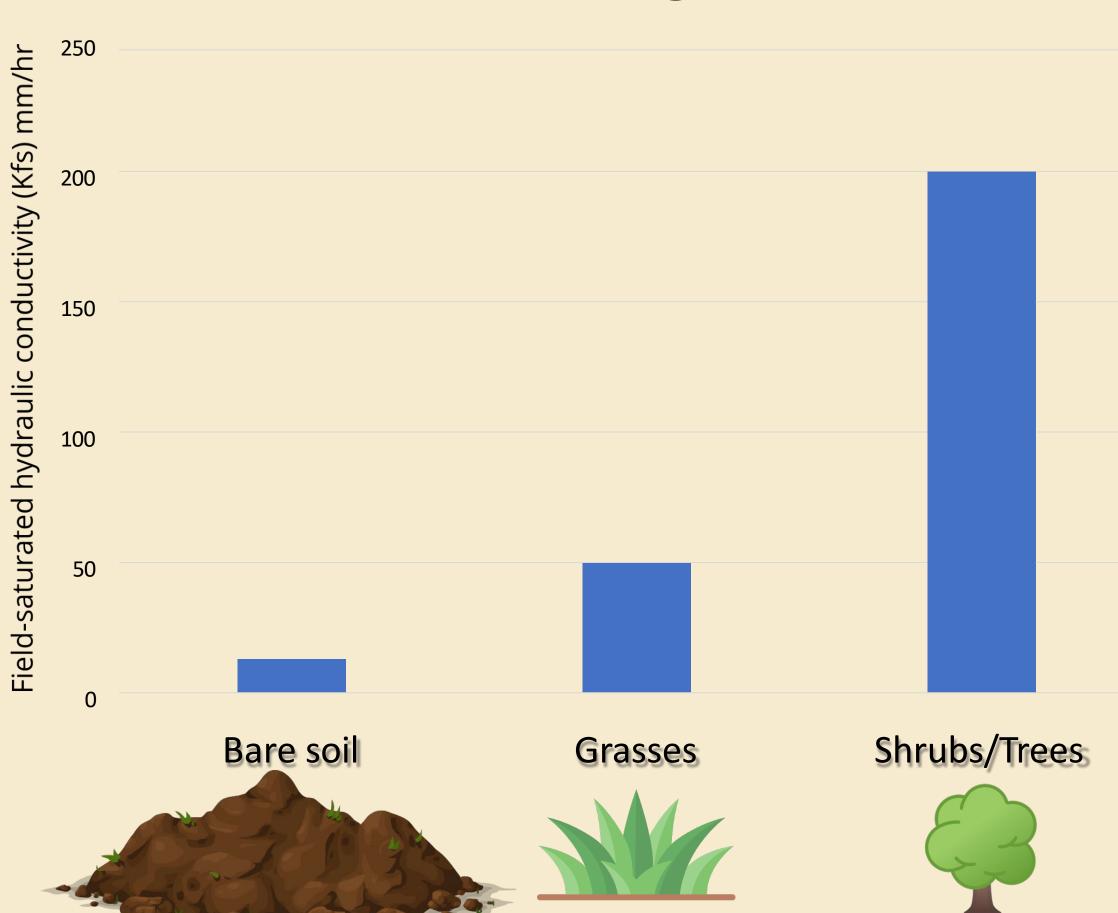




Forests Reduce Flooding



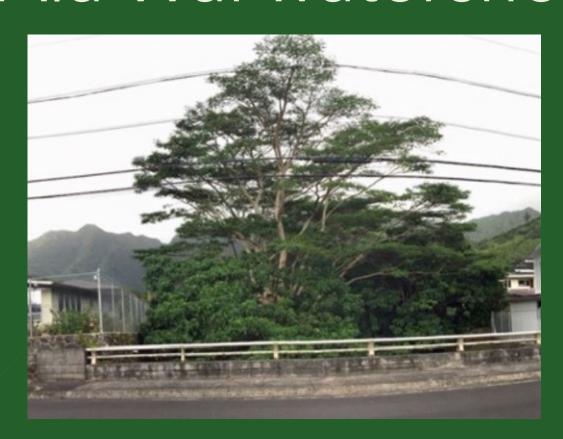
nfiltration

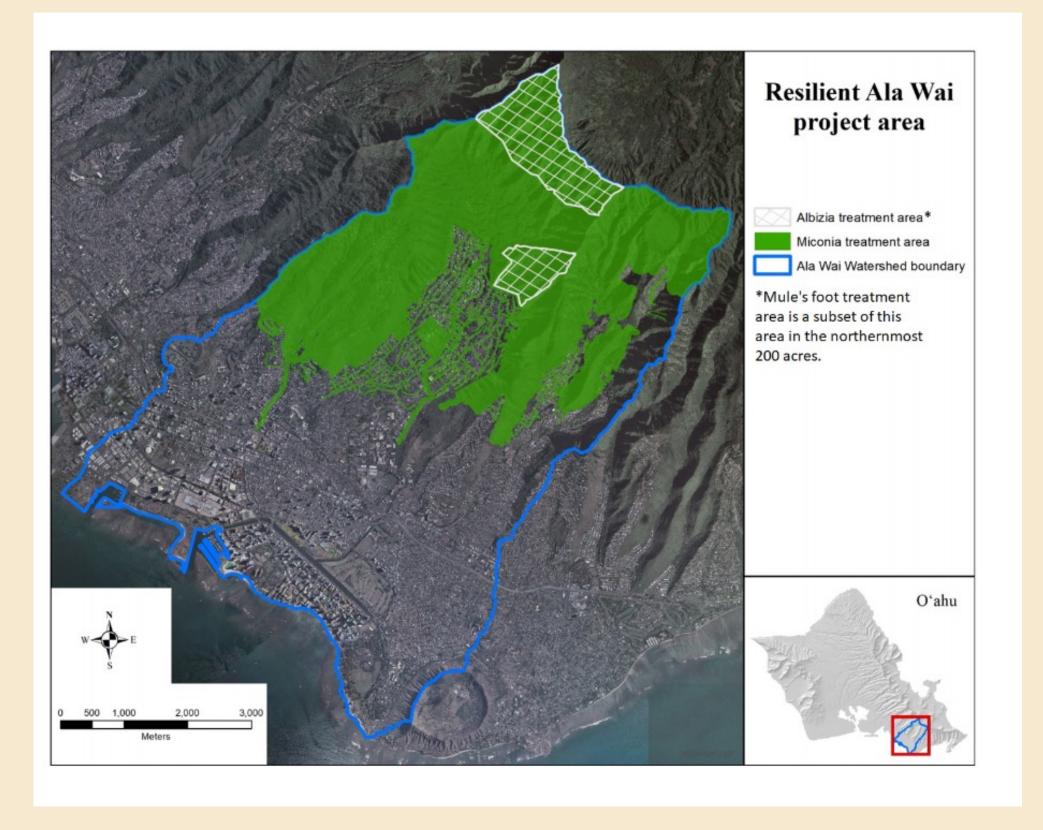


Perkins, K., J. D. Stock, J. R. Nimmo. 2018. Vegetation Influences of Infiltration on Hawaiian Soils. Ecohydrology.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/eco.1973

\$1.64m Grant from NFWF for Coastal Resilience to reduce flooding in Ala Wai watershed











Carbon Sequestration

- Forest protection is the top recommended land use action for greenhouse gas sequestration in Hawaii
- \$5.3m grant from NRCS for climate change resilience, partnering with Ranches and others to remove invasive species and plant trees.
- Cooperative projects with ranches



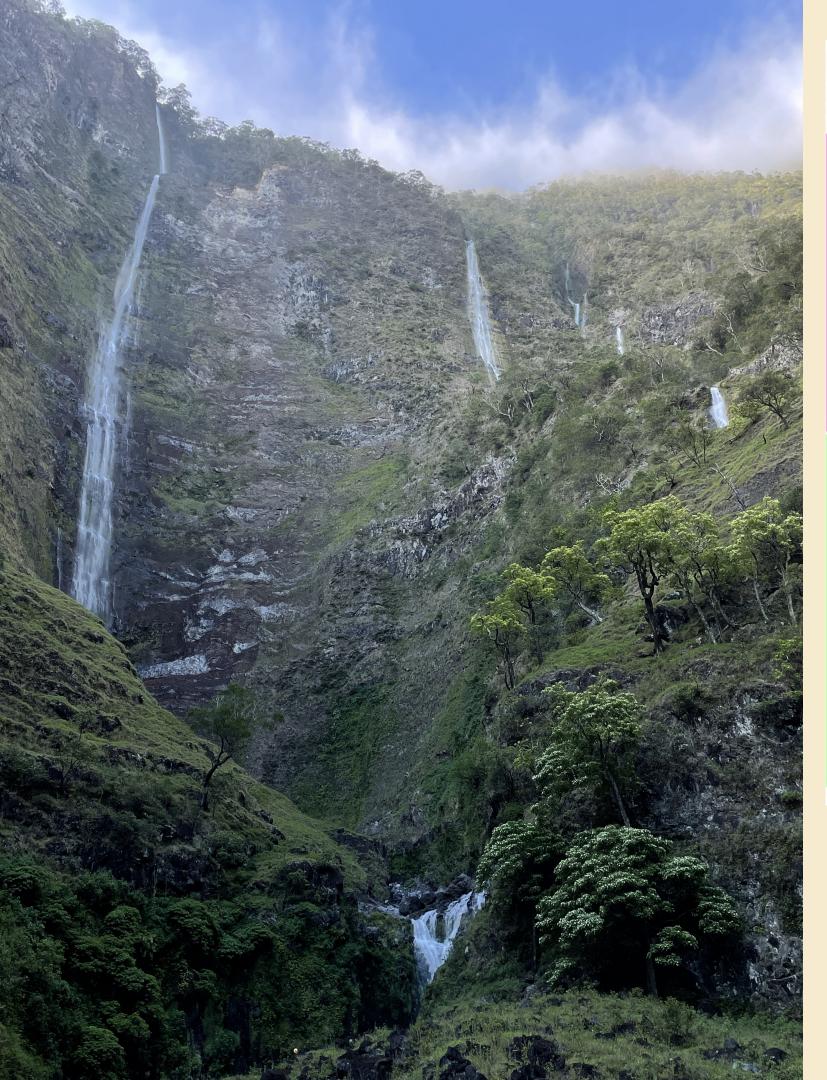




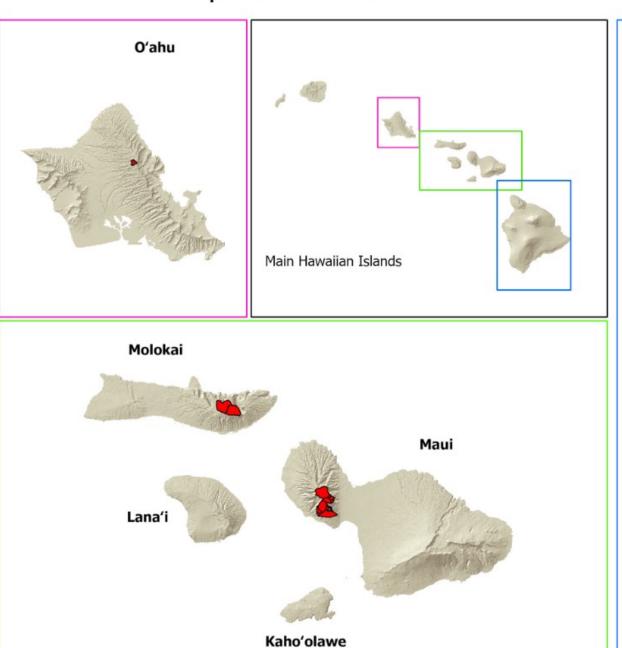
Civil Service Positions Needed

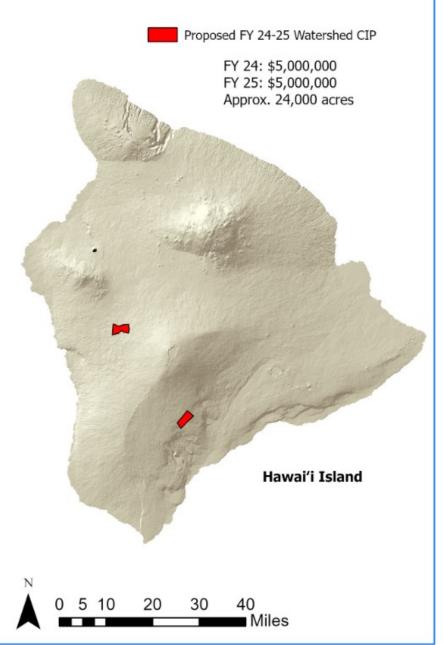
- Existing positions are overseeing many multi-million \$ grants and projects.
- Need more capacity to take on additional Federal funding opportunities
- Full-year funding for existing positions
- Additional Natural Resource Management Specialists are critically needed





Watershed Protection & Initiatives, SW FY 24-25 CIP Request - LNR 407





DLNR's top priority CIP Request

FY24: \$5m

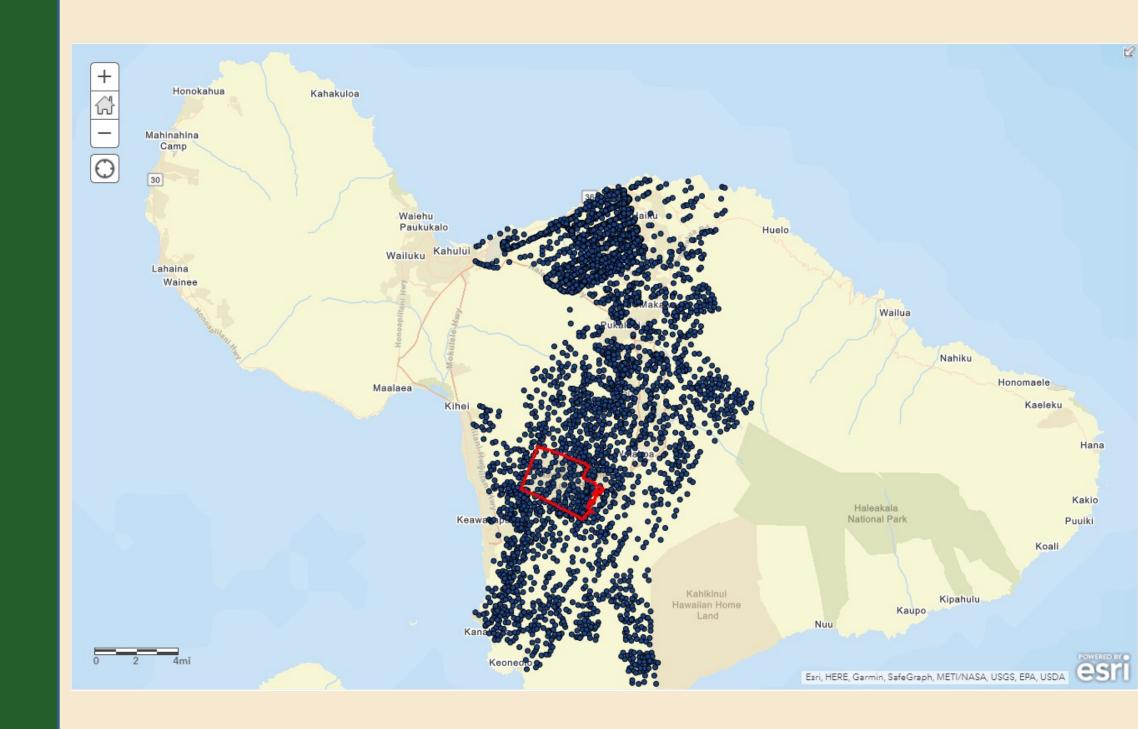
FY25: \$5m

Lump Sum CIP



Population Growth

- Core area survey: >46,000 on Maui in 2021
- No natural predators
- Rapid population growth
- Rate of harvest insufficient for effective control
 - Year-round, daily, no bag limits
 - Private lands

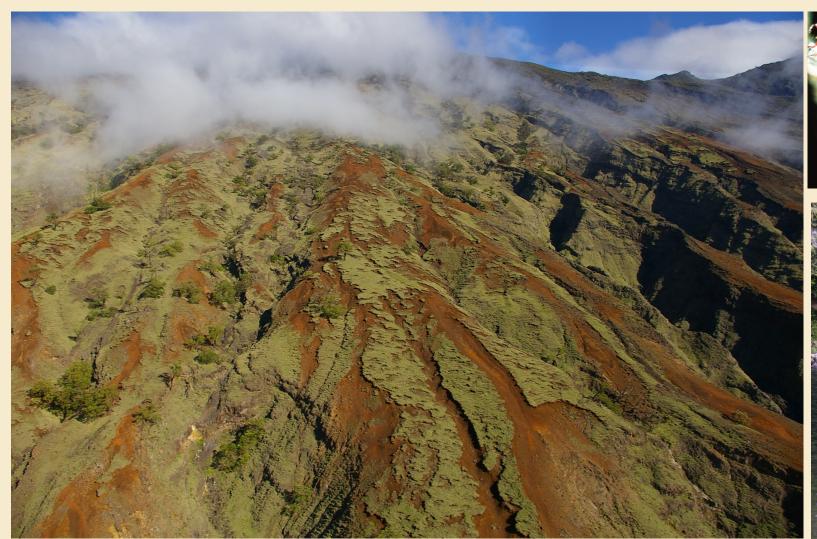






Impacts

- Native Ecosystems
- Watersheds
- Erosion, coral reefs
- Farms, ranches
- Residential areas
- Roadways, runways







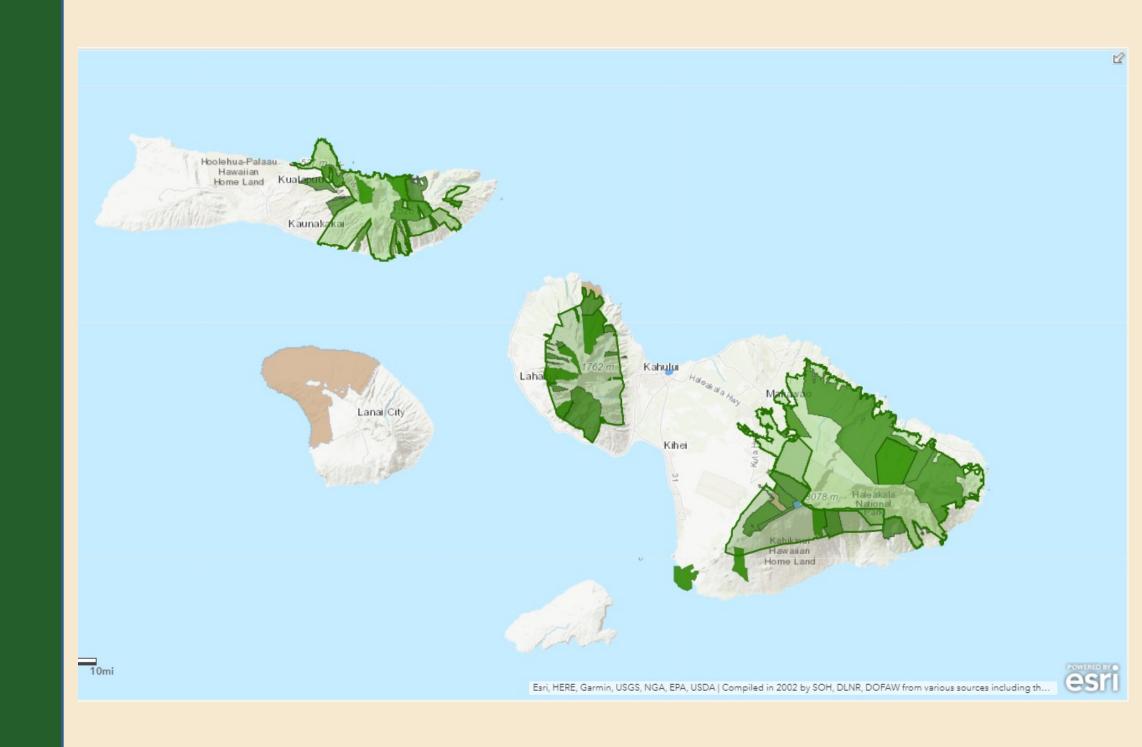






Forestry & Wildlife's **Core Mission**

- Native Ecosystems
- Biodiversity
- **Endangered Species**
- State conservation reserves
- Partner agency & NGO reserves
- Landowner partnerships
- Promote public access and hunting



E mālama kākou i ka 'āina

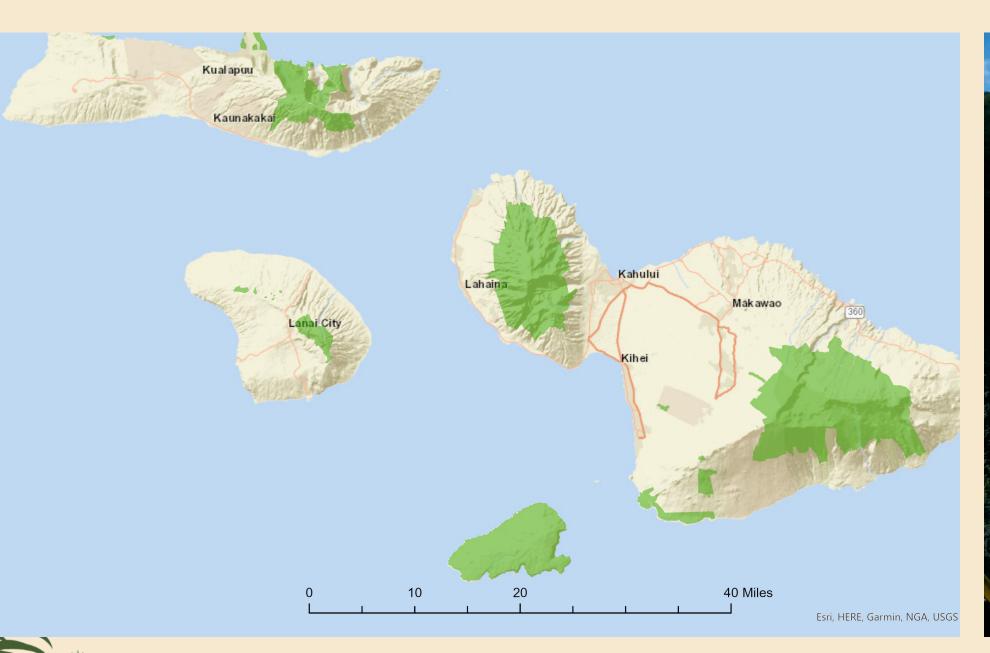
dlnr.hawaii.gov/dofaw

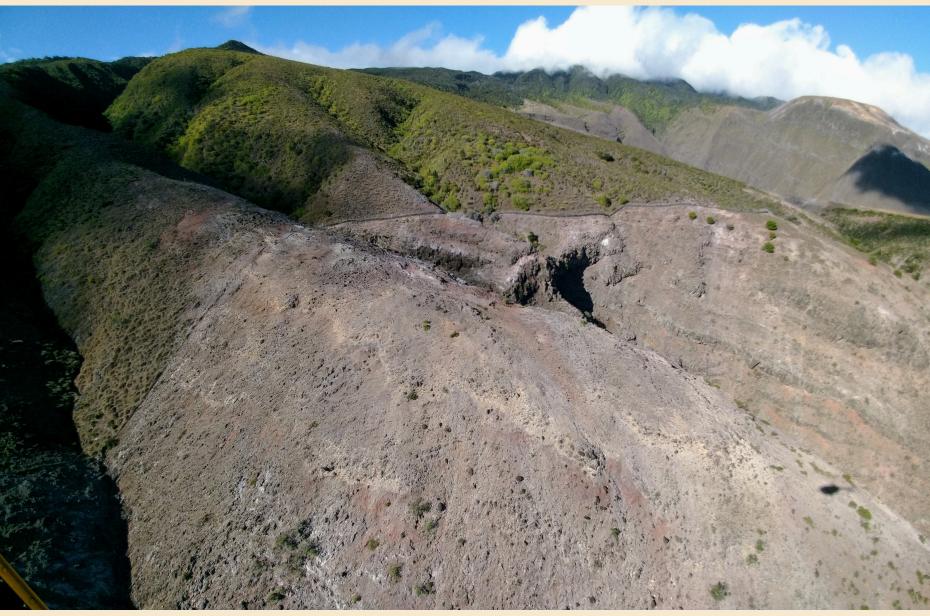




Status of Managed Areas

- >110,000 acres fenced
- Maintain ungulate control within the fences
- Identify which additional areas need fencing



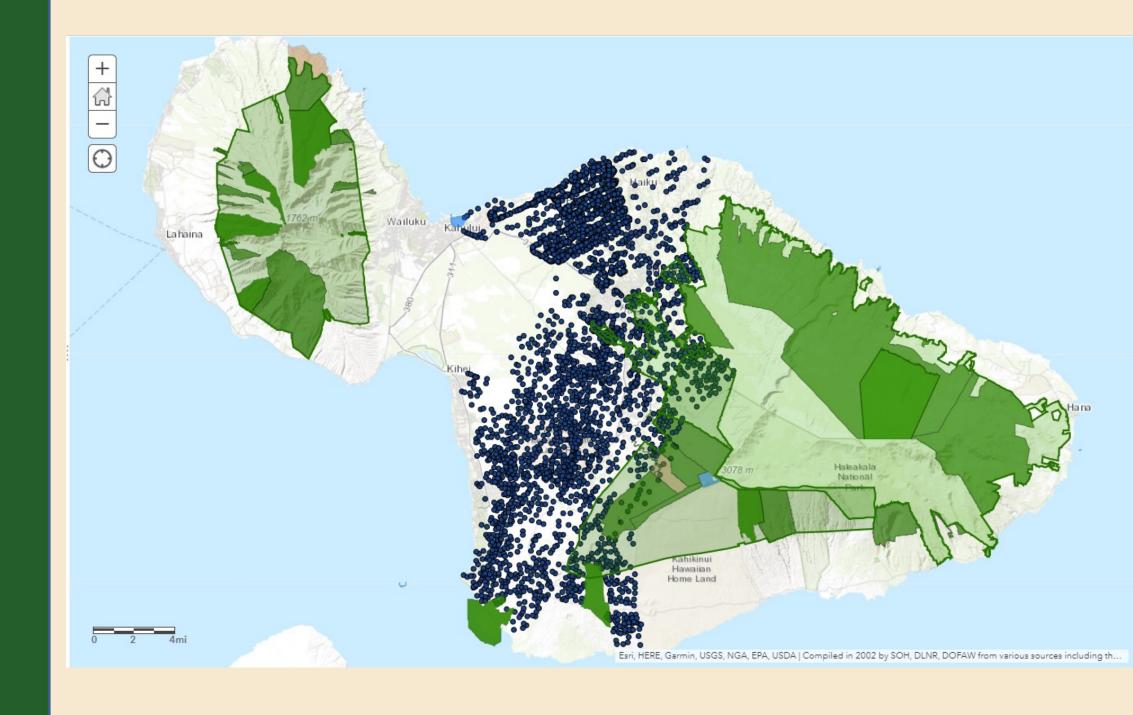






Island-wide Impacts

- Private lands
- Farms
- Ranches
- Residential
- Resort
- Roads
- Airports
- Public safety



E mālama kākou i ka 'āina

dlnr.hawaii.gov/dofaw





Maui Axis Deer Task Force

Collaboration and Stakeholder Engagement

- 1990s Maui axis deer working group
- 2012 Management strategy
- 2020 Maui Axis Deer Task
 Force
- Action Plan (in prep)







Current Maui Harvest > 10,000 deer/yr

- Landowner incentives
- Public hunting
- Commercial version harvest
- Wildlife control permits (night)
 - Landowner
 - Contractor
- Trapping
- Fences
- Staff control





