JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR STATE OF HAWAII Ke Kia'äina o ka Moku'äina 'o Havai'i

SYLVIA J. LUKE LT. GOVERNOR STATE OF HAWAII Ka Hope Kia'äina o ka Moku'äina 'o Hawai'i



IKAIKA ANDERSON CHAIRMAN DESIGNATE, HHC Ka Luna Hoʻokele

KATIE L. DUCATT DEPUTY DESIGNATE TO THE CHAIRMAN Ka Hope Luna Hoʻokele

#### STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS Ka 'Oihana 'Āina Ho'opulapula Hawai'i

P. O. BOX 1879 Honolulu, Hawaii 96805

## TESTIMONY OF IKAIKA ANDERSON, CHAIRMAN-DESIGNATE HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY & HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS HEARING ON FEBRUARY 8, 2023 AT 2:00PM IN CR 325

# HB 567, HD1, RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

February 8, 2023

Aloha Chair Tarnas, Vice Chair Takayama, and members of the Committee:

The Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) strongly supports this measure that 1) exempts any housing development for DHHL from general excise tax and school impact fee requirements, 2) makes permanent the exemption of housing developed where new housing units are created by DHHL from school impact fee requirements, 3) lapses the appropriation provided under Act 279, SLH 2022, and appropriates funds for the purposes of Act 279, SLH 2022 for the current fiscal year; and 4) makes permanent the issuance of county affordable housing credits to DHHL. Similar measures were approved by the Hawaiian Homes Commission and included in the Governor's administrative package by request of our department.

DHHL supports Part I of the bill which exempts any development of homestead lots or housing for DHHL from the general excise and use taxes. DHHL currently has four (4) large-scale development projects underway for consideration by HHFDC for GET exemptions as follows:

Projects Pending GET Exemption	Est. Dev. Costs	Est. GET Savings
HHL Rent with Option to Purchase (Laʻiʻōpua)	\$ 5,000,000 (x 4.25%) =	\$212,500
(163 Units)		
Pu'unani Subdivision	\$ 23,350,013 (x 4.0%) =	\$934,000
(160 Lots)		
(136 turnkey/24 vacant Lots)		
Former Voice of America Site	\$ 50,000,000 (x 4.5%) =	\$2,250,000

(253 Units)		
820 Isenberg Street	\$ 137,000,000 (x 4.5) =	\$6,165,000
(Bowl-O-Drome site)		
(277 Units)		
		TOTAL: \$9,561,500

The GET cost savings from these development projects could be used to develop more homestead lots. DHHL defines homestead lots as residential, agricultural, and pastoral 99-year homestead leases. DHHL includes all acquisition, planning, design, post design, and construction of offsite and onsite development costs in its quantification of eligible costs for GET exemption purposes.

Other homestead projects in the pipeline include:

Projects in the Pipeline for Development	Est. Dev. Costs	Est. GET Savings
Kaʻuluokahaʻi IIC (130 residential lots)	\$20,000,000 (x 4.5%)	\$900,000
Keokea Waiohuli 2B (76 residential lots)	\$18,000,000 (x 4.0%)	\$720,000
Pulehunui offisite infrastructure (100 agricultural lots)	\$50,000,000 (x 4.0%)	\$2,000,000
Villages of Leialiʻi 1B (250 residential lots)	\$130,000,000 (x 4.0%)	\$5,200,000
Honokowai Potable Water	\$30,000,000 (x 4.0%)	\$1,200,000
Development		
(1,200 mixed homestead lots)		
Kahikinui Access Improvements (75 pastoral lots)	\$ 5,000,000 (x 4.0%)	\$200,000
Nāʻiwa Agricultural Subdivision (58 agricultural lots)	\$30,000,000 (x 4.0%)	\$1,200,000
Hanapēpē Residential Lots Phase 2 (75 lots)	\$20,000,000 (x 4.5%)	\$900,000
Villages of La'i'ōpua 4 Hema	\$14,000,000 (x 4.25%)	\$595,000
(130 residential lots)		
		Total potential DHHL savings from GET exemption:
		\$12,915,000

DHHL supports Part II of the bill which makes permanent Act 197, Session Laws of Hawaii 2021, which excludes housing developed by DHHL from school impact fees.

DHHL currently leases educational facilities for public schools, public charter schools, early learning facilities, and other similar facilities at minimal to no cost as reflected in the table below. The exemption of housing developed by the DHHL from school impact fees allows for more homes to be developed for beneficiaries.

Туре	Island	Location	Use	Name	Term	Dates	Acre	Annual Lease Rent
GL	Hawaii	Waimea	Education	Kamehameha Schools	65 yrs	12/28/2000 – 6/30/2065	2	\$0.00
GL	Maui	Paukukalo	Education	Kamehameha Schools	63.5 yrs	1/1/2002 — 6/30/2065	2	\$0.00
GL	Oahu	Waimanalo	Education	Kamehameha Schools		1/7/2000 – 12/31/2064	1.683	\$0.00
GL	Oahu		Education	Kamehameha Schools	·	7/1/2014 – 6/30/2079	40.00	\$73,720
GL	Oahu	Nanakuli	Education	Kamehameha Schools	·	12/1/2018 – 11/30/2083	2.651	\$41,600
LI	Hawaii	Waimea	Education	Leo	20 yrs	6/1/2001 – 5/31/2021	0.42	\$10,800
LI	Hawaii	Puu Pulehu	Education	Kanu O Ka Aina	10 yrs	12/1/2001 – 11/30/2011	4.62	\$600.00
LI	Hawaii		Education	Kamehameha Schools	5	7/1/2011 – 6/30/2021	0.16	\$30,000
LI	Hawaii	Keaukaha	Education	Ke Ana La'ahana PCS	5 yrs	4/1/2018 – 3/31/2023	0.024	\$1,200
LI	Kauai	Anahola	Education	Kanuikapono Charter Sch	·	4/23/2002 – 4/22/2037	3.0	\$1,560
LI	Kauai	Anahola	Education	Anahola Ancient Culture Exch	25 yrs	2/1/2003 – 1/31/2028	9.222	\$500
LI	Molokai	Kamiloloa	Education	Ka Honua Momona Intl	35 yrs	6/30/2010 – 6/29/2045	56.99	\$0.00
LI	Molokai	Hoolehua	Education	Aha Punana Leo	10 yrs	3/1/2012 – 2/28/2022	0.071	\$10,560
LI	Oahu	Nanakuli	Education	Kamehameha Schools	65 yrs	5/25/1995 — 5/24/2060	1.217	\$0.00
LI	Oahu	Kalaeloa	Education	State of Hawaii DOE	5 yrs	4/1/2004 – 3/31/2009	1.00	\$600
LI	Oahu	Nanakuli	Education	Ka Waihona O Ka Naauao	35 yrs	9/1/2004 – 8/31/2039	0.342	\$0.00
LI	Oahu	Nanakuli	Education	Kamehameha Schools	35 yrs	10/1/2004 – 9/30/2039	0.586	\$27,552
LI	Oahu	Haiku Valley	Education		52 yrs	6/1/2009 – 8/31/2060	20.00	\$0.00
LI	Oahu	Nanakuli	Education	Aha Punana Leo	5 yrs	9/1/2014 – 8/31/2019	0.05	\$4,200
LI	Oahu	Nanakuli	Education	HCAP	5 yrs	9/1/2014 – 8/31/2019		\$3,960

DHHL supports Part III of the bill, which ensures that the \$600 million appropriated to DHHL in Act 279, Session Laws of Hawaii 2022, is available for expenditure until June 30, 2025. The Legislature intended that funds appropriated in Act 279, Session Laws of Hawaii 2022, be available for expenditure until June 30, 2025. DHHL wishes to confirm this legislative intent which will allow DHHL to expend funds by June 30, 2025, as intended by the Legislature, instead of the year prior or June 30, 2024.

DHHL supports Part IV of the bill, which makes permanent Act 141, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, requiring the counties issue affordable housing credits to DHHL upon the department's request and makes permanent Act 98, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, which requires the counties to issue affordable housing credits for each residential unit developed by DHHL. Since Act 141 was enacted in 2009, DHHL has worked with each county to request and acquire affordable housing credits for completed units in homestead communities. This program has resulted in successful private-public partnerships through the exchange of credits creating resources for DHHL to further develop homestead lots. Making permanent the affordable housing credit program on Hawaiian home lands will allow DHHL to continue to provide incentive to private sector developers to build affordable homes on Hawaiian home lands. This will also help to ensure that DHHL will have resources for programs for native Hawaiian lessees and applicants, including the development of homestead lots, loans, and other rehabilitation programs.

Thank you for your consideration of our testimony.

SYLVIA LUKE LT. GOVERNOR



GARY S. SUGANUMA DIRECTOR

KRISTEN M.R. SAKAMOTO DEPUTY DIRECTOR

STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION Ka 'Oihana 'Auhau P.O. BOX 259 HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96809 PHONE NO: (808) 587-1540 FAX NO: (808) 587-1560

## TESTIMONY OF GARY S. SUGANUMA, DIRECTOR OF TAXATION

# **TESTIMONY ON THE FOLLOWING MEASURE:**

H.B. No. 567, H.D. 1, Relating to the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands

## **BEFORE THE:**

House Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs

DATE:	Wednesday, February 8, 2023
TIME:	2:00 p.m.
LOCATION:	State Capitol, Room 325

Chair Tarnas, Vice-Chair Takayama, and Members of the Committee:

The Department of Taxation ("Department") offers the following <u>comments</u> regarding H.B. 567, H.D. 1 for your consideration.

H.B. 567, H.D. 1 creates a new section to chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, exempting from general excise tax (GET) and use tax, all gross income received by any "qualified person or firm," for the planning, design, financing, or construction of certain housing developments where new units are created, for the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL). The bill requires all claims for exemption to be filed with and certified by DHHL and forwarded to the Department.

The bill has a defective effective date of July 1, 3000.

The Department defers to DHHL regarding its ability to certify the exemption pursuant to the requirements set forth in the bill, but requests that a certification requirement be maintained, as the Department lacks the subject matter expertise to determine eligibility for the exemption.

The Department also notes that if the defective effective date of the bill is amended, the Department would need time to make the necessary system and form changes, and therefore requests that the effective date be made no earlier than January 1, 2024. The Department further notes that due to the number of bills with tax law changes that have been introduced this year, the Department may not have the Department of Taxation Testimony H.B. 567, H.D. 1 February 8, 2023 Page 2 of 2

resources to implement all measures passed this session by January 1, 2024. The Department will continue to monitor the status of proposed legislation and will advise whether some changes will require a later effective date.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on this measure.

JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR



KEITH T. HAYASHI SUPERINTENDENT

STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION KA 'OIHANA HO'ONA'AUAO P.O. BOX 2360 HONOLULU, HAWAI'I 96804

> Date: 02/08/2023 Time: 02:00 PM Location: 325 VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE Committee: House Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs

**Department:** Education

Person Testifying: Keith T. Hayashi, Superintendent of Education

Title of Bill:HB 0567, HD1 RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF<br/>HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS.

Purpose of Bill: Exempts any housing development for the department of Hawaiian home lands from general excise tax and school impact fee requirements. Makes permanent the exemption of housing developed where new housing units are created by the department of Hawaiian home lands from school impact fee requirements. Lapses the appropriation provided under Act 279, SLH 2022, and appropriates funds for the purposes of Act 279, SLH 2022 for the current fiscal year. Makes permanent the issuance of county affordable housing credits to the department of Hawaiian home lands. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

## **Department's Position:**

The Department of Education (Department) provides comments on HB 567, HD1.

Hawaii's school impact fee law plays a vital role in the development of new school facilities in designated areas where the construction of new housing directly increases student enrollment. Other than direct appropriations from the legislature, school impact fees are the only other source of funding to support the development of new school facilities for the Department.

Section 302A-1603(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes, specifies that anyone who develops new residences in a school impact fee district must pay impact fees "including all government housing projects." Act 197, Session Laws of Hawaii 2021 provided an exemption until June 30, 2024 for any form of housing developed by the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands for use by beneficiaries of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920.

Although the Department recognizes the importance and need of housing developed by the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands for use by beneficiaries, making this exemption permanent would limit funding resources intended to address the impacts on school facilities generated by these new developments.

Thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony commenting on HB 567, HD1.

JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR CHAD K. FARIAS EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



STATE OF HAWAI'I SCHOOL FACILITIES AUTHORITY 75 AUPUNI STREET, STE. BASEMENT HILO, HAWAI'I 96720

February 8, 2023

## Testimony providing COMMENTS on HB567 HD1 RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

## REPRESENTATIVE DAVID TARNAS, CHAIR HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

Hearing Date: 02/08/2023

Room Number 325

The School Facilities Authority (SFA) offers comments on H.B. 567 HD1, RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOMELANDS.

School impact fees were created to assist with the needs of school capacity as residential growth occurs. The Board of Education has established four school impact districts encompassing the following areas:

- 1. Kalihi-Ala Moana
- 2. Leeward Oahu
- 3. West Maui
- 4. Central Maui

The SFA appreciates the difficult determination the Legislature must make in determining how to prioritize the limited funding it has. It is unclear how many developments that DHHL has planned for the four designated areas, but the SFA notes that capacity concerns exist within the schools encompassed in those districts and additional residential development is likely to spur additional funding requests to the Legislature for school capacity projects.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony.

#### **OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK**

COUNTY COUNCIL Mel Rapozo, Chair KipuKai Kuali'i, Vice Chair Addison Bulosan Bernard P. Carvalho, Jr. Felicia Cowden Bill DeCosta Luke A. Evslin



**Council Services Division** 4396 Rice Street, Suite 209 Līhu'e, Kaua'i, Hawai'i 96766

February 7, 2023

#### TESTIMONY OF KIPUKAI KUALI'I COUNCIL VICE CHAIR, KAUA'I COUNTY COUNCIL ON HB 567, HD 1, RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS House Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs Wednesday, February 8, 2023 2:00 P.m. Conference Room 325 Via Videoconference

Dear Chair Tarnas and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony in strong SUPPORT of HB 567, HD 1, Relating to the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. My testimony is submitted in my individual capacity as Council Vice Chair of the Kaua'i County Council.

HB 567, HD 1 seeks to exempt any housing development for the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands from general excise taxes and school impact fee requirements as well as extend the issuance of county affordable housing credits to the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. Given that, we are all familiar of the longtime suffering of our constituents—families moving away, young people not returning after college, and employers not being able to hire workers who cannot find housing. We have talked about our housing shortage crisis (disaster), and we have talked about needing to have all hands on deck, as well as utilizing every tool in our tool boxes—HB 567, HD 1 is a tool in our tool box that can help.

Thank you again for this opportunity to provide testimony in strong support of HB 567, HD 1. Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me or Council Services Staff at (808) 241-4188 or via email to cokcouncil@kauai.gov.

Sincerely,

Ripulcan Quali

KIPUKAI KUALI'I Council Vice Chair, Kaua'i County Council

AAO:mn

 Telephone:
 (808) 241-4188

 Facsimile:
 (808) 241-6349

 Email:
 cokcouncil@kauai.gov

LATE \*Testimony submitted late may not be considered by the Committee for decision making purposes.

Mitchell D. Roth Mayor

Lee E. Lord Managing Director

**Robert H. Command** Deputy Managing Director



Susan K. Kunz Housing Administrator

Harry M. Yada Assistant Housing Administrator

# County of Hawai'i Office of Housing and Community Development

1990 Kino'ole Street, Suite 102 • Hilo, Hawai'i 96720 • (808) 961-8379 • Fax (808) 961-8685 Existing Housing: (808) 959-4642 • Fax (808) 959-9308 Kona: (808) 323-4300 • Fax (808) 323-4301

# TESTIMONY FOR COMMENT ON HOUSE BILL 567, HD 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

# **BEFORE THE: House Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs** Hearing Date: Tuesday, February 8, 2023, at 2:00 p.m. Time/Place of Hearing: Via Video Conference/ Conference Room 325

Aloha Chair Tarnas and Vice Chair Takayama, and Members of the Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs,

On behalf of the Office of Housing and Community Development of the County of Hawai'i, I am providing comment on House Bill 567, HD1 which exempts housing development for the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands from general excise tax and school impact fee requirements and extends the issuance of county affordable housing credits to the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

The comments we are providing relate to the issuance of housing credits.

This bill will extend the 2024 repeal date of HRS § 46-15.1. Currently, this statute provides language enabling the Department of Hawaii Home Lands to enter into specific MOAs with Kauai County and C&C Honolulu <u>but not Hawai`i County</u>.

§ 46-15.1 9(b).... Notwithstanding any provisions herein to the contrary, the department may enter into a memorandum of agreement with the <u>county of Kauai</u> to establish, modify, or clarify the conditions for the issuance, transfer, and redemption of the affordable housing credits in accordance with county affordable housing ordinances or rules. Notwithstanding any provisions herein to the contrary, the department may enter into a memorandum of agreement with the <u>city and county of Honolulu</u> to establish, modify, or clarify the conditions for the issuance, transfer, and redemption of the affordable housing credits in accordance with county affordable housing ordinances or rules.



February 8, 2023 Page 2

We would like to see similar language inserted for Hawai`i County. <u>Notwithstanding any</u> provisions herein to the contrary, the department may enter into a memorandum of agreement with the county of Hawai`i to establish, modify, or clarify the conditions for the issuance, transfer, and redemption of the affordable housing credits in accordance with county affordable housing ordinances or rules.

The rationale for the request is most strongly stated in the recent audit report <u>Office of</u> <u>Housing and Community Development Affordable Housing Credits Report</u> No. 2023-01 (February 1, 2023). "DHHL credits create obstacles for OHCD because issuance is beyond the department's control, and there is no mechanism to recognize credits continually. DHHL credits don't have the same radius restrictions that county-originated projects have. This contributes to turning localized credit availability imbalances into a countywide problem as credits could be used to fulfill obligations anywhere on the island of Hawai'i."

Additionally, the re-sale of DHHL credits to county developers in lieu of fulfilling affordable housing obligations under Chapter 11 of the Hawaii County Code, challenges the county's ability to provide new affordable housing to income-qualified residents in a timely manner and within a framework of poverty de-concentration by geographic area.

OHCD supports an increase in the inventory of <u>affordable housing units</u> within the county of Hawai`i including on DHHL and requests this county specific amendment to HRS 46-15.1 9(b) so that impacts such as those addressed above and in the audit report can be mitigated through an agreeable MOA.

Mahalo,

Susan K./Kunz Housing Administrator

Center for Hawaiian Sovereignty Studies 46-255 Kahuhipa St. Suite 1205 Kane'ohe, HI 96744 (808) 247-7942 Kenneth R. Conklin, Ph.D. Executive Director e-mail <u>Ken\_Conklin@yahoo.com</u> Unity, Equality, Aloha for all



# To: HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY & HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

For hearing Wednesday, February 8, 2023

Re: HB 567, HD1 (HSCR78)

RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS. Exempts any housing development for the department of Hawaiian home lands from general excise tax and school impact fee requirements. Makes permanent the exemption of housing developed where new housing units are created by the department of Hawaiian home lands from school impact fee requirements. Lapses the appropriation provided under Act 279, SLH 2022, and appropriates funds for the purposes of Act 279, SLH 2022 for the current fiscal year. Makes permanent the issuance of county affordable housing credits to the department of Hawaiian home lands. Effective 7/1/3000. (HD1)

# **TESTIMONY IN OPPOSITION**

Wouldn't it be a wonderful idea to exempt all housing development from general excise tax? That would provide a real incentive to help solve the housing shortage blamed for homelessness and high prices. But this bill singles out one racial group to enjoy such an exemption, while everyone else must pay the tax. That is an example of what is known as "systemic racism" -- setting up an entire system in a way that benefits or harms people because of their race. Whatever happened to diversity, equity, and inclusiveness?

What about exempting DHHL development from school impact fees? Do ethnic Hawaiians not make babies and have children? If DHHL builds its own schools to educate children who live in their own ghettos, then of course they should not have to pay school impact fees to the general public schools that serve non-ethnic-Hawaiians. Read my book "Hawaiian Apartheid: Racial Separatism and Ethnic Nationalism in the Aloha State."

http://tinyurl.com/2a9fqa

The attitude projected in this sort of legislation exemplifies what I wrote about.

# LEGISLATIVE TAX BILL SERVICE

# **TAX FOUNDATION OF HAWAII**

126 Queen Street, Suite 305

Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 Tel. 536-4587

SUBJECT: GENERAL EXCISE, USE, MISCELLANEOUS, GET Exemption and School Impact Fee Exemption for DHHL Housing

BILL NUMBER: HB 567 HD 1

INTRODUCED BY: House Committee on Housing

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: Exempts housing development for the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands from general excise tax and school impact fee requirements. Extends the issuance of county affordable housing credits to the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

## SYNOPSIS:

## Part I: GET Exemption for Affordable Housing

Adds a new section to chapter 237, HRS, providing an exemption from the general excise tax all gross income received by any qualified person or firm for the planning, design, financing, or construction of any housing development for the department of Hawaiian home lands (DHHL).

Allows DHHL to approve and certify for exemption a qualified person or firm involved with a newly constructed, or a moderately or substantially rehabilitated, project that is (1) for DHHL; (2) developed under a government assistance program approved by DHHL; (3) developed under the sponsorship of a private nonprofit organization providing home rehabilitation or new homes for beneficiaries in need of decent, low-cost housing; or (4) developed to provide affordable rental housing where at least fifty per cent of the available units are for households with incomes at or below eighty per cent of the area median family income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The exemption operates similarly to the affordable housing exemption in section 237-29, HRS, with the certification process done here by DHHL rather than HHFDC or county housing agencies.

Allows DHHL to collect a reasonable service fee, the proceeds of which are to be deposited in the Hawaiian home operating fund described in section 213(e) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920.

Amends section 238-3(j), HRS, to exempt from the Use Tax any use of property, services, or contracting exempted by the above GET exemption.

## Part II: DOE Impact Fee Exemption

Amends section 302A-1603, HRS, to add an exemption from the department of education's impact fee for any housing development for DHHL where new units are created, which development was certified under part I of the bill.

Re: HB 567 HD1 Page 2

Amends section 6 of Act 197, SLH 2021, to make the above exemption permanent (it presently has a repeal date of July 1, 2024).

# Part III: Extension of Deadline on \$600M 2022 Appropriation

Amends section 6 of Act 279, SLH 2022, to provide that any moneys out of the \$600 million not encumbered for specific purposes lapse to the general fund on June 30, 2025.

# Part IV: Extension of County Affordable Housing Credits

Deletes the sunset date of Act 141, SLH 2009, as amended, and Act 98, SLH 2012, as amended. Limits the requirement to development where new housing units are created.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 3000.

STAFF COMMENTS:

# Part I: GET Exemption for Affordable Housing

Section 237-29(a), HRS, states that all gross income received by any qualified person or firm for the planning, design, financing, construction, sale, or lease in the State of a housing project that has been certified or approved under section 201H-36 shall be exempt from general excise taxes.

Section 201H-36, HRS, states that the Hawaii housing finance and development corporation ("HHFDC") may approve and certify for exemption from general excise taxes any qualified person or firm involved with an affordable housing project.

Section 46-16.7, HRS, states that any county shall have the same powers as those granted the HHFDC pursuant to chapter 201H, HRS, provided, among other things, that county projects shall be granted an exemption from general excise or receipts taxes in the same manner as projects of the HHFDC pursuant to section 201H-36.

It seems that the proposed exemption has many similarities to the affordable housing exemption now in sections 46-15.1 and 201H-36, HRS. The proposed exemption appears to be looser, however:

• The existing low-income housing exemption requires a regulatory agreement of at least five years for moderate rehabilitation projects, ten years for substantial rehabilitation projects, and thirty years for new projects. No regulatory agreement is required by this bill.

Because the housing development is on Hawaiian homestead land, the beneficiaries to reside in the developed homes would be receiving several benefits unique to Hawaiian homesteads, as detailed in <u>https://dhhl.hawaii.gov/applications/applying-for-hawaiian-home-lands/</u>:

- Annual lease rent of \$1.00 per year;
- 99-year lease;

- Lease term which can be extended for an additional 100 years, allowing passage of the homestead from generation to generation;
- Seven-year exemption from real property tax;
- Complete exemption of tax on land;
- Minimal real property tax after the first seven years (applies only to County of Kauai and City and County of Honolulu, Oahu);
- And other benefits.

These benefits should be taken into consideration to determine whether affordable housing development on Hawaiian home lands merits extension of the GET exemption to development on those lands as well. It is certainly arguable that the extension is warranted given that Hawaiian beneficiaries often have been waiting years or decades on the wait list for Hawaiian home lands.

# Part II: DOE Impact Fee Exemption

STAFF COMMENTS: The Hawaii Revised Statutes contains twelve sections relating to "school impact fees," starting with section 302A-1601. The law states, in part, "New residential developments within identified school impact districts create additional demand for public school facilities. As such, once school impact districts are identified, new residential developments shall be required to contribute toward the construction of new or expansion of existing public school facilities."

Builders of large projects within school impact districts are required to provide land for school facilities depending on the numbers of students expected in their projects and the amount of available classroom space in existing area schools. Smaller developers and individual home owner-builders are required to pay a fee instead of land, when their project is too small to entertain a school site. All home builders or buyers must pay a construction cost fee.

Once an impact fee district is established, the DOE is authorized to collect 10% of estimated school construction costs and 100% of estimated land acquisition costs from each residential development planned within the district.

The Board of Education (BOE) used this authority to establish impact fee districts in Central Maui and West Maui in 2010, and in Leeward Oahu in 2012. It approved another district in West Hawaii in 2009, but apparently the Big Island county government didn't want to cooperate and that district remains an open issue.

The theory behind this law is that high growth will mean more children, and more schools are required to educate them. The formulas in sections 302A-1606 and -1607 for calculating the fee come up with a land value and dollar value for each new single-family unit and each multi-family unit. It makes sense to exempt construction where no new unit is being created, for it would be rational to presume that no additional living unit means that there would not be additional children to educate. By the same token, exempting additional living units even though

Re: HB 567 HD1 Page 4

they can house families and children does not seem to be in line with the philosophy of the tax and will, at a minimum, cause others to pay for the schools needed for the additional children in those units.

# Part III: Extension of Deadline on \$600M 2022 Appropriation

Act 279, SLH 2022, provided an appropriation to DHHL of \$600 million but specified that the moneys would lapse on June 30, 2025, if not spent or encumbered by then.

As drafted, the appropriation does not meet the requirements of Article VII, section 11 of the Hawaii Constitution limiting appropriations to three years duration. This part of the bill contains the technical correction necessary to comply with this constitutional provision.

# Part IV: Extension of County Affordable Housing Credits

Act 141, SLH 2009, required each county to issue affordable housing credits to DHHL with respect to existing and future projects on Hawaiian home lands. This law originally was to sunset on June 30, 3015, but was extended to June 30, 2024. This bill would make the law permanent.

The Foundation declines to comment on this part.

Digested: 2/6/2023



February 7, 2023

Chair Tarnas Vice Chair Takayama Members of the House Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs

Subject: TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB567, HD1 February 8, 2023 at 2p.m. Via Video Conference/Conference Room 325

Aloha Chair Tarnas, Vice Chair Takayama, and members of the Committee:

As a longtime supporter of the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands ("DHHL") and its efforts to get its beneficiaries on its lands, I am testifying in strong support of HB567, HD1. The proposals in HB567, HD1 will greatly assist the DHHL in its efforts and, thus, I urge you to pass out HB567, HD1.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony in support of HB567, HD1.

Sincerely,

Emit R. Al

Everett R. Dowling President

## HB-567-HD-1

Submitted on: 2/8/2023 12:18:12 PM Testimony for JHA on 2/8/2023 2:00:00 PM

Submitted By	Organization	<b>Testifier Position</b>	Testify
David Z. Arakawa	Land Use Research Foundation of Hawaii	Comments	Written Testimony Only

Comments:

The Land Use Research Foundation of Hawaii (LURF) appreciates the intent of HB 567, HD1, and respectfully proposes an amendment, to provide that if DHHL is exempted from school impact fees, that the State would otherwise be required to pay DHHL's fair share of school impact fees.

**HB 567, HD1.** This bill proposes to exempt any housing development for the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) from general excise tax and school impact fee requirements; makes permanent the exemption of housing developed where new housing units are created by the department of Hawaiian home lands from school impact fee requirements; lapses the appropriation provided under Act 279, SLH 2022, and appropriates funds for the purposes of Act 279, SLH 2022 for the current fiscal year; and makes permanent the issuance of county affordable housing credits to DHHL.

**LURF's Position.** LURF worked with DOE to draft the school impact fee law, which was based on the concept of fairness and equity – those who create the impact (housing developments that create more public school students), should pay proportionate fair share of impact fees that would be used to build additional facilities to address the increase in students.

The current version of HB 567 would be unfair and inequitable to other families who purchase homes in new developments in the same area – DHHL would not be paying it proportionate fair share based on the number of public school students their projects will generate. Instead, it appears that the other home builders in the area if DHHL projects would be forced to pay DHHL's fair share for the building of new school facilities.

HB 567 is also inconsistent and contrary to the longstanding state policy followed by the State Strategic Plan for Transit-Oriented Development (TOD Strategic Plan), that was prepared by the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development. The state's TOD Strategic Plan requires all state agencies to pay their proportionate fair share of infrastructure improvements for the TOD areas.

For the above reasons, LURF respectfully requests that **HB 567 be amended to provide that if DHHL is exempted from school impact fees, that the State is otherwise required to pay DHHL's fair share of school impact fees.** 

We urge your favorable consideration of our proposed amendment.