S.R. NO. 70

MAR 1 0 2023

SENATE RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE JUDICIARY TO EXAMINE THE FREQUENCY OF COMPLAINTS FOR SUMMARY POSSESSION THAT ARE GRANTED IN FAVOR OF THE LANDLORD WHEN THE LANDLORD IS REPRESENTED BY COUNSEL AND THE TENANT IS ACTING PRO SE.

WHEREAS, Hawaii is entrenched in a housing crisis that 1 severely limits affordable housing options and pushes many into 2 poverty, crushing debt, and homelessness; and 3 4 5 WHEREAS, chronic homelessness is an epidemic in the State, which currently is experiencing the second-highest rate of 6 homelessness in the country; and 7 8 9 WHEREAS, kupuna are disproportionately affected by evictions and homelessness, as it is estimated that 10 approximately one-third of the tenants that were evicted in 2022 11 12 are kupuna and that one-half of people currently without permanent housing statewide are kupuna aged fifty-five years or 13 older; and 14 15 WHEREAS, Native Hawaiians are also disproportionately 16 17 affected by evictions and homelessness, forcing many families who have called Hawaii home for centuries to have to leave the 18 19 islands or move onto the streets; and 20 21 WHEREAS, the median price of renting a home in Hawaii increased thirteen percent since the beginning of the 22 coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic, with some communities seeing 23 the price of rent surge as high as forty percent in one year; 24 and 25 26 WHEREAS, although hundreds of tenants are legally evicted 27 each month throughout the State, the true number of tenants that 28 29 are forced out of their homes each month is unknown, as not many eviction cases are being filed; and 30 31 WHEREAS, there is a substantial power imbalance between 32 33 landlords and tenants because landlords have the authority to dictate the living situation of their tenants; there are no 34 2023-1866 SR SMA.docx 1

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statutory restrictions on the amount that landlords can increase 1 rent prices; and landlords usually have more financial 2 resources, allowing them greater access to legal counsel; and 3 4 WHEREAS, evicted tenants often are already subject to 5 6 significant financial restraints, which not only makes retaining legal counsel on short notice for these tenants unduly 7 burdensome, but often leads to these tenants having to represent 8 themselves pro se; and 9 10 WHEREAS, this discrepancy in legal representation can yield 11 predatory or even abusive results, with many evicted tenants 12 reporting bullying or harassment from their landlords' legal 13 14 counsel; and 15 WHEREAS, especially given the current housing crisis, it is 16 in the State's best interest to minimize the risk of abuse to 17 evicted tenants and protect them from further economic and 18 19 mental duress; and 20 WHEREAS, it is therefore necessary to understand any 21 disparity in representation between the landlords and evicted 22 tenants who are parties to actions for summary possession 23 through an audit of the proceedings; now, therefore, 24 25 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-second 26 Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2023, 27 that the Judiciary is requested to examine the frequency of 28 complaints for summary possession that result in judgement in 29 favor of the landlord when the landlord is represented by 30 counsel and the tenant is acting pro se; and 31 32 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Judiciary is requested to 33 submit a report of its findings to the Legislature no later than 34 twenty days prior to the convening of the Regular Session of 35 36 2024; and 37 38 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the Chief Justice of the Hawaii 39

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Supreme Court, Administrative Director of the Courts, and Deputy
Administrative Director of the Courts.

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OFFERED BY:

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