HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2023 STATE OF HAWAII H.R. NO. **[0]**

HOUSE RESOLUTION

URGING THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH TO PRIORITIZE TESTING AND RESEARCH OF BEACH SAND CONTAMINATION LEVELS AT POKAI BAY AND REQUESTING THE CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION TO PRIORITIZE RENOVATIONS OF THE RESTROOM FACILITIES AT POKAI BAY.

WHEREAS, Pokai Bay is one of the most-visited ocean areas 1 on Oahu's Leeward Coast because of its wide sandy beach and 2 3 relatively calm waters; and 4 WHEREAS, because it is protected by an offshore breakwater, 5 Pokai Bay maintains calm conditions year-round, which makes it 6 an ideal location for many ocean users, including swimmers, 7 canoe paddlers, surfers, snorkelers, boaters, divers, and stand-8 9 up paddlers; and 10 WHEREAS, despite Pokai Bay's pristine appearance of 11 crystal-blue waters and white sand, it is sadly the site of 12 pollution from multiple sources, including runoff from 13 surrounding surfaces, illegal dumping, and user-induced 14 contaminants; and 15 16 WHEREAS, over the last decade, beach users and local 17 community members have reported the presence of health and 18 19 environmental hazards at Pokai Bay; and 20 WHEREAS, additional suspected sources of pollution at Pokai 21 Bay include water runoff containing industrial pollutants washed 22 from local surface streets, parking lots, and sidewalks; 23 24 illegally moored boats; and petrochemical-based pollutants from vehicular use of an adjacent boat ramp; and 25 26 27 WHEREAS, historically, illegal dumping of dredging 28 materials and other substances has occurred at higher rates along the Leeward Coast, including at Pokai Bay, than at other 29 locations on Oahu; and 30

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1 2 WHEREAS, the significant use of Leeward Coast beaches for 3 camping and associated activities of daily life by homeless persons, such as bathing, are suspected to have introduced 4 higher than normal levels of bacteria to the sand and waters at 5 Pokai Bay, resulting in a rash of staph infections and other 6 7 health problems among regular beach users; and 8 9 WHEREAS, a 2015 study by professors and researchers at the 10 University of Hawaii at Manoa's Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering found that beach sand holds more fecal 11 12 indicator bacteria than seawater; and 13 14 WHEREAS, based upon the results of this study, the beach sand at Pokai Bay may be found to retain pollutants from the 15 16 restroom facilities in the area, specifically rinse-off from the showers and fecal bacteria from toilet plumbing; and 17 18 WHEREAS, the Department of Health has the supplies to test 19 seawater and occasionally tests the seawater in Pokai Bay 20 specifically for fecal indicator bacteria, which decays at 21 slower rates in the beach sand than in seawater; now, therefore, 22 23 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the 24 Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular 25 Session of 2023, that the Department of Health is urged to 26 27 prioritize testing and research of fecal indicator bacteria levels and any other pollutants of the beach sand at Pokai Bay; 28 29 and 30 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Health is 31 urged to make testing and research of fecal indicator bacteria 32 33 levels and any other pollutants in beach sand at Pokai Bay a priority of the Department's non-point source pollution program; 34 35 and 36 37 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Health is 38 urged to develop a plan to increase water circulation at Pokai 39 Bay to improve water quality and mitigate environmental and health risks caused by pollution and contaminants in the water; 40 41 and 42

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Health is requested to collaborate with other appropriate state and county agencies to develop the plan to increase water circulation; and 4

5 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Health is 6 requested to submit a report of its collaborative activities, 7 including significant findings, cost estimates, and any proposed 8 legislation to increase water circulation at Pokai Bay, to the 9 Legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of 10 the Regular Session of 2024; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that based upon the Department of Health's testing and research of fecal indicator bacteria in the beach sand at Pokai Bay, the City and County of Honolulu Department of Parks and Recreation is requested to prioritize renovations of the restroom facilities at Pokai Bay; and

18 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 19 Resolution be transmitted to the Director of Health and Director 20 of the City and County of Honolulu Department of Parks and 21 Recreation.

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OFFERED BY:

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