

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that accelerating the
- 2 development of renewable energy to reduce greenhouse gases is a
- 3 high priority. The legislature has enacted numerous Acts to
- 4 achieve this objective, including:
- 5 (1) Act 97, Session Laws of Hawaii 2015, which established
- a renewable energy portfolio standards' target of one
- 7 hundred per cent renewable electric energy by
- 8 December 31, 2045;
- 9 (2) Act 15, Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, which established
- 10 a statewide zero emissions clean economy target to
- 11 sequester throughout the State more atmospheric carbon
- and greenhouse gases than emitted, as quickly as
- practicable but no later than 2045; and
- 14 (3) Act 238, Session Laws of Hawaii 2022, which
- 15 established a statewide target that includes a
- qreenhouse gas emissions limit of at least fifty per

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cent below 2005 greenhouse gas emission levels no
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              later than 2030.
         The legislature further finds that the timely completion of
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    grid-connected renewable energy projects is also a high priority
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    as it will help the State achieve the targets and limit
    established through prior legislation. On November 13, 2020,
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    the public utilities commission issued a letter to the parties
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    in docket numbers 2015-0389 (Community Based Renewable Energy),
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    2017-0352 (Hawaiian Electric Renewable Requests for Proposals),
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    and 2018-0165 (Integrated Grid Planning), stating that it "is
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    markedly concerned that Hawaiian Electric [Company]'s
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    interconnection processes and policies are increasing
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    development costs and extending renewable project timelines".
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         On December 23, 2020, under docket number 2018-0088
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    (Performance-Based Regulation), the public utilities commission
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    issued order number 37507, indicating, in part, that it was
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    concerned about interconnection delays and will implement a
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    performance incentive mechanism to encourage Hawaiian Electric
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    Company to accelerate the interconnection process. Order number
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    37507 also stated that "the scheduled retirement of the AES
    Power Plant in 2022, as well as [Hawaiian Electric Company,
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Inc.; Hawaii Electric Light Company, Inc.; and Maui Electric 1 Company, Limited's] proposal to delay interconnecting several 2 3 renewable energy and storage projects recently approved by the commission, underscores the need for expeditiously securing 4 alternative sources of grid services to ensure that system needs 5 are met". 6 7 The legislature notes that during phase 1 and phase 2 of the electric utility's procurement under docket no. 2017-0352, 8 projects have been delayed or terminated, due in part to costs 9 and delays of interconnection. On February 11, 2021, the public 10 utilities commission opened docket number 2021-0024 to review 11 Hawaiian Electric Company's interconnection process and 12 transition plans for retirement of fossil fuel plants. 13 In 2022, the public utilities commission testified that it 14 had set up a tracker accounts to quantify and monitor the cost 15 of project delays. As of the monthly update submitted by the 16 Hawaiian Electric Company on January 21, 2022, the tracked cost **17** totaled over \$10,000,000 across several projects. The public 18 utilities commission also testified that it issued a request for 19 information to solicit input from qualified entities to serve 20 21 under contract as a Hawaii electric reliability administrator.

- 1 On September 9, 2022, instead of procuring a Hawaii electric
- 2 reliability administrator, the public utilities commission
- 3 awarded a procurement contract that hired an independent
- 4 engineer to assist the commission in overseeing the technical
- 5 aspects of the upcoming phase 3 procurement processes, reviewing
- 6 interconnection requirements that had already been established
- 7 by the Hawaiian Electric Company and associated costs, resolving
- 8 technical disputes related to interconnection of resources,
- 9 assisting in the implementation of interconnection-related
- 10 performance incentive mechanisms, and serving a general advisory
- 11 role to the commission on issues related to Hawaiian Electric
- 12 Company's interconnection process. These duties only cover a
- 13 subset of the duties of a Hawaii electric reliability
- 14 administrator, pursuant to part IX of chapter 269, Hawaii
- 15 Revised Statutes, and therefore will not result in commission-
- 16 established reliability standards for interconnection and the
- 17 grid, an interconnection dispute resolution process, nor long-
- 18 term grid planning for the State.
- In the latter half of 2022, the public utilities commission
- 20 approved Hawaiian Electric Company's recommendation to complete
- 21 the interconnection requirements study and total estimated

interconnection cost for each phase 3 procurement project 1 selected prior to the signing and filing of the power purchase 2 agreement with the public utilities commission for approval. 3 However, phase 3 procurement projects are required to 4 assume interconnection costs prior to the completion of the 5 6 interconnection requirements study and total estimated interconnection cost. If these costs are higher than what the 7 project assumed before or after bid submission to the public 8 utilities commission, the project is not allowed to adjust its 9 bid price to reflect the higher-than-anticipated cost. Moreover, 10 under the commission-approved model power purchase agreement, 11 Hawaiian Electric Company, who performs the interconnection 12 13 construction, is further permitted to increase the project's interconnection costs. Thus, the revised process approved by 14 the public utilities commission does not result in meaningful 15 reform to the interconnection issues impacting timely and cost-16 effective renewable energy development, which affects the 17 18 ratepayer. Also in the latter half of 2022, Hawaiian Electric Company 19 issued four separate requests to Hawaii Island customers to 20 limit their use of electricity to prevent the possibility of 21

- 1 rolling blackouts due to factors including the unexpected loss
- 2 of several large generators, lower wind resources, and lower-
- 3 than-expected geothermal output. This further substantiates the
- 4 urgency to create and implement reliability standards through a
- 5 Hawaii electric reliability administrator.
- 6 The legislature also finds that the State does not regulate
- 7 interconnection costs, which results in the ratepayer bearing
- 8 the full financial burden of both interconnection costs and
- 9 utility network upgrades in the electricity rates. The Federal
- 10 Energy Regulatory Commission, an independent federal agency that
- 11 regulates the interstate transmission of natural gas, oil, and
- 12 electricity and natural gas and hydropower projects, has
- 13 developed a simple test for distinguishing interconnection
- 14 facilities from network upgrades. In its Order No. 2003, the
- 15 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission stated that,
- 16 "interconnection facilities are found between the
- 17 interconnection customer's generating facility and the
- 18 transmission provider's transmission system [...] network
- 19 upgrades include only facilities at or beyond the point where
- 20 the interconnection customer's generating facility interconnects
- 21 to the transmission provider's transmission system." This

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2 cost responsibility. Order No. 2003 also generally found that
3 "it is just and reasonable for the interconnection customer to
4 pay for interconnection facilities but not for network
5 upgrades."

distinction clarifies and determines which party has ultimate

- Establishing grid reliability standards, regulating the 6 timely and transparent interconnection of utility-scale 7 renewable energy projects, and distinguishing the cost 8 responsibilities between interconnection facilities and utility 9 network upgrades will help to bring utility-scale renewable 10 energy projects online sooner; decrease electricity rates for 11 consumers; provide project developers with added certainty 12 regarding project timelines and transparent costs; encourage 13 lower bid prices; achieve the State's renewable portfolio 14 standard goals; establish long-term institutional knowledge 15 within the public utilities commission; reduce greenhouse gas 16
- 18 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 19 (1) Require the public utilities commission to establish
 20 reliability standards and interconnection requirements
 21 for all electric utilities and all users, owners, or

emissions; and mitigate the effects of climate change.

	operators of the Hawaii electric system; provided that
	any costs for changes in reliability standards or
	interconnection requirements shall not be the
	responsibility of the interconnection customer after
	the interconnection customer's power purchase
	agreement has been approved by the public utilities
	commission;
(2)	Require the public utilities commission to:
	(A) Distinguish between interconnection facilities
	and utility network upgrades;
	(B) Ensure that the cost of interconnection
	facilities shall be the responsibility of the
	interconnection customer; and
	(C) Ensure that the cost of utility network upgrades
	at and beyond the point of interconnection to the
	utility's transmission system shall be the sole
	responsibility of the utility transmission
	provider;
(3)	Establish a timeline and requirements for
	interconnection procedures to be established by the

1		public utilities commission for certain utility-scale
2		renewable energy projects;
3	(4)	Make the public utilities commission's contracting for
4		the Hawaii electric reliability administrator
5		mandatory rather than discretionary; and
6	(5)	Require the public utilities commission to submit an
7		annual report and assessment of the Hawaii electric
8		reliability administrator to the legislature.
9	SECT	ION 2. Section 269-142, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended t	o read as follows:
11	" [-[]	§269-142[] Reliability standards; interconnection
12	requireme	nts; adoption and development; force and effect. (a)
13	The commi	ssion [may] shall adopt, by rule or order, reliability
14	standards	and interconnection requirements. Reliability
15	standards	and interconnection requirements adopted by the
16	commissio	n shall apply to any electric utility and any user,
17	owner, or	operator of the Hawaii electric system. The
18	commissio	n shall not contract for the performance of the
19	functions	under this subsection to any other entity as provided
20	under sec	tion 269-147.

1	(b) The commission $[may]$ shall develop reliability
2	standards and interconnection requirements as it determines
3	necessary or upon recommendation from any entity, including an
4	entity contracted by the commission to serve as the Hawaii
5	electricity reliability administrator provided for under this
6	part, for the continuing reliable design and operation of the
7	Hawaii electric system [-]; provided that any costs for changes
8	in reliability standards or interconnection requirements shall
9	not be the responsibility of the interconnection customer after
10	the interconnection customer's power purchase agreement has been
11	approved by the commission. Any reliability standard or
12	interconnection requirement developed by the commission shall be
13	adopted by the commission in accordance with subsection (a) in
14	order to be effective. The commission shall not contract for
15	the performance of the functions under this subsection to any
16	other entity as provided under section 269-147.
17	(c) The commission shall:
18	(1) Distinguish between interconnection facilities and
19	utility network upgrades;

1	(2) Ensure that the cost of interconnection facilities
2	shall be the responsibility of the interconnection
3	customer; and
4	(3) Ensure that the cost of utility network upgrades at
5	and beyond the point of interconnection to the
6	utility's transmission system shall be the sole
7	responsibility of the utility transmission provider.
8	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> The commission shall have jurisdiction over
9	matters concerning interconnection requirements and
10	interconnections located in the State between electric
11	utilities, any user, owner, or operator of the Hawaii electric
12	system, or any other person, business, or entity connecting to
13	the Hawaii electric system or otherwise applying to connect
14	generation or equipment providing ancillary services to, or
15	operate generation and equipment providing ancillary services in
16	parallel with the Hawaii electric system under processes
17	established in accordance with section 269-145. Nothing in this
18	subsection is intended to give the commission general
19	supervision authority over any user, owner, or operator of the
20	Hawaii electric system or any other person, business, or entity
21	that is not a public utility as defined in section 269-1.

- 1 (e) For purposes of this section: "Generating facility" means the specific device for which 2 the interconnection customer has requested interconnection. 3 "Interconnection customer" means the owner of the 4 5 generating facility that is interconnecting at the utility point of interconnection at the transmission provider's transmission 6 7 system. "Interconnection facilities" means facilities that are 8 found between the interconnection customer's generating facility 9 and the utility transmission provider's transmission system. 10 "Transmission provider" means the entity or entities with 11 12 which the generating facility is interconnecting. "Utility network upgrades" means facilities at or beyond 13 the point where the interconnection customer's generating 14 facility interconnects to the utility transmission provider's 15 transmission system." 16 **17** SECTION 3. Section 269-145, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 "[+] §269-145[+] Grid access; procedures for
- 20 interconnection; dispute resolution. (a) Each user, owner, or
- 21 operator of the Hawaii electric system, or any other person,

amended to read as follows:

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1	business,	or e	ntity seeking to make an interconnection on the
2	Hawaii el	ectri	c system shall do so in accordance with procedures
3	to be est	ablis	hed by the commission by rule or order.
4	(b)	The	commission shall establish interconnection
5	procedure	s as	follows:
6	(1)	The	commission shall include in any interconnection
7		proc	edures established pursuant to this section
8		requ	irements that the electric public utilities:
9		(A)	Complete the interconnection design;
10		<u>(B)</u>	Reach agreement with the renewable energy project
11			<pre>developer;</pre>
12		(C)	File a request with the commission for
13			interconnection or line extension approval, if
14			required;
15		(D)	Meet the requirements under subparagraphs (A)
16			through (C) as soon as practicable;
17		<u>(E)</u>	Meet timelines and deadlines as determined by the
18			commission; and
19		(F)	Submit interim reports to the commission on the
20			status of the electric public utility's efforts
21			to comply with the requirements of this

1		subsection ninety days and one hundred eighty
2		days after the renewable energy project power
3		purchase agreement is filed with the commission
4		for review and approval;
5	(2)	If the electric public utility is unable to comply
6		with the requirements of this subsection, the electric
7		public utility shall report, in writing, the reasons
8		for noncompliance to the commission within ten
9		calendar days after the failure to meet timelines and
10		deadlines established by the commission;
11	(3)	If the electric public utility fails to meet the
12		requirements established by the commission pursuant to
13		this subsection, the electric public utility shall
14		forfeit and return all moneys or other financial
15		incentives that the electric public utility has
16		received as part of any performance incentive
17		mechanism program or similar incentive-based award
18		recognized by the commission in connection with the
19		renewable energy project; and
20	(4)	The commission shall submit a report to the governor
21		and legislature regarding any failure to meet the

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1	timing under this subsection by any electric public
2	utility within thirty days of the commission receiving
3	notice of this failure;
4	provided that this subsection shall only apply to utility-scale
5	renewable energy projects that are five megawatts in total
6	output capacity or larger, and to any community-based renewable
7	energy projects that the commission has determined to be
8	responsible for interconnection costs.
9	[(b)] <u>(c)</u> The commission shall have the authority to make
10	final determinations regarding any dispute between any user,
11	owner, or operator of the Hawaii electric system, or any other
12	person, business, or entity connecting to the Hawaii electric
13	system, concerning either an existing interconnection on the
14	Hawaii electric system or an interconnection to the Hawaii
15	electric system created under the processes established by the
16	commission under this section."
17	SECTION 4. Section 269-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
19	"(a) The commission may require, by rule or order, that
20	[all] any utilities, persons, businesses, or entities connecting
21	to the Hawaii electric system, or any other user, owner, or

- 1 operator of any electric element that is a part of an
- 2 interconnection on the Hawaii electric system [shall] pay a
- 3 surcharge that shall be collected by Hawaii's electric
- 4 utilities. The commission shall not contract or otherwise
- 5 delegate the ability to create the Hawaii electricity
- 6 reliability surcharge under this section to any other entity.
- 7 This surcharge amount shall be known as the Hawaii electricity
- 8 reliability surcharge."
- 9 SECTION 5. Section 269-147, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 11 "(a) The commission [may] shall contract for the
- 12 performance of its functions under this part with a person,
- 13 business, or organization, except for a public utility as
- 14 defined under this chapter, that will serve as the Hawaii
- 15 electricity reliability administrator provided for under this
- 16 part; provided that the commission shall not contract for the
- 17 performance of its functions under sections 269-142(a) and (b)
- **18** and 269-146."
- 19 SECTION 6. Section 269-149, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:

- 1 "[+] §269-149[+] Funding; reporting. (a) The Hawaii
- 2 electricity reliability administrator shall use funds collected
- 3 through the Hawaii electricity reliability surcharge provided
- 4 for under section 269-146 to carry out its operations, including
- 5 administrative, technological, or other related requirements for
- 6 effectively ensuring the reliability of the Hawaii electric
- 7 system.
- 8 (b) The Hawaii electricity reliability administrator shall
- 9 report to the commission each year on the date of agreement
- 10 under section 269-147 following the original contracting between
- 11 the Hawaii electricity reliability administrator and the
- 12 commission on the status of its operations, financial position,
- 13 and a projected operational budget for the fiscal year following
- 14 the date of the report.
- (c) The Hawaii electricity reliability administrator shall
- 16 be subject to regulation by the commission under any provision
- 17 applicable to a public utility in sections 269-7, 269-8,
- 18 269-8.2, 269-8.5, 269-9, 269-10, 269-13, 269-15, 269-19.5, and
- 19 269-28. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 20 contrary, the Hawaii electricity reliability administrator shall

- 1 not be an electric public utility or an electric public utility
- 2 affiliate.
- 3 (d) Within thirty days of receipt of the Hawaii electric
- 4 reliability administrator's report submitted to the commission
- 5 pursuant to this section, the commission shall submit to the
- 6 legislature the report and the commission's assessment of the
- 7 status and progress of the Hawaii electric reliability
- 8 administrator in achieving and accomplishing the objectives of
- 9 this part."
- 10 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 11 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 12 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY: Wurle E. Loven

JAN 2 0 2023

Report Title:

Public Utility Commission; Renewable Energy; Reliability Standards; Interconnection Requirements; Interconnection Facilities; Utility Network Upgrades; Hawaii Electricity Reliability Administrator

Description:

Requires the Public Utilities Commission to establish reliability standards and interconnection requirements for certain renewable energy projects; provided that any costs for changes in reliability standards or interconnection requirements shall not be the responsibility of the interconnection customer after the interconnection customer's power purchase agreement has been approved by the Public Utilities Commission. the Public Utilities Commission to establish: (1) the distinction between interconnection facilities and utility network upgrades; (2) that the cost of interconnection facilities shall be the responsibility of the interconnection customer; and (3) that the cost of utility network upgrades shall be the sole responsibility of the transmission provider. Establishes a timeline and requirements for interconnection procedures to be established by the Public Utilities Commission for certain utility-scale renewable energy projects. Requires implementation of the Hawaii Electricity Reliability Administrator Law. Requires the Public Utilities Commission to submit a report and assessment of the Hawaii Electric Reliability Administrator to the Legislature.

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