#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD ABUSE REPORTING.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that exempting members of the clergy from mandatory reporting of suspected current or

3 future child abuse or neglect creates a danger that extreme

4 cases of abuse and neglect may never be reported to appropriate

5 authorities if details of those cases were revealed only in the

 ${f 6}$  context of a penitential communication with clergy. The

7 legislature recognizes both the importance of ensuring the

 $oldsymbol{8}$  confidentiality of penitential communications and the societal

 $oldsymbol{9}$  obligation to protect vulnerable minors and prevent further harm

10 in cases of suspected current or future abuse or neglect. The

11 legislature believes that this measure's limited exception to

the exemption from mandatory reporting by members of the clergy

strikes an appropriate balance between these two competing

14 interests.

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Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to specify that the

exemption from mandatory reporting by members of the clergy does

17 not apply when the clergy member believes that there exists a



1	substantial risk that child abuse or neglect that is especially
2	heinous, atrocious, or cruel, manifesting exceptional depravity,
3	may occur in the reasonably foreseeable future.
4	SECTION 2. Section 350-1.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
6	"(a) Notwithstanding any other state law concerning
7	confidentiality to the contrary, the following persons who, in
8	their professional or official capacity, have reason to believe
9	that child abuse or neglect has occurred or that there exists a
10	substantial risk that child abuse or neglect may occur in the
11	reasonably foreseeable future, shall immediately report the
12	matter orally to the department or to the police department:
13	(1) Any licensed or registered professional of the healing
14	arts or any health-related occupation who examines,
15	attends, treats, or provides other professional or
16	specialized services, including but not limited to
17	physicians, including physicians in training,
18	psychologists, dentists, nurses, osteopathic
19	physicians and surgeons, optometrists, chiropractors,
20	podiatrists, pharmacists, and other health-related
21	professionals;

1	(2)	Employees or officers of any public or private school;
2	(3)	Employees or officers of any public or private agency
3		or institution, or other individuals, providing
4		social, medical, hospital, or mental health services,
5		including financial assistance;
6	(4)	Employees or officers of any law enforcement agency,
7		including but not limited to the courts, police
8		departments, department of public safety, correctional
9		institutions, and parole or probation offices;
10	(5)	Individual providers of child care, or employees or
11		officers of any licensed or registered child care
12		facility, foster home, or similar institution;
13	(6)	Medical examiners or coroners;
14	(7)	Employees of any public or private agency providing
15		recreational or sports activities;
16	(8)	Commercial film and photographic print or image
17		processors;
18	(9)	Commercial computer technicians; and
19	(10)	Members of the clergy or custodians of records
20		therefor; provided that a member of the clergy shall
21		not be required to report information gained solely



1	during a penitential communication [-], except when the
2	clergy member believes that there exists a substantial
3	risk that child abuse or neglect that is especially
4	heinous, atrocious, or cruel, manifesting exceptional
5	depravity, may occur in the reasonably foreseeable
6	<u>future.</u> When a clergy member receives reportable
7	information from any $[\frac{\text{other}}{\text{other}}]$ source $[\tau]$ other than a
8	penitential communication, the clergy member shall
9	comply with the reporting requirements of this
10	section, regardless of whether the clergy member
11	received the same information during a penitential
12	communication. For purposes of this paragraph[ $_{ au}$
13	"penitential communication"]:
14	(A) "Penitential communication" means a
15	communication, including a sacramental
16	confession, that is intended to be kept
17	confidential and is made to a member of the
18	clergy who, in the course of the discipline or
19	practice of the applicable religious
20	organization, is authorized or accustomed to hear
21	those communications, and under the discipline,

1	tenets, customs, or practices of the applicable
2	religious organization, has a duty to keep those
3	communications secret.
4	(B) "Especially heinous, atrocious, or cruel,
5	manifesting exceptional depravity" has the same
6	meaning as in section 706-657."
7	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
8	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
9	begun before its effective date.
10	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
11	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
12	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
13	INTRODUCED BY: Kircle Lehigan  JAN 1 9 2023

#### Report Title:

Department of Human Services; Child Abuse and Neglect; Mandatory Reporting; Penitential Communications; Exception

#### Description:

Establishes that the exemption from mandatory reporting by members of the clergy does not apply when the clergy member believes that there exists a substantial risk that child abuse or neglect that is especially heinous, atrocious, or cruel, manifesting exceptional depravity, may occur in the reasonably foreseeable future.

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