A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the development of
3	housing is of critical importance to the State. Historically,
4	the development of infrastructure (e.g., water, drainage, sewer,
5	waste disposal, and waste treatment systems) to support housing
6	has been the responsibility of the developers of housing
7	projects. Accordingly, housing developers were responsible for
8	raising large, additional amounts of capital to finance required
9	infrastructure. These high infrastructure costs have often beer
10	cited by developers as a major impediment. Furthermore, these
11	costs are ultimately passed on to homebuyers. This drives up
12	the prices of new homes and is a reason why homes are so
13	expensive, to the point of being unobtainable for many local
14	families.
15	The legislature further finds that because developers are
16	focused on their specific housing developments, there are few
17	incentives for the developers to design infrastructure in a

- 1 manner that takes into account state and county planning
- 2 objectives, long-range planning, or regional or island-wide
- 3 cohesion. As a result, infrastructure development is often done
- 4 in a haphazard, piecemeal manner that has caused problems for
- 5 county residents and governments alike. For example, this has
- 6 resulted in infrastructure being developed in inconvenient
- 7 locations, far from necessary societal services to which
- 8 residents would require access.
- 9 Accordingly, the legislature further finds that it is in
- 10 the best interest of the people of Hawaii to implement a policy
- 11 shift with regard to the development of housing. Specifically,
- 12 the counties, rather than private developers, should be
- 13 responsible for the location, planning, and development of
- 14 infrastructure to support housing. The legislature believes
- 15 that authorizing a county to use revenues from the county
- 16 surcharge on state tax for housing infrastructure would provide
- 17 the funding necessary to effect this change in policy.
- 18 The legislature believes that the implementation of this
- 19 policy would result in more efficient community planning. In
- 20 particular, because counties typically take ownership of
- 21 infrastructure upon completion of a housing project, it makes

- 1 sense for the counties to also take ownership over the
- 2 placement, infrastructure planning, and construction process.
- 3 By taking charge of this process, counties would be able to
- 4 direct the development of housing in locations that make the
- 5 most sense. Counties can also ensure that infrastructure
- 6 systems are designed in a manner that minimizes long-term
- 7 operational and maintenance costs, allowing for better
- 8 management of public resources.
- 9 Perhaps most significantly, under this policy, housing
- 10 developers would no longer need to finance the costs of
- 11 installing infrastructure up front, and homebuyers would no
- 12 longer see these high costs passed on to them. This will result
- 13 in lower housing prices, making home ownership attainable for
- 14 more residents, and situating new housing developments closer to
- 15 needed societal services.
- Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 17 (1) Extend the period in which a county may adopt a
- surcharge on state tax, under certain conditions, from
- 19 March 31, 2019, to December 31, 2023;
- 20 (2) Authorize, in certain instances, the use of county
- 21 surcharge revenues for housing infrastructure; and

1	(3)	Temporarily authorize counties that have previously
2		adopted a surcharge on state tax to amend the rates
3		and uses of the surcharge.
4		PART II
5	SECT	ION 2. Section 46-16.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to	read as follows:
7	"§46-	-16.8 County surcharge on state tax. (a) Each county
8	may establ	lish a surcharge on state tax at the rates enumerated
9	in section	ns 237-8.6 and 238-2.6. A county electing to establish
10	this surch	narge shall do so by ordinance; provided that:
11	(1)	No ordinance shall be adopted until the county has
12		conducted a public hearing on the proposed ordinance;
13	(2)	The ordinance shall be adopted prior to December 31,
14		2005; and
15	(3)	No county surcharge on state tax that may be
16		authorized under this subsection shall be levied prior
17		to January 1, 2007, or after December 31, 2022, unless
18		extended pursuant to subsection (b).
19	Notice of	the public hearing required under paragraph (1) shall
20	be publish	ned in a newspaper of general circulation within the

- 1 county at least twice within a period of thirty days immediately
- 2 preceding the date of the hearing.
- 3 A county electing to exercise the authority granted under
- 4 this subsection shall notify the director of taxation within ten
- 5 days after the county has adopted a surcharge on state tax
- 6 ordinance and, beginning no earlier than January 1, 2007, the
- 7 director of taxation shall levy, assess, collect, and otherwise
- 8 administer the county surcharge on state tax.
- 9 (b) Each county that has established a surcharge on state
- 10 tax prior to July 1, 2015, under authority of subsection (a) may
- 11 extend the surcharge until December 31, 2030, at the same rates.
- 12 A county electing to extend this surcharge shall do so by
- 13 ordinance; provided that:
- 14 (1) No ordinance shall be adopted until the county has
- conducted a public hearing on the proposed ordinance;
- 16 and
- 17 (2) The ordinance shall be adopted prior to January 1,
- 18 2018.
- 19 A county electing to exercise the authority granted under
- 20 this subsection shall notify the director of taxation within ten
- 21 days after the county has adopted an ordinance extending the



- 1 surcharge on state tax. The director of taxation shall levy,
- 2 assess, collect, and otherwise administer the extended surcharge
- 3 on state tax.
- 4 (c) Each county that has not established a surcharge on
- 5 state tax prior to July 1, 2015, may establish the surcharge at
- 6 the rates enumerated in sections 237-8.6 and 238-2.6. A county
- 7 electing to establish this surcharge shall do so by ordinance;
- 8 provided that:
- 9 (1) No ordinance shall be adopted until the county has
- 10 conducted a public hearing on the proposed ordinance;
- 11 (2) The ordinance shall be adopted prior to [March 31,
- 12 2019; December 31, 2023; and
- 13 (3) No county surcharge on state tax that may be
- 14 authorized under this subsection shall be levied prior
- 15 to January 1, 2019, or after December 31, 2030.
- 16 A county electing to exercise the authority granted under
- 17 this subsection shall notify the director of taxation within ten
- 18 days after the county has adopted a surcharge on state tax
- 19 ordinance. Beginning on January 1, 2019, [ex] January 1, 2020,
- 20 or January 1, 2025, as applicable pursuant to sections 237-8.6
- 21 and 238-2.6, the director of taxation shall levy, assess,



1	collect, and otherwise administer the county surcharge on state
2	tax.
3	(d) Each county that has established a surcharge on state
4	tax prior to March 31, 2019, under authority of subsections (a)
5	or (c) may amend the surcharge ordinance to change the county's
6	surcharge rate, within the rates enumerated in sections 237-8.6
7	and 238-2.6, or the authorized uses of surcharge revenues,
8	pursuant to subsection (g); provided that:
9	(1) No ordinance shall be amended pursuant to this section
10	until the county has conducted a public hearing on the
11	proposed amendment; and
12	(2) The ordinance shall be amended prior to December 31,
13	<u>2023.</u>
14	$[\frac{(d)}{(d)}]$ (e) Notice of the public hearing required under
15	subsection (b) $[\Theta T]_{,}$ (c) $,$ or (d) $,$ before adoption or amendment
16	of an ordinance establishing or extending the surcharge on state
17	tax shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation
18	within the county at least twice within a period of thirty days
19	immediately preceding the date of the hearing.
20	$\left[\frac{(e)}{(e)}\right]$ Each county with a population greater than five

hundred thousand that adopts or extends a county surcharge on

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1 state tax ordinance pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) shall use 2 the surcharge revenues received from the State for capital costs 3 of a locally preferred alternative for a mass transit project; 4 provided that revenues derived from the county surcharge on 5 state tax shall not be used: 6 To build or repair public roads or highways, bicycle paths, or support public transportation systems 8 already in existence prior to July 12, 2005; 9 (2) For operating costs or maintenance costs of the mass 10 transit project or any purpose not consistent with 11 this subsection; or 12 (3) For administrative or operating, marketing, or 13 maintenance costs, including personnel costs, of a 14 rapid transportation authority charged with the 15 responsibility for constructing, operating, or 16 maintaining the mass transit project; 17 provided further that nothing in this section shall be construed 18 to prohibit a county from using county funds that are not 19 derived from a surcharge on state tax for a purpose described in 20 paragraph (2) or (3).

1	[(£)]	<u>(g)</u> Each county [with] having a population equal to
2	or less th	han five hundred thousand that adopts a county
3	surcharge	on state tax ordinance pursuant to this section prior
4	to Januar	y 1, 2023, shall use the surcharges received from the
5	State for	:
6	(1)	Operating or capital costs of public transportation
7		within each county for public transportation systems,
8		including public roadways or highways, public buses,
9		trains, ferries, pedestrian paths or sidewalks, or
10		bicycle paths; [and]
11	(2)	Expenses in complying with the Americans with
12		Disabilities Act of 1990 with respect to paragraph (1)
13		[+] <u>; and</u>
14	(3)	Housing infrastructure; provided that a county that
15		uses surcharge revenues for housing infrastructure
16		shall not pass on related infrastructure costs to the
17		developer of a housing project;
18	provided	that each county having a population equal to or less
19	than five	hundred thousand that adopts a county surcharge on
20	state tax	ordinance pursuant to this section after December 31,

- 1 2022, shall use the surcharges received from the State only for
- the purposes described in paragraph (3).
- 3 $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ (h) As used in this section $\left[\frac{1}{T}\right]$:
- 4 ["capital"] "Capital costs" means nonrecurring costs
- 5 required to construct a transit facility or system, including
- 6 debt service, costs of land acquisition and development,
- 7 acquiring of rights-of-way, planning, design, and construction,
- 8 and including equipping and furnishing the facility or system.
- 9 For a county with a population greater than five hundred
- 10 thousand, capital costs also include non-recurring personal
- 11 services and other overhead costs that are not intended to
- 12 continue after completion of construction of the minimum
- 13 operable segment of the locally preferred alternative for a mass
- 14 transit project.
- "Housing infrastructure" includes water, drainage, sewer,
- 16 waste disposal, and waste treatment systems that connect to the
- 17 infrastructure of the county. "Infrastructure" also includes
- 18 pedestrian paths or sidewalks on a county road near or around a
- 19 public school."
- 20 SECTION 3. Section 237-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:



1	"(b)	Eac	h county surcharge on state tax that may be
2	adopted o	r ext	ended pursuant to section 46-16.8 shall be levied
3	beginning	in a	taxable year after the adoption of the relevant
4	county or	dinan	ce; provided that no surcharge on state tax may be
5	levied:		
6	(1)	Prio	r to:
7		(A)	January 1, 2007, if the county surcharge on state
8			tax was established by an ordinance adopted prior
9			to December 31, 2005;
10		(B)	January 1, 2019, if the county surcharge on state
11			tax was established by the adoption of an
12			ordinance after June 30, 2015, but prior to
13			June 30, 2018; [or]
14		(C)	January 1, 2020, if the county surcharge on state
15			tax was established by the adoption of an
16			ordinance on or after June 30, 2018, but prior to
17			March 31, 2019; [and] <u>or</u>
18		(D)	January 1, 2025, if the county surcharge on state
19			tax was established by the adoption of an
20			ordinance on or after March 31, 2019, but prior
21			to December 31, 2023; and

1	(2)	Afte	r December 31, 2030."
2	SECT	ION 4	. Section 238-2.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	amended by	y ame	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:
4	"(b)	Eac	h county surcharge on state tax that may be
5	adopted o	r ext	ended shall be levied beginning in a taxable year
6	after the	adop	tion of the relevant county ordinance; provided
7	that no s	urcha	rge on state tax may be levied:
8	(1)	Prio	r to:
9		(A)	January 1, 2007, if the county surcharge on state
10			tax was established by an ordinance adopted prior
11			to December 31, 2005;
12		(B)	January 1, 2019, if the county surcharge on state
13			tax was established by the adoption of an
14			ordinance after June 30, 2015, but prior to
15			June 30, 2018; [er]
16		(C)	January 1, 2020, if the county surcharge on state
17			tax was established by the adoption of an
18			ordinance on or after June 30, 2018, but prior to
19			March 31, 2019; [and] or
20		(D)	January 1, 2025, if the county surcharge on state
21			tax was established by the adoption of an

1	ordinance on or after March 31, 2019, but prior
2	to December 31, 2023; and
3	(2) After December 31, 2030."
4	PART III
5	SECTION 5. Section 23-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
7	"(a) Beginning on September 5, 2017, and ending on
8	December 31, 2031, the auditor, on an annual basis, shall
9	conduct a review of any rapid transportation authority in the
10	State charged with the responsibility of constructing,
11	operating, or maintaining a locally preferred alternative for a
12	mass transit project that receives moneys from a surcharge on
13	state tax established pursuant to section 46-16.8, transient
14	accommodations tax revenues pursuant to section 237D-2(e), or
15	both. The annual review shall include a review of documents,
16	including but not limited to invoices, contracts, progress
17	reports, and time schedules, to determine that:
18	(1) Expenditures by the authority comply with the criteria
19	established pursuant to section $[46-16.8(e);]$
20	46-16.8(f); and

- 1 (2) The authority follows accounting best practices for
- 2 substantiating its expenditures."
- 3 SECTION 6. Section 40-81.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended as follows:
- 5 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- 6 "(a) Beginning on September 5, 2017, and ending on
- 7 December 31, 2031, the comptroller, upon the request for payment
- 8 by the rapid transportation authority, shall verify that the
- 9 authority's invoices for the capital costs of a locally
- 10 preferred alternative for a mass transit project comply with
- 11 section [46-16.8(e).] 46-16.8(f)."
- 12 2. By amending subsection (c) to read:
- "(c) After submission of invoices by the rapid
- 14 transportation authority for capital costs of a locally
- 15 preferred alternative for a mass transit project are verified by
- 16 the comptroller as an acceptable use of funds received pursuant
- 17 to a surcharge on state tax authorized pursuant to
- 18 section 46-16.8, the comptroller shall submit a certification
- 19 statement, including any appropriate supporting documents, to
- 20 the department of budget and finance for the allocation of
- 21 funds, if available, pursuant to sections 248-2.7 and



- 1 248-2.6(d). The certification statement shall include, at a
- 2 minimum, the total amount contained in the invoices for capital
- 3 costs that are verified as an appropriate use of funds pursuant
- 4 to section [46-16.8(c).] 46-16.8(f)."
- 5 SECTION 7. Section 248-2.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
- 7 "(c) Upon receiving a certification statement from the
- 8 comptroller pursuant to section 40-81.5, the director of finance
- 9 shall allocate and disburse moneys in the mass transit special
- 10 fund to the director of finance of a county with a population
- 11 greater than five hundred thousand; provided that the director
- 12 of finance shall only disburse those amounts that are certified
- 13 in the certification statement for that county for the purposes
- 14 specified in section 46-16.8; provided further that revenues
- 15 allocated from the special fund shall not be used for:
- 16 (1) Operating or maintenance costs of the mass transit
- 17 project or any purpose not consistent with
- 18 section [46-16.8(e); 46-16.8(f); or
- 19 (2) Administrative, operating, marketing, or maintenance
- 20 costs, including personnel costs, of a rapid
- 21 transportation authority charged with the



1	responsibility for constructing, operating, or
2	maintaining the mass transit project;
3	provided further that the total amount of funds that are
4	available, allocated, and disbursed by the director of finance
5	pursuant to this section shall not be in excess of the total
6	amount indicated on the certification statement. The director
7	of finance may allocate and disburse moneys pursuant to this
8	section on a monthly basis.
9	Any amounts allocated and disbursed pursuant to this
10	section shall be subject to the availability of funds deposited
11	and on balance in the special fund. The director of finance
12	shall not allocate or disburse any amounts from the special fund
13	that are in excess of any amounts deposited and on balance in
14	the special fund."
15	PART IV
16	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
17	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
18	SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
19	
	INTRODUCED BY:
~	JAN 2 5 2023

H.B. NO. 136ን

Report Title:

Surcharge on State Tax; Extension; Amendment; Housing Infrastructure

Description:

Extends the period in which a county may adopt a surcharge on state tax, under certain conditions, from 3/31/2019 to 12/31/2023. Authorizes the use of county surcharge revenues for housing infrastructure. Temporarily authorizes counties that have previously adopted a surcharge on state tax to amend the rates and uses of the surcharge.

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