THE SENATE THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2023 STATE OF HAWAII

S.R. NO. 145

MAR 1 0 2023

## SENATE RESOLUTION

URGING THE DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES TO RESEARCH AND PURCHASE CORAL REEF INSURANCE TO PROTECT THE REEFS OF THE STATE OF HAWAII.

WHEREAS, the State's coastal areas face mounting climate 1 2 change-related risks, including exposure to increasingly severe tropical storms, high wave events, sea level rise, and flooding; 3 4 and 5 6 WHEREAS, the environmental resources and natural 7 infrastructures of the State provide for the substantial mitigation of climate change risk, including damage to property 8 9 and loss of life; and 10 11 WHEREAS, a 2019 study prepared by the United States 12 Geological Survey in cooperation with The Nature Conservancy and the University of California, Santa Cruz finds that healthy 13 coral reefs absorb up to ninety-seven percent of wave energy, 14 15 which protects coastal property and infrastructure from the destructive power of the sea; and 16 17 18 WHEREAS, the same study estimates that Hawaii's coral reefs save the State \$836,000,000 in annual costs by protecting 19 20 coastal infrastructure and property from sea-originating flood; 21 and 22 23 WHEREAS, the consequences of climate change have left Hawaii's coral reefs increasingly vulnerable to damage and 24 25 death, which, if left unchecked, will leave the State highly 26 susceptible to the destructive and costly effects of climate change-related events; and 27 28 29 WHEREAS, in November 2022, The Nature Conservancy purchased 30 an insurance policy to cover wind-generated storm damage to the coral reefs surrounding Oahu, Molokai, Lanai, Maui, Kauai, and 31 Hawaii islands through the December 2023 hurricane season; and 32 33 34 WHEREAS, the policy is triggered at windspeeds of fifty knots, or fifty-six miles per hour, and can provide payouts up 35



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to a maximum of \$2,000,000 to allow for rapid reef repair and 1 restoration after damage is inflicted upon the reefs; and 2 3 4 WHEREAS, The Nature Conservancy and Bank of America 5 produced a reef insurance feasibility assessment in 2020 that finds reef insurance to be ecologically and economically 6 feasible for the State in its ability to provide the financial 7 8 assistance required to adequately repair reef damage after a 9 severe tropical storm, hurricane, or natural disaster; and 10 11 WHEREAS, the effects of climate change are becoming 12 increasingly violent, and protecting coral reefs and coastal land will require innovative and creative policies; now, 13 therefore, 14 15 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-second 16 17 Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2023, that the Department of Land and Natural Resources is urged to 18 research and purchase an insurance policy to protect the coral 19 20 reefs of the State of Hawaii; and 21 22 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 23 Resolution be transmitted to the Governor, Chairperson of the Board of Land and Natural Resources, and Director of Finance. 24 25 26 27 OFFERED BY:



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