THE SENATE THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, 2023 STATE OF HAWAII

S.C.R. NO. 28

MAR 0 2 **202**3

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

DESIGNATING THE MONTH OF MARCH AS HAWAII KIDNEY AWARENESS MONTH.

WHEREAS, chronic kidney disease is a major health concern 1 2 that affects an estimated thirty-seven million individuals 3 nationwide, and millions more are at risk of developing the 4 disease; and 5 WHEREAS, according to the American Kidney Fund, nine out of 6 ten people having early kidney disease do not realize that they 7 have the disease because the disease's symptoms do not usually 8 9 manifest until later stages; and 10 11 WHEREAS, chronic kidney disease may progress quickly or slowly through five stages, the final of which is known as "end 12 13 stage kidney disease", which must be treated with kidney replacement or dialysis; and 14 15 16 WHEREAS, the incidence of end stage kidney disease is 17 rising quickly; and 18 19 WHEREAS, there are currently more than 785,000 Americans who have been diagnosed with kidney failure, an increase of more 20 than one hundred percent since the year 2000; and 21 22 WHEREAS, moreover, approximately five hundred fifty 23 thousand patients are on dialysis, and more than two hundred 24 twenty thousand people are living with functioning kidney 25 transplants; and 26 27 28 WHEREAS, kidney disease is treatable: with early detection 29 and treatment, including simple blood and urine tests, it is 30 often possible to slow or even stop the progress of the disease; and 31 32



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WHEREAS, symptoms of chronic kidney disease include changes 1 2 in urination; swelling of the feet, ankles, hands, or face; fatigue and weakness; shortness of breath; ammonia breath or 3 ammonia or metallic taste in the mouth; back or flank pain; 4 5 itching; loss of appetite; nausea and vomiting; and, if diabetic, more hypoglycemic episodes; and 6 7 8 WHEREAS, minority populations suffer disproportionately 9 from chronic kidney disease; and 10 WHEREAS, according to the National Kidney Foundation, black 11 Americans are almost four times more likely than white Americans 12 13 to develop kidney failure, and Hispanics are thirty percent more 14 likely than non-Hispanics to develop kidney failure; and 15 WHEREAS, studies have also shown that Native Hawaiians and 16 Pacific Islanders living in the United States and Pacific 17 18 territories have even higher rates of end stage kidney disease 19 incidence; and 20 21 WHEREAS, among Asian Americans aged thirty to thirty-nine, the rate of kidney failure caused by diabetes doubled in the ten 22 years between 2000 and 2010, an alarmingly high increase; and 23 24 25 WHEREAS, because many Hawaii residents suffer from diabetes and high blood pressure, which are the two leading causes of 26 kidney failure, chronic kidney disease is a particularly 27 dangerous threat to the people of Hawaii; and 28 29 WHEREAS, in fact, Hawaii's kidney failure rate is thirty 30 31 percent higher than the national rate; and 32 33 WHEREAS, this affliction may continue to ravage our communities unabated; and 34 35 WHEREAS, in light of the silent danger posed by chronic 36 37 kidney disease and its prevalence in Hawaii, increasing awareness of chronic kidney disease must become a top health 38 39 care priority within the State; now, therefore, 40 41 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2023, the 42

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House of Representatives concurring, that the month of March is 1 hereby designated as Hawaii Kidney Awareness Month; and 2 3 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 4 5 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Governor, Director 6 of Health, and chief executive officer of the National Kidney Foundation of Hawaii. 7 8 9 Z 10 ____ OFFERED BY:

