JAN 1 8 2023

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GENDER-NEUTRAL TERMINOLOGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 Section 321-342, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending the definition of "family" to read as 3 follows: 4 ""Family" means: 5 Each legal parent; (1) [The] Each natural [mother; 6 (2) 7 (3) The natural father; parent; 8 $[\frac{(4)}{(4)}]$ (3) The adjudicated, presumed, or concerned natural 9 [father] parent as defined under section 578-2; Each parent's spouse or former spouses; 10 $[\frac{(5)}{1}]$ $[\frac{(6)}{(5)}]$ Each sibling or person related by consanguinity 11 12 or marriage; Each person residing in the same dwelling unit; 13 [(7)-] (6) 14 and $[\frac{(8)}{(8)}]$ (7) Any other person who, or legal entity that, is a 15 16 child's legal or physical custodian or guardian, or who is otherwise responsible for the child's care, 17

1	other than an authorized agency that assumes such a
2	legal status or relationship with the child under
3	chapter 587A."
4	SECTION 2. Section 571-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	"§571-61 Termination of parental rights; petition. (a)
7	Relinquishment. The parents or either parent or the surviving
8	parent who desire to relinquish parental rights to any natural
9	or adopted child and thus make the child available for adoption
10	or readoption, may petition the family court of the circuit in
11	which [they or he or she] the parents or parent resides, or of
12	the circuit in which the child resides, or was born, for the
13	entry of a judgment of termination of parental rights. The
14	petition shall be verified and shall be substantially in [such]
15	$\underline{\mathtt{a}}$ form as may be prescribed by the judge or senior judge of the
16	family court. The petition may be filed at any time following
17	the [mother's] birthing parent's sixth month of pregnancy;
18	provided that no judgment may be entered upon a petition
19	concerning an unborn child until after the birth of the child
20	and in respect to a legal parent or parents until the petitioner
21	or petitioners have filed in the termination proceeding a

1	written r	ealli	rmation of their desires as expressed in the		
2	petition	or in	respect to a legal parent or parents until the		
3	petitioner or petitioners have been given not less than ten				
4	days' not	ice o	f a proposal for the entry of judgment and an		
5	opportuni	ty to	be heard in connection with [such] the proposal.		
6	(b)	Invo	luntary termination.		
7	(1)	The	family courts may terminate the parental rights in		
8		resp	ect to any child as to any legal parent:		
9		(A)	Who has deserted the child without affording		
10			means of identification for a period of at least		
11			ninety days;		
12		(B)	Who has voluntarily surrendered the care and		
13			custody of the child to another for a period of		
14			at least two years;		
15		(C)	Who, when the child is in the custody of another,		
16			has failed to communicate with the child when		
17			able to do so for a period of at least one year;		
18		(D)	Who, when the child is in the custody of another,		
19			has failed to provide for care and support of the		
20			child when able to do so for a period of at least		
21			one year;		

1		(E) whose child has been removed from the parent's
2		physical custody pursuant to legally authorized
3		judicial action under section 571-11(9), and who
4		is found to be unable to provide now and in the
5		foreseeable future the care necessary for the
6		well-being of the child;
7		(F) Who is found by the court to be mentally ill or
8		intellectually disabled and incapacitated from
9		giving consent to the adoption of or from
10		providing now and in the foreseeable future the
11		care necessary for the well-being of the child;
12		or
13		(G) Who is found not to be the child's natural or
14		adoptive [father.] parent.
15	(2)	The family courts may terminate the parental rights in
16		respect to any minor of any natural but not legal
17		[father] parent who is an adjudicated, presumed or
18		concerned [father] parent under chapter 578, or who is
19		named as the [father] natural parent on the child's
20		birth certificate:

1		(A)	Who falls within paragraph (1)(A), (B), (C), (D),
2			(E), or (F);
3		(B)	Whose child is sought to be adopted by the
4			child's [stepfather] stepparent and the
5			[stepfather] stepparent has lived with the child
6			and the child's legal [mother] parent for a
7			period of at least one year;
8		(C)	Who is only a concerned [father] parent who has
9			failed to file a petition for the adoption of the
10			child or whose petition for the adoption of the
11			child has been denied; or
12		(D)	Who is found to be an unfit or improper parent or
13			to be financially or otherwise unable to give the
14			child a proper home and education.
15	(3)	In r	espect to any proceedings under paragraphs (1) and
16		(2),	the authority to terminate parental rights may be
17		exer	cised by the court only when a verified petition,
18		subs	tantially in the form above prescribed, has been
19		file	d by some responsible adult person on behalf of
20		the	child in the family court of the circuit in which
21		the	parent resides or the child resides or was born

1	and the court has conducted a hearing of the petition.
2	A copy of the petition, together with notice of the
3	time and place of the hearing thereof, shall be
4	personally served at least twenty days prior to the
5	hearing upon the parent whose rights are sought to be
6	terminated. If personal service cannot be effected
7	within the State, service of the notice may be made as
8	provided in section 634-23 or 634-24.

- (4) The family courts may terminate the parental rights in respect to any child as to any natural [father] parent who is not the child's legal, adjudicated, presumed or concerned [father] parent under chapter 578.
- (5) The family courts may terminate the parental rights in respect to any child of any natural parent upon a finding by clear and convincing evidence that the natural parent committed sexual assault of the other natural parent, or an equivalent offense under the laws of another state, territory, possession, or Native American tribe where the offense occurred, and the child was conceived as a result of the sexual

1	assa	are perpetraced by the parent whose rights are
2	soug	ht to be terminated; provided that:
3	(A)	The court shall accept, as conclusive proof of
4		the sexual assault, a guilty plea or conviction
5		of the child's natural parent for the sexual
6		assault, or an equivalent offense under the laws
7		of another state, territory, possession, or
8		Native American tribe where the offense occurred,
9		of the other natural parent;
10	(B)	Termination shall mean, when used with respect to
11		parental rights in this paragraph, a complete and
12		final termination of the parent's right to
13		custody of, guardianship of, visitation with,
14		access to, and inheritance from a child;
15	(C)	The termination of parental rights shall not
16		affect the obligation of the child's natural
17		parent to support the child;
18	(D)	The court may order the child's natural parent to
19		pay child support;
20	(E)	It is presumed that termination of parental
21		rights is in the best interest of the child if

I		the child was conceived as a result of the sexual
2		assault;
3	(F)	This paragraph shall not apply if subsequent to
4	·	the date of the sexual assault, the child's
5		natural parent and custodial natural parent
6		cohabitate and establish a mutual custodial
7		environment for the child; and
8	(G)	The custodial natural parent may petition the
9		court to reinstate the child's natural parent's
10		parental rights terminated pursuant to this
11		paragraph.
12	Such auth	ority may be exercised under this chapter only
13	when a verifie	d petition, substantially in the form above
14	prescribed, ha	s been filed by some responsible adult person on
15	behalf of the	child in the family court of the circuit in which
16	the parent res	ides or the child resides or was born, and the
17	court has cond	ucted a hearing of the petition.
18	If the [m	other] birthing parent of the child files with the
19	petition an af	fidavit representing that the identity or
20	whereabouts of	the child's [father] natural parent is unknown to
21	[her] or not a	scertainable by [her] the birthing parent or that

- 1 other good cause exists why notice cannot or should not be given
- 2 to the [father,] natural parent, the court shall conduct a
- 3 hearing to determine whether notice is required.
- 4 If the court finds that good cause exists why notice cannot
- 5 or should not be given to the child's [father,] natural parent,
- 6 and that the [father] natural parent is neither the legal nor
- 7 adjudicated nor presumed [father] natural parent of the child,
- 8 nor has [he] the natural parent demonstrated a reasonable degree
- 9 of interest, concern, or responsibility as to the existence or
- 10 welfare of the child, the court may enter an order authorizing
- 11 the termination of the [father's] natural parent's parental
- 12 rights and the subsequent adoption of the child without notice
- 13 to the [father.] natural parent."
- 14 SECTION 3. Section 578-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "\$578-1 Who may adopt; jurisdiction; venue. Any [proper]
- 17 unmarried adult person[, not married,] or any person married to
- 18 the legal [father or mother] parent of a minor child, or a
- 19 [husband and wife] married couple jointly, may petition the
- 20 family court of the circuit in which the person or persons
- 21 reside or are in military service or the family court of the



- 1 circuit in which the individual to be adopted resides or was
- 2 born or in which a child placing organization approved by the
- 3 department of human services under the provisions of section
- 4 346-17 having legal custody (as defined in section 571-2) of the
- 5 child is located, for leave to adopt an individual toward whom
- 6 the person or persons do not sustain the legal relationship of
- 7 parent and child and for a change of the name of the individual.
- 8 When adoption is the goal of a permanent plan recommended by the
- 9 department of human services and ordered pursuant to section
- 10 587A-31, the department may petition for adoption on behalf of
- 11 the proposed adoptive parents. The petition shall be in [such]
- 12 a form and shall include [such] information and exhibits as may
- 13 be prescribed by the family court."
- 14 SECTION 4. Section 578-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended as follows:
- 1. By amending subsection (a) to read:
- "(a) Persons required to consent to adoption. Unless
- 18 consent is not required or is dispensed with under subsection
- 19 (c) [hereof], a petition to adopt a child may be granted only if
- 20 written consent to the proposed adoption has been executed by:
- 21 (1) The [mother] birthing parent of the child;



1	(2)	A regal [tather] parent [as] to whom the chird is a
2		legitimate child;
3	(3)	An adjudicated [father] parent whose relationship to
4		the child has been determined by a court;
5	(4)	A presumed [father] natural parent under [section 578
6		2(d); subsection (d);
7	(5)	A concerned natural [father] parent who is not the
8		legal, adjudicated, or presumed [father] parent but
9		who has demonstrated a reasonable degree of interest,
10		concern or responsibility as to the welfare of a
11		child, either:
12		(A) During the first thirty days after [such] the
13		child's birth; or
14		(B) [Prior to] Before the execution of a valid
15		consent by the [mother] birthing parent of the
16		child; or
17		(C) [Prior to] Before the placement of the child with
18		adoptive parents;
19		whichever period of time is greater;
20	(6)	Any person or agency having legal custody of the child
21		or legally empowered to consent;



1	(/)	1116	court having jurisurction of the custody of the
2		chile	d, if the legal guardian or legal custodian of the
3		pers	on of the child is not empowered to consent to
4		adop	tion; and
5	(8)	The o	child to be adopted if the child is more than ten
6		year	s of age, unless the court, in the best interest
7		of t	ne child, dispenses with the child's consent."
8	2. F	By am	ending subsections (c) through (e) to read:
9	"(c)	Per	sons as to whom consent not required or whose
10	consent ma	ay be	dispensed with by order of the court.
11	(1)	Pers	ons as to whom consent not required:
12		(A)	A parent who has deserted a child without
13			affording means of identification for a period of
14			ninety days;
15		(B)	A parent who has voluntarily surrendered the care
16			and custody of the child to another for a period
17			of two years;
18		(C)	A parent of the child in the custody of another,
19			if the parent for a period of at least one year
20			has failed to communicate with the child when
21			able to do so;

1	(ט)	A parent of a child in the custody of another, if
2		the parent for a period of at least one year has
3		failed to provide for the care and support of the
4		child when able to do so;
5	(E)	A natural [father] parent who was not married to
6		the child's [mother] birthing parent at the time
7		of the child's conception or birth and who does
8		not fall within the provisions of subsection
9		(a)(3), (4), or (5);
10	(F)	A parent whose parental rights have been
11		judicially terminated under the provisions of
.12		sections 571-61 to 571-63, or under the
13		provisions of any other state or other law by a
14		court or other agency having jurisdiction to take
15		the action;
16	(G)	A parent who is judicially declared mentally ill
17		or intellectually disabled and [who is] found by
18		the court to be incapacitated from giving consent
19		to the adoption of the child;
20	(H)	Any legal guardian or legal custodian of the
21		child sought to be adopted, other than a parent,

1		who has failed to respond in writing to a request
2		for consent for a period of sixty days or who,
3		after examination of the person's written reasons
4		for withholding consent, is found by the court to
5		be withholding the person's consent unreasonably;
6	(I)	A parent of a child who has been in the custody
7		of a petitioner under this chapter for a period
8		of at least one year and who entered the United
9		States of America as a consequence of
10		extraordinary circumstances in the child's
11		country of origin, by reason of which
12		extraordinary circumstances the existence,
13		identity, or whereabouts of the child's parents
14		is not reasonably ascertainable or there is no
15		reasonable means of obtaining suitable evidence
16		of the child's identity or availability for
17		adoption;
18	(J)	Any parent of the individual to be adopted, if
19		the individual is an adult eligible for adoption
20		under subsection (b); and

1	(12)	A parent whose parental and custodial duties and
2		rights have been divested by an award of
3		permanent custody pursuant to section 587A-33;
4 (2)	Pers	ons whose consent may be dispensed with by order
5	of t	he court. The court may dispense with the consent
6	of a	parent who comes within subsection (a)(3), (4),
7	or (5) [herein], upon finding that:
8	(A)	The petitioner is the [stepfather] stepparent of
9		the child and the child has lived with the
10		child's legal [mother] birthing parent and the
11		petitioning [stepfather] stepparent for a period
12		of at least one year;
13	(B)	The [father] parent is a concerned [father]
14		parent as provided by subsection (a)(5)[-
15		herein,] and has not filed a petition to adopt
16		the child, or the petition to adopt the child
17		filed by the [father] parent has been denied; or
18	(C)	The [father] parent is an adjudicated, presumed,
19		or concerned [father] parent as provided by
20		[subsections] subsection (a)(3), (4), or (5)[7
21		herein, and is not a fit and proper person or is

1		not financially or otherwise able to give the
2		child a proper home and education.
3	(d)	Presumption of [paternity.] biological parentage. A
4	[man] per	son is presumed to be the natural [father] parent of a
5	child if:	
6	(1)	[He] The person and the child's [natural mother]
7		birthing parent are or have been married to each other
8		and the child is born during the marriage, or within
9		three hundred days after the marriage is terminated by
10		death, annulment, declaration of invalidity, or
11		divorce, or after a decree of separation is entered by
12		a court;
13	(2)	Before the child's birth, [he] the person and the
14		child's [natural mother] birthing parent have
15		attempted to marry each other by a marriage solemnized
16		in apparent compliance with law, although the
17		attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid,
18		and:
19		(A) If the attempted marriage could be declared
20		invalid only by a court, the child is born during
21		the attempted marriage, or within three hundred

1			days after its termination by death, annulment,
2			declaration of invalidity, or divorce; or
3		(B)	If the attempted marriage is invalid without a
4			court order, the child is born within three
5			hundred days after the termination of
6			cohabitation;
7	(3)	Afte	er the child's birth, [he] the person and the
8		chil	d's [natural mother] birthing parent have married,
9		or a	ttempted to marry, each other by a marriage
10		sole	emnized in apparent compliance with law, although
11		the	attempted marriage is or could be declared
12		inva	lid; and
13		(A)	[He] The person has acknowledged [his paternity]
14			the person's biological parentage of the child in
15			writing filed with the department of health;
16		(B)	With [his] the person's consent [he] the person
17			is named as the child's [father] parent on the
18			child's birth certificate; or
19		(C)	[He] The person is obligated to support the child
20			under a written voluntary promise or by court
21			order;



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(4)	While the child is under the age of majority, [he] the
	person receives the child into [his] the person's home
	and openly holds out the child as [his] the person's
	natural child; or

[He] The person acknowledges [his paternity] the person's biological parentage of the child in writing filed with the department of health, which shall promptly inform the [mother] birthing parent of the filing of the acknowledgment, and [she] the birthing parent does not dispute the acknowledgment within a reasonable time after being informed thereof, in a writing filed with the department of health. another [man] person is presumed under this section to be the child's [father,] natural parent, acknowledgment may be effected only with the written consent of the presumed [father] parent or after the presumption has been rebutted. If the acknowledgment is filed and not disputed by the [mother] birthing parent and if another [man] person is not presumed under this section to be the child's [father,] parent,

1	the department of health shall prepare a new
2	certificate of birth in accordance with chapter 338.
3	(e) Notice of hearing; minor parent; consent authorizing
4	selection of adoptive parents. No hearing of a petition for
5	adoption shall be had unless each of the living parents of the
6	child who falls within the provisions of subsection (a) and who
7	has not consented to the proposed adoption, but who is alleged
8	to [come] fall within the provisions of [subsection] subsections
9	(c)(1)(A), (B), (C) and (D) or (c)(2) [of this section], and any
10	[man] person whose name appears as [father] parent on the
11	child's birth certificate, shall have had due notice, actual or
12	constructive, of the allegations of the petition and of the time
13	and place of the hearing thereof. Such notice need not be given
14	to any parent whose parental rights have been legally terminated
15	as hereinabove provided or whose consent has been filed with the
16	court.
17	The minority of a child's parent shall not be a bar to the
18	right of [such] the parent to execute a valid and binding
19	consent to the adoption of [such] the child.
20	Any parental consent required hereunder shall be valid and
21	binding even though it does not designate any specific adoptive



- 1 parent or parents, if it clearly authorizes the department of
- 2 human services, or a child placing organization approved by the
- 3 department under the provisions of section 346-17 or some proper
- 4 person not forbidden by law to place a child for adoption, to
- 5 select and approve an adoptive parent or parents for the child.
- 6 SECTION 5. Section 578-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 1. By amending subsection (b) to read:
- 9 "(b) All affected public agencies and all child placing
- 10 organizations approved by the department of human services under
- 11 section 346-17 shall make reasonable efforts to complete this
- 12 form with medical information on both natural parents, to obtain
- 13 from the natural parents written consent to the release of this
- 14 information to or for the benefit of the adopted child, and
- 15 whenever possible, to obtain from the [natural mother] birthing
- 16 parent a signed release to receive a copy of all of [her] the
- 17 birthing parent's medical records, relating to the birth of the
- 18 adopted child, which are within the possession of the hospital
- 19 or other facility at which the child was born. When applicable,
- 20 the family court may require the petitioner or the petitioner's
- 21 agent in the adoption proceeding to obtain this completed form



- 1 from the natural parents with their consents and the signed
- 2 release from the [natural mother.] birthing parent."
- 3 2. By amending subsection (g) to read:
- 4 "(g) The completed forms and, if applicable, the
- 5 previously sealed copy of the [natural mother's] birthing
- 6 parent's medical records shall be forwarded to the department of
- 7 health. The department shall extract from the medical records
- 8 pertinent information relating to inheritable diseases and
- 9 genetic disorders and shall retain this information in an
- 10 abstract. The completed forms and the abstract, if available,
- 11 shall be included in the department's adoption records."
- 12 3. By amending subsection (i) to read:
- "(i) Upon the filing of the application in subsection (h),
- 14 the department of health shall furnish the applicant with a copy
- 15 of the completed forms and, if available, the abstract of
- 16 pertinent information from the natural [mother's] parent's
- 17 medical records. The department is authorized to disclose the
- 18 information under this subsection without prior court approval,
- 19 notwithstanding section 338-20(e).
- Nothing in this section shall be construed or applied in
- 21 any manner to require any public agency or child placing



1 organization to reveal the identities of the natural parents 2 without their consents." 3 SECTION 6. Section 578-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows: 5 The records in adoption proceedings, after the 6 petition is filed and [prior to] before the entry of the decree, 7 shall be open to inspection only by the parties or their 8 attorneys, the director of human services or the director's 9 agent, or by any proper person on a showing of good cause 10 therefor, upon order of the court. Except in the case of an 11 individual being adopted by a person married to the legal 12 [father or mother] parent of the individual or unless authorized 13 by the court, no petition for adoption shall set forth the name 14 of the individual sought to be adopted or the name of either of 15 the parents of the individual; provided that the legal name of 16 the individual and the name of each of the individual's legal **17** parents may be added to the petition by amendment during the 18 course of the hearing thereof and shall be included in the 19 decree. The hearing of the petition shall be in chambers and 20 shall not be open to the public.

1	(D)	upon the entry of the decree, or upon the later
2	effective	date of the decree, or upon the dismissal or
3	discontin	uance or other final disposition of the petition, the
4	clerk of	the court shall seal all records in the proceedings;
5	provided	that upon the written request of the petitioner or
6	petitione	rs, the court may waive the requirement that the
7	records b	e sealed. The seal shall not be broken and the records
8	shall not	be inspected by any person, including the parties to
9	the proce	edings, except:
10	(1)	Upon order of the family court upon a showing of good
11		cause;
12	(2)	After the adopted individual attains the age of
13		eighteen and upon submission to the family court of a
14		written request for inspection by the adopted
15		individual or the adoptive parents;
16	(3)	After the adopted individual attains the age of
17		eighteen and upon submission to the family court of a
18		written request for inspection by the natural parents;
19	(4)	Upon request by the adopted individual or the adoptive
20		parents for information contained in the records

1	concerning ethnic background and necessary medical
2	information; or
3	(5) Upon request by a natural parent for a copy of the
4	original birth certificate.
5	As used in this subsection, "natural parent" means a biological
6	[mother or father,] parent, or a legal parent who is not also
7	the biological parent."
8	SECTION 7. Section 580-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"§580-21 Grounds for annulment. The family court, by a
11	decree of nullity, may declare void the marriage contract for
12	any of the following causes, existing at the time of the
13	marriage:
14	(1) That the parties stood in relation to each other of
15	ancestor and descendant of any degree whatsoever,
16	[brother and sister] siblings of the half as well as
17	the whole blood, uncle and niece, aunt and nephew,
18	whether the relationship is the result of the issue of
19	parents married or not married to each other;
20	(2) That the parties, or either of them, had not attained
21	the legal age of marriage;

1	(3)	That [the husband] one of the parties had an
2		undivorced [wife] spouse living[, or the wife had an
3		undivorced husband living;];
4	(4)	That one of the parties lacked the mental capacity to
5		consent to the marriage;
6	(5)	That consent to the marriage of the party applying for
7		annulment was obtained by force, duress, or fraud, and
8		there has been no subsequent cohabitation; and
9	(6)	That one of the parties was a sufferer of or afflicted
10		with any loathsome disease and the fact was concealed
11		from, and unknown to, the party applying for
12		annulment."
13	SECT	ION 8. Section 580-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended to	o read as follows:
15	"§58	0-22 Nonage. An action to annul a marriage on the
16	ground the	at one of the parties was under legal age, may be
17	brought by	y the parent or guardian entitled to the custody of the
18	minor, or	by any person admitted by the court to prosecute as
19	the friend	d of the minor. In no case shall the marriage be
20	annulled	on the application of a party who was of legal age at
21	the time	it was contracted; nor when it appears that the



- 1 parties, after they attained the legal age, had for any time
- 2 freely cohabited as [man and wife.] a married couple."
- 3 SECTION 9. Section 580-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§580-23 Former [husband or wife] spouse living. A
- 6 marriage may be declared null on the ground that one of the
- 7 parties has an undivorced [husband or wife] spouse living, on
- 8 the application of either of the parties during the lifetime of
- 9 the other, or on the application of the former [husband or
- 10 wife.] spouse."
- 11 SECTION 10. Section 580-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended to read as follows:
- 13 "§580-24 Allowance for spouse and family. Every person
- 14 who is deceived into contracting an illegal marriage with a [man
- 15 or woman] person having another spouse living, under the belief
- 16 that [he-or she] the person was unmarried, may be entitled to a
- 17 just allowance for the support of the deceived spouse and family
- 18 out of the property of the deceiving spouse, which the deceived
- 19 spouse may obtain at any time after action commenced upon
- 20 application to the family court having jurisdiction. In
- 21 addition to the allowance, the court may also compel the



- 1 defendant to advance reasonable amounts for the compensation of
- 2 witnesses and other reasonable expenses of trial to be incurred
- 3 by the plaintiff."
- 4 SECTION 11. Section 580-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "§580-26 Lack of mental capacity. The marriage of a
- 7 person who lacked the mental capacity to consent to the marriage
- 8 may be annulled on the application of either party, or on the
- 9 application of a guardian of the party who lacked such capacity;
- 10 but in such case, no sentence of nullity shall be pronounced if
- 11 it appears that the parties freely cohabited as [husband and
- 12 wife] a married couple after the party who lacked [such] mental
- 13 capacity attained the mental capacity necessary to consent to
- 14 marriage."
- 15 SECTION 12. Section 580-47, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) Upon granting a divorce, or thereafter if, in
- 18 addition to the powers granted in subsections (c) and (d),
- 19 jurisdiction of those matters is reserved under the decree by
- 20 agreement of both parties or by order of court after finding
- 21 that good cause exists, the court may make any further orders as



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2 either of them to provide for the support, maintenance, and
3 education of the children of the parties; (2) compelling either
4 party to provide for the support and maintenance of the other
5 party; (3) finally dividing and distributing the estate of the

shall appear just and equitable (1) compelling the parties or

- 6 parties, real, personal, or mixed, whether community, joint, or
- 7 separate; and (4) allocating, as between the parties, the
- 8 responsibility for the payment of the debts of the parties
- 9 whether community, joint, or separate, and the attorney's fees,
- 10 costs, and expenses incurred by each party by reason of the
- 11 divorce. In making these further orders, the court shall take
- 12 into consideration: the respective merits of the parties, the
- 13 relative abilities of the parties, the condition in which each
- 14 party will be left by the divorce, the burdens imposed upon
- 15 either party for the benefit of the children of the parties, the
- 16 concealment of or failure to disclose income or an asset, or
- 17 violation of a restraining order issued under section 580-10(a)
- 18 or (b), if any, by either party, and all other circumstances of
- 19 the case. In establishing the amounts of child support, the
- 20 court shall use the guidelines established under section 576D-7.
- 21 Provision may be made for the support, maintenance, and



- 1 education of an adult or minor child and for the support,
- 2 maintenance, and education of an incompetent adult child whether
- 3 or not the petition is made before or after the child has
- 4 attained the age of majority. In those cases where child
- 5 support payments are to continue due to the adult child's
- 6 pursuance of education, the agency, three months [prior to]
- 7 before the adult child's nineteenth birthday, shall send notice
- 8 by regular mail to the adult child and the custodial parent that
- 9 prospective child support will be suspended unless proof is
- 10 provided by the custodial parent or adult child to the child
- 11 support enforcement agency, [prior to] before the child's
- 12 nineteenth birthday, that the child is presently enrolled as a
- 13 full-time student in school or has been accepted into and plans
- 14 to attend as a full-time student for the next semester a post-
- 15 high school university, college, or vocational school. If the
- 16 custodial parent or adult child fails to do so, prospective
- 17 child support payments may be automatically suspended by the
- 18 child support enforcement agency, hearings officer, or court
- 19 upon the child reaching the age of nineteen years. In addition,
- 20 if applicable, the agency, hearings officer, or court may issue

an order terminating existing assignments against the 1 2 responsible parent's income and income assignment orders. 3 In addition to any other relevant factors considered, the 4 court, in ordering spousal support and maintenance, shall 5 consider the following factors: 6 (1) Financial resources of the parties; 7 Ability of the party seeking support and maintenance (2) to meet [his-or her] the party's needs independently; 8 9 Duration of the marriage; (3) 10 Standard of living established during the marriage; (4)11 Age of the parties; (5) Physical and emotional condition of the parties; 12 (6) 13 Usual occupation of the parties during the marriage; (7) 14 (8) Vocational skills and employability of the party 15 seeking support and maintenance; Needs of the parties; 16 (9) Custodial and child support responsibilities; 17 (10)18 Ability of the party from whom support and maintenance (11)is sought to meet [his or her] the party's own needs 19 20 while meeting the needs of the party seeking support 21



and maintenance;

1	(12) Other factors [which] <u>that</u> measure the financial
2	condition in which the parties will be left as the
3	result of the action under which the determination of
4	maintenance is made; and
5	(13) Probable duration of the need of the party seeking
6	support and maintenance.
7	The court may order support and maintenance to a party for
8	an indefinite period or until further order of the court;
9	provided that in the event the court determines that support and
10	maintenance shall be ordered for a specific duration wholly or
11	partly based on competent evidence as to the amount of time
12	[which] that will be required for the party seeking support and
13	maintenance to secure adequate training, education, skills, or
14	other qualifications necessary to qualify for appropriate
15	employment, whether intended to qualify the party for a new
16	occupation, update or expand existing qualification, or
17	otherwise enable or enhance the employability of the party, the
18	court shall order support and maintenance for a period
19	sufficient to allow completion of the training, education,
20	skills, or other activity, and shall allow, in addition,
21	sufficient time for the party to secure appropriate employment."

1 SECTION 13. Section 580-56, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsections (b) and (c) to read as follows: 3 Following the entry of a decree of divorce in any 4 matrimonial action in which the final division of the property 5 of the parties to [such] the action is reserved for further 6 hearings, decisions, and orders, notwithstanding the provisions 7 of section 560:2-802, or any other provisions of the law to the 8 contrary, each party to [such] the action shall continue to have 9 all of the rights to and interests in the property of the other 10 party to [such] the action as provided by chapter 533 and 11 chapter 560, or as otherwise provided by law, to the same extent 12 [he or she] the party would have had such rights or interests if 13 the decree of divorce had not been entered, until the entry of a 14 decree or order finally dividing the property of the parties to 15 [such] the matrimonial action, or as provided in subsection (d) 16 [of this section]. 17 When a party to a matrimonial action has remarried 18 following the entry of a decree of divorce, in which the final 19 division of the property of the parties is reserved for further hearings, decisions, and orders, but [prior to] before the entry 20

of a decree or order finally dividing the property owned by the

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1 parties to that action, notwithstanding the provisions of 2 chapter 533 and chapter 560, the spouse of [such] the remarried 3 party shall have none of the rights or interests in the former spouse's real property or personal estate as provided in chapter 4 533 and chapter 560, or as otherwise provided by law, until such 5 time as a decree or order finally dividing the property owned by 6 7 the parties or either of them as of the effective date of the 8 entry of the decree of divorce dissolving [his or her] the 9 party's prior marriage shall be entered. Upon the entry of a 10 decree or order finally dividing the property of the parties to a matrimonial action in which a decree of divorce has been 11 12 entered, the spouse of a party to such action who has remarried shall have all of the rights of a spouse as provided by chapter 13 533 and chapter 560, or as otherwise provided by law, in and to 14 15 the property of the former spouse vested in [such] the spouse by [such] the decree or order finally dividing the property of the 16 parties or either of them, as of the effective date of the entry 17 of the decree of dissolution of the prior marriage." 18 19 SECTION 14. Section 587A-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending the definition of "family" to read as 20

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follows:

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2	mother, birthing parent, unless the child has been legally
3	adopted; the concerned [birth father] natural parent as provided
4	in section 578-2(a)(5), unless the child has been legally
5	adopted; each parent's spouse or former spouse; each sibling or
6	person related by blood or marriage; each person residing in the
7	dwelling unit; and any other person or legal entity with:
8	(1) Legal or physical custody or guardianship of the
9	child, or

""Family" means each legal parent of a child; the [birth

- 10 (2) Responsibility for the child's care.
- 11 For purposes of this chapter, the term "family" does not apply
- 12 to an authorized agency that assumes the foregoing legal status
- 13 or relationship with a child."
- 14 SECTION 15. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 16. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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Report Title:

Gender-Neutral Terminology; Statutory Interpretation; Parents; Spouses; Adoption; Divorce

Description:

Replaces gender-specific terminology used in adoption and divorce matters with gender-neutral terminology.

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