
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO AQUATIC RESOURCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's aquatic
2 resources are of significant economic, ecologic, cultural, and
3 aesthetic importance to agriculture, tourism, food production,
4 and fisheries in the State. The legislature recognizes the
5 importance of managing and conserving Hawaii's aquatic resources
6 and ecosystem for present and future generations. Careful
7 stewardship and protection of Hawaii's aquatic resources are
8 essential to the well-being of our island state.

9 The purpose of this Act is to strengthen the penalties for
10 violations of the State's aquatic resources law by:

- 11 (1) Establishing a tiered administrative fine system for
12 each specimen of aquatic life taken, killed, or
13 injured;
- 14 (2) Establishing a criminal fine structure on a per-
15 specimen basis for violations involving aquatic life;
16 and



1 (3) Authorizing the department of land and natural
2 resources to recommend community service that benefits
3 the resource damaged when a person is ordered to
4 perform community service in lieu of a fine; and

5 (4) Authorizing the department of land and natural
6 resources to recommend to the court that defendants be
7 restricted from entering specific geographical areas
8 where aquatic resources may be found, including ocean
9 waters, estuaries, rivers, and streams.

10 SECTION 2. Section 187A-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11 amended by amending subsections (d) and (e) to read as follows:

12 " (d) ~~[In addition to subsection (b), a fine of up to~~
13 ~~\$5,000]~~ A fine in addition to the fine under subsection (b) may
14 be levied for each specimen of threatened or endangered aquatic
15 life taken, killed, or injured in violation of subtitle 5 of
16 title 12 or any rule adopted thereunder[-] as follows:

17 (1) For a first violation, up to \$5,000 or the retail
18 market value of the specimen, whichever is higher;

19 (2) For a second violation, up to \$10,000 or the retail
20 market value of the specimen, whichever is higher; and



1 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, up to \$15,000 or
2 the retail market value of the specimen, whichever is
3 higher.

4 (e) ~~[In addition to subsection (c), a fine of up to~~
5 ~~\$1,000]~~ A fine in addition to the fine under subsection (c) may
6 be levied for each specimen of all other aquatic life taken,
7 killed, or injured in violation of subtitle 5 of title 12 or any
8 rule adopted thereunder[-] as follows:

- 9 (1) For a first violation, up to \$1,000 or the retail
10 market value of the specimen, whichever is higher;
11 (2) For a second violation, up to \$2,000 or the retail
12 market value of the specimen, whichever is higher; and
13 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, up to \$3,000 or
14 the retail market value of the specimen, whichever is
15 higher."

16 SECTION 3. Section 187A-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17 amended to read as follows:

18 "**§187A-13 General penalty; community service.** (a) Any
19 person violating this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder for
20 which a penalty is not otherwise provided, shall be guilty of a



1 petty misdemeanor and, in addition to any other penalties, shall
2 be fined not less than:

- 3 (1) \$250 for a first offense;
4 (2) \$500 for a second offense; and
5 (3) \$1,000 for a third or subsequent offense.

6 (b) A fine in addition to the fine under subsection (a)
7 may be levied for each specimen of aquatic life taken, killed,
8 or injured in violation of this chapter or any rule adopted
9 thereunder as follows:

- 10 (1) For a first offense, up to \$250 or the retail market
11 value of the specimen, whichever is higher;
12 (2) For a second offense, up to \$500 or the retail market
13 value of the specimen, whichever is higher; and
14 (3) For a third or subsequent offense, up to \$1,000 or the
15 retail market value of the specimen, whichever is
16 higher.

17 ~~(b)~~ (c) The court may require the defendant to complete
18 an aquatic resources educational class administered by the
19 department in addition to or in lieu of paying all or any part
20 of any monetary fine authorized by this section.



1 [~~(e)~~] (d) The court may direct the defendant to perform
2 community service as administered by the department in lieu of
3 paying any monetary fine authorized by this section~~(-)~~; provided
4 that if community service is ordered pursuant to this section,
5 the department may recommend to the court community service that
6 benefits the resource that was damaged.

7 (e) The department may recommend to the court that the
8 defendant be restricted from entering specific geographical
9 areas where aquatic resources may be found, including ocean
10 waters, estuaries, rivers, and streams."

11 SECTION 4. Section 188-70, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12 amended to read as follows:

13 "**§188-70 Penalties.** (a) Any person violating any
14 provision of or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter,
15 except sections 188-23, 188-39.5, and 188-40.8, is guilty of a
16 petty misdemeanor and, in addition to any other penalties, shall
17 be fined no less than:

- 18 (1) \$100 for a first offense;
19 (2) \$200 for a second offense; and
20 (3) \$500 for a third or subsequent offense.



1 (b) A fine in addition to the fine under subsection (a)
2 may be levied for each specimen of aquatic life taken, killed,
3 or injured in violation of this chapter or any rule adopted
4 thereunder as follows:

5 (1) For a first offense, up to \$100 or the retail market
6 value of the specimen, whichever is higher;

7 (2) For a second offense, up to \$200 or the retail market
8 value of the specimen, whichever is higher; and

9 (3) For a third or subsequent offense, up to \$500 or the
10 retail market value of the specimen, whichever is
11 higher.

12 [~~(b)~~] (c) Any person violating section 188-23, is guilty
13 of a class C felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to chapter
14 706; provided that the environmental court, in addition to any
15 term of imprisonment or any other terms and conditions of
16 probation, shall order the defendant to pay a fine of not less
17 than \$1,000. Notwithstanding section 706-669 and any other law
18 to the contrary, any person in violation of section 188-23(b),
19 as a first offense, shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum
20 period of imprisonment without possibility of parole of thirty



1 days. Repeat offenders shall be sentenced pursuant to chapter
2 706.

3 ~~[(e)]~~ (d) The environmental court may require the
4 defendant to complete an aquatic resources educational class
5 administered by the department of land and natural resources in
6 addition to or in lieu of paying all or any part of any monetary
7 fine authorized by this section.

8 ~~[(d)]~~ (e) The environmental court may direct the defendant
9 to perform community service as administered by the department
10 of land and natural resources in lieu of paying any monetary
11 fine authorized by this section~~[-]~~; provided that if community
12 service is ordered pursuant to this section, the department may
13 recommend to the environmental court community service that
14 benefits the resource that was damaged.

15 (f) The department may recommend to the environmental
16 court that the defendant be restricted from entering specific
17 geographical areas where aquatic resources may be found,
18 including ocean waters, estuaries, rivers, and streams."

19 SECTION 5. Section 189-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20 amended to read as follows:



1 **"§189-4 Penalties.** (a) Any person violating any of the
2 provisions of this chapter for which a penalty is not otherwise
3 provided, or any rule of the department adopted thereunder,
4 shall be guilty of a petty misdemeanor and punishable as
5 provided in subsection (b); provided that in the case of a
6 corporation violating any of the provisions, only the fine shall
7 be imposed, but any officer of the corporation who wilfully
8 procures or permits the violation of the provisions by the
9 corporation shall be punishable as in the case of an individual
10 violating the same.

11 (b) The punishment, in addition to any other penalties,
12 shall be a fine of not less than:

13 (1) \$250 for a first offense;

14 (2) \$500 for a second offense; and

15 (3) \$1,000 for a third or subsequent offense.

16 (c) A fine in addition to the fine under subsection (b)
17 may be levied for each specimen of aquatic life taken, killed,
18 injured, or sold in violation of this chapter or any rule
19 adopted thereunder as follows:

20 (1) For a first offense, up to \$250 or the retail market
21 value of the specimen, whichever is higher;



- 1 (2) For a second offense, up to \$500 or the retail market
2 value of the specimen, whichever is higher; and
3 (3) For a third or subsequent offense, up to \$1,000 or the
4 retail market value of the specimen, whichever is
5 higher.

6 [~~e~~] (d) The fines specified in this section shall not be
7 suspended or waived.

8 (e) The department may recommend to the court that the
9 defendant be restricted from entering specific geographical
10 areas where aquatic resources may be found, including ocean
11 waters, estuaries, rivers, and streams."

12 SECTION 6. Section 190-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13 amended to read as follows:

14 "**§190-5 Penalty.** (a) Any person violating this chapter,
15 any rule adopted pursuant thereto, or the terms and conditions
16 of any permit issued under section 190-4, shall be guilty of a
17 petty misdemeanor and punished as provided in subsections (b)
18 [~~and (e)~~], (c), and (d).

19 (b) The punishment, in addition to any other penalties,
20 shall be a fine of not less than:

21 (1) \$250 for a first offense;



- 1 (2) \$500 for a second offense; and
- 2 (3) \$1,000 for a third or subsequent offense.
- 3 (c) A fine in addition to the fine under subsection (b)
- 4 may be levied for each specimen of aquatic life taken, killed,
- 5 or injured in violation of this chapter or any rule adopted
- 6 thereunder as follows:
- 7 (1) For a first offense, up to \$250 or the retail market
- 8 value of the specimen, whichever is higher;
- 9 (2) For a second offense, up to \$500 or the retail market
- 10 value of the specimen, whichever is higher; and
- 11 (3) For a third of subsequent offense, up to \$1,000 or the
- 12 retail market value of the specimen, whichever is
- 13 higher.
- 14 ~~(e)~~ (d) The court may require the defendant to complete
- 15 an aquatic resources educational class administered by the
- 16 department of land and natural resources in addition to or in
- 17 lieu of paying all or any part of any monetary fine authorized
- 18 by this section.
- 19 ~~(d)~~ (e) The court may allow the defendant to perform
- 20 community service as administered by the department of land and
- 21 natural resources in lieu of paying any monetary fine authorized



1 by this section[-]; provided that if community service is
2 ordered pursuant to this section, the department may recommend
3 to the court community service that benefits the resource that
4 was damaged.

5 (f) The department may recommend to the court that the
6 defendant be restricted from entering specific geographical
7 areas where aquatic resources may be found, including ocean
8 waters, estuaries, rivers, and streams."

9 SECTION 7. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
10 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
11 begun before its effective date.

12 SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

14 SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

15



Report Title:

Aquatic Resources; Intentional Violations; Penalties; Fines

Description:

Establishes a tiered administrative fine system for each specimen of aquatic life taken, killed, or injured. Establishes a criminal fine structure on a per-specimen basis for violations involving aquatic life. Authorizes the department of land and natural resources to recommend community service that benefits the resource damaged when a person is ordered to perform community service in lieu of a fine. Authorizes the department of land and natural resources to recommend to the court that defendants be restricted from entering specific geographical areas where aquatic resources may be found. Effective 7/1/2050.
(HD1)

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