A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CLIMATE MITIGATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that in order for the
- 2 State to make comprehensive and cost-effective assessments of
- 3 investments in durable infrastructure projects, the cost of the
- 4 greenhouse gas emissions associated with that infrastructure
- 5 should be considered. A value assigned to the cost of
- 6 greenhouse emissions is sometimes called a carbon price. While
- 7 an explicit carbon price might be a tax or a fee levied directly
- 8 on emissions, an implicit carbon price instead assigns a
- 9 monetary value on greenhouse gas emissions that can then be
- 10 factored into decisions as a way to account for climate-related
- 11 risks and to align state actions with state policies that seek
- 12 to reduce emissions.
- 13 The legislature further finds that the adoption of an
- 14 implicit carbon price will help to guide decisions in the
- 15 present so that actions taken now are in alignment with the
- 16 transition to a low-carbon economy and adaptation to climate
- 17 change. For example, assigning a value to avoided emissions

H.B. NO. 1522 H.D. 1

- 1 that could be achieved through efficient new building design,
- 2 effective stormwater infrastructure, or state vehicle
- 3 procurement would lead to an accounting for the costs of these
- 4 projects that incorporates a full range of costs over the
- 5 medium- and long-term, rather than only the short-term. This
- 6 would further result in more cost-effective outcomes for the
- 7 State.
- 8 The legislature further finds that the adoption of an
- 9 internal carbon price today would benefit the State by
- 10 positioning Hawaii to be ready for the future. Should a carbon
- 11 price be adopted nationally and there is a reasonable
- 12 expectation that this may come to pass there would be early
- 13 advantages for the state government for having already made some
- 14 of these adjustments.
- The legislature also finds that the public utilities
- 16 commission should develop estimates for a social cost of carbon
- 17 and that regulated electric and gas utilities should be required
- 18 to use these estimates in each utility's integrated resource
- 19 planning process to account for the cost of carbon emissions.
- 20 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to require:

H.B. NO. H.D. 1

1	(1)	The public utilities commission to develop an					
2		estimated social cost of carbon;					
3	(2)	Each regulated electric and gas utility to use the					
4		estimated social cost of carbon in that utility's					
5		respective integrated resource planning process; and					
6	(3)	The State to consider the estimated social cost of					
7		carbon in planning new infrastructure and capital					
8		improvement projects.					
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 225P, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is						
10	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated						
11	and to read as follows:						
12	" <u>§</u> 22	5P- Social cost of carbon; new infrastructure;					
13	capital improvement projects; requirements. (a) The State						
14	shall consider the estimated social cost of carbon developed						
15	under section 269- in planning new infrastructure and capital						
16	improvement projects.						
17	(b)	As used in this section, "social cost of carbon" shall					
18	have the same meaning as in section 269-1."						
19	SECT	ION 3. Chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is					
20	amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately						
21	designated and to read as follows:						

H.B. NO. 1522 H.D. 1

- 1 "§269- Social cost of carbon; estimate; requirements.
- 2 (a) The public utilities commission shall establish an
- 3 estimated social cost of carbon.
- 4 (b) Each electric or gas utility that is regulated by the
- 5 public utilities commission under this chapter shall use the
- 6 estimated social cost of carbon developed under subsection (a)
- 7 in the utility's respective integrated resource planning
- 8 process.
- 9 (c) The public utilities commission may use the estimated
- 10 social cost of carbon developed under subsection (a) in
- 11 assessing penalties for delays in integrating renewable energy
- 12 projects and programs that lower carbon emissions."
- 13 SECTION 4. Section 269-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 15 and to read as follows:
- ""Social cost of carbon" means an estimate of the economic
- 17 costs and damages created by each ton of carbon dioxide
- 18 emissions."
- 19 SECTION 5. Section 107-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:

1	"§107-27	Design	and	construction	of	state	buildings.	(a)
		_					-	

- 2 No later than one year after the adoption of codes or standards
- 3 pursuant to section 107-24(c), the design of all state building
- 4 construction shall be in compliance with the Hawaii state
- 5 building codes, except state building construction shall be
- 6 allowed to be exempted from:
- 7 (1) County codes that have not adopted the Hawaii state building codes;
- 9 (2) Any county code amendments that are inconsistent with
- the minimum performance objectives of the Hawaii state
- 11 building codes or the objectives enumerated in this
- 12 part; or
- 13 (3) Any county code amendments that are contrary to code
- 14 amendments adopted by another county.
- (b) Exemptions shall include county ordinances allowing
- 16 the exercise of indigenous Hawaiian architecture adopted in
- 17 accordance with section 46-1.55.
- 18 (c) The State shall consider hurricane resistant criteria
- 19 when designing and constructing new public schools for the
- 20 capability of providing shelter refuge.

H.B. NO. 1522 H.D. 1

1 (d) The State shall consider the estimated social cost of
2 carbon developed under section 269- when designing and
3 constructing new buildings.
4 (e) As used in this section, "social cost of carbon" shall
5 have the same meaning as in section 269-1."
6 SECTION 6. New statutory material is underscored.
7 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2100.

Report Title:

PUC; Utilities; Social Cost of Carbon

Description:

Requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop an estimated social cost of carbon; each regulated electric and gas utility to use the estimated social cost of carbon in the utility's respective integrated resource planning process; and the State to consider the estimated social cost of carbon in planning new infrastructure and capital improvement projects. Effective 7/1/2100. (HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.