#### ON THE FOLLOWING MEASURE:

H.B. NO. 2499, RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

**BEFORE THE:** 

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

**DATE:** Wednesday, February 16, 2022 **TIME:** 2:00 p.m.

**LOCATION:** State Capitol, Room 325, Via Videoconference

**TESTIFIER(S):** Holly T. Shikada, Attorney General, or

Jodi K. Yi or Bryan C. Yee, Deputy Attorneys General

Chair Nakashima and Members of the Committee:

The Department of the Attorney General provides the following comments regarding this bill.

This bill would appropriate out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$15,700,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 to be allocated to the Department of Agriculture, Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism, the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, and the Department of Land and Natural Resources to issue grants. Page 1, line 15, to page 4, line 6. The bill lists various amounts for each department, as well as a general purpose for the respective grant programs. Page 1, line 15, to page 4, line 6. The monies are to be expended by the respective departments "for the purposes of this Act." Page 4, lines 7-8.

Article VII, section 4, of the Constitution of the State of Hawaii provides, "[n]o grant of public money or property shall be made except pursuant to standards provided by law." This bill does not include any standards for making the grants (*see e.g.*, section 42F-103, Hawaii Revised Statutes), and without such standards, the various departments will not be able to make the administrative grants intended by this bill.

We therefore recommend this bill be amended to insert standards for making these grants. As an example, in section 1, page 1, line 15, a new paragraph could be inserted stating: "The grants shall be awarded in conformance with the standards in section 42F-103, Hawaii Revised Statutes."

Testimony of the Department of the Attorney General Thirty-First Legislature, 2022 Page 2 of 2

Alternatively, the term "grants" may be deleted from the bill and the funds could be awarded as contracts and subject to the procurement process.

Thank you for the opportunity to present this testimony.



# **DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TOURISM**

MIKE MCCARTNEY

**CHUNG I. CHANG** DEPUTY DIRECTOR

No. 1 Capitol District Building, 250 South Hotel Street, 5th Floor, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 2359, Honolulu, Hawaii 96804 Web site: dbedt.hawaii.gov

Fax:

Telephone: (808) 586-2355 (808) 586-2377

## Statement of MIKE MCCARTNEY Director

Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism before the

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY & HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

Wednesday, February 16, 2021 2:00 pm Via Videoconference State Capitol, Conference Room 325

In consideration of **HB2499** RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Chair Nakashima, Vice Chair Matayoshi and members of the Committee.

The Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) offers comments on HB2499, which requires certain departments and agencies to provide grants to tax-exempt non-profit organizations that have experience and expertise in supporting and advancing Native Hawaiian communities.

DBEDT is tasked with managing non-profit contractors to provide support for the following projects: Pop-up Makeke Virtual Marketplace; A West Oahu Innovation Center: Culture Training Programs; and Community-based Tourism Management.

The Pop-up Makeke Virtual Marketplace supports local artisans and businesses to adapt to e-commerce. DBEDT has an active e-commerce support program so this initiative aligns with our current efforts.

A West Oahu Innovation Center that is a physical co-working space and an entrepreneur and resource center providing workshops, counseling, loan assistance, and broadband access also aligns with DBEDT's mission and current programs.

DBEDT Testimony HB2499 Page 2 of 2

Managing a contractor to provide Culture Training Programs with military personnel, small businesses, and non-profit organizations does not have a fit with DBEDT's charge related to economic development, and that this responsibility be assigned to a more appropriate agency. Furthermore, \$200,000 to accomplish this broad mission might not be sufficient.

Regarding Community-based Tourism Management, including tourism impacts on the natural and cultural resources of local communities, we suggest, and they agree, that this responsibility be assigned to the Hawaii Tourism Authority.

Finally, in order to provide grants to specific organizations, this bill must provide for expenditures exempt from 103D (Procurement).

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR OF HAWAII





# STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES

POST OFFICE BOX 621 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96809 SUZANNE D. CASE
CHAIRPERSON
BOARD OF LAND AND NATURAL RESOURCES
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

MISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEM

ROBERT K. MASUDA

FIRST DEPUTY

M.KALEO MANUEL

AQUATIC RESOURCES
BOATING AND OCEAN RECREATION
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES
COMMISSION ON WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS
CONSERVATION AND COASTAL LANDS
CONSERVATION AND RESOURCES ENFORCEMENT
ENGINEERING
FORESTRY AND WILLDLIFE
HISTORIC PRESERVATION
KAHOOLAWE ISLAND RESERVE COMMISSION
LAND
STATE PARKS

# Testimony of SUZANNE D. CASE Chairperson

# Before the House Committee on JUDICIARY AND HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

Wednesday, February 16, 2022 2:0PM State Capitol, Conference Room 325, Via Videoconference

### In consideration of HOUSE BILL 2499 RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAHAN AFFAIRS

House Bill 2499 proposes to appropriate funds to various agencies and directs those agencies to issue these funds as grants to qualified not-for-profit organizations with a substantial history of service to Native Hawaiian communities. The Department of Land and Natural Resources (Department) appreciates the intent of this measure and offers comments on those portions of the measure relating to the Department.

House Bill 2499 proposes to appropriate funds to various departments and directs them to issue grants to federal tax-exempt non-profit organizations that have previously received government assistance to support their organizational mission as well as possess at least twenty years of providing assistance and support to Native Hawaiian communities.

SECTION 2, paragraph (4) appropriates funds to the Department for repatriation and reinterment of Native Hawaiian human remains in the United States and internationally, and for operation, maintenance, and repairs of Iolani Palace. The Department limits its comments to paragraph (4).

SECTION 2, paragraph (4)(A) appropriates \$330,000 to be used for the repatriation and reburial of Native Hawaiians nationally and internationally. Unlike some of the appropriations made in this measure, the recipient of the grant funds is not specified. While the Department appreciates the intent of this appropriation the Department is concerned about its ability to administer a grant or grants under it. In the absence of a recipient specified in the measure, the Department will be faced with a substantial and time consuming administrative effort to identify and enter into a grant agreement to expend these funds in an effective, appropriate manner, and cost effective manner to not-for-profit entities that meet the qualifications specified in the measure. In order to avoid the potential administrative problems associated with issuing grants from this

appropriation, the Department recommends that a recipient organization, such as the Council for Native Hawaiian Affairs, be identified in the measure as is suggested below for the appropriation for Iolani Palace.

SECTION 2, paragraph (4)(B) appropriates \$210,000 to be used for operation, maintenance, and repairs at Iolani Palace. The Department supports this provision provided it does not adversely affect the priorities set forth in the Governor's budget request. The Friends of Iolani Palace is well established not-for-profit organization focused entirely on operating, maintaining, and preserving Iolani Palace. It meets the criteria established in the measure for receipt of grant funds. The Department recommends that paragraph (4)(B) revised as follows

(B) The sum of \$210,000; provided that the sum is allocated to the Friends of Iolani Palace to be used for Iolani Palace operations, maintenance, and repairs.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this measure.

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR

JOSH GREEN LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR



ANNE E. PERREIRA-EUSTAQUIO DIRECTOR

JOANN A. VIDINHAR DEPUTY DIRECTOR

JOVANIE DOMINGO DELA CRUZ EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

IN REPLY, REFER TO: OCS 22.1040

# STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS OFFICE OF COMMUNITY SERVICES 830 PUNCHBOWL STREET, ROOM 420

HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 <u>www.hawaii.gov/labor</u> Phone: (808) 586-8675 / Fax: (808) 586-8685 Email: dlir.ocs@hawaii.gov

February 15, 2022

To:

The Honorable Mark M. Nakashima, Chair,

The Honorable Scot Z. Matayoshi, Vice Chair, and

Members of the House Committee on Judiciary and Hawaiian Affairs

Date:

Wednesday, February 16, 2022

Time:

2:00 p.m.

Place:

Conference Room 325 and Via Videoconference

From:

Jovanie Domingo Dela Cruz, Executive Director

DLIR – Office of Community Services

Re: H.B. 2499 – RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

#### I. OVERVIEW OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION

H.B. 2499 would appropriate \$15,700,000, which would be assigned to several State agencies to provide grants to tax-exempt non-profit organizations that have at least twenty years of experience and expertise in supporting and advancing Native Hawaiian communities.

Out of that total, the sum of \$920,000 is identified for the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) to be "used for staffing, cohorts, and software needs of the Hawaiian Trades Academy and Kuhana Small Business Program that prepares individuals and small businesses for economic success and self-sufficiency."

Other portions of the bill would provide specified sums to be administered by the <u>Department of Agriculture</u> to expand infrastructure, increase food production, and develop the economic stability of *loko i 'a* through hatchery and solar power programs, for *kalo* farming needs assessment, plus \$10 million for the development of a mill to process *ulu* and *kalo*; sums to be administered by <u>DBEDT</u> for the Pop-Up Makeke virtual marketplace and the West Oahu Innovation Center for workshops, counseling, loan assistance, and broadband access; plus other sums for culture training programs and community-based tourism management; and sums to be administered by <u>DLNR</u> for repatriation and reburials of Native Hawaiians nationally and internationally; and for operations, maintenance, and repairs at Iolani Palace.

H.B. 2499 – RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS February 16, 2022 Page 2

## II. CURRENT LAW

Native Hawaiians are served by funding coming from various revenue streams that have been established in State law over decades, including most prominently the Hawaiian Homestead Lands program and the programs established by the Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA) using funds set aside for OHA from land leases. Moreover, Native Hawaiians are beneficiaries of multiple State and Federal programs, some of which OCS administers, including our Employment Services program, two Weatherization programs, the Community Services Block Grant Program, and several food assistance programs.

#### III. COMMENTS ON THE PRESENT BILL

OCS is an agency attached to the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations which was created by the Legislature by Act 305, SLH 1985, codified as Hawai'i Revised Statutes Chapter 371K. The mission of OCS is to eliminate the causes and conditions of poverty for economically disadvantaged persons, immigrants, and refugees in the State of Hawaii, by facilitating and enhancing the development, delivery, and coordination of effective programs for these persons and communities to enable them to achieve and maintain greater economic self-sufficiency.

OCS welcomes the opportunity to provide services to all economically disadvantaged communities in our State. While this bill does not propose any role for OCS, OCS stands ready to assist in administering the grant described for DLIR if it becomes into law. OCS is strongly supportive of this bill and its goals.

Thank you very much for the opportunity to testify.



Hawai'i Convention Center 1801 Kalākaua Avenue, Honolulu, Hawai'i 96815 **kelepona** tel 808 973 2255 **kelepa'i** fax 808 973 2253

kahua pa'a web hawaiitourismauthority.org

David Y. Ige Governor

**John De Fries** 

President and Chief Executive Officer

# Statement of **JOHN DE FRIES**

Hawai'i Tourism Authority before the

#### **COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY & HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS**

February 16, 2022 2:00 p.m. State Capitol via videoconference

# In consideration of HOUSE BILL NO. 2499 RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

Aloha Chair Nakashima, Vice Chair Matayoshi, and members of the Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide testimony in **support** of HB2499, which requires certain departments and agencies to provide grants to tax-exempt non-profit organizations that have experience and expertise in supporting and advancing Native Hawaiian communities.

The Destination Management Action Plans, also known as DMAPs, were developed through significant and meaningful collaboration and direction of Hawai'i's communities. Contained within the six community-driven DMAPs are hundreds of actions and sub-actions identified by kama'āina that have become our commitment to our kama'āina. These three-year plans provide a clear path towards addressing the concerns and needs of our community.

As such, we would humbly request that, as part of this measure, that the Hawai'i Tourism Authority be identified as the attached agency to the Department of Business, Economic Development & Tourism responsible for funds provided for community-based tourism management, including tourism impacts on the natural and cultural resource of our local communities. We stand ready to assist the grantee(s) in these efforts.

We appreciate the opportunity to offer these comments in **support** of HB2499 and request your consideration of our recommendations. Mahalo.

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
HAWAI'I EMPLOYER-UNION HEALTH BENEFITS TRUST FUND

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER

STATE OF HAWAI'I
DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET AND FINANCE

P.O. BOX 150 HONOLULU. HAWAI'I 96810-0150 CRAIG K. HIRAI

GLORIA CHANG DEPUTY DIRECTOR

ADMINISTRATIVE AND RESEARCH OFFICE BUDGET, PROGRAM PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT DIVISION FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION DIVISION OFFICE OF FEDERAL AWARDS MANAGEMENT (OFAM)

#### **WRITTEN ONLY**

TESTIMONY BY CRAIG K. HIRAI
DIRECTOR, DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET AND FINANCE
TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY & HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS
ON
HOUSE BILL NO. 2499

## February 16, 2022 2:00 p.m. Room 325 and Videoconference

#### RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

The Department of Budget and Finance (B&F) offers comments on this bill.

House Bill No. 2499 provides funds for grants to non-profit organizations to improve Native Hawaiian communities and culture and appropriates \$15,700,000 in general funds for FY 23 for this purpose to be allocated and expended as follows:

- \$10,790,000 for the Department of Agriculture.
- \$3,450,000 for the Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism.
- \$920,000 for the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations.
- \$540,000 for the Department of Land and Natural Resources.

B&F notes that, with respect to the general fund appropriation in this bill, the federal Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act requires that states receiving Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) II funds and Governor's Emergency Education Relief II funds must maintain state support for:

 Elementary and secondary education in FY 22 at least at the proportional level of the state's support for elementary and secondary education relative to the state's overall spending, averaged over FYs 17, 18 and 19; and  Higher education in FY 22 at least at the proportional level of the state's support for higher education relative to the state's overall spending, averaged over FYs 17, 18 and 19.

Further, the federal American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act requires that states receiving ARP ESSER funds must maintain state support for:

- Elementary and secondary education in FY 22 and FY 23 at least at the proportional level of the state's support for elementary and secondary education relative to the state's overall spending, averaged over FYs 17, 18 and 19; and
- Higher education in FY 22 and FY 23 at least at the proportional level of the state's support for higher education relative to the state's overall spending, averaged over FYs 17, 18 and 19.

The U.S. Department of Education has issued rules governing how these maintenance of effort (MOE) requirements are to be administered. B&F will be working with the money committees of the Legislature to ensure that the State of Hawai'i complies with these ESSER MOE requirements.

Thank you for your consideration of our comments.

Center for Hawaiian Sovereignty Studies
46-255 Kahuhipa St. Suite 1205
Kane'ohe, HI 96744
(808) 247-7942
Kenneth R. Conklin, Ph.D. Executive Director
e-mail Ken\_Conklin@yahoo.com
Unity, Equality, Aloha for all



To: HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS For hearing Wednesday, February 16, 2022

Re: HB2499

RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Requires certain departments and agencies to provide grants to taxexempt non-profit organizations that have experience and expertise in supporting and advancing Native Hawaiian communities.

# **TESTIMONY IN OPPOSITION**

This bill seeks to appropriate \$15,700,000.00 to be distributed in specified amounts among 4 departments. Each department must then spend specific dollar amounts of its windfall for some projects exclusively for the benefit of "Native Hawaiians" [for example,

repatriation and reburial of bones], and for some broader projects focused on areas that are generally regarded (although incorrectly) as primarily the kuleana of Native Hawaiians; for example, Iolani Palace.

A paragraph in Section 1 makes the racism explicitly clear: "The grants shall be tailored toward improving Native Hawaiian communities and culture through various assistance programs, including but not limited to programs that offer food sustainability; development of renewable infrastructure; Native Hawaiian historic preservation; development of a mill to process ulu and taro [remember the failed mill OHA ran on Kaua'i?]; business training, entrepreneurship, and mentoring; farming; education; cultural training; and environmental management." Activities and products that could plausibly have multiethnic participation actually have a thinly-disguised ethnic focus such as loko i'a [fishponds], kalo [taro], ulu [sweet potato]; culture training programs with military personnel; software needs of the Hawaiian trades academy; lolani Palace operations [twisted-history narratives by tour guides], maintenance, and repairs.

The main objection to this bill is that the State of Hawaii should not be singling out a punahele [favorite] race for largess of multimillions of taxpayer dollars while not providing corresponding EQUITY to any other races or ethnicities. Whatever happened to the latest liberal themesong DEI (diversity, equity, inclusiveness)?

Another major objection is that we already have an entire branch of the state government, OHA, whose primary purpose is "the betterment of Native Hawaiians." According to OHA's latest annual report, on June 30, 2021 OHA had assets of \$764,820,000.00. So let OHA pay the \$15.7 Million for these projects. Why do we have OHA anyway? If these projects are sufficiently worthy to be asking the legislature for a special appropriation to pay for them, then why did OHA not already recognize their worthiness and provide OHA's money for them?



# HB2499 RELATING TO NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

House Committee on Judiciary & Hawaiian Affairs

February 16, 2022

2:00 PM

Videoconference

The Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement (CNHA), a member-based 501(c)(3) non-profit organization with a mission to enhance the cultural, economic, political, and community development of Native Hawaiians, **STRONGLY SUPPORTS** HB2499, which proposes substantial and much-needed additional state grant funding to support the Native Hawaiian community. Please note that CNHA does request technical amendments to one sentence.

CNHA worked with its members to help develop this collection of grant program proposals. Our goal was to empower Native Hawaiian and local communities through the investment in our state's economy and unique heritage, with an eye towards setting critical foundations that can sustain and build upon hard-fought progress. We greatly appreciate the Legislature's willingness to consider new buckets of state grant funding that would supplement existing state funding opportunities for Native Hawaiian organizations with demonstrated track records of success.

#### **Proposed Grant Programs**

#### 1. Loko I'a Hatchery & Solar Power Programs

This request proposes to fund two separate programs to expand infrastructure, increase food production and develop the economic sustainability of loko i'a statewide. Both are pilot projects that can be replicated at other loko i'a based on interest and commitment of sites.

#### Solar Power Infrastructure for Loko I'a

Waikalua Loko in Kāne'ohe is developing a nursery tank demonstration and training site to raise juvenile ama'ama (mullet), awa (milkfish), and native limu to stock loko i'a statewide. Request would fund:

- Installation of a 200 kw solar system (\$100k) and batteries (\$100k) at Waikalua Loko;
- Holding 3 workshops (\$12k each workshop) to train other fishponds to set up similar solar power systems;



 Provide initial solar equipment at \$10k each for up to 12 fishponds participating in workshops

#### Turn-Key Hatcheries

This program would replicate a pilot off-grid hatchery at Kaua'i throughout the state to allow loke ia to gain experience breeding, hatching and rearing crustaceans, sea cucumbers and other marine life that can be sold to support the economic sustainability of loke ia. Loke i'a operators can then gain experience to transition the hatchery site to ama'ama and awa to stock fishponds. Request would cover:

- A turn-key hatchery setup including equipment, materials and fabrications at Keawanui loko i'a on Moloka'i (\$220k) and solar power system (\$10k), with 2 FTE technicians (\$50k each) for a total of \$330k
- A scalable proposal (optional to our request) could include up to 6 other sites statewide at \$230k per hatchery and solar. Other add ons may include:
- Contract for workshop to train additional hatcheries at \$12k per year for three years
- Fund hatchery technicians at \$50k per FTE, with up to two technicians at each site
- Contract for hatchery consultant at \$50k per year

#### 2. Repatriation/Native Hawaiian Historic Preservation

This request would support the establishment of a program that addresses Native Hawaiian-specific historic preservation needs. This request would fund a program would:

- Conduct repatriations and reburials nationally and internationally under federal and international legal frameworks, as well as curate sacred objects that have been repatriated; Repatriations have been coordinated from multiple museums in Germany, Poland, France, England, New Zealand and North America. Small teams of culturally trained repatriation experts will be sent to each country to bring home human remains and artifacts. The entirety of the travel budget will be used for this activity and includes Air, Ground, Lodging, Freight, and per diem.
- Create and purchase reburial material for 3000+ Mōkapu Iwi Kūpuna; Kapa and boxes will need to be made or purchased for each kupuna. Items will be sourced from throughout the State of Hawai'i from traditional kapa makers, weavers, and wood workers.
- Assess the establishment of a Native Hawaiian Historic Preservation Office that will include national and international repatriation and reburial efforts and possible management of the burial sites program.
- FTEs would be responsible for overall coordination of first three bullets, which involves multiple stakeholders, cultural practitioners, museum outreach, travel



logistics and reporting. Contract services will go to secure repatriation expertise and established relationships with institutions.

#### 3. Hawaiian Trades Academy & KūHana Business Program

This request would expand CNHA's Hawaiian Trades Academy and KūHana Business Program to prepare more individuals and businesses for economic success and self-sufficiency.

### Hawaiian Trades Academy

Launched in 2019, the Academy aims to provide workforce development for economically and socially disadvantaged communities, with the overarching goal of raising the household income of families in Hawaii. The Academy offers programs statewide to prepare individuals for careers in carpentry, firefighting, policing, commercial driving, and the solar field.

These programs consist of generally 10-week accelerator classes that require just three hours of course work per week. The programs offer certifications such as CDL licenses and OSHA-10 certification, as well respiratory and first aid training, financial literacy training, and job placement assistance. In addition to existing programs, CNHA would like to expand offerings to include a management track within the tourism industry.

#### KūHana Business Program

KūHana offers accelerator cohorts that help local and Native Hawaiian-owned entrepreneurs with 1-5 years of operations develop clear business strategies. Cohorts take a 10-week business plan development class that provides tools, technical assistance, and ample networking.

Each business walks away with a completed business plan, a polished business pitch, and collaboration opportunities with their fellow cohort participants. Prizes are awarded to top performing companies in each cohort with either technical assistance, cash prizes, or other forms of capital.

This request would cover two FTEs, nine Trades Academy cohorts, four KūHana Small Business cohorts, the purchase of new software for a CDL simulator and an evaluation component.

#### 4. Kalo Farming Needs Assessment

This request would cover a Needs Assessment of the state's kalo farming needs, with the overall goal of supporting and elevating the heritage and cultural practice of kalo farming and empowering kalo farmers to be self-sufficient, successful and profitable.



The assessment would work with kalo farmers of all sizes on each island, including sites with commercial, community and education purposes.

The assessment will include needs relating to food production, land and natural resource management, watershed management, infrastructure, labor, training, mentorship, kalo variety preservation and food systems transformation. A report and prioritized policy and funding recommendations will be completed in one year and submitted to the Legislature and shared with the community and potential private funders.

#### 5. Pop-Up Mākeke

In April 2020, CNHA launched the Pop-Up Mākeke, a virtual marketplace supporting local artisans impacted by the global pandemic that shut down vital revenue streams from brick-and-mortar stores and community events. The success of the Pop-Up Mākeke demonstrates the need for a centralized e-commerce hub that leverages small business resources and creates new opportunities for Hawai`i's small businesses to thrive in an ever changing global market. The pandemic has shifted how consumers shop and as a result has caused many businesses needing to reimagine their business model to a more web-centric approach.

The Pop-Up Makeke will leverage data analytics to provide to artisans their sale history and market trends for them to make better business oriented decisions.

This request would allow Pop-Up Mākeke to provide increased support for Hawaii-based artisans to remain sustainable and thrive in a post-pandemic economy.

This request for funds would cover:

- Kühana Management
- Pop-Up Mākeke Management
- Sector-expert consultants including branding and marketing consultants, and business development specialists
- Consignment support for participating businesses in Pop-Up Mākeke

CNHA will facilitate incubator courses to micro- and small-retail businesses to adapt to e-commerce. The course will include personalized assistance to each businesses needs from e-commerce, marketing, and logistics experts. Businesses that complete the incubation course will be allowed to participate in the Pop-Up Makeke to introduce their products to a global market as they prepare their own online presence.

Course syllabus will include:

• What does it mean for your products to represent Hawaii?



- How to effectively market your business online?
- How to leverage resources to scale your business? (i.e. wholesale model, capacity building, resources to capital)

#### 6. Culture Training/Programs for military, Small Businesses and Non-Profit Organizations

There has been a request from military leadership for CNHA to provide cultural orientations for service men and women, DOD civilian personnel and ranking officials to acclimate them to working and living in Hawai'i. CNHA will provide 90-minute orientations with the goal of instilling in participants an increased aloha for Hawai'i's people, land, history and culture.

In addition, CNHA would also offer cultural programming and capacity assistance to small businesses and non-profit organizations across the State to help them utilize culture in an appropriate and effective manner.

This request would support 2 FTEs to conduct 24 Orientations:

- 24 Orientations (2 per month for one year), with each Orientation training up to 40 students
- Cultural Trainer
- Digital Designer
- Curriculum development

#### 7. West O'ahu Innovation Center

The West O'ahu Innovation Center will serve as a physical co-working space, entrepreneur, and resource center. It will be an innovative entrepreneur center for the underserved-community of West O'ahu, providing collaborative, meeting and event space; offering business workshops and counseling; engaging 'Big Business' mentors for small and micro-business entrepreneurs; and delivering loan assistance and broadband access.

The facility will also feature CNHA's Hawaiian Trades Academy Technology Center and Classroom. By establishing these resources on the west side, small businesses will have the tools and support needed to start, grow and thrive.

This request for funding would cover the cost to retrofit an existing 10,000 sq ft facility to house the West O'ahu Innovation Center.

#### 8. Community-Based Tourism Management

This program would invest in communities to better manage tourism and tourism impacts on neighborhoods as well as the local natural and cultural resources of



communities. The program would take a community based approach to identify highly impacted communities and identify ways to empower those communities with information about legal frameworks that can protect their resources, develop educational campaigns, including monitors, advertising, signage, and establish lines of communication with the tourism industry to voice community concern. The goal for this program is to build capacity to communities to better provide a visitor experience that kama'āina and malihini can enjoy and appreciate - with ensuring the 'āina and resources are well managed for generations to come.

Program would include the following activities and actions:

- Manage an incentive program that supports cottage industry; and new and existing farms that employ organic and sustainable practices, agri-tourism, and internship-toemployment training programs for community members.
- Manage incentive programs to:
  - Steward 'āina, including receiving training to grow community capacity for this work
- Organize and host opportunities for community work days and voluntourism
- Develop educational online content about the history, traditions, and places of the ahupua'a and moku
- Design and implement gatherings open to residents and visitors that aim to share the traditions, practices, and history of a given area
- Manage grants for communities to gather and share mo'olelo, mele, images, and visitor guidelines
- Design a virtual tour experience for high traffic communities to reduce the environmental footprint.

#### 9. 'Iolani Palace

'Iolani Palace is one of Hawai'i's most important historic sites and a cherished cultural symbol for Native Hawaiians. The Palace continues to struggle with funding to cover the operations, maintenance and repairs.

This request would cover the following costs:

- Replace the damaged historic etched glass door panes that were vandalized in 2017.
   \$90,000
- 2. Six months (at \$20k per month) to operate the HVAC system, which runs 24/7, to control the temperature and humidity inside the Palace to protect the thousands of cultural objects housed there.

Further budget details can be provided for all programs.



Please note that we request two technical amendments to one sentence on page 3 of HB2499 by replacing the word "with" with "for" on line 8 and adding an "s" to the end of the word "organization" on line 10, so that the amended sentence reads:

C) The sum of \$200,000; provided that the sum is used for culture training programs for military personnel, small businesses, and nonprofit organizations; and

In closing, CNHA urges the Committee to pass HB2499 with our proposed amendments. Mahalo nui loa for this opportunity to provide testimony on this measure.

Respectfully,

J. Kūhiō Lewis, CEO Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement



Testimony Before The
House Committee on the Judiciary and Hawaiian Affairs

IN SUPPORT OF HB 2499

February 16, 2022, 2:00PM, Room 325

My name is Kevin Chang and I am the Executive Director of Kua'āina Ulu 'Auamo (or KUA). KUA works to empower grassroots rural and Native Hawaiian mālama 'āina groups to celebrate their places and pass on their traditions to better Hawai'i and achieve 'āina momona— an abundant, productive ecological system that supports community well-being.

KUA employs a community-driven approach that currently supports a statewide network of 36 mālama 'āina community groups collectively referred to as E Alu Pū (moving forward together), 40 fishpond projects and practitioners called the Hui Mālama Loko I'a, and a growing group of over 60 Limu practitioners and supporters called the Limu Hui. Participants in our networks have had long term dreams of bringing fishponds, food fish and limu back to our shorelines and dinner tables. KUA is also a member of CNHA and worked with its staff and members of the UH SeaGrant aquaculture outreach team to provide some of the information needed in this request.

#### KUA supports HB 2499 as an incremental step on a pathway towards 'āina momona.

Specifically,, the request proposes to fund two separate programs to expand infrastructure, increase food production and develop the economic sustainability of loko i'a statewide. Both are pilot projects that can be replicated at other loko i'a based on interest and commitment of sites. These projects include supporting solar power infrastructure for Loko I'a hatchery projects and supporting the development of turn-key hatcheries, both projects will include training to expand capacity with other ponds and to help fund the positions to do so.

In addition, we support the projects in this bill which concern the reburial and repatriation of Native Hawaiian remains and the existence of a Native Hawaiian Historic Preservation Office, support for a kalo assessment, encouragement of a tourism sector which supports a community ethic of aloha 'āina and actions toward mālama 'āina in collaboration with Hawai'i's citizens and repairs at 'lolani Palace.

KUA's coordinators and network participants in all three of our networks have built stronger connections to the DLNR-DAR and the aquaculture community knowing very well that to reach a vision of greater food self-sufficiency we need to transform our culture, values and institutions together. Building the capacity to produce fingerlings for restorative aquaculture would directly address one of the recommendations in the 1993 Report of the Governor's Task Force on Moloka'i Fishpond Restoration. This report was published nearly 30 years ago, but many of its findings are still relevant and indeed, important to fishponds on most other islands in Hawai'i in addition to Moloka'i; a Loko I'a Needs Assessment finalized in November 2020 reiterated the continued interest in contemporary aquaculture technology to support fishpond revitalization. We acknowledge the existing resources and technical capacity at various facilities and programs in Hawai'i encourage this proposed further support to build towards that vision of 'āina momona.

Importantly, the 1993 report recommended that "the State of Hawai'i...actively support and help fund the development of a hatchery to provide seedstock for fishponds and stock enhancement

of the reefs." Many practitioners envision a future when loko i'a can be stocked again from natural populations of prized species such as 'anae, but since those fisheries are depleted in many areas across Hawai'i, hatchery-raised fingerlings are an important component of the restoration efforts for loko i'a and their surrounding waters. In our conversations with the Hui Mālama Loko I'a, practitioners from 24 loko i'a on 5 different islands have indicated this opinion in the past several years. Then looking beyond the boundaries of the walls, loko i'a themselves are key assets to restocking the wild fishery by serving as enhanced nursery areas.

Indeed, as we look to the future our communities are raising the kupa āina who want to have jobs focused on mālama āina. I am sure some of the submitted applications that recently inundated and exceeded the capacity of the DOCARE Academy enrollment portal came from these kinds of young people. We appreciate creative and collaborative approaches that build the capacity and skills of the next generation with intention, and in a way that benefits ongoing community efforts at loko i a as a catalyst for ecosystem regeneration.

The communities we work with are committed to ensuring the long-term health of our biocultural resources. They have depended on them for generations. We believe our environment, the foundation of our very existence, is about long-term investment and a vision of 'āina momona. To get there it requires among other things taking the steps toward greater self-sufficiency, development of a pipeline of new and more innovative career pathways, mindsets, relationships and resource flows for mālama 'āina. Passing this bill out of your committee will open a pathway toward reaching this vision.

Mahalo for this opportunity to testify in support.

Aloha 'Āina Momona.



Post Office Box 2259

Honolulu, HI 96804-2259

Telephone (808) 522-0822 FAX (808) 532-1051

## **Testimony of PAULA AKANA Executive Director**

**Before the House Committee on Judiciary and Hawaiian Affairs** 

Wednesday, February 16, 2022 2:00 PM

> In Consideration of **HOUSE BILL 2499**

RE: Testimony in SUPPORT of HB 2499, Relating to NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Chair Nakashima, Vice Chair Matayoshi and committee members;

Aloha, I'm Paula Akana, Executive Director of The Friends of Iolani Palace, the State of Hawaii Museum of Monarchy History. Through a long-term lease with the State Department of Land and Natural Resources (State Parks), we maintain, preserve and operate Iolani Palace, the Hale Koa Barracks, the Coronation Pavilion and Kanaina, the old Archives building.

I fully support HB 2499. It would provide grants, via state departments, to federal tax-exempt, non-profit organizations to support their missions. All of the organizations included in this bill provide vital services to benefit Native Hawaiians. This measure would provide our organization, through DLNR, a grant of \$210,000 to be used for operations, maintenance and repairs. This would help us immensely as we care for and share the story of this wahi pana, very special place, as we are still feeling the impacts of closures and restrictions due to COVID.

Mahalo for your consideration.

Paula Chare

Aloha.

Paula Akana

**Executive Director** 

The Friends of Iolani Palace

February 16, 2022

Committee on Judiciary and Hawaiian Affairs Rep. Mark M. Nakashima, Chair Rep. Scot Z. Matayoshi, Vice Chair





Working together for Kapolei

Wednesday, February 16, 2022 2:00 p.m. via Videoconference

#### **RE: HB 2499 Relating to Hawaiian Affairs**

Dear Chair Nakashima, Vice Chair Matayoshi and members of the Committee,

My name is Kiran Polk, and I am the Executive Director of the Kapolei Chamber of Commerce. The Kapolei Chamber of Commerce is an advocate for businesses in the Kapolei region which includes Waipahu, `Ewa Beach, Kapolei, Nānākuli, Waianae and Mākaha. The Chamber works on behalf of its members and the entire business community to improve the regional and State economic climate and help Kapolei businesses thrive. We are a member- driven, member-supported organization representing the interests of all types of business: small, medium or large, for profit or non-profit businesses or sole proprietorship.

The Kapolei Chamber of Commerce, <u>strongly supports HB 2499</u> which requires certain departments and agencies to provide grants to tax-exempt non-profit organizations that have experience and expertise in supporting and advancing Native Hawaiian communities. Specifically, <u>we extend our support for Section 2 (2)(B) which appropriates the sum of \$250,000 for a West O`ahu Innovation Center that is a physical co—working space and an entrepreneur and resource center that provides workshops, counseling, loan assistance, and broadband access.</u>

The West O'ahu Innovation and Entrepreneur Center is a partnership between the Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement (CNHA) and the Kapolei Chamber of Commerce (KCC) to create a co-working space and Innovation Center.

The Wai'anae Coast in West O'ahu, has the largest resident population of Native Hawaiians in the world and a higher rate of poverty then the rest of Honolulu County. Nevertheless, there is incredible growth in West O'ahu. According to the 2020 Census, the West O'ahu Council District grew 20.7 % since the last census (2010). The region expects 80,000 new housing units by 2025. This includes homes, businesses, and infrastructure. Yet, most residents still commute an average of two hours each day into town for work. During the pandemic, despite economic turmoil, the region continued to experience economic growth and housing development. CNHA's online marketplace *Pop-Up Mākeke*, serves over 400 businesses and has had \$3 million in sales since its inception. Hundreds of the businesses in the Mākeke are from the west side.

1001 Kamokila Boulevard, Campbell Building Suite 250, Kapolei, Hawaii 96707

Even though we are a burgeoning community – we lack the most critical infrastructure, connectivity, and business resources.

The Innovation Center itself is an innovation because **currently**, **there are no co-working spaces anywhere in West O`ahu**. Our vision is that the Center will be a place where small and micro business entrepreneurs will access free or discounted co-working space, where ideas, networking and innovation can flourish. Business professionals can nurture industry using Center resources including Wi-Fi, business training workshops, counseling services, mentoring, inspirational "BIZ Talks" (an innovation), computers, office machines and networking opportunities. **It will be a collaborative space, a meeting space, and even an event space, something that is also a rare commodity in West Oʻahu. It is a unique approach to deliver long-term economic recovery, growth, and resilience to the Native Hawaiian community.** 

The West O`ahu Innovation and Entrepreneur Center will be a public and private partnership. Monetary contributions are also being sought from private foundations and donors in addition to public funding and grants. The intention is to lease space in a location in the Kapolei area that is already built and has basic infrastructure already in place. The improvements would likely include electrical installations, internet cables, cabinetry and/or the installation of a kitchenette or bathroom. In-kind donations could include furniture, computer equipment, printers, Wi-Fi service, website maintenance and social media management.

The Innovation Center will utilize all funds received to stabilize operations during the first two years. If funds are available, the Center would like to subsidize memberships or offer discounted memberships to underserved community members.

After the initial two-year period, a professional management company (like BoxJelly or Regus) would be hired to manage the day-to-day operations of the Center. The partnership between CNHA, the KCC and the management company would be responsible for ensuring that the Center becomes self-sustaining and profitable.

By leveraging the expertise of our established business community to encourage networking and sharing and providing the physical space and tools to get started, we are creating an environment that supports and inspires our citizens in our Native Hawaiian and West O'ahu community to achieve success. Overall, the West O'ahu Innovation and Entrepreneur Center will aid businesses to innovate, stabilize and expand as we navigate through the pandemic and beyond.

Thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony.

Respectfully,

Kiran Polk

**Executive Director** 

1001 Kamokila Boulevard, Campbell Building Suite 250, Kapolei, Hawaii 96707

# **HB-2499**

Submitted on: 2/16/2022 12:53:13 PM

Testimony for JHA on 2/16/2022 2:00:00 PM



<b>Submitted By</b>	Organization	<b>Testifier Position</b>	Requested
Edward Halealoha Ayau	Individual	Support	Yes

Comments:

yes