JAN 2 1 2022

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SEA-LEVEL RISE IMPACTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. Section 225M-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 3 The office of planning and sustainable development 4 shall gather, analyze, and provide information to the governor, the legislature, and state and county agencies to assist in the 5 overall analysis and formulation of state policies and 6 strategies to provide central direction and cohesion in the 7 allocation of resources and effectuation of state activities and 8 programs and effectively address current or emerging issues and 9 opportunities. More specifically, the office shall engage in 10 11 the following activities: 12 State comprehensive planning and program coordination. 13 Formulating and articulating comprehensive statewide 14 goals, objectives, policies, and priorities, and 15 coordinating their implementation through the

statewide planning system established in part II of

chapter 226;

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1	(2)	Stia	regic planning. Identifying and analyzing
2		sign	ificant issues, problems, and opportunities
3		conf	ronting the State, and formulating strategies and
4		alte	rnative courses of action in response to
5		iden	tified problems and opportunities by:
6		(A)	Providing in-depth policy research, analysis, and
7			recommendations on existing or potential areas of
8			critical state concern;
9		(B)	Examining and evaluating the effectiveness of
10			state programs in implementing state policies and
11			priorities;
12		(C)	Monitoring current social, economic, and physical
13			conditions and trends through surveys,
14			environmental scanning, and other techniques; and
15		(D)	Developing, in collaboration with affected public
16			or private agencies and organizations,
17			implementation plans and schedules and, where
18			appropriate, assisting in the mobilization of
19			resources to meet identified needs;
20	(3)	Plan	ning coordination and cooperation. Facilitating
21		coor	dinated and cooperative planning and policy

1		development and implementation activities among state
2		agencies and between the state, county, and federal
3		governments, by:
4		(A) Reviewing, assessing, and coordinating, as
5		necessary, major plans, programs, projects, and
6		regulatory activities existing or proposed by
7		state and county agencies;
8		(B) Formulating mechanisms to simplify, streamline,
9		or coordinate interagency development and
10		regulatory processes; and
11		(C) Recognizing the presence of federal defense and
12		security forces and agencies in the State as
13		important state concerns;
14	(4)	Statewide planning and geographic information system.
15		Collecting, integrating, analyzing, maintaining, and
16		disseminating various forms of data and information,
17		including geospatial data and information, to further
18		effective state planning, policy analysis and
19		development, and delivery of government services by:
20		(A) Collecting, assembling, organizing, evaluating,
21		and classifying existing geospatial and

1		non-geospatial data and performing necessary
2		basic research, conversions, and integration to
3		provide a common database for governmental
4		planning and geospatial analyses by state
5		agencies;
6	(B)	Planning, coordinating, and maintaining a
7		comprehensive, shared statewide planning and
8		geographic information system and associated
9		geospatial database. The office shall be the
10		lead agency responsible for coordinating the
11		maintenance of the multi-agency, statewide
12		planning and geographic information system and
13		coordinating, collecting, integrating, and
14		disseminating geospatial data sets that are used
15		to support a variety of state agency application
16		and other spatial data analyses to enhance
17		decision-making. The office shall promote and
18		encourage free and open data sharing among and
19		between all government agencies. To ensure the
20		maintenance of a comprehensive, accurate,

up-to-date geospatial data resource that can be

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1		drawn upon for decision-making related to
2		essential public policy issues such as land use
3		planning, resource management, homeland security,
4		and the overall health, safety, and well-being of
5		Hawaii's citizens, and to avoid redundant data
6		development efforts, state agencies shall provide
7		to the shared system either their respective
8		geospatial databases or, at a minimum, especially
9		in cases of secure or confidential data sets that
10		cannot be shared or must be restricted, metadata
11		describing existing geospatial data. In cases
12		where agencies provide restricted data, the
13		office of planning and sustainable development
14		shall ensure the security of that data; and
15		(C) Maintaining a centralized depository of state and
16		national planning references;
17	(5)	Land use planning. Developing and presenting the
18		position of the State in all boundary change petitions
19		and proceedings before the land use commission, and
20		assisting state agencies in the development and

submittal of petitions for land use district boundary

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1		amen	aments, and conducting reviews of the
2		clas	sification and districting of all lands in the
3		Stat	e, as specified in chapter 205;
4	(6)	Coas	tal and ocean policy management, and sea level
5		rise	adaptation coordination. Carrying out the lead
6		agen	cy responsibilities for the Hawaii coastal zone
7		mana	gement program, as specified in chapter 205A.
8		Also	:
9		(A)	Developing and maintaining an ocean and coastal
10			resources information, planning, and management
11			system;
12		(B)	Further developing and coordinating
13			implementation of the ocean resources management
14			plan;
15		(C)	Formulating ocean policies with respect to the
16			exclusive economic zone, coral reefs, and
17			national marine sanctuaries; and
18		(D)	Coordinating sea level rise adaptation with state
19			agencies having operational responsibilities over
20			state facilities to identify existing and planned
21			facilities, including critical infrastructure,

1			that are vulnerable to sea level rise, flooding
2			impacts, and natural hazards; and
3		<u>(E)</u>	Formulating and implementing policy to mitigate
4			sea level rise impacts to beaches under
5			intergovernmental jurisdiction;
6	(7)	Regi	onal planning and studies. Conducting plans and
7		stud	ies to determine:
8		(A)	The capability of various regions within the
9			State to support projected increases in both
10			resident populations and visitors;
11		(B)	The potential physical, social, economic, and
12			environmental impact on these regions resulting
13			from increases in both resident populations and
14			visitors;
15		(C)	The maximum annual visitor carrying capacity for
16			the State by region, county, and island; and
17		(D)	The appropriate guidance and management of
18			selected regions and areas of statewide critical
19			concern.

1		The studies in subparagraphs (A) to (C) shall be
2		conducted at appropriate intervals, but not less than
3		once every five years;
4	(8)	Regional, national, and international planning.
5		Participating in and ensuring that state plans,
6		policies, and objectives are consistent, to the extent
7		practicable, with regional, national, and
8		international planning efforts;
9	(9)	Climate adaptation and sustainability planning and
10		coordination. Conducting plans and studies and
11		preparing reports as follows:
12		(A) Develop, monitor, and evaluate strategic climate
13		adaptation plans and actionable policy
14		recommendations for the State and counties
15		addressing expected statewide climate change
16		impacts identified under chapter 225P and
17		sections 226-108 and 226-109; and
18		(B) Provide planning and policy guidance and
19		assistance to state and county agencies regarding
20		climate change and sustainability;

1	(10)	Smar	t growth and transit-oriented development. Acting
2		as t	he lead agency to coordinate and advance smart
3		grow	th and transit-oriented development planning
4		with	in the State as follows:
5		(A)	Identify transit-oriented development
6			opportunities shared between state and county
7			agencies, including relevant initiatives such as
8			the department of health's healthy Hawaii
9			initiative and the Hawaii clean energy
10			initiative;
11		(B)	Refine the definition of "transit-oriented
12			development" in the context of Hawaii, while
13			recognizing the potential for smart growth
14			development patterns in all locations;
15		(C)	Clarify state goals for transit-oriented
16			development and smart growth that support the
17			principles of the Hawaii State Planning Act by
18			preserving non-urbanized land, improving worker
19			access to jobs, and reducing fuel consumption;

1	(D)	Target transit-oriented development areas for
2		significant increase in affordable housing and
3		rental units;
4	(E)	Conduct outreach to state agencies to help
5		educate state employees about the ways they can
6		support and benefit from transit-oriented
7		development and the State's smart growth goals;
8	(F)	Publicize coordinated state efforts that support
9		smart growth, walkable neighborhoods, and
10		transit-oriented development;
11	(G)	Review state land use decision-making processes
12		to identify ways to make transit-oriented
13		development a higher priority and facilitate
14		better and more proactive leadership in creating
15		walkable communities and employment districts,
16		even if transit will only be provided at a later
17		date; and
18	(H)	Approve all state agencies' development plans for
19		parcels along the rail transit corridor. For the
20		purposes of this subparagraph, "development
21		plans" means conceptual land use plans that

1		identify the location and planned uses within a
2		defined area; and
3	(11)	Environmental review. Performing duties set forth
4		under chapter 343, serving the governor in an advisory
5		capacity on all matters relating to environmental
6		review, and having such powers delegated by the
7		governor as are necessary to coordinate and, when
8		requested by the governor, direct all state
9		governmental agencies in matters concerning
10		environmental quality control, including:
11		(A) Advising and assisting private industries,
12		government department and agencies, and other
13		persons on the requirements of chapter 343; and
14		(B) Conducting public education programs on
15		environmental quality control;
16		provided that the office shall adopt rules in
17		accordance with chapter 91 to implement this
18		paragraph."
19	SECT	ION 2. New statutory material is underscored.
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1 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:



Report Title:

Office of Planning and Sustainable Development; Sea-Level Rise; Jurisdiction

Description:

Expands the responsibilities of the Office of Planning and Sustainable Development to include jurisdiction over beaches under inter-governmental jurisdiction that are vulnerable to sea-level rise impacts.

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