A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Hawaii is vulnerable to soaring prices and
- 2 disruptions of its energy imports, which can hinder, cripple, or
- 3 even devastate the State's economy and the well-being of its
- 4 inhabitants. As the most isolated land mass on Earth, Hawaii
- 5 imports nearly ninety per cent of its energy and almost one
- 6 hundred per cent of its transportation resources. The
- 7 legislature finds that it is critical for Hawaii to ensure
- 8 greater energy security by becoming more self-sufficient in its
- 9 energy and food supply.
- 10 The legislature also finds that Act 202, Session Laws of
- 11 Hawaii 2016, established a renewable fuels production tax credit
- 12 for the purpose of achieving greater energy security for Hawaii.
- 13 However, the tax credit was repealed on December 31, 2021.
- 14 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to reinstate the
- 15 renewable fuels production tax credit.

SECTION 2. Chapter 235, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 2 amended by adding a new section to part VI to be appropriately 3 designated and to read as follows: 4 "<u>§235-</u> Renewable fuels production tax credit. (a) 5 Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed to 6 each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter a 7 renewable fuels production tax credit that shall be applied to 8 the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this 9 chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly 10 claimed. 11 For each taxpayer producing renewable fuels, the annual 12 dollar amount of the renewable fuels production tax credit 13 during the ten-year credit period shall be equal to 14 per seventy-six thousand British thermal units of renewable 15 fuels using the lower heating value sold for distribution in 16 Hawaii; provided that the taxpayer's production of renewable 17 fuels is not less than two billion five hundred million British 18 thermal units of renewable fuels per calendar year; provided further that the amount of the tax credit claimed under this 19 20 section by a taxpayer shall not exceed \$ per taxable 21 year. No other tax credit may be claimed under this chapter for

- 1 the costs incurred in producing the renewable fuels that are
- 2 used to properly claim a tax credit under this section for the
- 3 taxable year.
- 4 Each taxpayer, together with all of its related entities as
- 5 determined under section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and
- 6 all business entities under common control, as determined under
- 7 sections 414(b), 414(c), and 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue
- 8 Code, shall not be eligible for more than a single ten-year
- 9 credit period.
- 10 (b) In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate,
- 11 or trust, distribution and share of the renewable fuels
- 12 production tax credit shall be determined pursuant to section
- 13 704(b) (with respect to a partner's distributive share) of the
- 14 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. For a fiscal year
- 15 taxpayer, the taxpayer shall report the credit in the taxable
- 16 year in which the calendar year end is included.
- 17 (c) No later than thirty days following the close of the
- 18 calendar year, every taxpayer claiming a credit under this
- 19 section shall complete and file an independent, third-party
- 20 certified statement, at the taxpayer's sole expense, with and in

1	the form	prescribed by the Hawaii state energy office, providing
2	the follo	wing information:
3	(1)	The type, quantity, and British thermal unit value,
4		using the lower heating value, of each qualified fuel,
5		broken down by the type of fuel, produced and sold
6		during the previous calendar year;
7	(2)	The feedstock used for each type of qualified fuel;
8	(3)	The proposed total amount of credit to which the
9		taxpayer is entitled for each calendar year and the
10		cumulative amount of the tax credit the taxpayer
11		received during the credit period;
12	(4)	The number of full-time and number of part-time
13		employees of the facility and those employees' states
14		of residency, totaled per state; and
15	(5)	The number and location of all renewable fuel
16		production facilities within and outside of the State.
17	(d)	Within thirty calendar days after the due date of the
18	statement	required under subsection (c), the Hawaii state energy
19	office sh	all:
20	(1)	Acknowledge, in writing, receipt of the statement; and

1	(2)	Issue a certificate to the taxpayer reporting the
2		amount of renewable fuels produced and sold, the
3		amount of credit that the taxpayer is entitled to
4		claim for the previous calendar year, and the
5		cumulative amount of the tax credit during the credit
6		period.
7	(e)	The taxpayer shall file the certificate issued under
8	subsectio	n (d) with the taxpayer's tax return with the
9	departmen	t of taxation. The director of taxation may audit and
10	adjust th	e certification to conform to the facts.
11	(f)	The total amount of tax credits allowed under this
12	section s	hall not exceed \$ for all eligible taxpayers
13	in any ca	lendar year. In the event that the credit claims under
14	this sect	ion exceed \$ for all eligible taxpayers in
15	any given	calendar year, the \$ shall be divided
16	between a	ll eligible taxpayers for that year in proportion to
17	the total	amount of renewable fuels produced by all eligible
18	taxpayers	. Upon reaching \$ in the aggregate, the
19	Hawaii st	ate energy office shall immediately discontinue issuing

1 instance shall the total dollar amount of certificates issued 2 exceed \$ per calendar year. 3 (g) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the 4 information collected and compiled by the Hawaii state energy office under subsections (c) and (d) for the purposes of the 5 6 renewable fuels production tax credit shall be available for 7 public inspection and dissemination subject to chapter 92F. 8 (h) If the credit under this section exceeds the 9 taxpayer's net income tax liability, the excess of the credit 10 over liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's 11 net income tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted, 12 unless otherwise elected by the taxpayer pursuant to subsection 13 (i) or (j). All claims for a credit under this section shall be 14 properly filed on or before the end of the twelfth month 15 following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may 16 be claimed. Failure to comply with the foregoing provision or 17 to provide the certified statement required under subsection (c) 18 shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit. 19 (i) A taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit

amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount exceeds the

amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer, the excess

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- 1 of the credit amount over payments due shall be refunded to the
- 2 taxpayer; provided that tax credit amounts properly claimed by a
- 3 taxpayer who has no income tax liability shall be paid to the
- 4 taxpayer; and provided further that no refund on account of the
- 5 tax credit allowed by this section shall be made for amounts
- 6 less than \$1.
- 7 The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
- 8 manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
- 9 the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. An election
- 10 once made is irrevocable.
- 11 (j) Notwithstanding subsection (i), an individual taxpayer
- 12 may elect to have any excess of the credit over payments due
- 13 refunded to the taxpayer, if:
- 14 (1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation
- 15 under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or
- 16 (2) The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$20,000 or
- less (or \$40,000 or less if filing a tax return as
- married filing jointly);
- 19 provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has
- 20 no income tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; and

- 1 provided further that no refund on account of the tax credit
- 2 allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
- 3 A married couple who does not file a joint tax return shall
- 4 only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they
- 5 would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a
- 6 joint tax return.
- 7 The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
- 8 manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
- 9 the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. An election
- 10 once made is irrevocable.
- 11 (k) Prior to production of any renewable fuels for the
- 12 calendar year, the taxpayer shall provide written notice of the
- 13 taxpayer's intention to begin production of renewable fuels.
- 14 The written notice shall be provided to the department of
- 15 taxation and the Hawaii state energy office and shall include
- 16 information on the taxpayer, facility location, facility
- 17 production capacity, anticipated production start date, and the
- 18 taxpayer's contact information. Notwithstanding any other law
- 19 to the contrary, the written notice described in this
- 20 subsection, including taxpayer and facility information, shall

1	be available for public inspection and dissemination subject to
2	chapter 92F.
3	(1) The taxpayer shall provide written notice to the
4	director of taxation and the chief energy officer of the Hawaii
5	state energy office within thirty days following the start of
6	production. The notice shall include the production start date
7	and expected renewable fuels production for the next twelve
8	months. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
9	written notice described in this subsection shall be available
10	for public inspection and dissemination subject to chapter 92F.
11	(m) Following each calendar year in which a credit under
12	this section has been claimed, the chief energy officer of the
13	Hawaii state energy office shall submit a written report to the
14	governor and legislature regarding the production and sale of
15	renewable fuels. The report shall include:
16	(1) The number and location of renewable fuels production
17	facilities in the State and outside the State that
18	have claimed a credit under this section;
19	(2) The total number of British thermal units of renewable
20	fuels, broken down by type of fuel produced and sold
21	during the previous calendar year; and

S.B. NO. 2478 S.D. 2

1	(3)	The projected number of British thermal units of
2		renewable fuels production for the succeeding year.
3	<u>(n)</u>	The director of taxation:
4	(1)	Shall prepare any forms that may be necessary to claim
5		a tax credit under this section;
6	(2)	May require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable
7		information to ascertain the validity of the claim for
8		the tax credit made under this section; and
9	(3)	May adopt rules under chapter 91 necessary to
10		effectuate the purposes of this section.
11	(0)	As used in this section:
12	<u>"Cre</u>	dit period" means a maximum period of ten consecutive
13	years, beginning from the first taxable year in which a taxpayer	
14	begins renewable fuels production at a level of at least two	
15	billion five-hundred million British thermal units of renewable	
16	fuels per calendar year.	
17	"Net income tax liability" means income tax liability	
18	reduced by all other credits allowed under this chapter.	
19	"Renewable feedstocks" means:	

S.B. NO. 2478 S.D. 2

1	(1)	Biomass crops and other renewable organic material,
2		including but not limited to logs, wood chips, wood
3		pellets, and wood bark;
4	(2)	Agricultural residues;
5	(3)	Oil crops, including but not limited to algae, canola
6		jatropha, palm, soybean, and sunflower;
7	(4)	Sugar and starch crops, including but not limited to
8		sugar cane and cassava;
9	(5)	Other agricultural crops;
10	(6)	Grease and waste cooking oil;
11	(7)	Food wastes;
12	(8)	Municipal solid wastes and industrial wastes;
13	(9)	Water, including wastewater; and
14	(10)	Animal residues and wastes,
15	that can be used to generate energy.	
16	"Ren	ewable fuels" means fuels produced from renewable
17	feedstock	s; provided that the fuel:
18	(1)	Is sold as a fuel in Hawaii; and
19	(2)	Meets the relevant ASTM International specifications
20		or other industry specifications for the particular
21		fuel, including but not limited to:



S.B. NO. 2478 S.D. 2

1	<u>(A)</u>	Methanol, ethanol, or other alcohols;
2	(B)	Hydrogen;
3	<u>(C)</u>	Biodiesel or renewable diesel;
4	<u>(D)</u>	Biogas;
5	<u>(E)</u>	Other biofuels;
6	<u>(F)</u>	Renewable jet fuel or renewable gasoline; or
7	<u>(G)</u>	Logs, wood chips, wood pellets, or wood bark.
8	SECTION 3	. New statutory material is underscored.
9	SECTION 4	. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050, and
10	shall apply to	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2021.

Report Title:

Income Tax; Renewable Fuels Production Tax Credit

Description:

Reinstates the renewable fuels production tax credit. Effective 7/1/2050. (SD2)

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