A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii continues to
- 2 face a critical physician shortage. According to the 2021
- 3 annual report on findings from the Hawaii physician workforce
- 4 assessment report, Hawaii has an unmet need for seven hundred
- 5 thirty-two full time physicians across the State, with
- 6 predictions for increased need each year. Maui county and
- 7 Hawaii county face the most severe shortages and lack forty per
- 8 cent of the health care providers they need. Paradoxically,
- 9 physician assistant practice in Hawaii has grown by thirty-six
- 10 per cent between 2016-2020. This is most noticeable on the
- 11 neighbor islands, where physician assistant presence has grown
- 12 by one hundred five per cent Hawaii county, one hundred fourteen
- 13 per cent in Kauai county, and thirty-five per cent in Maui
- 14 county.
- 15 The legislature further finds that physician assistants,
- 16 like advanced practice registered nurses, can help address this
- 17 need especially in rural communities where the shortage of



- 1 health care providers is most acute. Further, physician
- 2 assistants are one of the three health care professionals (along
- 3 with physicians and nurse practitioners) authorized by the
- 4 Affordable Care Act to provide primary care, which remains the
- 5 area where the statewide shortage of providers is most
- 6 significant.
- 7 The legislature also finds that physician assistants
- 8 receive rigorous medical training and are skilled health care
- 9 providers who routinely take medical histories, perform physical
- 10 examinations, order and interpret laboratory tests, diagnose
- 11 illnesses, develop and manage treatment plans, prescribe
- 12 medications, and assist in surgery. Physician assistants work
- 13 in various clinical settings, locations, and specialties in
- 14 collaboration with a licensed physician. Studies have shown
- 15 that when physician assistants practice to the full extent of
- 16 their abilities and training, hospital readmission rates and
- 17 lengths of stay decrease and infection rates go down.
- 18 Before practicing as a physician assistant, a candidate
- 19 must graduate from an accredited program and pass a national
- 20 certification exam to be licensed to practice medicine. Like
- 21 physicians and advanced practice registered nurses, physician

- 1 assistants must also complete extensive continuing medical
- 2 education throughout their careers.
- 3 The legislature also finds that streamlining physician
- 4 assistants' existing requirements relating to supervision by
- 5 physicians is consistent with physician assistant training and
- 6 education, and responds to the needs of the collaborating
- 7 physician, facility, medical specialty, and patient population,
- 8 thereby increasing efficiency and delivery of health care and
- 9 lessening overall administrative burdens.
- 10 The legislature further finds that Act 181, Session Laws of
- 11 Hawaii 2019, took one step toward modernizing the practice of
- 12 physician assistants by authorizing the supervision of physician
- 13 assistants by a physicians' group and authorizing supervising
- 14 physicians or groups to establish practice-specific requirements
- 15 for review of medical records of patients seen by physician
- 16 assistants. This first step successfully decreased the
- 17 administrative burdens on supervising physicians without
- 18 compromising patient care.
- 19 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to continue
- 20 streamlining the medical records review process for physician
- 21 assistants as established by Act 181, Session Laws of Hawaii

- 1 2019, by including review of controlled substances,
- 2 prescriptions issued by physician assistants.
- 3 SECTION 2. Section 453-5.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:
- 5 "(g) For medical records of patients seen by physician
- 6 assistants:
- 7 (1) Each physician assistant and supervising physician,
- 8 osteopathic physician, or group of physicians shall
- 9 establish written guidelines for the review of medical
- 10 records as appropriate to the specific practice.
- 11 These guidelines shall be kept in the office of the
- 12 practice setting in which either the physician
- assistant or supervising physician, osteopathic
- physician, or group of [+] physicians[+] practices, and
- shall be made available to the Hawaii medical board
- 16 and the regulated industries complaints office or its
- designees;
- 18 (2) The supervising physician, osteopathic physician, or
- 19 group of physicians shall review medical records as
- 20 required by this subsection; provided that:

1	(A) When	supervising a physician assistant with less
2	than	one year of practice experience as a
3	lice	nsed physician assistant, the supervising
4	phys	ician, osteopathic physician, or group of
5	phys	icians shall:
6	(i)	For the first six months of supervision,
7		review fifty per cent of the medical records
8		within thirty days of the patient visit;
9		[and]
10	(ii)	For the next six months of supervision,
11		review twenty-five per cent of the medical
12		records within thirty days of the patient
13		visit[+]; and
14	<u>(iii)</u>	For physician assistants that issue
15		controlled substance prescriptions, at least
16		fifty per cent of the records reviewed under
17		subparagraphs (A)(i) or (A)(ii) shall
18		include controlled substance prescriptions.
19		If the number of records with controlled
20		substances prescriptions does not amount to
21		at least fifty per cent of the requirements

1		in subparagraphs (A)(i) or (A)(ii), the
2		supervising physician, osteopathic
3		physician, or group of physicians shall
4		review as many as are available; and
5		The board may, on a case-by-case basis,
6		require physician assistants that begin in a new
7		practice specialty with less than one year of
8		full-time practice experience in the specialty to
9		comply with this subparagraph; and
10	(B)	When supervising a physician assistant with more
11		than one year of practice experience as a
12		licensed physician assistant, the supervising
13		physician, osteopathic physician, or group of
14		physicians shall:
15		(i) Establish a process for the regular review
16		of a sample of medical records, including a
17		sample of controlled substance records, if
18		applicable, of patients seen by the
19		physician assistant; and

1	(ii) For at least thirty minutes each month,
2	perform an audit and review of the medical
3	records; and
4	(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (2), a supervising
5	physician, osteopathic physician, or group of
6	physicians may require additional supervisory
7	requirements at any time for patient safety."
8	SECTION 3. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
10	"(i) Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
11	issued only as follows:
12	(1) All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
13	originate from within the State and be dated as of,
14	and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
15	issued and shall contain:
16	(A) The first and last name and address of the
17	patient; and
18	(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
19	prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
20	prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
21	methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner

1	shall record as part of the directions for use,
2	the medical need of the patient for the
3	prescription.
4	Except for electronic prescriptions, controlled
5	substance prescriptions shall be no larger than eight
6	and one-half inches by eleven inches and no smaller
7	than three inches by four inches. A practitioner may
8	sign a prescription in the same manner as the
9	practitioner would sign a check or legal document
10	(e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall use both
11	words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and
12	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
13	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
14	to be dispensed. Where an electronic prescription is
15	permitted, either words or figures (e.g.,
16	alphabetically or numerically as indications of
17	quantity, such as five or 5), to indicate the amount
18	of controlled substance to be dispensed shall be
19	acceptable. Where an oral order or electronic
20	prescription is not permitted, prescriptions shall be
21	written with ink or indelible pencil or typed, shall

be manually signed by the practitioner, and shall
include the name, address, telephone number, and
registration number of the practitioner. The
prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
for the signature of the practitioner, but the
prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
the prescription does not conform in all essential
respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
pursuant to this chapter. In receiving an oral
prescription from a practitioner, a pharmacist shall
promptly reduce the oral prescription to writing,
which shall include the following information: the
drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed
in figures only, and directions for use; the date the
oral prescription was received; the full name, Drug
Enforcement Administration registration number, and
oral code number of the practitioner; and the name and
address of the person for whom the controlled
substance was prescribed or the name of the owner of
the animal for which the controlled substance was
prescribed.

1		A corresponding liability shall rest upon a
2		pharmacist who fills a prescription not prepared in the
3		form prescribed by this section. A pharmacist may add
4		a patient's missing address or change a patient's
5		address on all controlled substance prescriptions
6		after verifying the patient's identification and
7		noting the identification number on the back of the
8		prescription document on file. The pharmacist shall
9		not make changes to the patient's name, the controlled
10		substance being prescribed, the quantity of the
11		prescription, the practitioner's Drug Enforcement
12		Administration number, the practitioner's name, the
13		practitioner's electronic signature, or the
14		practitioner's signature;
15	(2)	An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or
16		a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans
17		Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
18		exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
19		include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
20		(A) The registration number of the hospital or other
21		institution; and

1		(B) The special internal code number assigned to the	
2		physician by the hospital or other institution in	
3		lieu of the registration number of the	
4		practitioner required by this section.	
5		The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy	
6		of this special internal code number list to the	
7		department as often as necessary to update the	
8		department with any additions or deletions. Failure	
9		to comply with this paragraph shall result in the	
10		suspension of that facility's privilege to fill	
11		controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies	
12		outside of the hospital or other institution. Each	
13		written prescription shall have the name of the	
14		physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as	
15		well as the signature of the physician;	
16	(3)	An official exempted from registration shall include	
17		on all prescriptions issued by the official:	
18		(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,	
19		"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and	
20		(B) The official's service identification number, in	
21		lieu of the registration number of the	

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2		service identification number for a Public Health		
3		Service employee shall be the employee's social		
4		security or other government issued		
5		identification number.		
6		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer		
7		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the		
8		signature of the officer; and		
9	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe		
10		controlled substances under the authorization of a		
11		supervising physician shall include on all controlled		
12		substance prescriptions issued:		
13		(A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration		
14		number of the supervising physician; and		
15		(B) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration		
16		number of the physician assistant.		
17		Each written controlled substance prescription issued		
18		shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-		
19		printed name, address, and phone number of both the		
20		supervising physician and physician assistant, and		
21		shall be signed by the physician assistant. [The		

practitioner required by this section. The

1	medical record of each written controlled substance
2	prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
3	reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
4	supervising physician within seven working days.]"
5	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
6	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
7	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

S.B. NO. 2442 S.D. 1

Report Title:

Physicians Assistants; Medical Records; Controlled Substances

Description:

Streamlines the records review process for physician assistants by including review of physician assistants' prescriptions for controlled substances. (SD1)

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