

JAN 19 2022

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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1           SECTION 1. Chapter 329, Hawaii Revised Statutes, Part III,  
2 is amended by adding a new section to be appropriately  
3 designated and to read as follows:

4           "§329-    Opioid prescription drugs; naloxone; when  
5 prescribed. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, when  
6 prescribing an opioid or benzodiazepine medication to a patient,  
7 a prescriber shall do the following:

8           (1) Offer the patient a prescription for naloxone  
9           hydrochloride or another drug approved by the United  
10           States Food and Drug Administration for the complete  
11           or partial reversal of opioid-induced respiratory  
12           depression when one or more of the following  
13           conditions are present:

14           (A) The prescription dosage for the patient is ninety  
15           or more morphine milligram equivalents of an  
16           opioid medication per day;



1           (B) An opioid medication is prescribed within one  
2           year from the date a prescription for  
3           benzodiazepine has been dispensed to the patient;  
4           or

5           (C) The patient presents with an increased risk for  
6           opioid overdose, including a patient with a  
7           history of opioid overdose, a patient with a  
8           history of opioid use disorder, or a patient at  
9           risk for returning to a high dose of opioid  
10          medication to which the patient is no longer  
11          tolerant;

12          (2) Consistent with the existing standard of care, provide  
13          education to the patient on opioid overdose prevention  
14          and the use of naloxone hydrochloride or another drug  
15          approved by the United States Food and Drug  
16          Administration for the complete or partial reversal of  
17          opioid-induced respiratory depression; and

18          (3) Consistent with the existing standard of care, provide  
19          education on opioid overdose prevention and the use of  
20          naloxone hydrochloride or another drug approved by the  
21          United States Food and Drug Administration for the



1           complete or partial reversal of opioid-induced  
2           respiratory depression to one or more persons  
3           designated by the patient, or, for a patient who is a  
4           minor, to the minor's parent or guardian.

5           (b) A prescriber shall not be required to provide the  
6           education specified in paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (a)  
7           if the patient receiving the prescription declines the education  
8           or has received the education within the past twenty-four  
9           months.

10           (c) This section shall not apply to a prescriber under any  
11           of the following circumstances:

12           (1) When prescribing to an inmate under the jurisdiction  
13           of the department of public safety, division of  
14           corrections; or a youth under the jurisdiction of the  
15           department of human services;

16           (2) When ordering medications to be administered to a  
17           patient while the patient is in either an inpatient or  
18           outpatient setting; or

19           (3) When prescribing medications to a patient who is  
20           terminally ill.



1        (d) A prescriber who fails to offer a prescription as  
2 required by subsection (a), or who fails to provide the  
3 education and use information required by paragraphs (2) and (3)  
4 of subsection (a), shall be referred to the appropriate  
5 licensing board for administrative sanctions deemed appropriate  
6 by that board. This section shall not create a private right of  
7 action against the prescriber and shall not limit a prescriber's  
8 liability for the negligent failure to diagnose or treat a  
9 patient."

10        SECTION 2. Section 461-11.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
11 amended to read as follows:

12        **"§461-11.8 Opioid antagonist; authority to prescribe and**  
13 **dispense; requirements.** (a) A pharmacist, acting in good faith  
14 and exercising reasonable care, may prescribe and dispense an  
15 opioid antagonist to an individual who is at risk for an opioid  
16 overdose or a family member or caregiver of an individual who is  
17 at risk of an opioid overdose regardless of whether the  
18 individual has evidence of a previous prescription for an opioid  
19 antagonist from a practitioner authorized to prescribe opioids.  
20 The opioid antagonist prescribed and dispensed for a family  
21 member or caregiver of an individual who is at risk for an



1 opioid overdose may be prescribed and dispensed in the name of  
2 the individual who is to be treated with the opioid antagonist  
3 or in the name of the individual who is requesting the opioid  
4 antagonist, or an "Opioid Antagonist Recipient" or "OAR".

5 (b) A pharmacist who dispenses a prescribed order for a  
6 prescription drug that is an opioid shall inform the individual  
7 of the potential dangers of a high dose of an opioid, as  
8 described by the federal Centers for Disease Control and  
9 Prevention in the United States Department of Health and Human  
10 Services, and offer to dispense to the individual to whom the  
11 opioid is being dispensed, on at least an annual basis, an  
12 opiate antagonist approved by the Food and Drug Administration  
13 for the reversal of an opioid overdose if:

14 (1) The individual is, at the same time, prescribed a  
15 benzodiazepine, a sedative hypnotic drug,  
16 carisoprodol, tramadol, or gabapentin; or

17 (2) The opioid prescription is at or in excess of ninety  
18 morphine milligram equivalent, as described in the  
19 guidelines of the federal Centers for Disease Control  
20 and Prevention.



1        This subsection shall not apply to a pharmacist who  
2 dispenses a prescription drug to an individual who is in hospice  
3 care, palliative care, or a resident in a community living  
4 center operated by the United States Department of Veterans  
5 Affairs.

6        ~~[(b)]~~ (c) A pharmacist who prescribes and dispenses opioid  
7 antagonists pursuant to ~~[subsection (a)]~~ this section shall:

8        (1) Complete a training program related to prescribing  
9 opioid antagonists that is approved by the  
10 Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE), a  
11 curriculum-based program from an ACPE-accredited  
12 college of pharmacy, a state or local health  
13 department program, or a program recognized by the  
14 board;

15        (2) Provide the individual who is receiving the opioid  
16 antagonist with information and written educational  
17 material on risk factors of opioid overdose, signs of  
18 an overdose, overdose response steps, and the use of  
19 the opioid antagonist; ~~[and]~~

20        (3) Dispense the opioid antagonist to the individual who  
21 is at risk for an opioid overdose, family member,



# S.B. NO. 2030

1            caregiver, or individual requesting the opioid  
 2            antagonist for an individual at risk for an opioid  
 3            overdose as soon as practicable after the pharmacist  
 4            issues the prescription[-]; and

5            (4) Notify the individual who is receiving the opioid  
 6            antagonist of available generic and brand-name opiate  
 7            antagonists."

8            SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
 9            and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

10           SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;  
 11           provided that the amendments made to section 461-11.8, Hawaii  
 12           Revised Statutes, by section 2 of this Act shall not be repealed  
 13           when that section is repealed and reenacted on June 30, 2024,  
 14           pursuant to section 4 of Act 255, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019.

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INTRODUCED BY: \_\_\_\_\_


 A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink is written over a horizontal line. The signature is cursive and appears to be the initials 'JBL' followed by a flourish.


# S.B. NO. 2030

**Report Title:**

Opioids; Naloxone; Opioid Antagonist; Pharmacists; Prescribing; Dispensing

**Description:**

Requires a prescriber to offer a prescription of certain drugs under certain circumstances related to opioid overdose. Requires a prescriber to offer patient education under certain circumstances related to opioid overdose. Requires a pharmacist who dispenses a prescription order for an opioid to notify the individual of the potential dangers of a high dose of an opioid and to offer to dispense to the individual an opioid antagonist; provided that the individual is prescribed specific opioids at specified doses. Exempts patients in hospice or palliative care and residents of veterans community living centers. Requires a pharmacist to notify an individual receiving an opioid antagonist of the availability of generic and brand-name opiate antagonists.

*The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.*

