JAN 19 2022

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 53, Session Laws
- 2 of Hawaii 2017, extended the prohibition of the adoption of any
- 3 codes or regulations by the counties that require the
- installation of residential fire sprinklers in one- and two-4
- 5 family dwellings, except to meet firefighting road access or
- 6 water supply requirements. Because of the reliability and
- 7 effectiveness of residential fire sprinklers in suppressing a
- fire in its initial stages, national residential building codes 8
- 9 have required these sprinklers since 2009.
- 10 The legislature also finds that a prohibition of any
- measure that may be considered and adopted at the county level 11
- to improve and enhance fire survivability and reduce fire losses 12
- 13 of community residents by eighty per cent is not in the best
- interest of public health and safety. Residential fire 14
- sprinklers greatly reduce the spread of fire, thereby 15
- significantly reducing property damage and loss. 16
- 17 legislature further finds that the intensity, severity, and



- 1 spread of fire in residential buildings are directly related to
- 2 building contents and furnishings, and, although improvements
- 3 have been made in building construction, design, and materials,
- 4 the volatility and toxicity of today's synthetic materials allow
- 5 untenable conditions to be reached more rapidly. Moreover, the
- 6 legislature recognizes that the respective counties face unique
- 7 challenges and issues relating to fire protection, including
- 8 population density, proximity of structures, infrastructure,
- 9 access, and limited fire protection resources.
- 10 Accordingly, this Act recognizes and re-establishes
- 11 individual county authority or "home rule" as to appropriate or
- 12 applicable requirements. This concept is recognized,
- 13 acknowledged, and supported by the evidence presented in the
- 14 National Fire Protection Association's Fire Sprinkler
- 15 Initiative. The Fire Sprinkler Initiative's, report on
- 16 legislation and adoptions notes that two states, California and
- 17 Maryland, have statewide requirements for residential fire
- 18 sprinklers in new one- and two-family dwellings. However, the
- 19 report also notes that eighteen states have no statewide
- 20 requirements but allow local jurisdictions to require
- 21 residential fire sprinklers. Additionally, the state building

- 1 code council, established in 2007, is responsible for reviewing
- 2 and adopting the latest editions of national model building
- 3 codes for the State. The council is also the forum for
- 4 discussion by building code experts from the various fields of
- 5 building design, construction, safety, and health.
- 6 Finally, the legislature notes that on November 13, 2018,
- 7 the state building code council adopted the state residential
- 8 code, which requires all construction of new one- and two-family
- 9 dwellings in the State to have residential fire sprinklers
- 10 installed.
- 11 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to shorten the
- 12 prohibition on county requirements for automatic sprinklers or
- 13 sprinkler systems in one- and two-family detached dwelling units
- 14 and non-residential agricultural and aquacultural structures
- 15 located outside urban areas.
- 16 SECTION 2. Act 83, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, as amended
- 17 by Act 53, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, is amended by amending
- 18 section 3 to read as follows:
- "SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012;
- 20 provided that on June 30, $[\frac{2027}{7}]$ 2022, this Act shall be
- 21 repealed."



SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed	is	bracketed
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- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on June 29, 2022.

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INTRODUCED BY:

By Request

Report Title:

State Fire Council Package; Fire Safety; Sprinklers

Description:

Shortens the prohibition on county requirements for automatic sprinklers or sprinkler systems in 1- and 2-family detached dwelling units and non-residential agricultural and aquacultural structures located outside urban areas.

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