# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ENVIRONMENT.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that allowing composting
- 2 in agricultural districts will facilitate production of local
- 3 organic material that farmers can use to improve soil health,
- 4 increase drought resistance, and reduce the need for
- 5 supplemental water and fertilizers while also increasing crop
- 6 yields. The legislature also finds that composting is currently
- 7 not a permissible activity in agricultural districts, which is a
- 8 barrier for composting entities who seek to establish operations
- 9 in the districts from obtaining the necessary permits.
- 10 The legislature further finds that increased composting,
- 11 including composting of food waste, will also divert materials
- 12 from landfills, which are rapidly reaching capacity and facing
- 13 the burden of closure and re-siting, a process that will cost
- 14 each county hundreds of millions of dollars and create community
- 15 resentment. Increased composting will also move the State
- 16 closer to achieving the following:

1	(1)	The Aloha+ Challenge, which is a statewide commitment
2		to realize the United Nations' Sustainable Development
3		Goals, including the goals of achieving seventy per
4		cent waste reduction before disposal and doubling
5		local food production by 2030;
6	(2)	The Hawaii 2050 sustainability plan, which also sets a
7		mandate for the State to achieve full sustainability
8		and resilience through increased food production and
9		dramatic waste reduction via recycling and
10		bioconversion strategies; and
11	(3)	Increasing the generation of local compost to
12		sequester more carbon and mitigate climate change
13		pursuant to the strategy identified by the greenhouse
14		gas sequestration task force permanently established
15		by Act 15, Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, codified as
16		section 225P-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
17	The	legislature additionally finds that there is a single
18	general p	ermit for all prospective food waste composters that is
19	designed	to handle all potential applicants ranging from small-

designed to handle all potential applicants ranging from small-

to large-scale operations. Potential small-scale food waste

composters have indicated that the application process is too

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- 1 daunting, deterring them from applying. As a result, the State
- 2 has lost a valuable opportunity to reduce the amount of waste
- 3 that enters landfills, create economic benefits for composters,
- 4 and increase the supply of local organic soil enhancers for
- 5 Hawaii's agricultural and horticultural industries.
- 6 The legislature finds that the solid and hazardous waste
- 7 branch of the department of health had intended to develop an
- 8 additional, simplified application process for its general
- 9 permit targeting small-scale composters of green waste and food
- 10 waste to encourage more small-scale composters to apply for
- 11 permits. The simplified process would have increased the
- 12 workload on the solid and hazardous waste branch to provide
- 13 education to prospective applicants, process applications,
- 14 conduct site inspections, and respond to complaints. However,
- 15 an environmental health specialist position dedicated to these
- 16 types of solid waste facilities was eliminated and the
- 17 responsibilities of that position were absorbed by other
- 18 positions, leaving the solid and hazardous waste branch unable
- 19 to expand services to include the simplified general permit
- 20 application process for small-scale composters.
- 21 The purpose of this Act is to:

1	(1)	Encourage the production of local compost and the
2		diversion of certain materials from the State's waste
3		streams by allowing composting and co-composting
4		operations in agricultural districts, under certain
5		conditions; and
6	(2)	Establish and appropriate funds for an environmental
7		health specialist IV position in the solid and
8		hazardous waste branch of the department of health.
9	SECT:	ION 2. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by	y amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
11	"(d)	Agricultural districts shall include:
12	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
13		of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
14		forestry;
15	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
16		and game and fish propagation;
17	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
18		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
19		water;
20	(4)	Wind-generated energy production for public, private,
21		and commercial use;

1	(5)	Biofuel production, as described in section
2		205-4.5(a)(16), for public, private, and commercial
3		use;
4	(6)	Solar energy facilities; provided that:
5		(A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil
6		classified by the land study bureau's detailed
7		land classification as overall (master)
8		productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and
9		(B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with
10		soil classified as overall productivity rating
11		class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per
12		cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
13		acres of land, whichever is lesser, unless a
14		special use permit is granted pursuant to section
15		205-6;
16	(7)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
17		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
18		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
19		above activities, regardless of whether conducted on
20		the same premises as the agricultural activities to

which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as

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1		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
2		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
3		facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-
4		scale renewable energy systems producing energy solely
5		for use in the agricultural activities of the fee or
6		leasehold owner of the property, agricultural-energy
7		facilities as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(17),
8		vehicle and equipment storage areas, and plantation
9		community subdivisions as defined in section
10		205-4.5(a)(12);
11	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
12	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
13		other scientific and environmental data collection and
14		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
15		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
16		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
17		dwellings;
18	(10)	Agricultural parks;
19	(11)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
20		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
21		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;

1		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
2		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
3		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
4		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
5		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
6		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
7		section 205-5;
8	(12)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
9		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
10		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
11		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
12		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
13		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
14		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
15		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
16		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
17		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
18		as defined in section 165-2;
19	(13)	Open area recreational facilities;
20	(14)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
21		resources development, as defined under section 182-1;

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1	(15)	Agrı	curcurar-based commercial operations registered in
2		Hawa	ii, including:
3		(A)	A roadside stand that is not an enclosed
4			structure, owned and operated by a producer for
5			the display and sale of agricultural products
6			grown in Hawaii and value-added products that
7			were produced using agricultural products grown
8			in Hawaii;
9		(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned
10			and operated by a producer for the display and
11			sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,
12			value-added products that were produced using
13			agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo items
14			related to the producer's agricultural
15			operations, and other food items;
16		(C)	A retail food establishment owned and operated by
17			a producer and permitted under chapter 11-50,
18			Hawaii administrative rules, that prepares and
19			serves food at retail using products grown in
20			Hawaii and value-added products that were

1		produced using agricultural products grown in
2		Hawaii;
3		(D) A farmers' market, which is an outdoor market
4		limited to producers selling agricultural
5		products grown in Hawaii and value-added products
6		that were produced using agricultural products
7		grown in Hawaii; and
8		(E) A food hub, which is a facility that may contain
9		a commercial kitchen and provides for the
10		storage, processing, distribution, and sale of
11		agricultural products grown in Hawaii and value-
12		added products that were produced using
13		agricultural products grown in Hawaii.
14		The owner of an agricultural-based commercial
15		operation shall certify, upon request of an officer or
16		agent charged with enforcement of this chapter under
17		section 205-12, that the agricultural products
18		displayed or sold by the operation meet the
19		requirements of this paragraph; [and]
20	(16)	Hydroelectric facilities as described in section
21		205-4.5(a)(23)[-]: and

# H.B. NO. 1992

1	(17) Composting and co-composting operations; provided that
2	operations that process their own green waste and do
3	not require permits from the department of health
4	shall use the finished composting product only on the
5	operation's own premises to minimize the potential
6	spread of invasive species.
7	Agricultural districts shall not include golf courses and golf
8	driving ranges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
9	Agricultural districts include areas that are not used for, or
10	that are not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
11	reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics."
12	SECTION 3. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
14	"(a) Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil
15	classified by the land study bureau's detailed land
16	classification as overall (master) productivity rating class A
17	or B and for solar energy facilities, class B or C, shall be
18	restricted to the following permitted uses:
19	(1) Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy,
20	flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and
21	timber;

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1	(2)	Game and IIsh propagation,
2	(3)	Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish,
3		or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated
4		for economic or personal use;
5	(4)	Farm dwellings, employee housing, farm buildings, or
6		activities or uses related to farming and animal
7		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
8		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
9		and accessory to a farm, including clusters of
10		single-family farm dwellings permitted within
11		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where
12		agricultural activity provides income to the family
13		occupying the dwelling;
14	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
15		for agricultural practices;
16	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
17		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
18		riding stables, but not including dragstrips,
19		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
20		driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;

1	( / )	rubile, private, and quasi-public delility lines and
2		roadways, transformer stations, communications
3		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
4		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
5		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
6		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
7		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
8		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
9		structures;
10	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
11		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
12	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
13		in section 205-2(d)(15);
14	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
15		processing facilities, maintenance facilities,
16		photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable
17		energy systems producing energy solely for use in the
18		agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner
19		of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage
20		areas that are normally considered directly accessory

		to the above mentioned uses and are permitted under
2		section 205-2(d);
3	(11)	Agricultural parks;
4	(12)	Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in
5		this chapter means an established subdivision or
6		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and
7		agricultural support buildings on land currently or
8		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or
9		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing
10		structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and
11		new employee housing and agricultural support
12		buildings may be allowed on land within the
13		subdivision as follows:
14		(A) The employee housing is occupied by employees or
15		former employees of the plantation who have a
16		property interest in the land;
17		(B) The employee housing units not owned by their
18		occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable
19		rates for agricultural workers; or

1		(C) The agricultural support buildings shall be
2		rented or leased to agricultural business
3		operators or agricultural support services;
4	(13)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
5		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
6		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
7		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
8		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
9		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
10		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
11		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
12		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
13		section 205-5;
14	(14)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
15		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
16		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
17		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
18		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
19		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
20		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
21		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural

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1		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
2		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
3		as defined in section 165-2;
4	(15)	Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances
5		associated with the production and transmission of
6		wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy
7		facilities and appurtenances are compatible with
8		agriculture uses and cause minimal adverse impact on
9		agricultural land;
10	(16)	Biofuel processing facilities, including the
11		appurtenances associated with the production and
12		refining of biofuels that is normally considered
13		directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the
14		energy feedstock; provided that biofuel processing
15		facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact
16		agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the
17		vicinity.
18		For the purposes of this paragraph:
19		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
20		of the appropriate type and scale for economic
21		commercial storage and distribution, and other similar

1	handling of	feedstock,	fuels,	and	other	products	of
2	biofuel prod	cessing fac	ilities	•			

"Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal
residues and wastes that can be used to generate
energy;

appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural activity. To be considered the primary activity of an agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-energy facility shall be limited to lands owned, leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting the agricultural activity.

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1		As used in this paragraph:
2		"Agricultural activity" means any activity
3		described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection
4		"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an
5		enterprise that integrally incorporates an
6		agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy
7		facility.
8		"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
9		that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
10		energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
11		including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
12		gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
13		from agricultural lands located in the State.
14		"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure
15		of the appropriate type and scale for the economic
16		commercial generation, storage, distribution, and
17		other similar handling of energy, including equipment
18		feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-
19		energy facilities;
20	(18)	Construction and operation of wireless communication
21		antennas, including small wireless facilities;

1		provided that, for the purposes of this paragraph,
2		"wireless communication antenna" means communications
3		equipment that is either freestanding or placed upon
4		or attached to an already existing structure and that
5		transmits and receives electromagnetic radio signals
6		used in the provision of all types of wireless
7		communications services; provided further that "small
8		wireless facilities" shall have the same meaning as in
9		section 206N-2; provided further that nothing in this
10		paragraph shall be construed to permit the
11		construction of any new structure that is not deemed a
12		permitted use under this subsection;
13	(19)	Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming
14		operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
15		education and participation of the general public;
16		provided that the agricultural education programs are
17		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
18		use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural
19		education programs are to occur and do not interfere
20		with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of
21		this paragraph, "agricultural education programs"

1		means activities or events designed to promote
2		knowledge and understanding of agricultural activities
3		and practices conducted on a farming operation as
4		defined in section 165-2;
5	(20)	Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more than
6		ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
7		acres of land, whichever is lesser or for which a
8		special use permit is granted pursuant to section
9		205-6; provided that this use shall not be permitted
10		on lands with soil classified by the land study
11		bureau's detailed land classification as overall
12		(master) productivity rating class A;
13	(21)	Solar energy facilities on lands with soil classified
14		by the land study bureau's detailed land
15		classification as overall (master) productivity rating
16		B or C for which a special use permit is granted
17		pursuant to section 205-6; provided that:
18		(A) The area occupied by the solar energy facilities
19		is also made available for compatible
20		agricultural activities at a lease rate that is

1		at l	east fifty per cent below the fair market
2		rent	for comparable properties;
3	(B)	Proo	f of financial security to decommission the
4		faci	lity is provided to the satisfaction of the
5		appr	opriate county planning commission prior to
6		date	of commencement of commercial generation;
7		and	
8	(C)	Sola	r energy facilities shall be decommissioned
9		at t	he owner's expense according to the following
10		requ	irements:
11		(i)	Removal of all equipment related to the
12			solar energy facility within twelve months
13			of the conclusion of operation or useful
14			life; and
15		(ii)	Restoration of the disturbed earth to
16			substantially the same physical condition as
17			existed prior to the development of the
18			solar energy facility.
19	For	the p	urposes of this paragraph, "agricultural
20	acti	vitie	s" means the activities described in
21	para	graph	s (1) to (3):

1	(22)	Geotherma	l resources exploration and geothermal
2		resources	development, as defined under section 182-1;
3		[ <del>or</del> ]	
4	(23)	Hydroelec	tric facilities, including the appurtenances
5		associate	d with the production and transmission of
6		hydroelec	tric energy, subject to section 205-2;
7		provided	that the hydroelectric facilities and their
8		appurtena	nces:
9		(A) Shal	l consist of a small hydropower facility as
10		defi	ned by the United States Department of
11		Ener	gy, including:
12		(i)	Impoundment facilities using a dam to store
13			water in a reservoir;
14		(ii)	A diversion or run-of-river facility that
15			channels a portion of a river through a
16			canal or channel; and
17		(iii)	Pumped storage facilities that store energy
18			by pumping water uphill to a reservoir at
19			higher elevation from a reservoir at a lower
20			elevation to be released to turn a turbine
21			to generate electricity;

1		(B)	Comply with the state water code, chapter 174C;
2		(C)	Shall, if over five hundred kilowatts in
3			hydroelectric generating capacity, have the
4			approval of the commission on water resource
5			management, including a new instream flow
6			standard established for any new hydroelectric
7			facility; and
8		(D)	Do not impact or impede the use of agricultural
9			land or the availability of surface or ground
10			water for all uses on all parcels that are served
11			by the ground water sources or streams for which
12			hydroelectric facilities are considered[+]; or
13	(24)	Notw	ithstanding any other law to the contrary,
14		comp	osting and co-composting operations; provided that
15		oper	ations that process their own green waste and do
16		not	require permits from the department of health
17		shal	l use the finished composting product only on the
18		oper	ation's own premises to minimize the potential
19		spre	ad of invasive species."
20	SECT	ION 4	. There is established one full-time equivalent
21	(1.0 FTE)	perm	anent environmental health specialist IV position

- 1 in the solid and hazardous waste branch of the department of
- 2 health.
- 3 SECTION 5. There is appropriated out of the general
- 4 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 5 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for
- 6 one full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) permanent environmental
- 7 health specialist IV position for the solid and hazardous waste
- 8 branch of the department of health.
- 9 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
- 10 health for the purposes of this Act.
- 11 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 12 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 13 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2051.

#### Report Title:

DOH; Composting; Co-composting; Agricultural Districts; Permitted Uses; Environmental Health Specialist IV; Appropriation

#### Description:

Permits composting and co-composting operations in agricultural districts, under certain conditions. Establishes and appropriates funds for an environmental health specialist IV position in the solid and hazardous waste branch of the Department of Health. Effective 7/1/2051. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.