A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTHCARE PRECEPTORS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there is a shortage
- 2 of primary care providers in the State, which will be
- 3 exacerbated by the projected retirements of current physicians,
- 4 advanced practice registered nurses, and pharmacists. Training
- 5 for primary care requires precepting experiences with both
- 6 primary care providers and specialist providers. Although
- 7 students from Hawaii are interested in pursuing careers in the
- 8 healthcare service industry in Hawaii, in-state educational
- 9 institutions are constrained by the lack of clinical education
- 10 sites in Hawaii and limited supply of qualified preceptors. One
- 11 way to encourage the participation of preceptors is to offer an
- 12 income tax credit for health care professionals who serve as
- 13 preceptors.
- 14 The purpose of the existing healthcare preceptor income tax
- 15 credit established under section 235-110.25, Hawaii Revised
- 16 Statutes, is to incentivize volunteer preceptors to offer
- 17 professional instruction, training, and supervision to students

- 1 and residents seeking careers as health care providers. During
- 2 the first-year implementation of the tax credit, a large number
- 3 of providers trained eligible students in 2019, but only a small
- 4 subset met the eligibility requirements due to the primary care
- 5 qualifying criteria.
- 6 The legislature further finds that training physicians,
- 7 advanced practice registered nurses, and pharmacists in primary
- 8 care requires training from specialties that support primary
- 9 care, in addition to training from primary care providers. The
- 10 legislature also finds that the compensation limits for a
- 11 preceptor providing a volunteer-based supervised clinical
- 12 training rotation should be clarified to facilitate the
- 13 preceptor credit assurance committee's implementation of the tax
- 14 credit.
- 15 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 16 (1) Clarify the limits of when a preceptor may be
- 17 compensated for the provision of standard clinical
- services while providing a volunteer-based supervised
- 19 clinical training rotation;

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1	(2) Amend the definition of "preceptor" to improve
2	accessibility for providers to receive income tax
3	credits for acting as preceptors; and
4	(3) Revise the membership of the preceptor credit
5	assurance committee to include the director of health.
6	SECTION 2. Section 235-11(.25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended as follows:
8	1. By amending subsection (b) to read:
9	"(b) The amount of the credit shall be equal to \$1,000 for
10	each volunteer-based supervised clinical training rotation
11	supervised by the taxpayer, up to a maximum of \$5,000 per
12	taxable year, regardless of the number of volunteer-based
13	supervised clinical training rotations supervised by the
14	taxpayer. A taxpayer who is a preceptor may be compensated for
15	providing standard clinical services; provided that the taxpayer
16	<pre>shall be:</pre>
17	(1) Uncompensated for the clinical training above or
18	beyond clinical salary or reimbursements for clinical
19	services; or

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I	(2) Uncompensated from tuition funds or from state general
2	funds for the provision of clinical training
3	services."
4	2. By amending subsection (g) to read:
5	"(g) For the purposes of this section:
6	"Academic program" means an academic degree granting
7	program or graduate medical education program that:
8	(1) Holds either its principal accreditation or a physical
9	location in Hawaii; and
10	(2) Provides education to students, of whom more than
11	fifty per cent are residents of Hawaii.
12	"Advanced practice registered nurse student" means an
13	individual participating in a nationally accredited academic
14	program that is for the education of advanced practice
15	registered nurses and recognized by the state board of nursing
16	pursuant to chapter 457.
17	"Eligible professional degree or training certificate"
18	means a degree or certificate that fulfills a requirement to be
19	a physician or osteopathic physician, pursuant to chapter 453,
20	an advanced practice registered nurse, pursuant to chapter 457,
21	or a pharmacist, pursuant to chapter 461.

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- 1 "Eligible student" means an advanced practice registered
- 2 nurse student, medical student, or pharmacy student who is
- 3 enrolled in an academic program.
- 4 "Medical student" means an individual participating in a
- 5 nationally accredited academic program leading to the medical
- 6 doctor or doctor of osteopathy degree. "Medical student"
- 7 includes graduates from nationally accredited academic programs
- 8 who have continued their training, in the role of resident or
- 9 fellow, to obtain the additional qualifications needed for
- 10 medical licensure, pursuant to chapter 453, or specialty
- 11 certification.
- "Nationally accredited" means holding an institutional
- 13 accreditation by name to offer post-secondary medical primary
- 14 care education. Accreditation for medical students shall be
- 15 offered by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education or
- 16 American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic
- 17 College Accreditation. Accreditation for advanced practice
- 18 registered nurse students shall be offered by the Commission on
- 19 Collegiate Nursing Education.
- 20 "Pharmacy student" means an individual participating in an
- 21 academic program that is nationally accredited for the training

- 1 of individuals to become registered pharmacists pursuant to
- 2 chapter 461.
- 3 "Preceptor" means a physician or osteopathic physician $[\tau]$
- 4 licensed pursuant to chapter 453, an advanced practice
- 5 registered nurse $[\tau]$ licensed pursuant to chapter 457, or a
- 6 pharmacist $[\tau]$ licensed pursuant to chapter 461, who is a
- 7 resident of Hawaii [and who], maintains a professional [primary
- 8 care] practice in this State[\pm], and whose specialty supports
- 9 the development and training of an eligible student in primary
- 10 care.
- "Primary care" means the principal point of continuing care
- 12 for patients provided by a healthcare provider, including health
- 13 promotion, disease prevention, health maintenance, counseling,
- 14 patient education, diagnosis and treatment of acute and chronic
- 15 illnesses, and coordination of other specialist care that the
- 16 patient may need.
- "Volunteer-based supervised clinical training rotation"
- 18 means [an uncompensated] a period of supervised clinical
- 19 training [ef] to an eligible student that totals at least eighty
- 20 hours of supervisory time annually, in which a preceptor
- 21 provides personalized instruction, training, and supervision to

1	an eligible student to enable the eligible student to obtain an
2	eligible professional degree or training certificate."
3	SECTION 3. Section 321-2.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended as follows:
5	1. By amending subsections (a) and (b) to read:
6	"(a) There is established the preceptor credit assurance
7	committee within the department of health. The committee shall
8	develop and implement a plan for certifying healthcare preceptor
9	tax credits under section 235-110.25, including:
10	(1) Developing a process ensuring that requests for credit
11	certification are reviewed and verifications are
12	processed no later than thirty days following the
13	close of each calendar year; and
14	(2) Developing the documentation process for the committee
15	to certify a preceptor for the tax credit; provided
16	that the documentation to be collected shall include:
17	(A) The preceptor's name, address, place of practice
18	and Hawaii provider license number;
19	(B) Dates and hours of volunteer-based supervised

clinical training rotation per eligible student;

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1	(C) Attestation that the preceptor is uncompensated
2	for the volunteer-based supervised clinical
3	training rotation[; and]:
4	(i) Above or beyond clinical salary or
5	reimbursements for clinical services; or
6	(ii) From tuition funds or from state general
7	funds;
8	(D) Itemized specialties that support the development
9	and training of the eligible student in primary
10	care; and
11	$[\frac{\text{(D)}}{\text{(E)}}]$ Other information deemed necessary by the
12	committee.
13	(b) The committee shall be composed of [representatives]:
14	(1) The director of health or the director's designee; and
15	(2) Representatives of:
16	$\left[\frac{1}{A}\right]$ (A) The Hawaii/Pacific basin area health education
17	center;
18	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(B)}\right]$ The center for nursing; and
19	$[\frac{(3)}{(C)}]$ Academic programs with eligible students."
20	2. By amending subsection (e) to read:

- "(e) As used in this section, "academic program",
- 2 "eligible student", "preceptor", "primary care", and "volunteer-
- 3 based supervised clinical training rotation" shall have the same
- 4 meanings as in section 235-110.25."
- 5 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2060;
- 8 provided that section 2 shall apply to taxable years beginning
- 9 after December 31, 2021.

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Report Title:

Preceptors; Healthcare Preceptor Tax Credit; Compensated; Volunteer-based Supervised Clinical Training; Preceptor Credit Assurance Committee

Description:

Clarifies the limits of when a preceptor may be compensated for standard clinical services while providing a volunteer-based supervised clinical training rotation. Amends the definition of "preceptor" to improve accessibility for providers to receive income tax credits for acting as preceptors. Includes the director of health on the preceptor credit assurance committee. Effective 7/1/2060. (HD1)

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