

A BILL FOR AN ACT

MAKING AN APPROPRIATION TO THE HAWAII HEALTHY AGING PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Hawaii healthy
- 2 aging partnership (HHAP) program was established in 2003 to
- 3 improve the health status of older adults by empowering
- 4 residents to make healthy decisions and engage in healthier
- 5 lifestyles. Since its formation, the healthy aging partnership
- 6 program has successfully adapted evidence-based health promotion
- 7 programs and disease prevention programs for the multicultural
- 8 population in Hawaii. Participants may engage in two evidenced-
- 9 based interventions. First, the ke ola pono Better Choices
- 10 Better Health (BCBH) disease self-management programs are
- 11 evidence-based programs in which individuals with chronic or
- 12 ongoing medical conditions can learn how to effectively manage
- 13 their health to improve their quality of life. The second
- 14 intervention is EnhanceFitness, which is an effective, research-
- 15 driven exercise program to improve the overall functional
- 16 fitness and well-being of older adults. Due to the many

- 1 accomplishments of the HHAP program, it received the 2013
- 2 multicultural aging award from the American Society on Aging.
- 3 This accomplishment brought further recognition to the program's
- 4 role in improving the health of Hawaii's diverse aging
- 5 population.
- 6 The legislature also finds that the HHAP program received
- 7 state funding for fiscal year 2017-2018 through Act 103, Session
- 8 Laws of Hawaii 2017. The program did not receive state funding
- 9 for fiscal year 2018-2019 but received state funding for fiscal
- 10 year 2019-2020 through Act 124, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019.
- 11 For fiscal years 2020-2022, the program did not receive state
- 12 funding.
- When the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) broke out in
- 14 Hawaii, the HHAP program was forced to close all EnhanceFitness
- 15 sites and cancel BCBH workshops and training due to prohibitions
- 16 against in-person classes. A survey of EnhanceFitness
- 17 participants on COVID-19's impacts found that nearly all of the
- 18 active participants were negatively impacted by the pandemic and
- 19 their health status had declined. It also showed that kupuna
- 20 need access to safe and effective health promotion activities.
- 21 To overcome the challenge, the HHAP program developed programs

- 1 in alternative formats. As of October 2021, the program has
- 2 served more than three hundred ninety-two kupuna during the
- 3 pandemic.
- 4 Modified virtual exercise classes were offered online to
- 5 participants in Kauai County (sixty-five attended) and via a
- 6 televised airing in Maui County (more than ninety joined). When
- 7 the pandemic restrictions were eased, the HHAP program started
- 8 to offer small-group in-person EnhanceFitness classes (serving
- 9 ninety-seven kupuna in Kauai County) and virtual EnhanceFitness
- 10 classes (serving sixty kupuna in Maui County).
- 11 BCBH offered its disease self-management program remotely
- 12 by mailing a toolkit to participants and having the class via
- 13 telephone for those who are not tech-savvy (fifty-seven
- 14 participants in the city and county of Honolulu and Kauai, and
- 15 Hawaii counties), virtual workshops (sixteen participants in the
- 16 city and county of Honolulu), and asynchronous online classes
- 17 (seven participants from Kauai and Honolulu counties).
- 18 Preliminary evaluation findings showed that, during the
- 19 pandemic, the EnhanceFitness and BCBH programs remained
- 20 effective in all outcome measures. Thus, the HHAP program
- 21 partners have gained skills and experience in offering the

- 1 programs in alternative formats. As the COVID-19 restrictions
- 2 ease, the HHAP program is ready to scale up the programs, in
- 3 both remote and in-person formats, to help more kupuna to stay
- 4 healthy. However, limited funding for the HHAP program inhibits
- 5 these programs from continuing and expanding to meet the needs
- 6 of kupuna. Currently, the program depends on stretching the
- 7 state appropriation made for the fiscal year 2019-2020 to
- 8 maintain some program activities, and it also receives a small
- 9 amount of supplemental funding from county appropriations and
- 10 federal funds through Title IIID.
- 11 Without continued funding, the HHAP program may have to
- 12 close and in that case, the executive office on aging would be
- 13 unable to meet the first goal of the Hawaii state plan on aging,
- 14 which strives to maximize opportunities for older adults to age
- 15 well, remain active, and enjoy life in their communities.
- 16 The purpose of this Act is to appropriate funds for the
- 17 healthy aging partnership program to further the program's
- 18 important role in improving the health and well-being of
- 19 Hawaii's kupuna.
- 20 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general
- 21 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$500,000 or so much

- 1 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the
- 2 Hawaii healthy aging partnership program to continue the
- 3 program's operations to improve the health and well-being of
- 4 Hawaii's kupuna.
- 5 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the executive
- 6 office on aging of the department of health for the purposes of
- 7 this Act.
- 8 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.

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INTRODUCED BY: Chily

IAN 2 1 2022

Report Title:

Hawaii Healthy Aging Partnership Program; Executive Office on Aging; Appropriation

Description:

Appropriates funds for the Hawaii healthy aging partnership program to further the program's role in improving the health and well-being of Hawaii's kupuna.

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