



GOV. MSG. NO. 1144

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE
GOVERNOR

JUN 17 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,
President
and Members of the Senate
Thirty-First State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,
Speaker and Members of the
House of Representatives
Thirty-First State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 431
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on JUN 17 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

HB886 HD1 SD2

RELATING TO PROFESSIONALLY LICENSED
OR CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.
ACT 044

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE
Governor, State of Hawai'i

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PROFESSIONALLY LICENSED OR CERTIFIED GOVERNMENT
EMPLOYEES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. In the decision of *Slingluff v. State*, 131
2 Hawai'i 239, 317 P.3d 683 (Haw. Ct. App. 2013), the Intermediate
3 Court of Appeals held that "physicians employed by the State,
4 including prison doctors, exercising purely medical discretion
5 in the diagnosis and treatment of potentially injured or sick
6 people, are not protected from medical malpractice claims by the
7 doctrine of qualified immunity under Hawai'i law."

8 The purpose of this Act is to override the Intermediate
9 Court of Appeals' holding in *Slingluff* and clarify the personal
10 liability requirements for professionally licensed or certified
11 employees of the State by:

12 (1) Clarifying when the State shall be exclusively liable
13 for civil tort claims resulting from the negligent or
14 wrongful act or omission of a professionally licensed
15 or certified employee of the State acting within the



- 1 course and scope of the employee's office or
2 employment;
- 3 (2) Precluding civil actions or proceedings for money
4 damages against the state employee, except for claims
5 based on liability other than an employee's course and
6 scope of employment with the State or other employer;
7 and
- 8 (3) Clarifying liability when the State agrees to assume
9 full or partial responsibility in a civil action
10 against a professionally licensed or certified
11 employee.

12 SECTION 2. Section 662-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13 amended to read as follows:

14 **"§662-14 Exclusiveness of remedy. (a)** The authority of
15 the State or any state agency to sue and be sued in its own name
16 shall not be construed to authorize any other actions against
17 the State or such agency on claims [~~for torts of its employees,~~]
18 cognizable under this chapter, and the rights and remedies
19 provided by this chapter and section 661-11 shall be exclusive.

20 (b) The remedy against the State provided by this chapter
21 and section 661-11 for injury or loss of property, or personal



1 injury or death, arising or resulting from the negligent or
2 wrongful act or omission of any professionally licensed or
3 certified employee of the State while acting within the course
4 and scope of the employee's office or employment shall be
5 exclusive whenever the State agrees to be fully liable for the
6 injuries, losses, and damages caused by the negligent or
7 wrongful act or omission of the professionally licensed or
8 certified employee. Any civil action or proceeding for money
9 damages arising out of or relating to the same subject matter
10 against the employee or the employee's estate shall thereafter
11 be precluded without regard to when the act or omission
12 occurred; provided that claims based on liability arising from
13 employment with an employer other than the State shall not be
14 precluded. When an employee is named as a defendant in an
15 individual capacity, the State may notify all parties in writing
16 that the State is invoking exclusive liability by agreeing to be
17 fully liable for the injuries, losses, and damages caused by the
18 professionally licensed or certified employee, and the action or
19 proceeding shall thereafter proceed against the State alone.
20 The employee shall remain personally liable for those injuries,



1 losses, and damages for which the State has not accepted
2 responsibility.

3 (c) Nothing in this section shall create a right, claim,
4 or cause of action by an employee against the State if the State
5 does not invoke exclusive liability.

6 (d) The State shall retain the right to seek reimbursement
7 from an employee if, after invoking exclusive liability, the
8 State discovers that the employee was not acting within the
9 course and scope of the employee's office or employment."

10 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
11 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
12 begun before its effective date.

13 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

15 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

APPROVED this 17 day of June , 2022



GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 886, HD 1, SD 2

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: April 22, 2022
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki
Speaker
House of Representatives

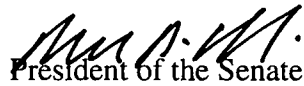


Brian L. Takeshita
Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: April 12, 2022
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Third Reading in the Senate
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.


President of the Senate


Clerk of the Senate