

#### OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

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April 11, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi, President, and Members of The Senate Thirty-First State Legislature Hawaii State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 The Honorable Scott K. Saiki, Speaker, and Members of The House of Representatives Thirty-First State Legislature Hawaii State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

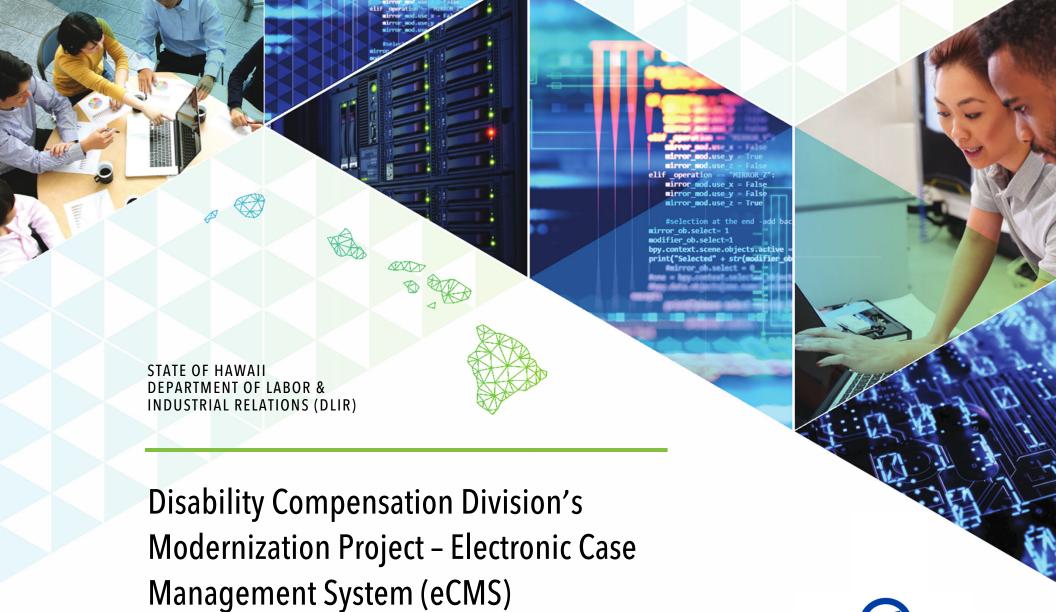
Pursuant to HRS section 27-43.6, which requires the Chief Information Officer to submit applicable independent verification and validation (IV&V) reports to the Legislature within ten days of receiving the report, please find attached the IV&V report the Office of Enterprise Technology Services received for the State of Hawaii Department of Labor& Industrial Relations Disability Compensation Division's Modernization Project – Electronic Case Management System.

In accordance with HRS section 93-16, this report may be viewed electronically at <a href="http://ets.hawaii.gov">http://ets.hawaii.gov</a> (see "Reports").

Sincerely,

DOUGLAS MURDOCK Chief Information Officer State of Hawai'i

Attachment (1)



MONTHLY ON-SITE IV&V REVIEW REPORT

REPORT FINALIZED

February 24, 2022 | Version 1.0

March 30, 2022





## *Table of Contents*





# Document History

DATE	DESCRIPTION	AUTHOR	VERSION
02/24/22	Monthly On-site IV&V Review Report Draft created	Julia Okinaka	0.0
03/30/22	Monthly On-site IV&V Review Report Final updated for corrections of documents in Appendix C and to reflect no comments submitted in Appendix F.	Julia Okinaka	1.0



## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### **BACKGROUND**

The State of Hawaii (State), Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) contracted DataHouse Consulting, Inc. (DataHouse) for the Disability Compensation Division's (DCD) Electronic Case Management System Project (eCMS Project). DLIR contracted Accuity LLP (Accuity) to provide Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V) services for the eCMS Project.

The Initial On-Site IV&V Review Report (IV&V Initial Report) was issued on August 30, 2019 and provided an initial assessment of project health as of June 30, 2019. Refer to the full Initial Report for additional background information on the eCMS Project and IV&V. The Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Reports (IV&V Monthly Reports) build upon the Initial Report to update and continually evaluate project progress and performance. Refer to Appendix E: Prior IV&V Reports for a listing of prior reports.

The focus of our IV&V activities for this report included the completion of a two-month assessment of requirements management and the beginning of a two-month assessment of cost management, organizational change management, and system operations. IV&V has areas of limited visibility or access to project activities and documentation that may prevent a complete identification of project risks.

The IV&V Dashboard on the following two pages provides a quick visual and narrative snapshot of both the project status and project assessment as of February 24, 2022. Additional explanation is included in Findings and Recommendations by Assessment Area for new findings and in Appendix D: Prior Findings Log for prior report findings. Refer to Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings for an explanation of the ratings.

CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

"To improve is to change; to be perfect is to change often."

-Winston Churchill



# PROJECT ASSESSMENT

AS OF FEBRUARY 24, 2022

## **SUMMARY RATINGS**

### **OVERALL RATING**



Significant severe deficiencies were observed requiring immediate remediation or risk mitigation.

PROGRAM GOVERNANCE



PROJECT MANAGEMENT



**TECHNOLOGY** 



**CRITICALITY RATINGS** 



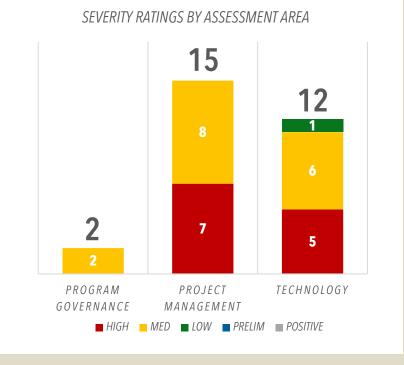




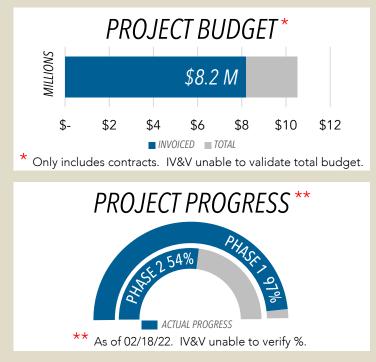


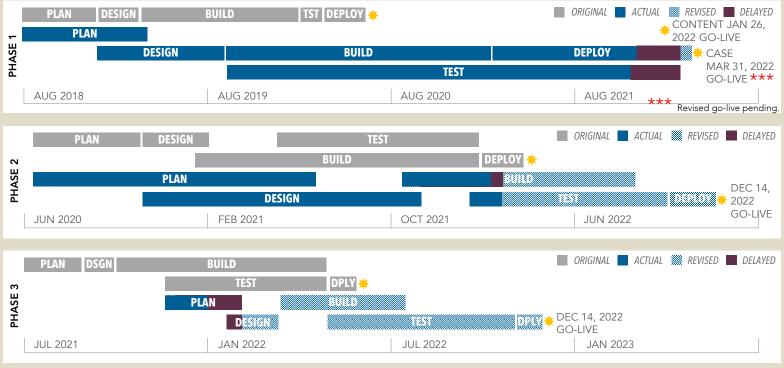


## 29 OPEN FINDINGS



## 45 OPEN RECOMMENDATIONS





# ASSESSMENT AREA & RATINGS SUMMARY

AS OF FEBRUARY 24, 2022

DEC	JAN	FEB	IV&V ASSESSMENT AREA	IV&V OBSERVATIONS
®	R	R	Overall	The Phase 1 Content Management system went live on January 26, 2022 for a small group of users. DLIR encountered system and user adoption issues post go-live that are currently being addressed. The Phase 1 Case Management March 31, 2022 go-live is deferred but the revised schedule is pending.
				Project Schedule: The Phase 1 Content Management rollout for DCD users is on track for February 25, 2022. DLIR and DataHouse are evaluating impacts of current delays for other phases on the overall timelines. Accuity is unable to fully assess schedule variances (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13).
				Project Costs: Contract costs are within the total contract amounts. DataHouse is prepaid for Phase 1 and 2 but is adjusting Phase 3 invoices under the revised payment schedule. DLIR is procuring two additional eCMS Project contracts. Accuity is unable to fully assess cost variances (refer to finding 2019.07.PM12).
				Quality: DLIR and DataHouse continue to address system issues in production for Phase 1 Content Management and during user acceptance testing (UAT) for Phase 1 Case Management. Quality metrics are still being defined (refer to finding 2019.07.IT05).
Y	<b>(1)</b>	•	Program Governance	It is important for project governance to help guide the project forward in order to avoid recurring schedule delays. Project governance plays an important role in helping to drive project progress, remove barriers, accelerate improvements, and enforce accountability.
R	R	R	Project Management	The continuing work from Phase 1 Content Management go-live caused an increase in schedule and resource issues for other phases. The two largest project risks are the resource and schedule constraints from Phase 1 Case Management UAT and Phase 1 Content Management issue resolution. DLIR started to monitor testing progress by planning and scheduling out test cases each week. Risk mitigation plans for other phases of the project need to be developed and implemented. Internal communications have improved with weekly standups and regular OCM updates. However, a communications plan with external stakeholders for future phases and rollouts still needs to be developed. Content Management business processes for the DCD stakeholder groups as well as the significantly more complex Phase 1 Case Management business processes still need to be clarified. A lessons learned meeting for Phase 1 Content Management was conducted. Developing and executing a plan to address the deficiencies identified during the lessons learned discussion will better position the project to handle and adjust to changes going into other phases.
R	V	•	Technology	In the month since Phase 1 Content Management go-live, users have encountered a number of technical issues with the system including performance, reliability, functionality, and data. The DataHouse Content Management development team is working closely with DLIR to resolve issues and released several patches and updates. Despite these efforts, user adoption remains low with users reverting to the legacy system to perform their work. DLIR and DataHouse need to improve the issue resolution process and develop a comprehensive plan to address transition issues. The go/no-go checklist and deployment activities for Case Management need to be finalized. IV&V has limited visibility of DataHouse development, testing, and data conversion activities.

## FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS BY ASSESSMENT AREA

The overall rating is assigned based on the criticality ratings of the IV&V Assessment Categories and the severity ratings of the

underlying findings (see Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings). The tables below summarize the criticality ratings for each IV&V Assessment Category in the three major IV&V Assessment Areas. The overall rating and ratings for all IV&V



### **OVERALL RATING**

#### KFY PROGRESS

Content Management is **LIVE** 

Held **LESSONS LEARNED** meeting

ONBOARDED more DLIR testers and INCREASED testing pace

#### KEY RISKS

LOW Content Management USER ADOPTION

RESOURCE & SCHEDULE challenges continue

**CONTINUOUS** reassessment and adjustment needed

Managem	ent is del	ayed. DL	·				_	nent did go live but Phase 1 Case dule and develop a comprehensive	
DEC JAN FEB PROGRAM GOVERNANCE DEC JAN FEB PROJECT MANAGEMENT									

Governance Effectiveness

Benefits Realization

DEC	JAN	FEB	TECHNOLOGY
<b>®</b>	V	V	System Software, Hardware, and Integrations
<b>G</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>G</b>	Design
Y	Y	Y	Data Conversion
<b>®</b>	R	R	Quality Management and Testing
Y	Y	Y	Configuration Management
Y	Y	Y	Security

DEC	JAN	FEB	PROJECT MANAGEMENT
R	R	R	Project Organization and Management
R	R	R	Scope and Requirements Management
R	R	R	Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management
R	V	<b>₹</b>	Risk Management
V	1	Ŷ	Communications Management
<b>₹</b>	Y	Ŷ	Organizational Change Management (OCM)
Ŷ	Y	Ŷ	Business Process Reengineering (BPR)
<b>G</b>	<b>G</b>	6	Training and Knowledge Transfer



### PROGRAM GOVERNANCE

Governance Effectiveness

Benefits Realization



## **PROGRAM GOVERNANCE**

DEC	DEC JAN FEB		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	F	FINDINGS		
DEC	JAN	LED	CATEGORY	IVAV ODSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED	
Y	<b>☆</b>	₩	Governance Effectiveness	It is important for project governance to help guide the project forward in order to avoid recurring schedule delays (2021.05.PG01). Project governance plays an important role in helping to drive project progress, remove barriers, accelerate improvements, and enforce accountability.	0	1	0	
<b>₹</b>	•	<b>₽</b>	Benefits Realization	No significant updates since the prior report. Project success metrics should be reevaluated to take into consideration the current project status and to focus on what can be realistically achieved in the remaining project timeline. DLIR also needs to begin collecting and monitoring success metrics data (2019.07.PG05).	0	1	0	



### PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Organization and Management

Scope and Requirements Management

Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management

Risk Management

Communications Management

Organizational Change Management

Business Process Reengineering

Training and Knowledge Transfer



## **PROJECT MANAGEMENT**

DEC	C JAN F		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	ı	FINDING	S
DEC	JAN	CATEGORY		NEW	OPEN	CLOSED	
R	R	R	Project Organization and Management	The continuing work from Phase 1 Content Management go-live has caused an increase in schedule and resource issues for other phases. DLIR and DataHouse need to maintain their increased collaboration and coordination to avoid further project constraints (2019.07.PM02). A lessons learned meeting for Phase 1 Content Management was conducted. Developing and executing a plan to address the deficiencies identified during the lessons learned discussion will better position the project to handle and adjust to changes going into other phases (2020.07.PM01). Improvements in deliverable review (2019.07.PM03) are still needed.	0	3	0
R	R	R	Scope and Requirements Management	Requirements continue to be clarified and refined during Phase 1 UAT and Phase 2 development. Phase 3 requirements gathering is still delayed but sessions plan to resume in March 2022. Additional improvements in requirement traceability (2019.10.PM01) and requirements management processes (2019.07.PM10) are needed.	0	2	0



### PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Organization and Management

Scope and Requirements Management

Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management

Risk Management

Communications Management

Organizational
Change Management

Business Process Reengineering

Training and Knowledge Transfer

DEC	JAN	FEB	IV&V ASSESSMENT	MENT IVEN OBSERVATION		FINDINGS		
DEC	JAN	FEB	CATEGORY	IV&V OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED	
R		R	Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management	The Phase 1 Content Management system went live on January 26, 2022 for a small group of users. The Phase 1 Content Management rollout for DCD users is on track for February 25, 2022. DLIR and DataHouse informed the ESC that the project schedule will require another rebaseline. It is unclear what the new schedule will be. The project team will need to improve their progress on Phase 1 Case Management UAT in order to avoid further schedule delays. DLIR started to monitor testing progress by planning and scheduling out test cases each week. Additional improvements in schedule management practices (2019.07.PM13) are needed to monitor schedule delays and evaluate root causes.  DLIR onboarded additional resources for UAT and is in the process of procuring additional resources. Resource engagement and ownership remains low. DLIR should continue pursuing other resource options (2019.07.PM14) and resource management strategies (2019.09.PM02).  Contract costs are within the total contract amounts. DataHouse is prepaid for Phase 1 and 2 but is adjusting Phase 3 invoices under the revised payment schedule. DLIR is procuring two additional eCMS Project contracts. Improvements in cost management processes (2019.07.PM12) are needed to track and monitor other project costs.	0	4	0	
R	<b>Y</b>	V	Risk Management	DLIR and DataHouse are working to address Phase 1 Content Management risks and issues but the time and effort that continues to be spent on Content Management is creating risks and issues for other phases. Risk mitigation plans for other phases of the project need to be developed and implemented (2019.07.PM09).	0	1	0	



### PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Project Organization and Management

Scope and Requirements Management

Cost, Schedule, and Resource Management

Risk Management

Communications Management

Organizational Change Management

Business Process Reengineering

Training and Knowledge Transfer

DEC	DEC JAN FEB		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	F	INDING	S
DEC	JAN	FED	CATEGORY	IVAV ODSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
<b>₩</b>	<b>☆</b>	<b>☆</b>	Communications Management	Internal communications have improved with weekly stand-ups and regular OCM updates. However, a communications plan with external stakeholders for future phases and rollouts still needs to be developed (2019.07.PM07). Continued open and transparent dialogue between all DLIR and DataHouse team members (2019.07.PM06) is also critical for smooth and timely project execution.	0	2	0
<b>V</b>	<b>☆</b>	<b>☆</b>	Organizational Change Management (OCM)	DLIR held regular post go-live stand-up sessions to provide additional stakeholder support. OCM updates are regularly emailed to stakeholders on a weekly basis. While some progress to increase participation and engagement from assigned DLIR testers was made, resource engagement and ownership remains low. Additional OCM plans and strategies (2019.07.PM08) are needed for other phases and rollouts as well as to increase tester support and confidence in the system.	0	1	0
<b>☆</b>	<b>☆</b>	<b>☆</b>	Business Process Reengineering (BPR)	Content Management business processes for the DCD stakeholder groups as well as the significantly more complex Phase 1 Case Management business processes still need to be clarified (2020.12.PM01). Improvements are also needed to discuss, prioritize, and analyze BPR opportunities (2021.08.PM01).	0	2	0
•	•	•	Training and Knowledge Transfer	DLIR continues to update Phase 1 Content Management and Case Management training materials for end users and system administrators to incorporate information learned during UAT. DLIR testing leads provided supplemental training and system walk throughs for other testing resources or Phase 1 Content Management users. The timing for Phase 1 Case Management training is still pending.	0	0	0



### *TECHNOLOGY*

System Software, Hardware, and Integrations

Design

Data Conversion

Quality Management and Testing

Configuration Management

Security



DEC	DEC JAN FEE		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	F	INDING	S
DEC	JAN	FEB	CATEGORY	IVAV OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
æ	V	<b>₹</b>	System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	Users have encountered a number of technical issues with the Phase 1 Content Management system including performance, reliability, functionality, and data. Despite efforts to resolve these issues, user adoption remains low with users reverting to the legacy system to perform their work. DLIR and DataHouse need to improve the issue resolution process and develop a plan to address transition issues (2022.02.IT01). The Phase 1 Content Management rollout for DCD users is on track for February 25, 2022. Details of maintenance and operations (M&O) roles and responsibilities for the Content Management system still need to be clarified (2019.09.IT02).  The Phase 1 Case Management March 31, 2022 golive is deferred but the revised schedule is pending. It is critical for the go/no-go checklist and deployment activities to be finalized (2020.09.IT01) due to the significantly increased complexity of the system and higher number of internal and external stakeholders that will require greater coordination and longer lead times.  Phase 2 development sprints are in progress and several sprint review sessions were held with DLIR stakeholders. DataHouse provided a burndown chart to track user story completion. The Phase 2 interface solution is still unclear (2019.07.IT02).	1	4	0
G	<b>6</b>	<b>G</b>	Design	No significant updates since the prior report. Further clarification is needed of how BPR opportunities could be addressed through system design (2021.08.PM01) and integration with external systems (2019.07.IT02).	0	0	0



## *TECHNOLOGY*

System Software, Hardware, and Integrations

Design

Data Conversion

Quality Management and Testing

Configuration Management

Security

DEC	DEC JAN FEB		IV&V ASSESSMENT	IV&V OBSERVATION	ŀ	FINDING	S
DEC	JAN	CATEGORY		IV&V OBSERVATION	NEW	OPEN	CLOSED
Y		Y	Data Conversion	No significant updates since the prior report. Procurement of DLIR data conversion resources is in progress to perform conversion of paper files. Additional clarification of plans to convert paper files (2019.11.IT01) is still needed.	0	2	0
R	R	R	Quality Management and Testing	DLIR significantly increased testing resources and is making progress to start planning and tracking test cases by week. However, the plan for test completion percentage targets may need to be revised as current performance metrics for Phase 1 are below planned (2019.10.IT01). Additional improvements in prioritizing and addressing UAT execution issues (2020.12.IT01) are also needed. DataHouse is progressing with Phase 2 system testing. DLIR and DataHouse need to finalize their quality management plans (2019.07.IT05).	0	3	0
Y			Configuration Management	No significant updates since the prior report.  Details of the configuration management plan (2019.07.IT06) including the DLIR approval process and management of concurrent development are pending.	0	1	0
Y		Y	Security	DataHouse completed the disaster recovery plan pending DLIR's review and approval. DLIR and DataHouse need to provide a comprehensive security management plan (2019.07.IT07), formal security policies (2019.10.IT02), and an M&O plan (2019.09.IT02).	0	2	0



#### TFCHNOLOGY

System Software, Hardware, and Integrations

Design

Data Conversion

Quality Management and Testing

Configuration Management

Security

FINDING #: 2022.02.IT01

STATUS: OPEN

TYPE: ISSUE

SEVERITY:



#### TITLE: CONTENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ISSUES AND LOW USER ADOPTION

Finding: Content Management system and rollout issues resulting in low user adoption.

**Industry Standards and Best Practices:** Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 15288-2015 Section 6.4.12 summarizes processes for transitioning the system into operational status.

Analysis: The eCMS Phase 1 Content Management system went live on January 26, 2022 and was rolled out to a small number of users in one stakeholder group. In the month since go-live, users have encountered a number of technical issues with the system including performance, reliability, functionality, and data. The DataHouse Content Management development team is working closely with DLIR to resolve issues and released several patches and updates. Despite these efforts, user adoption remains low with users reverting to the legacy system to perform their work. The following is a summary of transition risks or issues:

- The process for reporting user issues is not consistent with some issues logged in the quality log, DLIR Teams channel, or through email. This makes it difficult to track metrics, status, priority, or resolution of production issues.
- While some of the low user adoption is due to the technical issues with the system, it is unclear how much of this is due to user OCM issues (e.g., user resistance or training needs). User adoption blockers need to be identified.
- It is not clear what the root causes are for the number of technical and user issues encountered in production. Feedback was collected from users in a lessons learned session to identify areas of improvement but further analysis to determine root causes and improvement plans to specifically address these root causes are still needed.
- Although DLIR and DataHouse are working hard to address reported issues, it is unclear what the comprehensive plan or timeline is to address both technical and user issues to successfully transition all users onto the new system.

**Recommendations**: 2022.02.IT01.R1 – Improve production issue/defect processes.

- Reassess issue/defect reporting processes and tools to improve consistency and ensure documentation retention.
- Collect and use metrics to help in identifying production issue trends, analyzing system vs. user issues, and investigating root causes.

2022.02.IT01.R2 – Develop a comprehensive and prioritized plan to address transition issues.

- DLIR and DataHouse should work together to evaluate and prioritize the transition issues with the greatest impact on user adoption and develop a clear plan and realistic timeline.
- Plans should identify and address root causes of technical issues (e.g., ineffective or insufficient system testing or UAT, incomplete requirements, improper configuration or production promotion management) and user issues (e.g., inadequate training, change reinforcement mechanisms, or BPR discussions).



## Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings

#### **IV&V CRITICALITY AND SEVERITY RATINGS**

Criticality and severity ratings provide insight on where significant deficiencies are observed and immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required. Criticality ratings are assigned to the overall project as well as each IV&V Assessment Area and IV&V Assessment Category. Severity ratings are assigned to each risk or issue identified.

#### **TERMS**

#### **RISK**

An event that has not happened yet.

#### **ISSUE**

An event that is already occurring or has already happened.

#### Criticality Rating

The criticality ratings are assessed based on consideration of the severity ratings of each related risk and issue within the respective IV&V Assessment Area and IV&V Assessment Category, the overall impact of the related findings to the success of the project, and the urgency of and length of time to implement remediation or risk mitigation strategies. Arrows indicate trends in the project assessment from the prior report and take into consideration areas of increasing risk and approaching timeline. Up arrows indicate adequate improvements or progress made. Down arrows indicate a decline, inadequate progress, or incomplete resolution of previously identified findings. No arrow indicates there was neither improving nor declining progress from the prior report.



















A YELLOW, medium criticality rating is assigned when deficiencies were observed that merit attention. Remediation or risk mitigation should be performed in a timely manner.

A RED, high criticality rating is assigned when

significant severe deficiencies were observed and

immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required.

A GREEN, low criticality rating is assigned when the activity is on track and minimal deficiencies were observed. Some oversight may be needed to ensure the risk stays low and the activity remains on track.



A GRAY rating is assigned when the category being assessed has incomplete information available for a conclusive observation and recommendation or is not applicable at the time of the IV&V review.



#### **Severity Rating**

Once risks are identified and characterized, Accuity will examine project conditions to determine the probability of the risk being identified and the impact to the project, if the risk is realized. We know that a risk is in the future, so we must provide the probability and impact to determine if the risk has a Risk Severity, such as Severity 1 (High), Severity 2 (Moderate), or Severity 3 (Low).

While a risk is an event that has not happened yet, an issue is something that is already occurring or has already happened. Accuity will examine project conditions and business impact to determine if the issue has an Issue Severity, such as Severity 1 (High/Critical Impact/System Down), Severity 2 (Moderate/Significant Impact), or Severity 3 (Low/Normal/Minor Impact/Informational).

Findings that are positive or preliminary concerns are not assigned a severity rating.



**SEVERITY 1:** High/Critical level



**SEVERITY 2:** Moderate level



SEVERITY 3: Low level



**TERMS** 

**POSITIVE** 

Celebrates high

performance or

**PRELIMINARY** 

project successes.



# Appendix B: Industry Standards and Best Practices

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION	
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act	
ADKAR®	Prosci ADKAR: Awareness, Desire, Knowledge, Ability, and Reinforcement	
BABOK® v3	Business Analyst Body of Knowledge	
DAMA-DMBOK® v2	DAMA International's Guide to the Data Management Body of Knowledge	
HIPAA	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996	
MARS-E v2.0	CMS Minimum Acceptable Risk Standards for Exchanges – Exchange Reference Architecture Supplement	
MITA v3.0	Medicaid Information Technology Architecture	
PMBOK® v7 Project Management Institute (PMI) Project Management Body of Knowledge		
SWEBOK v3	Guide to the Software Engineering Body of Knowledge	
TOGAF® v9.2	The Open Group Architecture Framework Standard	
COBIT® 2019 Framework	Control Objectives for Information and Related Technologies Framework	
IEEE 828-2012	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard for Configuration Management in Systems and Software Engineering	
IEEE 1062-2015	IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Acquisition	
IEEE 1012-2016	IEEE Standard for System, Software, and Hardware Verification and Validation	
IEEE 730-2014	IEEE Standard for Software Quality Assurance Processes	
ISO 9001:2015	International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Quality Management Systems – Requirements	
ISO/IEC 25010:2011	ISO/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Systems and Software Engineering – Systems and Software Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) – System and Software Quality Models	
ISO/IEC 16085:2006	ISO/IEC Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Risk Management	



STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
IEEE 16326-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Project Management
IEEE 29148-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Requirements Engineering
IEEE 15288-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – System Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 12207-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 24748-1-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 1: Guidelines for Life Cycle Management
IEEE 24748-2-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 2: Guidelines for the Application of ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 (System Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 24748-3-2012	IEEE Guide: Adoption of ISO/IEC TR 24748-3:2011, Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 3: Guide to the Application of ISO/IEC 12207 (Software Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 14764-2006	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard for Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes – Maintenance
IEEE 15289-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Content of Life Cycle Information Items (Documentation)
IEEE 24765-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Vocabulary
IEEE 26511-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Requirements for Managers of Information for Users of Systems, Software, and Services
IEEE 23026-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Engineering and Management of Websites for Systems, Software, and Services Information
IEEE 42010-2011	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Architecture Description
IEEE 29119-1-2013	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 1: Concepts and Definitions
IEEE 29119-2-2013	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 2: Test Processes
IEEE 29119-3-2013	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 3: Test Documentation
IEEE 29119-4-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 4: Test Techniques



STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
IEEE 1484.13.1-2012	IEEE Standard for Learning Technology – Conceptual Model for Resource Aggregation for Learning, Education, and Training
ISO/IEC TR 20000- 11:2015	ISO/IEC Information Technology – Service Management – Part 11: Guidance on the Relationship Between ISO/IEC 20000-1:2011 and Service Management Frameworks: ITIL®
ISO/IEC 27002:2013	Information Technology – Security Techniques – Code of Practice for Information Security Controls
SAML v2.0	Security Assertion Markup Language v2.0
SoaML v1.0.1	Service Oriented Architecture Modeling Language
CMMI-DEV v1.3	Capability Maturity Model Integration for Development
FIPS 199	Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems
FIPS 200	FIPS Publication 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems
NIST 800-53 Rev 5	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations
NIST Cybersecurity Framework v1.1	NIST Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity
LSS	Lean Six Sigma



# Appendix C: Interviews, Meetings, and Documents

### **INTERVIEWS**

DATE	INTERVIEWEE
2/18/22	Interview with LIRAB Stakeholder

#### **MEETINGS**

DATE	MEETING DESCRIPTION
01/26/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
01/27/22	PM Status Meeting
01/28/22	UAT Encapture-FileNet Performance Test
01/28/22	Post Go-Live LIRAB Stand-Up Call Meeting
01/31/22	Post Go-Live LIRAB Stand-Up Call Meeting
01/31/22	IV&V DLIR Update Meeting
02/01/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/01/22	Weekly DCD Risk Meeting
02/01/22	Post Go-Live LIRAB Stand-Up Call Meeting
02/02/22	Post Go-Live LIRAB Stand-Up Call Meeting
02/02/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/03/22	PM Status Meeting
02/03/22	Post Go-Live LIRAB Stand-Up Call Meeting
02/03/22	IV&V Report Draft Walkthrough
02/04/22	Post Go-Live LIRAB Stand-Up Call Meeting



### **MEETINGS (CONTINUED)**

DATE	MEETING DESCRIPTION
02/07/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/07/22	DCD OCM Update Meeting
02/07/22	Weekly DCD Risk Meeting
02/08/22	PM Status Meeting
02/09/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/10/22	PM Status Meeting
02/11/22	Monthly eCMS Steering Committee Meeting
02/14/22	Weekly DCD Risk Meeting
02/14/22	Content Management Quality Log Session
02/14/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/15/22	PM Status Meeting
02/15/22	Case Management UAT Stand-Up
02/15/22	OCM Working Session
02/16/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/17/22	Case Management UAT Stand-Up
02/22/22	PM Status Meeting
02/22/22	Case Management UAT Stand-Up
02/23/22	Lessons Learned
02/23/22	IV&V DCD Update Meeting
02/24/22	PM Status Meeting



## **MEETINGS (CONTINUED)**

DATE	MEETING DESCRIPTION
02/24/22	Case Management UAT Stand-Up
02/24/22	Phase 2: Sprint 6.4 Review

### **DOCUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

ТҮРЕ	DOCUMENT
Request for Proposal	State of Hawaii DLIR DCD RFP No. RFP-17-002-DCD (Release Date 04/12/18)
DataHouse Proposal	DataHouse eCMS Best and Final Offer (BAFO) Proposal (Dated 06/20/18)
Request for Proposal	State of Hawaii DLIR DCD IV&V RFP No. RFP-18-001-DCD (Release Date 12/28/18)
Contract	Contract between State of Hawaii and DataHouse Consulting Inc. (Effective 08/27/18)
Development	Case Management Phase 2 Build Burndown (02/16/22)
Development	DataHouse Development Team Status Meeting Minutes (01/26/22, 02/02/22, 02/09/22, 02/16/22)
Design	Design of Form TDI-62 (02/28/22)
Design	Design of Form HC-15 (02/28/22)
Requirements	Case Management Requirement Version 1.9 (Updated 01/26/22)
Requirements	Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM) (02/24/22)
Governance	eCMS ESC Meeting Agenda (02/11/22)
Governance	eCMS ESC Meeting Minutes (01/14/22)
Governance	eCMS ESC Meeting DataHouse Project Dashboard (02/11/22)
OCM	OCM Agenda (02/28/22)
OCM	DCD eCMS Modernization Project Update (02/02/22, 02/09/22, 02/16/22, 02/23/22)



### **DOCUMENTS (CONTINUED)**

TYPE	DOCUMENT
OCM	OCM Project Overview (02/12/22)
Project Management	DLIR Lessons Learned Log (02/24/22)
Project Management	Phase 1A Content DCD Go Live Readiness Assessment (02/19/22)
Quality	Content Management Quality Tracking Log (02/24/22)
Risk and Issues	RAID (Risk Action Issue Decision) Log (Updated 02/24/22 by DataHouse Project Manager)
Schedule	eCMS Microsoft Project Plan as of 02/18/22 (MPP file)
Schedule	Filtered Project Plans (Late Tasks, Upcoming 4 weeks) (01/31/22, 02/08/22, 02/15/22, and 02/22/22)
Testing	Test Plan, v1.1 (02/21/22)
Testing	Case Management Test Cases (02/24/22)
Testing	Content Management Test Cases (02/24/22)
Testing	Case Management UAT Metrics (02/24/22)
Testing	Content Management UAT Metrics (02/24/22)
Testing	Case Management UAT Salesforce Bug Tracker Export (02/21/22)
Testing	Phase 2 Case Management Test Cases (02/24/22)
Testing	Phase 3 Case Management Test Cases (02/24/22)
Training	DCD Content Management Training Guides (02/07/22)
Development	Phase 2 Epic 5 Sprint 5.9 Documentation (Review notes and user feedback notes) (2 files)
Development	Phase 2 Epic 6 Sprint 6.9 Documentation (Review notes and user feedback notes) (2 files)
Development	Phase 2 Epic 6 Sprint 6.4 Documentation (Review notes, user stories and user feedback notes) (3 files)
Security	Case Management Disaster Recovery Plan (Pending DLIR approval)



Appendix D: Prior Findings Log



#### Appendix D: Prior Findings Log

ASSESSMENT		ORIGINAL	CURRENT					FIN	NDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION ST.	ATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Business Process	2021.08.PM01 Risk	Moderate	Moderate		In the initial round of Phase 2 design sessions, preliminary design mock-	2021.08.PM01.R1	Identify and analyze BPR	Consider areas with greatest impact or value due to transaction volume,		09/28/21: A few high impact and value BPR opportunities and possible		
Reengineering				for BPR may reduce operational	ups were presented and did not seem to completely address the requests		opportunities.	severity of pain points, or priority within DLIR's operational goals (e.g.,		system design options were discussed during follow-up Phase 2 design		
				performance gains achieved.	and current operational pain points raised by DLIR SMEs during the			WC-3 form processing and reconciliation, insurance plans form		sessions. Further discussions are needed for DLIR SMEs to better understand		
					requirements gathering stage. While some features were presented that			processing, employer compliance monitoring, and Special		now other BPR opportunities could be addressed through system design.		
					will help to improve operational performance, there were missed			Compensation Fund (SCF) recordkeeping).		TO (OV (OA DUB)		
					opportunities to achieve even greater improvements through system			•Explore possible BPR solutions that include business process changes		10/26/21: DLIR began to track some BPR opportunities in a log.		
					automation, integration, and capabilities. Design sessions with SMEs were			and/or system functionality.		11/29/21 and 12/29/21: No updates to report.		
					more focused around technical design aspects while the SMEs sometimes			Increase discussions between DLIR and DataHouse to better connect		11/29/21 and 12/29/21: No updates to report.		
					struggled to understand the business context of the design or how the			business processes to system capabilities.  •Ensure SMEs understand the importance of BPR and when and how BPR		01/25/22: Some BPR opportunities continue to be discussed in Phase 2		
					system could help to solve operational challenges. Business process							
					improvement is a key deliverable identified in the RFP and in DataHouse's contract but there are no formal plans or processes for BPR activities. As			will be discussed throughout the project.		development sprint sessions and Phase 3 requirements gathering.  dentification of those BPR opportunities with the greatest impact or value is		
					such, it is difficult to assess the effectiveness and completeness of BPR					still needed.		
					activities as well as the operational performance gains targeted and					still fleeded.		
					achieved. Solutions to address BPR opportunities can continue to be					02/24/22: No updates to report.		
					explored in follow-up design sessions as well as during the build stage;				ľ	32/24/22. No apoates to report.		
					however, it is critical to identify and address these early to prevent					Accuity will continue to assess BPR and design processes.		
					additional effort to correct later. DLIR plans to meet with SMEs prior to		1		ľ	to assess or it and design processes.		
					meetings to better prepare them to actively and effectively participate in							
					project activities. DataHouse plans to provide more background and							
					business context during follow-up design sessions.							
					Although this finding is reported under the Business Process							
					Reengineering IV&V Assessment Category, this finding also impacts the							
					criticality rating for Design. In addition to the specific recommendation							
					made as a part of this finding, the IV&V recommendation made at finding							
					2020.12.PM01 will also help to address this issue.							
Governance	2021.05.PG01 Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Insufficient support and guidance from	Since December 2020, DLIR and DataHouse have been working to	2021.05.PG01.R1	Increase project governance	Discuss high-impact barriers/blockers and mitigation plans for critical	pen	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September		
Effectiveness				project governance may limit the	address and analyze various Content Management issues (refer to finding		involvement.	issues with ESC.	ŀ	2021.		
				project's ability to overcome current	2021.03.IT01). In March 2021, DataHouse presented three options to the			•Evaluate how various ESC members can be leveraged to remove				
				project challenges.	ESC for the Content Management solution. Previous plans and timelines			barriers and execute mitigation plans.		09/28/21: The monthly ESC meeting was cancelled in September but the		
					to make a decision regarding the Content Management solution were			Consider adding additional ESC meetings until critical issues are		DataHouse and DLIR project sponsors are meeting regularly. The revised		
					postponed to allow more time for additional analysis. DLIR and			resolved.		timeline and payment schedules will be presented to the ESC in October		
					DataHouse recently agreed on a new plan and timeline of tasks to reach a			Consider establishing more frequent touchpoints with DLIR and	ŀ	2021 for approval.		
					decision regarding the Content Management solution by July 2021. As			DataHouse project sponsors to more closely monitor and drive progress				
					the Content Management implementation delays are stalling the Phase 1			of executing mitigation plans for critical issues.		10/26/21: The ESC reviewed DataHouse's revised payment schedules and		
					Case Management and Phase 2 activities and significantly impacting				,	approved the new project timelines.		
					project success, it is critical for project governance to ensure that the project sets and sticks to plans to address this and other high-impact					11/29/21: The ESC approved to re-baseline the Phase 1 Content		
					issues (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings Log). Additional guidance and					Management timeline again. Additional oversight is needed to ensure		
					more active involvement from the ESC and project sponsors are needed to					revised timelines are achieved.		
					help remove barriers and drive progress.				ľ	evised unionics are defleved.		
					nospiromovo particis and drive progress.					12/29/21: The eCMS Project is facing a number of significant challenges that		
										could prevent successful completion of all three phases in 2022 as planned.		
										The ESC, ETS, and senior DataHouse and DLIR leaders should increase		
										oversight to guide the project to success. The DataHouse Project Sponsor		
										plans to prepare a wellness plan to address project risks and issues.		
											1	
										01/25/22: The DataHouse Project Sponsor significantly increased involvement		
										and committed additional resources which helped the project team to make		
									Į.	greater progress towards the Phase 1 Content Management go-live. Program		
										governance is especially critical for guiding the project to the Phase 1 Case		
									J	Management go-live that is currently at risk.		
										2/24/22: DataHouse's additional resources committed during the Content		
										Management go-live for LIRAB are not currently being deployed. It is		
										mportant for project governance to help guide the project forward in order to		
									ŀ	avoid recurring schedule delays.		
									ŀ	Accuity will continue to monitor governance effectiveness.		
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ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE C	LOSURE REASON
Business Process Reengineering	2020.12.PM01	Risk	Moderate	Moderate		Ongoing Phase 1 Content Management UAT is raising questions regarding how the system will be used after interim Content Management go-live as well as the integrated Case Management go-live. The most critical business process in question is the use of the new quick response (OR) coded workers' compensation forms and the related business process for data entry and scanning of these forms during the interim phase. Other examples of business processes that need to be clarified include initial paper conversion scanning, subsequent separation and indexing of files, transferring of cases to LIRAB during the interim, preparing and viewing select documents for hearings, storing/indexing files associated to multiple cases, and acceptable use of annotations in electronic documents. Calification of business processes is critical to ensure that proper UAT test cases are designed around how the system will be used in the future. Clear understanding of business processes is also important to provide timely communications and necessary training to impacted stakeholders prior to go-live.		Clarify redesigned business processes.	-Identify business processes that need to change with the modernized systemDiscuss and evaluate options for redesigning identified business processes considering impacts on stakeholdersEnsure that communication and training plans are updated for major changes in business processesConsider business process improvement performance goals and successmetricsConsider creating business process flows for the interim Content Management phaseConsider creating informational flyers/cheat sheets to help internal and external stakeholders understand and prepare for business process changes.	5	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: DLIR needs to discuss and decide upon key business processes for the Content Management system to adequately plan and prepare for upcoming UAT and go-live.  10/26/21: DLIR reached a decision on a critical Content Management business process but needs to further clarify the process details for the upcoming go-live.  11/29/21: DLIR continues to discuss and clarify some of the Phase 1 Content Management business processes questions that are arising during UAT.  12/29/21: DLIR is making progress on drafting additional process documentation related to scanning. However, a couple key business process documentation related to scanning. However, a couple key business process decisions related to Content Management are still pending and need to be determined due to the upcoming go-live.  01/25/22: Business processes continue to be discussed and refined for the limited DLIR stakeholder group in the first rollout of Phase 1 Content Management business processes processes for other stakeholder groups as well as the significantly more complex Phase 1 Case Management business processes still need to be clarified.  02/24/22: No updates to report.  Accuity will continue to assess business process decisions and documentation.		

ASSESSMENT		ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Quality	2020.12.IT01 Issue	High	High		DLIR began UAT of the Phase 1 Content Management solution and is	2020.12.IT01.R1	Develop a prioritized plan to	•DLIR and DataHouse should work together to evaluate and prioritize the	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September		
Management and					scheduled to complete testing in the first week of January 2021. DLIR was		address UAT execution issues.	UAT execution issues with the greatest impact on the Content		2021.		
Testing				quality and project success.	not able to sufficiently prepare test cases prior to UAT kickoff, testing is			Management go-live date.				
					generally not formally documented, and adequate testing resources were			<ul> <li>Develop a clear plan and realistic timeline to address UAT execution</li> </ul>		09/28/21: Identification and coordination of specific testers for the various		
					not secured or trained. DLIR and DataHouse did implement a log for			issues considering availability of DLIR project resources.		testing efforts, preparation of test data and test scripts, and mapping out the		
					tracking UAT feedback and issues as well as daily meetings to discuss and					scope of each test cycle is still in progress.		
					review the latest log entries submitted by DLIR testers. DataHouse is							
					timely responding to log entries but it is unclear what DLIR's process and					10/26/21: It is unclear what the impact of recent technical issues may be to		
					thresholds are for evaluating and ultimately accepting residual issues in					the start of Phase 1 Content Management UAT scheduled to begin in		
					aggregate. Adequate UAT is necessary to ensure quality and overall					November 2021. UAT execution issues need to continue to be analyzed,		
					project success goals are met and that the project is able to move forward					prioritized, escalated, and resolved to ensure UAT can be timely completed.		
					The following project risks and issues (refer to Appendix D: Prior Findings					DLIR and DataHouse made improvements to test processes and plans (refer		
					Log) are impairing UAT execution:					to finding 2019.10.IT01) to better prepare for upcoming UAT. DLIR and		
					•Inadequate Resources (2019.07.PM14, 2020.03.PM01) – DLIR does not					DataHouse still need to further improve the issue/defect reporting tool and		
			1		have adequate testers and key DCD testers still need to get involved in	2020.12.IT01.R2	Improve DLIR understanding of	DataHouse should provide additional clarification and demonstration of		resolution process.		
1			1		testing activities. Additional DLIR resources are also needed to assist with		issue/defect resolution.	the functionality to be provided by the stand-alone Content				
1			1		test case preparation, tester training, and testing oversight.			Management solution and the integrated Case Management solution.		11/29/21: The Phase 1 Content Management timeline was deferred due to		
1			1		Inadequate Schedule and Resource Management Processes			This will help DLIR users understand limitations that are only temporary		technical issues. DataHouse and DLIR are working to resolve the top three		
					(2019.07.PM13 and 2019.09.PM02) – Formal tools and processes are not			and the additional functionality provided in later phases.		issues by early December 2021 prior to the rescheduled training and UAT.		
			1		used to manage DLIR testing resources' schedule and tasks.			•For issues not fixed by DataHouse, DLIR should ensure stakeholders		Improvements in defect and issue resolution and prioritization are critical to		
					•Incomplete Requirements (2019.07.PM10) – User feedback and technical			understand options (e.g., work arounds, change requests).		prevent further delays.		
					issues during UAT highlights the lack of adequately documented technical			DLIR should assign risk/criticality ratings for each of the unresolved				
					and functional requirements.			issues to provide quantifiable metrics for system acceptance and the		12/29/21: Performance metrics for both Phase 1 Content Management and		
					•Ineffective Communication (2019.07.PM06) – Limited communications			go/no-go decision.		Case Management UAT indicate lower than expected progress to complete		
					occurred between the Content Management development team and DLIR			Consider which issues/defects can be addressed after go-live by agreed-		planned test cases. DLIR does not have sufficient testing resources		
					during development. Recent daily meetings have helped to improve			upon resolution dates.		consistently performing Content Management or Case Management testing		
					communications but additional discussions are needed to increase DLIR's					and plans to onboard more testers in January 2022 to increase the pace of		
					understanding of the technical solution components.					testing. DLIR and DataHouse are working to address Content Management		
					Incomplete DLIR and DataHouse Test Plans (2019.10.IT01, 2020.02.IT01)					issues and defects but quality metrics indicate a high ratio of reported issues		
					- DLIR and DataHouse have not yet finalized their test plans. Test scope,					to completed test cases.		
					test processes, and testing documentation need to be further clarified					01/35/33. DUD and Data laws improved the process for reaching		
					between DLIR and DataHouse.					01/25/22: DLIR and DataHouse improved the process for resolving		
					•Technical Issues – A number of technical issues were encountered during					issues/defects for Phase 1 Content Management UAT by prioritizing those		
					UAT. The slowness of the system has prevented DLIR from bringing on additional testers for UAT. DLIR and DataHouse are in the process of					required to be addressed prior to go-live and agreeing to address remaining issues/defects by the end of February 2022. As for Phase 1 Case		
					investigating the issues and plan to perform network and application					Management UAT, performance metrics show only 1% of test cases have		
					testing in late December 2020.					been completed to-date and completion in February 2022 does not appear		
					Unclear Business Processes (2020.12.PM01) – Unclear business processes					likely. Insufficient testers and additional training for testers are the two		
					surrounding the new technical solution creates confusion on testing of how					biggest execution issues. DLIR is making some progress to expand the testers		
					the new system will be used in the future.					by functionality group but progress is slow, resource engagement and		
			1		Incomplete Quality Management Plan and Go/No-Go Decision Criteria					ownership remains low, resources need additional system and testing training,		
			1		(2019.07.IT05, 2020.09.IT01) – DataHouse and DLIR still need to finalize					and resourcing levels are still below the required number of testers needed.		
			1		their quality management plan and define quality metrics and acceptance					DataHouse committed on-site resources to support DLIR testers for Content		
			1		criteria.					Management UAT but it is unclear how these resources will be leveraged for		
			1		100 C 100 C 100 C					Case Management UAT. DLIR and DataHouse need to work together to		
					In addition to the specific recommendations made as a part of this finding					prioritize and address UAT execution issues.		
			1		the IV&V recommendations made at the findings referenced above will					production is a second of the original second of the secon		
			1		also help to address this issue.					02/24/22: The continuing work from addressing issues identified after Phase		
			1		The second secon					Content Management go-live is causing an increase in schedule and		
			1							resource constraints for other phases. Phase 1 Case Management testing		
			1							metrics indicate 11.89% of test cases completed while the projected		
			1							completion by the end of this week is 41.38%. Additional improvements in		
			1							prioritizing and addressing UAT execution issues are still needed.		
			1							and the same state of the same		
			1							Accuity will continue to evaluate UAT execution and issue/defect resolution		
			1							processes for Phase 1 Case Management.		
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ASSESSMENT ORIGINAL CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY FINDING ID TYPE SEVERITY SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations   2020.09.IT01   Issue   Moderate   High		e The criteria for the go/no-go decision are not completely and clearly defined and agreed upon. The decision to go-live involves many areas and tasks of the project including testing, quality management, security, data conversion, training, communications, and deliverable review, as well as the operational readiness of users. Various project plans often include or establish select criteria: however, some of these related plans pending completion or finalization include the test plans (2020.02.170 and 2019.10.1701), the quality management plan (2019.07.1705), and security management plan (2019.07.1707). Additionally, acceptance criteria for requirements (2019.10.1701), and for deliverables (2019.07.PM03) have not been established.  The Content Management system is scheduled to go-live on November 25, 2020 and Case Management on June 14, 2021. With the Content Management go-live date quickly approaching, it is important to establish clear criteria for the go/no-go decision. DLIR is planning to draft a go/no-go checklist to summarize all of the criteria and tasks. DataHouse plans to provide a cutover plan to provide additional information about pre and post go-live tasks.	2020.09.IT01.R1	go criteria.	- Establish go/no-go criteria in advance of the go-live decision to allow for sufficient time for tasks to be completed and criteria satisfied Ensure all parties agree upon go/no-go criteria including impacted stakeholders Consider go/no-go criteria such as all requirements meet acceptance criteria and are approved by DLR, end user training is completed, and critical bugs and issues are identified and resolved Consider setting go-live countdown checkpoints (e.g., 15, 30, 60, 90 days) for specific go/no-go criteria or tasks to be reviewed or completed by.		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  99/28/21, 10/26/21, and 11/29/21: With Content Management go-live approaching in less than three months, it is critical that go/no-go criteria are finalized. Clear go/no-go and acceptance criteria are critical for ensuring quality and overall project success goals are satisfied and verified prior to acceptance and moving the system into production.  12/29/21: Phase 1 Content Management go-live is less than a month away and Phase 1 Case Management go-live is three months away. Clear go/no-go criteria and milestones need to be established or criteria and milestones need to be established a consolidated go/no-go checklist for the first rollout of Phase 1 Content Management. Checklist items were prioritized between pre and post go-live completion. DUR and DataHouse agreed that post go-live items will be completed by the end of February 2022. Go/no-go checklists are still needed for the DCD rollout of Phase 1 Content Management planned for February 2022 and Phase 1 Case Management tin March 2022. It is critical for the go/no-go checklist and deployment activities to be finalized especially for Phase 1 Case Management due to the significantly increased complexity of the system and higher number of internal and external stakeholders that will require greater coordination and longer lead times.  02/24/22: The Phase 1 Case Management March 31, 2022 go-live is deferred but the revised schedule is pending. It is critical for the go/no-go checklist and deployment activities to be finalized.		
Project 2020.07.PM01 Risk Moderate High Organization and Management	Limited progress to address previously identified deficiencies for foundational project processes may result in reoccurring issues and delays.	IV&V identified a number of risks and issues since the IV&V Initial Report in July 2019 related to foundational project processes. Some of the more critical areas requiring improvements include cost amanagement, schedule management, resource management, requirements management, change management, resource management, end testing as these processes impact many aspects of the project execution and contribute greatly to overall project performance and project success. Identified deficiencies contributed to project delays experienced in Phase 1. For example, a significant amount of time was spent clarifying and refining Case Management user stories due to incomplete and unclear requirements documentation. Additionally, the project was delayed several times for AWS due to unclear requirements, tasks, and resources needed as well as ineffective processes to document and analyze the change and identify and mitigate risks associated to the AWS build.  Incremental progress was limited by availability of project resources and competing organizational and project priorities. With the kick-off of Phase 2 in August, this is a great opportunity to review identified deficiencies, evaluate the effectiveness of current project processes, reflect on lessons learned on the project to date, and make necessary improvements for upcoming activities. Additionally, addressing deficiencies will better position the project to handle and adjust to changes going froward including potential rapidly evolving circumstances related to the COVID-19 pandemic (refer to finding 2020.03.PM01).	2020.07.PM01.R2	Perform a project assessment.  Formulate a plan for addressing identified deficiencies.	-Consider performing retrospective for project processesConsider conducting performance assessments for the project team, individual team members, and governanceDocument lessons learned and necessary actions or follow-up to prevent reoccurrence of similar issuesPrioritize based on relevance to upcoming activities; consider focusing on requirements management and BPR processes to optimize effectiveness and efficiencies of upcoming requirements gathering sessionsDevelop high-level timeline and tasks for addressing deficiencies and begin tracking progress.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: There are 30 open findings from prior reports that include 15 from the August 2019 IV&V Initial Report. While some progress continues to be made, the pace of improvements is not enough to significantly improve project performance. Prior IV&V findings and lessons learned should be timely addressed to ensure these same issues do not continue to hinder project performance going forward. Continuing in the same way will likely lead to the same results.  10/26/21: DLIR and DataHouse made incremental improvements in many areas of the project. The DataHouse Project Sponsor also initiated discussions with IV&V to begin discussing how to address open findings. DLIR and DataHouse should continually reasses project performance, prioritize areas to focus on for improvement, and make adjustments to processes and plans accordingly.  11/29/21: DLIR and DataHouse continue to make incremental improvements but momentum has slowed from the prior month. The eCMS Project is already experiencing some challenges and setbacks under the re-baselined project schedule. Continuous improvements in project processes are critical to prevent reoccurring delays and improve project performance.  12/29/21: The DataHouse Project Sponsor plans to prepare a wellness plan to address identified deficiencies.  01/25/22: DataHouse assigned a resource to help with closing out prior IV&V findings. DLIR plans to perform a retrospective after the Phase 1 Content Management processes must be made to prevent reoccurring delays and improve project performance, especially for Phase 1 Case Management.  02/24/22: A lessons learned meeting for Phase 1 Content Management was conducted. Developing and executing a plan to address the deficiencies identified during the lessons learned in a plans to address the deficiencies identified during the lessons learned sizes with will better position the project to handle and adjust to changes going into other phases. The wellness plan is s		

ASSESSMENT	EINIDING ID TYPE	ORIGINAL	CURRENT	EINDING	ANALYSIS	DECOMMENDATION ID	DECOMMENDATION	FIGURE FARENTAL DECOMMENDATION		EINIDING STATUS LIDDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSUDE DE ASON
ASSESSMENT CATEGORY Data Conversion	FINDING ID TYPE 2019.11.IT01 Issue	original severity Moderate	CURENTY SEVERITY Moderate	Unclear data conversion plans and processes may reduce DLIR's ability to prepare for proper data conversion.	The Content Management Conversion and Migration (version 1.2 pending DLIR approval) and Case Management Conversion and Migration (version 1.1 pending DLIR approval) describe the data conversion process and roles and responsibilities between DataHouse and DLIR. DLIR is responsible for performing UAT on the data and ultimately signing off on the final reconciliation reports but has not yet formalized plans for these tasks. The data conversion plans do not provide sufficient details and DLIR does not have insight to the DataHouse data conversion teams' activities, tools, reports, risks and issues, and testing. As such, DLIR is unable to properly prepare for their part in the process and will not be able to adjust their data conversion test plans for maximum efficiency. Additionally, DLIR has not finalized plans for scanning current paper files to ensure necessary data quality to support system use at go-live.  The IV&V recommendations made at 2019.07.PM02.R3 and 2019.07.PM13.82 regarding DataHouse including DLIR in project activities and adding detailed tasks to the project schedule will also address this finding. Below are additional recommendations to further improve data conversion plans and activities.	2019.11.IT01.R2 2019.11.IT01.R3	data conversion process.	Explain how data conversion toots perform validation and reconciliation of steps and share available reports and logs.  Explain the process for how the data conversion plans will be updated for changes in system requirements.  Frovide details on timing, number of data extractions and tests to be performed, and necessary remapping of data.  Focus DLIR tests to address identified data conversion risks and issues.  Estimate data conversion test resource needs and ensure adequate resources are identified, trained, and scheduled (refer to findings 2019.09.PMO2 and 2019.07.PM14).  Evaluate the impact on operations and project success of different data conversion scanning approach options.  Estimate scanning time requirements and begin to schedule or acquire necessary resources (refer to findings 2019.09.PMO2 and 2019.07.PM14).	INDING: TATUS	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  90/28/21: Accuity changed this finding from a risk to an issue as the unclear plans and processes are impacting execution. Phase 1 Case Management data validation testing is currently underway. DUR SMEs are making progress to complete tests, however, execution was delayed due to discussion and ciarification of data conversion testing processes, training of testers on how to perform testing, and assigning testers specific test cases. Identification, documentation, or execution of additional data validation test scenarios are still needed.  10/26/21: Phase 1 Case Management data validation testing is mostly complete with DUR and DataHouse sworking to address the remaining issues. After going through the data conversion testing for Phase 1, DUR better understands DataHouse's data conversion process and the importance of formalizing their own test plans. DUR and DataHouse shuld continue to refine processes including issue status and resolution, DUR testing documentation, and test metrics. DUR and DataHouse still need to discuss and plan for the conversion of paper files.  11/29/21: DUR discussed when paper files should be scanned in but no decision or plan was made.  12/29/21: DUR is looking to procure additional data conversion resources and is assessing options for scope and timing of paper files to be scanned.  11/29/22: Procurement of DUR data conversion resources is in progress to perform conversion of paper files. The procurement covers open cases and closed cases for the last 30 years. The estimated contract start date is early March 2022 and the target completion date is February 2023. It is unclear how the timing of this work will impact the use of the new system or business processes for the Phase 1 Content Management DCD rollout and the Phase 1 Case Management go-live.	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Scope and Requirements Management	2019.10.PM01 Risk	High	High	The current RTM documentation and tool may hinder traceability, which may impact the ability to ensure the overall eCMS solution fulfills all requirements and provides context and expectations for design, development, and testing.	developed separate from the DataHouse contract requirements and more detailed requirements were developed by the Content Management and	2019.10.PM01.R1	Improve requirements traceability.	Trace contract requirements to requirements subsets used by the development teams to ensure completeness.  Consider identifying high-level requirements that duplicate more detailed requirements to reduce redundancy in traceability to design and testing.  Trace requirements to the project objectives success metrics (refer to finding 2019.07.PC05) to ensure each approved requirement adds business value.  Add acceptance criteria to the RTM to ensure stakeholder satisfaction.  Consider use of a requirements management tool with greater functionality.	)pen	Accuity will continue to evaluate data conversion plans and processes.  Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: No updates to report.  10/26/21: DataHouse continues to make updates to the RTM for changes in underlying deliverables using the same traceability approach. As a way to mitigate the unclear traceability in contract requirements to develop test cases for upcoming Phase 1 Content Management and Case Management UAT.  11/29/21 and 12/29/21: DLIR is creating UAT test cases from original contract requirements as a way to mitigate missing requirements. The test cases reference the source of the requirement which helps to provide some additional traceability.  01/25/22 and 02/24/22: No updates to report.  Accuity will continue to evaluate the effectiveness of requirements traceability and DLIR's testing mitigation approach.		

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CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	SEVERIT <u>Y</u>	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION STA	ATUS F		CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Ouality Management and Testing		Issue	Moderate	High	the execution and quality of test activities and documentation.	According to the Project Management Plan (version 1.3), the DataHouse test plan was scheduled for completion on September 3, 2019. Due to the need to focus resources on the AWS setup and network connections, DataHouse is now targeting to complete the test plan in November 2019. Dulk planned to complete the DLIR test plan in October 2019. Due to resource constraints and the need to work on other DLIR IT initiatives, the DLIR test plan expected completion date was revised to November 2019 and the plan may be combined with the DataHouse test plan.  As DataHouse test activities are scheduled to begin in November 2019, DLIR needs to understand DataHouse's test strategy and test needs. DLIR also needs to establish their own test strategy as well as identify, train, and schedule DLIR test resources.		Finalize the test plan.	-Identify applicable test standards and requirementsDelineate roles and responsibilities between DataHouse and DLIR (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02)Estimate test resource needs and ensure adequate resources are identified, trained, and scheduled (refer to findings 2019.09.PM02 and 2019.07.PM14).	C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  19/28/21: Identification and coordination of specific testers for the various resting efforts, preparation of test data and test scripts, and mapping out the scope of each test cycle is still in progress.  10/28/21: DUR plans to break Phase 1 Case Management and Phase 2 UAT nto UAT group test cycles but exact dates for these test cycles need to be inalized. DUR and DataHouse also clarified some key test processes and dates prior to the start of UAT. DUR still needs to assign test cases, prepare est data, collect and monitor test metrics, and coordinate performance tests.  11/29/21: Phase 1 Content Management UAT was deferred due to technical ssues and is now rescheduled to begin in December 2021. Phase 1 Case Management UAT did not begin in November 2021 due to scheduling conflicts for training but is expected to begin in December 2021. DUR continued to prepare test cases, develop test instructions and reference materials, and refine test processes for the upcoming UAT.  11/29/21: Performance metrics for both Phase 1 Content Management and Case Management UAT indicate lower than expected progress to complete blanned test cases. DUR does not have sufficient testing resources consistently performing testing and plans to onboard more testers in January 2022 to increase the pace of testing. Adjustments to DURs testing approach and processes are needed including assignment of test cases, preparation of test data, documentation of testing performed, and management UAT hat are to be addressed post go-live. DUR will confinue to perform regression testing with a targeted completion at the end of February 2022. DUR also plans to conduct performance testing for Content Management UAT hat are to be addressed post go-live. DUR will confinue to perform repression testing with a targeted completion of the end of Pebruary 2022 does not appear likely. The test plan for Case Management UAT, performance metrics show only 1 % of test cases have been comp	OSCILLA DATE	COOSURE REASON
Security	2019.10.IT02	Risk	High	High		DUR currently does not have formal security policies to determine security requirements for the eCMS Project and does not have security procedures in place to adequately protect eCMS Project data. The lack of policies primarily impacts the completion of the AWS setup and the Content Management solution component. Security requirements for the cloud environment must be determined and controls implemented before the AWS environments can be used for planned data conversion and testing activities. The determination of security requirements is critical as data conversion activities are already delayed for the AWS setup and testing activities are begin in November 2019. The development of formalized policies will also impact the application security management plan and design that Datalouse is responsible for fefer to finding 2019 07.1107). Security policies and the resulting security requirements should be determined immediately to prevent further delay of the project.	2019.10.1T02.R1	Formalize security policies.  Formalize and implement security procedures.	-Work with ETS to align DLIR policies with State policies and/or a standard security framework.  -Consider prioritizing security policies that are most relevant for use of cloud services and data protection (e.g., security logging and monitoring, MFA, remote access, encryption of data-at-rest and data-intransit)  -Clarify roles and responsibilities for security controls between DLIR and ETS.  -Identify specific resources to perform security procedures.  -Consider prioritizing security procedures that are necessary for the operation of the AWS environments.	C C C C C	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  99/28/21, 10/26/21, 11/29/21, and 12/29/21: No updates to report.  01/25/22: DUR clarified some of the security requirements for Phase 1 Content Management ETS.  02/24/22: No updates to report.  Accuity will evaluate the security policies, requirements, and procedures as they are finalized.		

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Cost, Schedule Resource Management	and 2019.09.PM02 Risk	Prelim	High	Undefined resource management processes and procedures may result in unidentified resource requirements, inadequate resources, or project resources that are not optimally utilized. (Updated)	Ihis was originally reported in the September 2019 N&V Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but is upgraded to a risk in this report. The Project Management Plan (version 1.3) includes a human resource management section that outlines the high-level roles and responsibilities of various team members but does not define a process for how resources will be managed. This will become more critical for DLIR as the project gears up for more resource demanding activities including data conversion, testing, and sprint reviews. Additionally, DLIR project team resources are not fully dedicated to the project and still perform other job duties. Developing processes and procedures to track and quantify upcoming resource needs, identify available resources, procure or obtain commitments of resources, manage resource schedules, communicate with assigned resources and their supervisors, and train resources for assigned tasks will help to minimize project delays.  DLIR developed a rough estimate of hours to perform scanning and data entry of Case Management paper files but more precise estimates based on a trial run of sample cases and a decision on what cases must be converted by go-live is needed (refer also to finding 2019,11,11701). Additionally, DLIR needs to perform an analysis to determine how many resources can be acquired with budgeted funds and whether those acquired resources will be able to complete necessary data conversion activities by the targeted go-live.  DLIR has not yet completed a test plan (refer to finding 2019,10,11701), estimated resource requirements for testing, or formalized a plan for scheduling testers.  The IV&V recommendations made at 2019,07,PM14.R1 and 2019,07,PM14.R2 regarding evaluating resource needs and resource reports will also address this finding. Below are additional recommendations to further firm from the process of the provision plans and activities.		Develop procedures to estimate and refine DLIR resource requirements.  Develop processes to optimize utilization of DLIR project resources	- Detail necessary steps and information needed to estimate and refine resources requirements.  - Consult DataHouse for input on upcoming activities that require DLIR resources and clarify expectations of resources.  - Assign responsibility for and establish target due dates to develop resources estimates for major project activities (e.g., data conversion, testing).  - Consider working with managers of project resources to reassign team members' other job duties.  - Consider periodically reconfirming and renewing resource commitment to the project.  - Ensure team members understand their responsibilities (e.g., testing, sprint user story contact, project communications, OctM) and assignments.  - Ensure team members are properly trained and prepared to perform their assignments.  - Explore use of tools for resource calendars and tracking of team member assignment progress and completion.		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  99/28/21: The proposed timeline is not based on an analysis of available resources but rather on stakeholder needs for the new system. As such, new resource management strategies are required to ensure that project resources timely complete tasks and stay on track with the proposed timeline. Additional DuR area leads would help to manage various workstreams and phases. With all three phases running concurrently, this will require greater coordination and utilization of all available project resources.  10/26/21 and 11/29/21: DUR plans to manage UAT resources by breaking UAT into test cycles and teams, scheduling specific days of the week for testing, and holding recurring meetings to address questions and issues. Additional resource management strategies are still needed for other activities and phases.  12/29/21: Plans to manage UAT resources in test cycles, teams, and days did not occur as planned.  01/25/22: Resource management is one of the issues with the greatest impact to overall project performance and success. Resource management strategies should be revisited to improve management uAT, including how to best leverage the additional DataHouse resources committed to the project.  02/24/22: DUR onboarded additional resources for UAT. Test cases are assigned to testers effectively and testing progress is monitored more closely.		
System Softwa Hardware, and Integrations	e, 2019.09.IT02 Risk	Prelim	Moderate	Unclear M&O roles and responsibilities may impact operational readiness after transition. (Updated)	This was originally reported in the September 2019 IV&V Monthly Report		Clarify M&O roles and responsibilities.	*Discuss terms of DataHouse support option to understand level of support, cost structure, and timing of transition.     *Clarify any shared responsibility with ETS and enterprise tools that can be leveraged.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: No updates to report.  10/26/21: With the December 2021 Phase 1 Content Management go-live quickly approaching, it is critical for M&O roles and responsibilities to be clarified and finalized.  11/29/21: DUR and DataHouse came to an agreement that turnover of the systems will be at the end of all three phases. M&O roles and responsibilities during the interim period between go-live and system turnover need to be further clarified.  12/29/21: Phase 1 Content Management go-live is less than a month away and Phase 1 Case Management go-live is three months away. M&O roles and responsibilities during the interim period still need to be clarified.  01/25/22: DUR and DataHouse plan to discuss M&O roles and responsibilities post go-live for Phase 1 Content Management.  02/24/22: No updates to report.  Accuity will continue to evaluate M&O as roles and responsibilities are clarified.		
Data Conversio	n 2019.09.IT03 Risk	Prelim	Low	Unsupported IBM Lotus Notes Domino Case Management may impact the execution of data conversion activities. (Updated)	This was originally reported in the September 2019 IV&V Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but is upgraded to a risk in this report. The current case management system, IBM Louts Notes Domino, is no longer supported. The product was sold by IBM to HCL Technologies, an Indian IT company. DLIR's licenses for the product ended in June 2019 and DLIR is unable to renew the licenses as HCL Technologies is not a State Procurement Office (SPO) compliant vendor. This system will be replaced by the eCMS Case Management solution which was scheduled to go-live in November 2020 but this was tentatively pushed back to June 2021. Any major issues with the current system may impact the data conversion process leading up to the go-live date and potentially the overall system development.		Explore options for obtaining support.	Consider working with ETS or other State agencies still using Lotus Notes to get vendor approved and support contract in place.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21, 10/26/21, 11/29/21, 12/29/21, 01/25/22, and 02/24/22: No updates to report.  Acculty will continue to monitor this preliminary concern.		

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY FINDING ID TYPE SEVERITY SEVERITY Benefits Realization 2019.07.PG05 Risk High Moderate	performance may reduce benefits expected at project completion.  Acculty during the initial IVE creating a project charter th The lack of clear and measu difficult to determine if the p desired level of improvemer investment. Goals and succ		Formalize measurable goals and success metrics in a project charter.  Collect baseline and project performance data.	*Consider financial, nonfinancial, tangible, and intangible metrics such as operational Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), customer or employee satisfaction, user adoption, return on investment, or cycle or processing times.  *Consider project management, organizational change management, and benefits realization management objectives as well as alignment to DUIR goals.  *Consider methods for collecting data such as surveys, queries, observation, open forums, or actual performance testing.  *Consider sources of data such as legacy systems, operations, and	FINDING STATUS Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21, 10/26/21, 11/29/21, 12/29/21, 01/25/22, and 02/24/22: No updates to report.  Acculty will continue to evaluate the collection and monitoring of success metrics data.		CLOSURE REASON
Project 2019.07.PM02 Risk High High Organization and Management	The current project management organization may hinder project performance.  The eCMS Project has failed DataHouse project team me instead of one. DataHouse designated meetings, works		evaluate project or contractor performance.	internal and external stakeholders.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: Acculty increased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 1 (High). Substantial changes in how the DUR and DataHouse project		
	contract terms regarding rol DataHouse (refer to finding project team, and limited cc contributed to the siloed wc	sign of development authories. The full-leaf less and responsibilities between DLIR and 2019 0.7 PG03), physical separation of the plaboration or DLIR involvement have all prixstreams. This has also led to ineffective project team (refer to finding 2019.07.PM06).  2019.07.PM02.R3	should work onsite at DLIR through project completion to improve DLIR and DataHouse project team cohesion.	and esponsionities in a contract modification (leter to miding 2019 0.7.PG03).		Lever i (high). Such and trianges in low life Duta and Datarduose project learns work together will be necessary to keep up with the fast pace of the project under the proposed timeline. This includes greater collaboration, transparent dialogue, and timely adjustments to manage various workstream and phases.  10/26/21: There were improvements in collaboration between DLIR and Datarlouse. The DLIR bata Conversion Lead is working closely with the Datarlouse counterpart. The DLIR business analyst contractor is also working directly with the Case Management development team. Recurring meetings between the Content Management development lead and DLIR test team as scheduled to occur during UAT. Datarlouse also agreed to hold periodic meetings focused on technical topics. With the aggressive timeline, effective project management including prioritization of tasks, fluid collaboration, transparent dialogue, swift risk and issue resolution, and careful coordination of limited resources are key.  11/29/21: The recurring meetings between the Datarlouse development teams and DLIR test teams during UAT were deferred due to the reschedulin of UAT to December 2021.  12/29/21: Recurring meetings between the Datarlouse development team and DLIR started for Content Management UAT but did not begin for Case Management UAT.  01/25/22: DLIR and Datarlouse came together in the final weeks leading up to Phase 1 Content Management go-live to coordinate, prioritize, complete, or mitigate deployment activities to keep the project on track with the scheduled go-live. Datarlouse on-site resources worked closely with the DLIF stakeholders in the first rollout of Content Management. Momentum achieved through increased collaboration and coordination during this first major milestone needs to be quickly transitioned to the next rollout.  02/24/22: The continuing work from Phase 1 Content Management go-live has caused an increase in schedule and resource issues for other phases. DLI and Datarhouse need to maintain their increased collaboration	3	

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSURE REASON
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM03 Issue	Moderate	Moderate	The current deliverable review and acceptance process has contributed to project delays and resulted in the	DataHouse prepares project deliverables and submits to DLIR for review. As DLIR has had limited involvement in project activities or the preparation of deliverables (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02), DLIR does not		Establish deliverable acceptance criteria.	Consider including acceptance criteria in the quality management plan (refer to finding 2019.07.IT05), in a contract amendment (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03), or in Deliverable Expectation Documents (DED).		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.	
				acceptance of deliverables that do not meet industry standards.	have an understanding of the purpose of the deliverables or the thought process and factors that were considered in developing the deliverables. This has led to protracted review periods and acceptance of deliverables that do not meet industry standards (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10). A lack of a clear deliverable listing or acceptance criteria (refer to finding 2019.07.PG3), a lack of a quality management process and resource to verify deliverables (refer to finding 2019.07.DT4), and over tasked project managers (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14) also contribute to an ineffective deliverable review and acceptance process. The delay in the approval of deliverables has been cited by the eCMS Project team as one of the reasons the Phase 1 go-live dates were extended. Based on informal IV&V recommendations, DataHouse and DLIR started to implement joint deliverable review meetings beginning June 2019.	2019.07.PM03.R2	Hold joint DLIR and DataHouse deliverable review meetings to walk through deliverables.			09/28/21: DLIR review and acceptance of several deliverables is still pending.  10/26/21: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 1 (High) to Level 2	
						2019.07.PM03.R3	Implement formal deliverable review and approval processes.	Include both the scope validation process for acceptance and the quality control process for correctness (refer to finding 2019.07.1T.05).  Include an evaluation of deliverables against acceptance criteria and requirements documentation.  -DUR should understand how each deliverable impacts the project schedule, roles and responsibilities, and ultimately the quality of the technical solution and success of the project.		Moderate) as DLIR completed review and approval of many pending deliverables. DataHouse held deliverable walkthrough meetings for the Phase 2 design deliverable and vulnerability scan results. DLIR also implemented working sessions and a feedback log with SMEs to facilitate more timely review of the Phase 2 design deliverable.  11/29/21: DLIR signed off on the Phase 2 design deliverable.  12/29/21: No updates to report.  01/25/22: DLIR signed off on the Phase 1 Content Management system installation and configuration deliverable but it is unclear what the acceptance riteria was and whether the deliverable but it is unclear what the acceptance riteria was and whether the deliverable but it is unclear what the acceptance riteria was and whether the deliverable of the system (refer also to finding 2019.09.1702). DLR also signed off on Content Management UAT and final data migration even though there are pending issues that need to be addressed by either DLIR or DataHouse.  02/24/22: DLIR continues to sign off on additional DataHouse deliverables but it is unclear what processes or factors were considered in accepting these deliverables.  Acculty will continue to evaluate the effectiveness of the deliverable review	
										and acceptance process.	
Communication Management	2019.07.PM06 Issue	High	Moderate	DataHouse's ineffective and untimely communications with the DLIR Project Team contributed to DLIR's incomplete understanding of the technical solution, potential risks, and upcoming project activities.	Communication activities listed in the Project Management Plan (version 1.0) did not occur as planned as the weekly project status meetings did not begin until April 2019 and the first progress report was not completed until February 2019. Despite the commencement of regular project communications, misunderstandings and miscommunications between the DataHouse and DUIR project teams continued to occur. DUIR project team members had a piecemeal understanding of the technical solution (refer to finding 2019.07.H009). Additionally, information regarding upcoming project activities was not provided timely. For example, DataHouse and timely communicate to DUIR what to expect for the design stage sessions (e.g., what would be covered each day, which end users needed to participate). There has also been a lack of communications regarding the upcoming build stage activities (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02.R2 and 2019.07.PM02.R3 regarding DataHouse working on-site and including DUIR in project activities will also address this finding. Below are additional recommendations to further improve project team communications.		Implement daily touch point meetings between DataHouse and DLIR Project Managers.		Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: DLIR and DataHouse implemented additional recurring meetings with select project team members for Phase 1 Case Management data conversion activities which helped to improve timeliness of communications. With plans to execute all three phases simultaneously, additional improvements in the effectiveness and timeliness of communications are still needed for all DLIR and DataHouse project team members.  10/26/21: Recurring meetings between the Content Management development lead and DLIR test team are scheduled to occur during UAT. DataHouse also agreed to hold periodic meetings focused on technical topics. The changes made to the weekly project management meeting are helping to improve discussions about upcoming project activities as well as risks and issues and mitigation plans. Open and honest dialogue is critical to keep up with the aggressive project pace.  11/29/21: The DLIR and DataHouse Project Managers are working closely to evaluate different ways to keep the project moving forward with ongoing Phase 1 Content Management technical issues. The recurring meetings between the DataHouse development teams and DLIR test teams during UAT were deferred due to the rescheduling of UAT to December 2021.  12/29/21: Recurring meetings between the DataHouse development team and DLIR started for Content Management UAT but did not begin for Case Management UAT. Open and transparent dialogue between DLIR and DataHouse of current project status and risks still need improvement.  01/25/22: Recurring meetings and DataHouse on-site resources allowed for frequent communications between DLIR and DataHouse of current project status and risks still need improvement.  Management go-live. Regular communications and recurring meetings between DLIR and DataHouse are expecially needed for Phase 1 Case Management that is currently at risk.  02/24/22: DLIR and DataHouse frequently meet to discuss Case Management UAT. Continued open and transparent di	

ASSESSMENT		ORIGINAL	CURRENT					FIN	INDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING The lack of tailored project	ANALYSIS  Communications management is a part of the Project Management Plan	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION  Further refine communication	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION STA	TATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE  Peter to prior IV&V Monthly Penort for status updates before Sentember	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
ASSESSMENT CATEGORY Communication Management	FINDING ID TYPE 2019.07.PM07 Risk	ORIGINAL SEVERITY Moderate	CURRENT SEVERITY Moderate	The lack of tailored project communications for all impacted stakeholders may reduce user adoption and stakeholder buy-in.	Communications management is a part of the Project Management Plan developed by DataHouse; however, the plan is not comprehensive and primarily reflects project meetings, status reporting, and issue reporting. The approved Project Management Plan (version 1.2) was updated to include a communication matrix that outlines additional communication activities. While this is an improvement over the previous version, the latest draft plan still does not provide adequate details regarding communication activities as all stakeholders are grouped together for three broad communication methods and activities.  A formal communication requirements analysis was not conducted to determine the information needs of internal and external project stakeholders. There is not a process to ensure the timely distribution of project information and there is no dedicated role or adequate resources assigned to communications management (refer to finding 2019 0.7 PM14). As such, communication activities is somewhat mitigated as the DLIR Project Manager involves internal stakeholders in project-related meetings and working sessions. However, this informal approach does not include all internal stakeholders or any external stakeholders.	RECOMMENDATION ID 2019-07-PM07-R1	RECOMMENDATION Further refine communication management plans.	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION  *Segment stakeholders into groups by communication needs such as by Opdepartment unit (e.g., Hearings, Enforcement, or Records and Claims), by position (e.g., manager, supervisor), or internal and external (e.g., claimants, insurance agencies).  *Consider the list of communication methods listed in DataHouse's BAFO.  *Due to limited DUR resources available for communication activities, the specific groups and communication activities should be prioritized to focus resources most efficiently.  *Update the project schedule for communication activities and assigned resources (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14).		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  10/26/21: No updates to report.  10/26/21: DUR is preparing for the annual divisional meeting to provide project updates for internal DCD stakeholders. DUR is considering having this quarterly for the remainder of the project. Communication activities and methods for external stakeholders need to be revisited especially related to new forms, go-live of the new electronic submission processes and the portal, and with any external stakeholders assisting with testing.  11/29/21: DUR held divisional meetings to provide project updates for internal DCD stakeholders.  12/29/21: With Phase 1 go-live dates quickly approaching, the pre and post go-live communication plan and activities for both internal and external stakeholders should be finalized.  01/25/22: The communication plan and activities for the DUR stakeholders in the first rollout of Phase 1 Content Management were finalized and delivered. DUR also started weekly meetings and email communications to update DCD managers and supervisors on high-level project activities. A communication plan and more specific communications related to the DCD rollout of Content Management are still needed.  02/24/22: Internal communications have improved with weekly stand-ups and regular OCM updates. However, a communications plan with external stakeholders for future phases and rollouts still needs to be developed.	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
										stakeholders for future phases and rollouts still needs to be developed.  Accuity will continue to evaluate project communication plans and activities.		
Organizational	2019.07.PM08 Risk	Moderate	Moderate		There is no formal OCM plan or approach. DataHouse's BAFO lists	2019.07.PM08.R1	Develop and implement a		pen	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September		
Change Management				not identify pockets of resistance or adequately enable individual change.	various OCM activities but these were not formalized in a plan or processes. There are no OCM specific tasks or resources assigned for OCM activities in the project schedule (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14). Although there is no formal or coordinated OCM approach, some elements of OCM occur through regular project management communication and training activities. The DUR Project Manager's inclusive and collaborative approach with internal stakeholders (refer to finding 2019.07.PM01) and the DCD Executive Sponsor's active and visible support of the project (refer to finding 2019.07.PG01) also mitigates the lack of a formal approach.  Although projects may progress without a formal OCM approach, industry best practices support that a structured OCM approach compliments project management approaches in increasing probability of project success. Performing activities with an OCM focus will help to better prepare, equip, and support individuals throughout the project and to ensure that the solution is ultimately adopted and embraced by employees.		structured OCM approach.	Ithrough surveys or interviews.  - Create and mobilize a change coalition group of managers, supervisors, and key influencers.  - Incorporate and align OCM into communication, business process engineering (IRRN), and training activities.  - Develop OCM activities to address identified awareness gaps or pockets of resistance.  - Implement reinforcement mechanisms to support change and increase adoption.		09/28/21: DUR held additional working sessions and trainings to help SMEs participate in ongoing data validation testing. DUR meeds to continue developing their OCM plans and approach to better prepare SMEs prior to the start of the activities and identify those who need additional targeted OCM strategies.  10/26/21 and 11/29/21: DUR continues to hold supplemental working sessions and trainings to help DUR project team members prepare for and participate in project activities. DUR needs to further develop the OCM plans and approach to increase stakeholder engagement, collect periodic readiness data, and reinforce changes related to the upcoming Content Management go-live.  12/29/21: DUR continues to prepare additional reference materials and meet one-on-one to help DUR project team members prepare for and participate in project activities. However, there is still low participation and engagement from assigned testers. Additional OCM strategies should be explored to increase stakeholder engagement and commitment to completing project work.  01/25/22: DUR held meetings leading up to go-live to prepare stakeholders in the first rollout of Phase 1 Content Management. DUR also plans to hold regular post go-live stand-up sessions to provide additional stakeholder support. DataHouse on-site resources will also help to provide users with training and technical support. While some progress to increase participation and engagement from assigned DUR testers was made, resource engagement and ownership remains low. Additional OCM plans and strategies are needed for the DCD rollout of Content Management as well as for Phase 1 Case Management to increase tester support and confidence in the system.		

ASSESSMENT		ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Risk Managemer	2019.07.PM09 Issue	High	Moderate	identified, tracked, or reported resulting in the lack of understanding of potential impacts across project team members and there are no mitigation plans to	Only three risks and two issues have been identified by DataHouse on the project to date with no history of any risks being closed. DLIR project team was not tracking any of its own risks or issues related to the project. A risk regarding the delay in the completion of the MOU agreement with DHS (refer to finding 2019.07.PMO4 and 20109.07.ITOI) was never identified and the risk identified in the Content Management Conversion.		Formalize the Risk and Issue Management process.	A formalized process should clearly define responsibilities and steps in identification, resolution and action items tracking, and escalation procedures.      The project team must encourage open, transparent discussion about risks and issues.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: DUR and DataHouse continue to develop some risk mitigation plans for the highest priority risks. With the fast pace of the proposed timeline it is critical for DUR and DataHouse to improve risk management		
				adequately address them.	identified and the risk identified in the Content Management Conversion and Migration (version 0.0) document (refer to finding 2019.07.17.04) was not included in the risks and issue log, indicating an ineffective risk and issue management process. Based on information IV&V recommendations made during the assessment period, both DILR and DataHouse have communicated a plan to start identifying and logging risks jointly onto DataHouse's log and reviewing them together weekly. As identification and mitigation of risks and issues are critical to project success, a formal process should be implemented before moving forward in the project.		Conduct regular meetings to discus project risks and issues.	Include DataHouse and DUR and, on occasion, the executive steering committee (refer to finding 2019.07.PGOZ). Perform a detailed review of new items, status of open items, risk/issue owners, and mitigation plans.		timeline, it is critical for DLIR and DataHouse to improve risk management processes so that risks and issues are proactively identified, swiftly mitigated, and redirected if needed.  10/26/21: DLIR and DataHouse continue to develop some risk mitigation plans for the highest priority risks. With the aggressive timeline, it is critical for DLIR and DataHouse to continue to improve risk management processes so that risks and issues are proactively identified and swiftly mitigated.  11/29/21: DLIR and DataHouse evaluated different risk mitigation strategies to address ongoing Phase 1 Content Management technical issues. DLIR and DataHouse are completing steps to mitigate risks and issues but additional improvements to risk management processes are needed to increase the speed of resolution.  12/29/21: Acculty increased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 1 (High). DLIR and DataHouse are making some progress to complete risk and issue mitigation tasks; however, the slow speed of resolution is contributing to project delays. Closer monitoring and quicker execution of mitigation plans for all high priority risks and issues will help to minimize schedule impacts of risks and issues.  01/25/22: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 1 (High) to Level 2 (Moderate). DLIR and DataHouse mitigated Phase 1 Content Management go-live risks by limiting rollout to a small number of users, prioritzing issues and tasks that must be completed prior to go-live, and deferring other items to post go-live. This strategy helped to mitigate schedule risks for the Phase 1 Content Management go-live, but also increases risks for other phases due to the deferral of work. Risk mitigation plans for other phases of the project, including the quicklyd approaching Phase 1 Case Management go-live, need to be developed and implemented  02/24/22: DLIR and DataHouse are working to address Phase 1 Content Management sics and issues but the time and effort that continues to be sent on Content Management is creating risks an		
Scope and Requirements Management	2019.07.PM10 Issue	High	High	The Content Management and Case Management requirements documentation is incomplete.	The requirements for both Content Management and Case Management have already been approved; however, the requirements are incomplete (e.g. do not incorporate all contract requirements and all three project phases) and the descriptions in the Requirements Traceability Martix (RTM) ack sufficient detail. The current RTM also does not link operational and project objectives to design artifacts. Furthermore, the RTM does not include non-functional requirements, including compliance with Hawaii Revised Statuce, Hawaii Administrative Rules and security requirements. Requirements management is a part of the Project Management Plan developed by DataHouse; however, the plan is not comprehensive. The Project Management Plan (version 1.2) was updated to include additional details regarding requirements management. While this is an improvement over the previous version, the latest draft plan still does not provide adequate details regarding the requirements prioritization process, the traceability structure, and how requirements will be reported. As requirements are the foundation for proper system design, development, and testing, it is essential that requirements documentation are complete and meet industry standards and best practices. Requirements documentation should be revised and requirements management processes should be improved prior to moving forward in the project.		Revise Content Management and Case management requirements documentation and RTM.  Improve requirements managemen processes.	-Ensure requirements follow SMART (specific, measurable, actionable, realistic and time bound) guidelinesEnsure requirements documentation include all requirements listed in the DataHouse contract, all requirements identified during the stakeholder sessions, and for all three phases of the eCMS ProjectEnsure requirements include functional, performance, process, nonfunctional, security, and interface requirementsEnsure that there is a clear understanding between DataHouse and DLix regarding who is responsible for identifying and tracking different types of requirementsDevelop a process for prioritizing and reporting requirementsDevelop a process for tracing requirements to specific system design elements.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: DataHouse and DLIR still are not in agreement on the Phase 1 Content Management requirements that were clarified or identified during UAT which could impact the Content Management development, testing, and the go-live scheduled for December 2021. Additionally, with the aggressive timeline, careful management or requirements is needed to ensure that there is not a reduction in scope without a process for prioritizing and approving changes in requirements.  10/26/21: DataHouse and DLIR clarified Phase 1 Content Management requirements in an updated deliverable. DLIR identified gaps in documented requirements. As a way to mitigate the missing requirements in documented deliverables, DLIR is using the contract requirements and other requirements discussed with SMEs during project meetings to develop test cases for upcoming Phase 1 Content Management and Case Management UAT.  11/29/21 and 12/29/21: DLIR is continuing to create UAT test cases as a way to mitigate missing or outdated project requirements.  01/25/22 and 02/24/22: Requirements continue to be clarified and refined during Phase 1 UAT and Phase 2 development. It is unclear how the feedback from SMEs are used to update requirements documentation.  Accuity will continue to evaluate the requirements documentation and processes.		

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY FINDING ID T	ГҮРЕ	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE CLOSURE REASO	ON
Cost, Schedule and 2019.07.PM12 In Resource Management	ssue	High	Moderate	lead to unexpected costs or overpayments of contracts.	There is no formal cost management plan. A comprehensive total project budge is not created, tracked, or reported. Currently, payments are tracked for the two main eCMS Project contracts: DataHouse SI contract and the Team Accuity IV&V contract. Other costs for licenses and equipment are tracked informally as these are often paid from DCD's regular or excess funds. With the recent DHS development, costs of all required hardware and software for the alternative solution as well as long term operational costs need to be properly evaluated and managed (refer to finding 2019.07.IT01). Additionally, total project costs and funding sources are not formally reported.  The DataHouse contract states that payments are contingent upon receipt of services, deliverables, and reports in accordance to the milestones that meet the expectations of the RFP. DataHouse provided DLIR with a monthly payment schedule and so June 30, 2019, DLIR has paid DataHouse's invoices through April 2019 (May and June 2019 invoice payments are still pending). Although the project schedule, deliverable timelines, and go-live dates have been pushed back, no adjustments were made to the monthly payment schedule which could result in overpayments. Due to the lack of clear and specific deliverable expectations (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03), incomplete understanding of all the schedule delays (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13), and undefined criteria for revising the payments are appropriately managed.	2019.07.PM12.R2 2019.07.PM12.R3	Prepare a comprehensive project budget and a schedule of long-term operational costs (e.g., licenses, subscriptions, maintenance, cloud services).  Prepare regular cost reports for management and the executive steering committee.  Clarify DataHouse payment terms and adjust payment schedules for schedule delays.		Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: DLIR updated the budget to add additional project costs. DataHouse tentatively agreed to extend their contract to December 2022 at no additional cost and provided a revised payment schedule. Both will be presented to the ESC in October 2021.  10/26/21: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 1 (High) to Level 2 (Moderate). DataHouse is still prepaid for Phase 1 and 2: however, DataHouse provided revised payment schedules which adjusts Phase 3 invoices to make corrections for Phase 1 and 2 amounts. DLIR added additional costs to the budget report.  11/29/21 and 12/29/21: No updates to report.  01/25/22: DLIR is currently procuring or evaluating the need for additional eCMS Project contracts.  10/24/22: DLIR is procuring two additional eCMS Project contracts. Improvements in cost management processes are needed to track and monitor other project costs.  Accuity will continue to monitor project costs, AWS costs (from finding 2019.07.IT01), and cost management practices.		

ASSESSMENT		ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Cost, Schedule and	2019.07.PM13 Issue	High	High	Inadequate schedule management	The Phase 1 go-live dates were delayed a few times since the start of the	2019.07.PM13.R1	Document and approve revisions to		Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September		
Resource				practices may lead to project delays,	project with the Content Management go-live delayed five months and		project schedule deliverables,			2021.		
Management				missed project activities, unrealistic	the Case Management go-live delayed three months. Reasons for the		milestones, and go-live dates in					
				schedule forecasts, or unidentified	delay provided by the eCMS Project team included additional time for		accordance with the Project			09/28/21: DLIR and DataHouse tentatively agreed on revisions to the high-		
				causes for delays.	requirements gathering, some Phase 2 work that was moved up to Phase		Management Plan.			level timeline that extends the schedule six months to December 2022. DLIR		
					1, staff vacations during the holidays, time for the DLIR Project Manager to					and DataHouse are currently working out the details of the proposed project		
					write the RFP for the IV&V contract, and delayed procurement of the					schedule and will present the revised timeline to the ESC in October 2021.		
					scanners. Although there are reasonable explanations for some of the					The proposed timeline is aggressive with all three phases running		
					delays, detailed schedule variance analyses to understand causes and					simultaneously and is not based on an analysis of available resources but		
					impacts of the delays have not been thoroughly performed, documented,	2019.07.PW13.RZ	Refine the project schedule with			rather on stakeholder needs for the new system. As such, improvements in		
					or reported. Decisions or change requests to revise the project schedule		details of tasks, durations, phases,			how the project schedule is monitored, adjusted, and mitigated are needed		
					are not properly documented or approved in accordance with the Project Management Plan.		and assigned resources.			to prevent the significant delays experienced on the project to-date.		
										10/26/21: The ESC approved the new project timelines. DataHouse updated		
					DataHouse has prepared a higher-level project schedule and a more					the detailed project schedule tasks for the new timelines and added more		
					detailed task listing. Although the project schedule will need to be updated due to the recent DHS development and selection of an					detailed Phase 2 tasks.		
					alternative solution, the following deficiencies were noted in the current					11/29/21: The ESC approved to re-baseline the Phase 1 Content		
					project schedule:					Management timeline again, deferring the go-live from December 2021 to		
					* Does not include all project tasks such as Build stage sprints,					January 2022. Phase 1 Case Management, Phase 2, and Phase 3 activities are		
					communication, OCM, BPR, and quality assurance (refer to findings 2019.07.PM05, 2019.07.PM07, 2019.07.PM08, 2019.07.PM11, and					moving forward but there are some delays in underlying tasks.		
					2019.07.IT05).					12/29/21: There are delays in both DLIR and DataHouse schedule tasks. DLIF		
					* Does not include estimated durations. Durations are only included in	2019.07.PM13.R3	Prepare regular schedule reports			is behind on progress to complete Phase 1 Content Management and Case		
					the more detailed task listing.		and schedule variance analyses for			Management UAT. DataHouse is behind on a couple of Phase 1 Content		
					* Only includes tasks for Phase 1. The Phase 2 and 3 tasks are only		management and the executive			Management system documentation deliverables, Phase 2 build, and Phase 3		
					included in the more detailed task listing.		steering committee.			planning and requirements gathering. Both DLIR and DataHouse plan to add		
					* Specific assigned resources are not identified as only a generic					or onboard additional resources to mitigate schedule delays. However, each		
					DataHouse or DCD designation is used.					delay in underlying tasks is further compressing time on an already aggressive		
										schedule. It is unclear what the impact of the current DLIR and DataHouse task delays are on the overall timelines and if the revised go-live dates are		
										achievable.		
										01/35/33. Cohodula management is one of the issues with the greatest		
										01/25/22: Schedule management is one of the issues with the greatest impact to overall project performance and success. The Phase 1 Content		
										Management is set to go-live as scheduled; however, some of the underlying		
										tasks were deferred to be completed post go-live at the end of February		
										2022. The deferral of work increases schedule issues for other phases,		
										including Phase 1 Case Management which is currently at risk due to		
										significant delays in UAT. It is unclear what the impact of Phase 3 delays are.		
						2019.07.PM13.R4	Complete assessment and revisions	Revise tasks, deliverable milestones, and qo-live dates for all three	1	Improvements in schedule management practices are needed to monitor		
							of project schedule.	phases.		schedule delays and evaluate root causes.		
		1						•Evaluate whether remaining project work can be accomplished in the				
								remaining period of performance of DataHouse's contract or if the		02/24/22: The Phase 1 Content Management system went live on January 26		
1		1						contract needs to be extended.		2022 for a small group of users. The Phase 1 Content Management rollout for		
		1						•Set realistic and achievable dates based on availability of DLIR project		DCD users is on track for February 25, 2022. DLIR and DataHouse informed		
		1						resources.		the ESC that the project schedule will require another rebaseline. It is unclear		
		1								what the new schedule will be. The project team will need to improve their		
		1								progress on Phase 1 Case Management UAT in order to avoid further		
										schedule delays. DLIR started to monitor testing progress by planning and scheduling out test cases each week. Additional improvements in schedule		
										management practices are needed to monitor schedule delays and evaluate		
										root causes.		
										Accuity will continue to monitor the project schedule and schedule		
										management practices.		

ASSESSMENT			ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE CLOSE	ED DATE C	LOSURE REASON
Cost, Schedule and Resource Management	2019.07.PM14	Issue	Moderate	High	Inadequate assigned project resources may lead to project delays, reduced project performance, or turnover of	project schedule information (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13); however, based on observations of the eCMS Project team, the DataHouse and		Reevaluate project resource needs and acquire additional resources.	Perform project schedule updates for the alternative solution (refer to finding 2019.07.ITO1) and missing tasks (refer to finding 2019.07.PM13).  Ensure resource levels and skill sets align to assigned tasks.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.		
					project resources.	DLIR Project Managers appear to be over-tasked. The DLIR Project Manager is the only full-time DLIR employee assigned to the eCMS Project and understandably does not have time to perform all of the tasks to properly manage the project or represent DLIR during project activities. DLIR should increase participation in design and development activities (refer to finding 2019.07.PM02) but would not be able to with the current assigned resources.	2019.07.PM14.R2	Prepare regular resource reports for management and the executive steering committee.	<ul> <li>Consider including resource needs for unassigned tasks or roles.</li> <li>Consider including DLIR resources needed and estimated hours for upcoming project activities (e.g., design sessions, user demonstrations, or user testing).</li> </ul>		09/28/21, 10/26/21, and 11/29/21: The proposed timeline is not based on an analysis of available resources but rather on stakeholder needs for the new system. As such, additional DUR project resources including area leads are needed to achieve the aggressive timeline.  12/29/21: DUR is looking to onboard additional testing resources and procure additional data conversion resources. DUR should also continue to		
						Resource management is included in the Project Management Plan and states that "resources will be provided based on project needs. This will be reviewed with DCD on a quarterly basis." The Project Status Reports prepared by DataHouse do not note any resource needs under the Staffing (Needs, Anticipated Changes) section. However, Team Accuity noted that the DataHouse Coullity Assurance Lead has not been assigned (refer to finding 2019.07.1705). DataHouse is also considering adding a project coordinator resource to assist with meeting minutes and getting deliverables out.					assess other resource needs and explore other resourcing options.  01/25/22: Resource management is one of the issues with the greatest impact to overall project performance and success. DLIR onboarded additional resources for UAT but progress is slow, resource engagement and ownership remains low, and resourcing levels are still below the required numbers needed. DataHouse committed additional project management resources as well as on-site resources to support DLIR testing, troubleshooting, and training. DLIR plans to onboard additional testing resources and is in the process of procuring data conversion resources.  02/24/22: DLIR onboarded additional resources for UAT and is in the process		
											of procuring additional resources. Resource engagement and ownership remains low. DLIR should continue pursuing resource management strategies.		
											Accuity will continue to assess the adequacy of project resources.		
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	2019.07.IT02	Risk	High	Moderate	An unclear interface solution may impact the design process and require additional effort to correct.	It The Content Management Design (version 1.0) document was approved by DUR on May 6, 2019. Case Management is currently in the design phase and design documents have not been provided. Although the Content Management design document was completed and Case Management design is in progress, the exact interface solution has not been defined. The interfaces between Content and Case Management are integral to the success of the project and should be fully defined in design documents in accordance with industry standards.  Due to the recent DHS development, the interface options will need to		Document the interface solution and analysis.	Documentation should provide a clear understanding on the interface solution including the following:  * How Salesforce will query the selected Content Management solution Thow flies are uploaded to selected Content Management solution from Salesforce  * How metadata is uploaded into Salesforce  * Who is responsible for setup, configuration, and maintenance and the steps required for implementation  * What are the costs associated for development and long-term maintenance	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  99/28/21, 10/26/21, 11/29/21, 12/29/21, 01/25/22, and 02/24/22: Interface requirements were raised during Phase 2 design sessions but the interface solution is still unclear.  Accuity will continue to evaluate the interface solution.		
						also be researched and analyzed depending on the alternative solution selected. However, even prior to this development, DLIR did not have a clear understanding of the interface solution as well as the complete technical solution. DLIR still had questions about the interface solution regarding the technology, connectivity, batch vs. real-lime, security, cost and maintenance of the proposed interface solution between Salesforce and FileNet. The interface solution should be clearly analyzed, documented, mapped to project requirements, and communicated to DLIR.	2019.07.IT02.R2 2019.07.IT02.R3	Update the project schedule to define resources assigned to each o the interface-related activities.  Verify the proposed interface solution will work.					
Quality Management and Testing	2019.07.IT05	Risk	Moderate	High	Not having an approved quality management plan and assigned quality assurance resources may impact the quality of project deliverables.	The Quality Management Plan (version 0.1) was drafted by DataHouse on June 23, 2019 but was not yet approved by DUR. The draft plan did not include quality metrics, quality standards, or quality objectives of the project and does not describe how quality control results will be	2019.07.IT05.R1	Finalize the quality management plan.	DataHouse and DUR should collaborate and agree on the quality management processes and metrics that will best serve this project.     include quality standards or reference to specific criteria (refer to finding 2019.07.PM03).		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21: DLIR discussed possible quality metrics to use but IV&V has not yet		
						documented or reported. Additionally, the Quality Assurance Lead identified in DataHouse's BAFO is not assigned to the project team at this time.  As it is almost eleven months into the eCMS Project and several deliverables were already approved and many are pending approval, it is important for a quality management plan to be formalized and resources assigned to perform quality management activities.	2019.07.IT05.R2	Perform quality management activities on previously approved or submitted deliverables.	<ul> <li>Update the project schedule to assign quality assurance resources (refer to finding 2019.07.PM14).</li> </ul>		seen collection or monitoring of any metrics.  10/26/21: DLR is working on establishing metrics for the Phase 1 Case Management data conversion validation testing results and for upcoming UAT.  11/29/21: No updates to report.  12/29/21: Content Management UAT performance metrics indicate a high ratio of reported issues to completed test cases. DLIR and DataHouse need to finalize their quality management plans and quality metrics.  01/25/22: Critical Phase 1 Content Management UAT issues were addressed for go-live but a number of pending issues are to be addressed post go-live.  Ouality review processes and quality metric thresholds are still unclear.  02/24/22: A number of technical issues were encountered post go-live with the Phase 1 Content Management system including performance, reliability, functionality, and data. Quality management processes should be reassessed		
											to help minimize production issues in future phases.  Accuity will continue to evaluate the quality management plan and activities.		

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID TYPE	ORIGINAL CURREN	T FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSURE REASON
Configuration Management	2019.07.IT06 Risk	Moderate Moderat	A lack of a configuration management plan may impact the performance and quality of the system if unauthorized or untested changes are promoted between environments.	A configuration management plan has not yet been drafted. DataHouse plans to prepare a configuration management plan by October 11, 2019. Based on the current project Jan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase 1. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the start of the Build stage, not having a configuration management plan in place increases the concern that changes may not be properly tested, accepted and approved which may impact system performance or quality.		Develop a formal configuration management plan.	-Ensure the plan is in accordance with IEEE 828-2012 – Standard for Configuration Management in Systems and Software Engineering and includes the configuration management planning process, configuration identification process, configuration danage control process, configuration auditing process, configuration auditing process, interface control process, and release management process.  -DataHouse and DUR should collaborate and agree on the configuration management plan purposes and processes that will best serve this project.		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  09/28/21, and 10/26/21: No updates to report.  11/29/21: DataHouse clarified that separate Case Management environments will be used for the different phases. Details of the configuration management plan including the management of concurrent development is needed.  12/29/21, 01/25/22, and 02/24/22: No updates to report.  Acculty will continue to evaluate the configuration management plan and approach.	
Security	2019.07.IT07 Risk	Moderate Moderat	e Not having an approved security management plan in place may impact the security and privacy of the data.	The Security Management Plan (version 0.0) was prepared by DataHouse on June 3, 2019 but was not yet approved by DLIR. Based on the current project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase 1. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the start of the Build stage, not having a security management plan in place may result in improperly defined security requirements and may preclude the adequacy of the system to support the data needs of the system. Security controls should be defined in the security management plan and implemented as part of an organization-wide process that manages information security and privacy risk.	2019.07.IT07.R2	Ensure the security management plan meets specific standards.  Finalize the security management plan.	Consider the industry standards and best practices above.     Data House and DUR should collaborate and agree upon the specific standards that will best serve this project.	Open	Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before September 2021.  9/28/21: The next round of the AWS vulnerability scans is scheduled for October 2021.  9/28/21: DataHouse provided an updated vulnerability scan report that DUR conditionally accepted and approved as the configuration baseline. With the December 2021 Phase 1 Content Management go-live quickly approaching, DUR needs to finalize the security management plan and M&O roles and responsibilities.  11/29/21: DUR and DataHouse agreed that turnover of the systems will be at the end of all three phases. M&O roles and responsibilities and the related security management plan during the interim period between go-live and system turnover need to be further clarified.  12/29/21: No updates to report.  01/25/22: DUR and DataHouse documented critical security tasks in the go/no-go checklist.  02/24/22: DataHouse completed the disaster recovery plan pending DLIR's review and approval.  Accuity will continue to evaluate the security management plans and documentation as they are finalized.	
Project Organization and Management	2019.09.PM01 Issue	Moderate Moderat		The Project Management Plan (version 1.3) documents the change management process that includes Change Requests, impact assessments and a Change Log. The change to AWS (refer to finding 2019 O.ITO1 in Appendix D) and the revision of the Content Management go-live date were approved by DLIR but not documented in Change Requests or a Change Log. Additionally, the change management process does not have built in mechanisms to ensure that impacted documents are updated for the change and changes are appropriately communicated to impacted stakeholders.		Document change in Change Requests, with an impact assessment, and the Change Log ir accordance with the Project Management Plan.  Refine the change management process for greater clarity and effectiveness.	Consider setting thresholds or criteria for changes that go through different approval processes. Define the different approval processes (e.g., project manager, product owners, change control board, steering committee). Implement additional columns in the Change Log to ensure updates armade to all impacted project plans, documents, or deliverables and changes are communicated to all impacted stakeholders.		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.  04/27/21 and 05/27/21: No updates to report.  06/25/21: DLIR plans to combine all the pending Datacap related change requests into one change request related to the new Encapture solution.  07/27/21: DataHouse drafted the new change request to document the switch from Datacap to Encapture; however, DLIR has not yet approved the change request due to ongoing discussions of the proposed Content Management Imeline. DataHouse should also document the resulting project schedule changes for Phase 1B, 2, and 3 in a formal change request as prescribed by the Project Management Plan.  08/25/21 and 09/28/21: The Content Management change request is pending DLIR approval.  10/26/21: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 1 (High) to Level 2 (Moderate). Although the details of the change request to switch from Datacap to Encapture were not updated, DataHouse did update the Content Management design deliverable to document how the replacement solution will address some of the gaps identified in feedback and issues from the previous Content Management solution UAT. DLIR agreed that this approach would address the lack of details in the change request. Additionally, schedule changes continue to not be documented in formal change requests. However, DLIR and DataHouse do present the high-level timelines to the ESC for approval.  11/29/21 and 12/29/21: No updates to report.  01/25/22: As DLIR approved the Phase 1 Content Management replacement solution to move into production, it appears that the change from Datacap to Encapture did address the gaps, feedback, and issues from the previous solution. Additionally, feedback and resulting redevelopment work during Content Management UAT did not result in additional DataHouse change requests.	Although change requests do not document changes in detail and change requests are not used to document major schedule changes, the current change management process appears to work for the project.

ASSESSMENT	EINIDING ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL	CURRENT	EINDING	ANALYCIC	DECOMMENDATION	DECOMMENIOATION	SUDDIEMENTAL DECOMMENDATION	FINDING	CINDIAL CTATUS LIDEATE	CLOSED BAL	E CLOSUDE DEASON
CATEGORY Quality Management and Testing	ENDING ID 2020.02.1T01	TYPE Risk	SEVERITY High	SEVERTY Moderate	and does not adequately inform DLIR of	approval. The test plan does not include or clearly explain the following:  *The scope of the test plan is incomplete (e.g., performance, load, volume, AWS environments).  *The testing approach differs from DataHouse's Best and Final Offer (BAFO) (e.g., pergression testing), test-driven development (TDD).  *The security testing does not address all security requirements outlined in the DataHouse contract or verbally discussed with DataHouse (e.g., AWS uninerability scan).  *Specifics of the test approach are not detailed (e.g., test design techniques for all testing types, automation testing tools, test data requirements, data scrubbing procedures, metrics for test cases and coverage of code).  *The test tasks included in the project schedule are incomplete (e.g., security tests, test plan Section 8 tasks).  *Incomplete test deliverables and unclear delivery (e.g., missing a test completion report, defect reports not delivered to DLIR, test results delivered through the requirements traceability matrix (RTM)).  *There are no defined test management monitoring and control processes.  *A naming convention of test documentation files is not established for easy retrieval and location.  A lack of clarity of DataHouse's testing approach may not allow DLIR to appropriately develop their own test plan or ensure testing activities are adequately performed. Additionally, a lack of mutual undestanding and	RECOMMENDATION ID 2020.02.IT01.R1 2020.02.IT01.R2	RECOMMENDATION  Clarify the test approach.  Develop adequate test management processes and procedures.	**PERFORM A deliverable review (refer to finding 2019.07.PM03) to ensure DLR understands the test plan and scope.  **Consider making improvements to the test documentation.  **Consider a process for monitoring and reporting test status and results.  **Consider a process for authorization of test data.		Refer to prior IV&V Monthly Report for status updates before April 2021.  04/27/21, 05/27/21, 06/25/21, 07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: No updates to report.  10/26/21 and 11/29/21: Clarification of the test approach and plans for Phas 1 Content Management performance testing is needed including roles and responsibilities, tasks and dates, and the process for baseline performance metrics collection.  12/29/21: DataHouse confirmed that they are not responsible for performance, load, stress, or failover/recovery testing. DataHouse also clarified they will only provide test scripts and the pass or fail status of system testing and that their quality testing is a reperformance of select system testing and will be reflected in the same system testing and so fail status. DataHouse will address any issues encountered during their testing but will not share any issue logs with DLIR.		Closed as DLIR accepted the risk related to DataHouse's clarified scope of their testing and how DataHouse testing results will be provided to DLIR.
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	2021.03.IT01	Issue	High	High		inadequate test management processes could impact the execution of testing activities.  al Since December 2020, DUR and DataHouse have been performing various system analysis due to Phase 1 Content Management UAT technical issues and user feedback. In March 2021, DataHouse presented three options to the ESC for the Content Management solution including an option to replace and redevelop the Content Management scanning and data extraction component. DUR is currently evaluating the options presented by DataHouse. DUR planned to hold a special ESC meeting on March 25, 2021 to make a decision regarding the Content Management solution but postponed this in order to allow more time for additional analysis. The Content Management go-live was postponed several times due to ongoing analysis and could potentially delay the go-live for several months more. It is critical for DUR and DataHouse to work together to timely and thoroughly complete analysis and agree upon how to proceed.  In addition to the specific recommendations made as a part of this finding the IV&V recommendations made at findings 2020.12.IT01, 2019.07.PM10, and 2019.10.PM01 will also help to address this issue.		Identify all major gaps in current solution.  Complete the analysis of solution options.	Review the reported issues/defects in the UAT quality log, close resolved entries, and identify unresolved gaps. Review other project documentation and perform further system review to identify other major gaps. Assign risk/criticality ratings for each identified gap.  *Evaluate how each option addresses all major gapsDataHouse should provide additional clarification and demonstration of the functionality to be provided by each of the options as it relates to the stand-alone Content Management solution and the integrated Case Management solution. This will help DUR to understand the comprehensive solution and to identify limitations that are only temporary until additional functionality is provided in later phasesConsider if additional options are needed based on the completed listing of risk/criticality-rated major gapsConsider impacts to current phase as well as total solution/project: shorterm costs and total cost of ownership (TCO): and impacts to the implementation plan and users.		04/27/21: DataHouse is still working to investigate and address ongoing technical issues. DLIR continues to evaluate the options presented by DataHouse and began to review unresolved issues from UAT to perform their gap analysis. DLIR needs to work with DataHouse to swiftly complete the analysis.  05/27/21: DataHouse is still working to address Datacap issues requiring fixes. DLIR and DataHouse agreed on a tentative plan and timeline of tasks to reach a decision regarding the Content Management solution by July 2021.  06/25/21: DLIR made the decision to replace and redevelop the Content Management scanning and data extraction component. DLIR is still in the process of gathering additional information to finalize the solution and gap analysis.  07/27/21, 08/25/21, and 09/28/21: Completion of DLIR's Content Management solution analysis is still pending.  10/26/21: A solution analysis will not be prepared to formally document how the replacement Content Management solution will address some of the gaps identified in feedback and issues from the previous Content Management solution will address some of the gaps identified in feedback and issues from the previous Content Management solution will address some of the gaps identified in feedback and issues from the prior solution will also be addressed by the replacement solution.  11/29/21: DataHouse provided an architecture and workflow overview of the Encapture solution and confirmed that DataHouse functional testing verified that the prior Content Management solution issues will be addressed with the replacement solution and test performance of the replacement solution.		DLIR will not be preparing a form and comprehensive solution analysis however, this finding is closed as the solution analysis is captured in the ESC presentation, the updated Content Managemer design deliverable, and the Encapture architecture and workflow overview meeting. The ongoing technical issues related it the Encapture replacement solution are not tracked in an IVSV finding as these are already tracked in the testing logs.

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ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Project	2020.03.PM01	Issue	High	Moderate	The COVID-19 pandemic is impacting	The COVID-19 pandemic has created uncertainty with respect to the	2020.03.PM01.R1	Explore possible ways to keep the	Evaluate DLIR SMEs availability and bandwidth to work on the project.	Closed	Refer to the June 2020 IV&V Monthly Report for status updates prior to July	6/25/2021	Although there will continue to be
Organization and			_		project execution although the extent of	timely completion of the project and its cost. Understandably, DLIR has		project moving forward with	Consider reshuffling of user stories in current and upcoming sprints and		2020.		impacts of the pandemic on costs,
Management					the impact to project costs and the	diverted project resources to the UI Division to respond to the		available resources.	how to best utilize available DLIR SMEs.				schedule, and resources, Accuity
						skyrocketing number of unemployment claims. This finding focuses on the					07/29/20: COVID-19 continues to impact the availability of DLIR project		will continue to monitor these under
					impacts to quality and project success	impacts of COVID-19 specific to the eCMS Project.					resources. A few of the DLIR project resources, including the DLIR Project		the other existing findings
					are currently indeterminable.	The fellowing is a suppress of the related avents and feats.					Manager, returned to the project on a limited basis and additional DLIR		(2019.09.PM02, 2019.07.PM12, 2019.07.PM.13, and 2019.07.14).
						The following is a summary of the related events and facts:  •All eCMS Project meetings were cancelled beginning March 17, 2020	2020.03.PM01.R2	Formulate a plan for how to	DataHouse and DLIR, with input from the ESC, must come together to		project resources are expected to have some availability in the upcoming months as DCD employees are slowly transitioned back from the UI Division.		2019.07.PW.13, and 2019.07.14).
						following directives for non-essential state workers to stay home.		respond to COVID-19 impacts to	decide on how to best proceed.		With recent increases in cases in Hawaii, circumstances could potentially		
						Subsequent state-wide stay-at-home orders were put into effect through		the project.	Carefully assess the situation and individually log all of the specific		evolve rapidly. While the plan to move forward with Phase 2 work gives		
						April 30, 2020.			impacts to the project in the risk register, including direct and indirect		DataHouse more options to keep the project moving forward, some level of		
						•Currently only a few DLIR project resources, including the DCD Executive			impacts. •Evaluate alternative courses of action and contingency plans for each		DLIR project resources will always be needed. Making improvements for		
						Sponsor and DLIR Project Manager, are still working in the office or			specific impact identified.		identified deficiencies (2020.07.PM01) in a few key foundational project		
						remotely but time dedicated to project work has been drastically reduced due to competing priorities. DLIR ceased actively performing or			Consider adjusting the frequency of communications and reviews of		processes including schedule management (2019.07.PM13), resource management (2019.09.PM02), change management (2019.09.PM01), and risk		
						participating in many key project management activities.			response plans to support the pace of evolving circumstances.		management (2019.09.PM09) will better position the project to handle and	`	
						Key DLIR Subject Matter Experts (SME) are currently unavailable to the					adjust to changes going forward.		
						eCMS Project. The DLIR SMEs are critical to the Case Management					.,		
						system development process due to the valuable knowledge and input of					08/21/20: DataHouse kicked-off Phase 2 requirements gathering sessions.		
						business operations they provide to the development teams to clarify and					With Phase 1 activities scheduled to resume simultaneously with ongoing		
						refine requirements.					Phase 2 activities, additional clarity is still needed regarding the path forward	I.	
						Many DLIR SMEs have been temporarily assigned to assist the UI  District of control and approximate and a timeline of other than the control of the second of the sec					Additionally, the worsening COVID-19 situation in Hawaii creates a lot of		
						Division's overwhelmed operations and a timeline of when they would return to DCD or eCMS Project work is unknown.					uncertainty with regards to DLIR project resources and work arrangements. A clear understanding of intended project activities as well as contingency plan		
						Even when stay-at-home orders are lifted, the mounting DCD operational					for key project resources and possible work-from-home arrangements are	13	
						work will limit DLIR SME capacity to participate in or perform project work.					essential to minimizing further delays.		
						•The Office of Enterprise Technology Services (ETS) and DLIR Electronic							
						Data Processing Systems Office (EDPSO) stakeholders playing an essential					09/28/20, 10/23/20, 11/24/20, 12/23/20, and 01/26/21: No updates to		
						role in project governance and project security management activities are					report.		
						busy addressing other pressing department and state IT issues.					00/00/04 00/04/04 04/07/04 4 05/07/04 DUD 4 D-4-44		
						DLIR's plans to procure necessary testing, data conversion, and cloud support resources has been put on hold due to COVID-19.					02/23/21, 03/24/21, 04/27/21, and 05/27/21: DLIR and DataHouse should consider the continuing impacts the COVID-19 pandemic will have on the		
						Although a few DataHouse resources were reassigned to assist with					availability of DLIR project resources as a part of the upcoming Content		
						higher priority and more urgent UI Division system support, DataHouse					Management analysis and decision and while reprioritizing project goals and		
						continues to move forward with development work. However,					priorities.		
						DataHouse's progress is partially limited due to dependencies on DLIR's							
						completion of assigned tasks.					06/25/21: Almost all employees returned to DCD as of June and DLIR is able	9	
						The destinated of the second constrained DUD project					to make necessary procurements for the eCMS Project.		
						The drastic reduction in already constrained DLIR project resources has almost entirely halted project work on the state side which will impact							
						project costs and schedule and potentially impact quality and project							
						success. Estimates of potential impacts to project costs and schedule have							
						not yet been determined and progress has not been made to develop							
						mitigation plans that would help to reduce or limit the impacts.							
						The severity rating and the following IV&V recommendations are based on							
						a project-focused perspective, with an understanding that higher DLIR							
						department level priorities may limit the project's ability to respond							
						effectively and timely. Although this finding is reported under the Project							
						Organization and Management IV&V Assessment Category, this finding							
						also impacts the criticality ratings for the Governance Effectiveness; Cost,							
						Schedule and Resource Management; Risk Management; Communications							
						Management; Data Conversion; Quality Management and Testing; and Security categories. In addition to the specific recommendations made as							
						a part of this finding, the IV&V recommendations made at findings							
						2019.09.PM02, 2019.07.PM06, 2019.07.PM09, 2019.07.PM12,							
						2019.07.PM13, and 2019.07.PM14 will also help to address this issue.							

ASSESSMENT			ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
CATEGORY Project	2020.08.PM0	TYPE 1 Diek	SEVERITY Moderate	SEVERITY Moderate	Inadequate planning and lack of a	ANALYSIS  DataHouse's updated project management plan and project schedule was	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION  Complete Phase 2 planning.	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION     Ensure mutual understanding of Phase 2 plan and approach between	STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE  09/28/20: DataHouse updated the project management plan to include some	CLOSED DATE	Closed as Data House and DUR
Organization and	2020.00.1 100	I Kisk	Woderate	Wiodciate	detailed project schedule for Phase 2	scheduled for completion in July 2020. The task is not yet completed and		Complete Mase 2 planning.	DataHouse and DLIR.	Ciosca	additional details regarding Phase 2 deliverables and several project	10/23/2020	discussed project management
Management					may impact the execution of Phase 2	there is no estimated timeline for completion. Some of the details of the			Provide adequate details of Phase 2 in the project schedule.		management processes. Additional clarification of project management		processes. The need for a more
_					activities and result in delays.	Phase 2 planning were verbally discussed including DataHouse's			Consider building contingency plans for COVID-19 into the project		processes (e.g., performance metrics, monitoring DLIR project resource		detailed Phase 2 project schedule
						deliverables, assigned resources, and general approach; however,			management plan and processes.		workloads, resolving conflicts, or priorities for phases), contingency plans, and		and improvements in project
						additional planning is needed. The current project management plan was					the project schedule are still needed.		management processes will
						last updated in August 2019 and many of the processes are outdated or need improvement (2020.07.PM01). Additionally, the eCMS Project is					10/23/20: DataHouse and DLIR discussed and clarified project management		continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM09 Risk Management,
						now operating under completely different circumstances due to the					processes. In general, project performance metrics are not collected or		2019.07.PM13 Schedule
						COVID-19 pandemic (2020.03.PM01). The following are some of the					monitored. Instead DataHouse primarily uses the project schedule to manage		Management, 2019.07.PM14
						project management plan details that are unclear or need improvement:					and monitor project performance. DataHouse and DLIR clarified processes		Inadequate Resources, and
						How Phase 1 and Phase 2 activities will be performed simultaneously					for resolving conflicts or changes in resource availability and priorities for		2019.09.PM02 Resource
						with limited DLIR project resources; priority of Phase 1 or Phase 2 tasks;					phases. DataHouse has not yet added the detailed tasks for Phase 2 beyond		Management findings.
						process for resolving scheduling conflicts.  • Detailed project schedule with Phase 2 tasks, due dates, and required					the planning stage and plans to add more detailed tasks as more specific		
						*Detailed project schedule with Phase 2 tasks, due dates, and required resources.					project information (e.g., features, number of epics) is determined.		
						•Improved process for managing DLIR project resource constraints;					The Case Management development team also monitors progress with stats		
						contingency plans for DLIR project resources; planning of DLIR project					on the number of user stories completed in each sprint and the number in the		
						resources ability to work remotely including access, equipment, and					backlog.		
						technology.							
						•How the Content Management and Case Management components for							
						the Phase 2 will be developed; the number of Content Management forms in scope for Phase 2.							
						•Roles and responsibilities for Phase 2 DataHouse and DLIR project team							
						members.							
						•Updated process for project communications for identification of Phase 2							
						internal and external stakeholders; alternative communication channels in							
						place of standing project meetings or changes in working arrangements.							
						Process and metrics for evaluating project progress and performance for							
						timely detection of issues.							
						Although significant uncertainty due to the COVID-19 pandemic makes it							
						difficult to know the exact road ahead, proactive planning and							
						contingency planning are critical for anticipating changes and minimizing							
						impacts to the project.							
Project	2020.02.PM0	1 Positive	N/Δ	N/A	The DataHouse Case Management	The Scrum methodology employed by the DataHouse Case Management	N/Δ	N/A for positive findings.	N/A for positive findings.	Closed	N/A	3/27/2020	Closed as this is a positive finding.
Organization and	2020.02.1 1010	. I OSKIVO		1477	development team works very	development team inherently promotes collaboration, open		Turrior positive intaings.	TV/TOI positive intaings.	Ciosca		0,27,2020	biosed as and is a positive initiality.
Management					collaboratively with DLIR and	communication, transparency, and process improvement through built in							
						s daily stand-up and retrospective meetings. Over and above this, the Case							
					improvement resulting in smoother	Management development team members don't just go through the							
					project execution and increased	exercise of Scrum meetings but really embrace the spirit of the							
					transparency.	methodology. The Case Management development team members have:  •Worked closely with DLIR subject matter experts (SMEs) to ensure user							
						and business needs are thoroughly understood.							
						Encouraged DLIR SMEs to really explore opportunities for business							
						process improvements.							
						Openly communicated solution options including rationale for optimal							
						design considerations, limitations, and benefits as well as ways the							
						solution can help to achieve business process improvements for DLIR.							
						<ul> <li>Listened to feedback from DLIR and timely implemented improvements to project processes (e.g., user story approval process).</li> </ul>							
						Demonstrated genuine commitment to the success of the project.							
						J J							
						This approach has helped DLIR team members to build a high level of							
						comfort with and understanding of the Case Management solution and							
						has contributed to a smoother execution of the Case Management part of							
						the project.							

ASSESSMENT			ORIGINAL				RECOMMENDATION ID		SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING			
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	2019.09.IT01	Positive	N/A	N/A	The DataHouse team's swift and adaptive response to issues and risks minimized impact and further delays to project development.	Many members of the DataHouse team have contributed to the following successes:  - Secured a replacement Content Management hosting infrastructure solution. This included presenting the replacement solution, facilitating responses from and meetings with AWS, answering the Office of Enterprise Technology Services (ETS) security questions, and updating design documents.  - Milligated or remediated many of the high severity risks and issues from the IV&V Initial Report. The team's efforts to address many risks and issues are summarized in Appendix D. Additionally, DataHouse's willingness to open project team meetings to both DLIR and IV&V and time taken to address DLIR, IV&V, and ETS concerns have greatly contributed to the progress made since the Initial Report Demonstrated commitment to DLIR and project success. This includes the Content Management development team's flexibility in performing project work to accommodate the delays in the WC forms and the Case Management development team's openness bave demonstrated their commitment to doing what's best for the project and have even proposed ways to further improve the solution leveraging their extensive technical knowledge and experience.  The DataHouse team's actions have helped to minimize impacts and further delays to the project schedule. They have also built positive momentum in moving the project forward.	N/A	N/A for positive findings.	N/A for positive findings.	Closed	INDING STATUS UPDATE  N/A	10/25/2019	Closed as this is a positive finding.
Governance Effectiveness	2019.07.PG01	Positive	N/A	N/A	The DCD Executive Sponsor is highly engaged and plays an active and visible role in guidilor, monitoring, and championing the eCMS Project.	The DCD Executive Sponsor's close involvement in the project has provided strong leadership that has, to an extent, compensated for the lack of formal governance (feef to finding 2019 07 PGO2) and other project deficiencies noted throughout this report. However, as important as good sponsorship is, this factor alone can not be relied upon to guarantee project success.	N/A	N/A for positive findings.	N/A for positive findings.	Closed	N/A	9/20/2019	Closed as this is a positive finding.
Governance Effectiveness	2019.07.PG02	Risk	Moderate	N/A	The lack of a formal executive steering committee and change control board may limit the effectiveness of project governance.	The DataHouse proposal and Project Management Plan (version 1.2) make references to a steering committee: however, a formal committee was not chartered. Currently, the DCD Executive Sponors is assigned the authority in the Project Management Plan to approve all project changes.		Assemble and formalize an executive steering committee.	The size and selection of committee members should balance the representation of key stakeholders with the need for efficient decision making.  Formalize the committee mission, responsibilities, and the types and the thresholds of decisions that need committee approval in a steering committee charter.  Consider the need or ease of creating a change control board with a subset of the committee for certain types of decisions.	Closed	09/20/19. Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 3 (Lowl). The eCMS Executive Steering Committee (ESC) was assembled and held its first meeting on September 13, 2019. Members were informed of the committee's purpose, roles, and member tasks: however, the types and thresholds of decisions that need committee approval or attention was not formalized. The next meeting is scheduled for October 11, 2019.  10/25/19: The October 11, 2019 ESC meeting was effectively run by the DCC Project Sponsor to discuss key risks and issues and to align the eCMS Project direction with DUR and ETS strategic objectives. The thresholds for decisions that require committee attention were also established.		Closed as the eCMS ESC was formalized.
Governance Effectiveness	2019.07.PG03	Risk	Moderate	N/A	The unclear DataHouse contract terms may limit objective evaluation of contractor performance and contract fulfillment.	The procurement of the System Integrator (SI) for the eCMS Project was performed by DLIR EDPSO and reviewed by ETS. The RFP and DataHouse contract does not clearly outline expected deliverables, evaluation criteria for accepting deliverables, and clear delineation of roles and responsibilities. There has already been confusion or misunderstandings due to unclear contract terms in the areas of form design, risk and issue tracking (refer to finding 2019.07.PMIO), and communications (refer to finding 2019.07.PMIO), and communications (refer to finding 2019.07.PMIO). Additionally, the lack of specific acceptance criteria has led to approval of deliverables that do not meet industry standards (refer to finding 2019.07.PMIO). DataHouse has already prepared certain management plans and project documents and has been amenable to providing certain additional deliverables even though they were not clearly required to by the RFP or contract. Clear contract terms set expectations for deliverables and will assist DLIR to ensure that contractors fulfill obligations to the standard of quality that is required.		Evaluate the need for a contract modification to clarify contract terms.	-Consider including key project documents as deliverables such as a requirements management plan and requirements traceability matrix (RTM) (refer to finding 2019 07 PM10), risk and issue log (refer to finding 2019 0.7 PM0), and testing documentationConsider including acceptance criteria based on industry standards. For example, the acceptance criteria could be compliance with institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) 29148-2018 for a requirements traceability matrix or compliance with IEEE 829 for test documentationConsider including measurable success metrics (refer to finding 2019 0.7 PG05)Consider the need to outline roles and responsibilities between DLIR and DataHouse (refer to finding 2019 0.7 PM02).		09/20/19: DLIR has decided to address this finding through updates of project plans. DataHouse has shown an openness to develop and continuously improve project deliverables including project plans. Roles and responsibilities have been more openly discussed and plan to be incorporated within project plans. Furthermore, success and quality metrics are being drafted which will also be an additional method for evaluating contractor performance and fulfillment.		Closed as DLIR will address through project plan updates. The need for clarification of roles and responsibilities as well as acceptance criteria and success metrics will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PG04 Success Metrics, 2019.07.PM03 Deliverable Review, and 2019.07.TO5 Quality Management findings.
Governance Effectiveness	2019.07.PG04	Risk	Low	N/A		Large IT projects are not a regular occurrence for many State departments. Often times project resources are assigned from within the departments that have valuable organizational and operational knowledge but do not have the necessary project management experience. Having guidelines and checklists and access to project documents from past State projects would greatly benefit even experienced project teams. ETS, as the State of Hawaii's IT oversight office, is in the best position to gather project assets and put forth guidelines.		Initiate conversations with ETS to discuss DLIR IT and project support needs and responsibilities.	Discuss what resources, guidance, and shared project assets would be most helpful to DUR     Discuss what project assets DUR can provide to contribute to the development of a centralized project management library.	Closed	09/20/19: ETS began sharing best practices and lessons learned with DUR including taking the DUR Project Manager to sprint meetings for another State project. ETS is a member of the newly formed eCMS Executive Steering Committee (ESC) and will use that vehicle to share lessons learned with DUR Additionally, DUR is forming a DUR IT Steering Committee to provide oversight to all DUR IT projects. The DCD Executive Sponsor is a member of that DUR committee and plans to share eCMS lessons learned and project templates with other DUR IT projects.		Closed as discussions occurred with ETS and the risk is adequately miligated with the planned course of action.

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY	FINDING ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	FINDING	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATION ID	RECOMMENDATION	SUPPLEMENTAL RECOMMENDATION	FINDING STATUS	FINDING STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Benefits Realization	2019.07.PG06	Risk	Low	N/A	Failure to align statutes with the eCMS Project modernization objectives may reduce the operational improvements that are achieved.	The eCMS Projects primary modernization objective is to move to a paperless and automated business process. The new system is being designed to allow for electronic filing, routing, and tracking of forms. However, current disability compensation statutes have not been revised to require that these forms are filed electronically by law. As such, manual paper forms may continue to be submitted by external users such as claimants, employers, and insurance companies. As the development of a portal for public filing will not begin until Phase 3, this risk is not as imminent. However, as the evaluation of potential impacts, collection of feedback from stakeholders, and the legislative process to amend statutes is a long process, the initial planning should begin as early as possible so as not to postpone or reduce the realization of the benefits from the new system.		Develop a plan and timeline to amend the statutes to align to project and organizational objectives.		Closed	09/20/19: In 2016, DLIR convened a Working Group (WG) consisting of representatives from various DCD-related stakeholder groups. The WG provides an avenue for DLIR to understand stakeholders' concerns and a forum for the stakeholders to understand the DLIR's business process improvements including the need for statutorily mandated electronic claim filings.  DLIR plans to draft statutory changes to mandate electronic filling in FY2022 (effective July 1, 2023). This timeframe was decided on as it allows DLIR to procatively involve stakeholders in testing production and provide stakeholders the appropriate time to ready their systems for electronic filling.	9/20/2019	Closed as DLIR has a plan to align statutes with eCMS Project objectives.
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM01	Positive	N/A	N/A	The DLIR Project Manager is a declicated project lead who works collaboratively with internal stakeholders.	The DLIR Project Manager is hardworking and has continually demonstrated dedication to the project and an eagerness to learn. Additionally, the DLIR Project Manager has some of the necessary leadership qualities that make her a good project manager. Her positive nature and collaborative approach develops trus with and satisfies concerns of many internal stakeholders. This has mitigated some of the communication and COM risks (refer to findings 2019.07 PMO7 and 2019.07 PMO8). However, the DLIR Project Manager is the only full-lime DLIR employee assigned to the eCMS Project and there is not a sufficient amount of project resources (refer to finding 2019.07 PM14) to properly manage the project.	N/A	N/A for positive findings:	N/A for positive findings:	Closed	N/A	9/20/2019	Closed as this is a positive finding.
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM04	Issue	High	N/A	BAFO without obtaining a written letter of intent between DataHouse and DHS. Furthermore, the eCMS Project	leverage DHS's IBM FileNet environment; however, there was no written agreement between DataHouse and DHS that supported DHS intent to support shared services. Once the eCMS Project was underway, the MOU discussions with DHS were primarily led by the DataHouse Project Sponsor. The eCMS Project advanced for 10 months without finalizing the	2019.07.PM04.R3	Finalize the MOU to leverage DHS' enterprise licenses for FileNet and Datacap.  DUR should lead all discussions and negotiations of vendor contracts or agency agreements.  Identify and complete all critical tasks prior to moving forward with an alternative solution.		Closed	09/20/19: The MOU with DHS for Datacap and FileNet licenses is close to being finalized. DLIR received a draft from DHS on September 1, 2019 and it was sent to the Attorney General's office on September 17, 2019. Acculty has observed that DLIR has led the contract discussions and negotiations with AWS.		Closed as the MOU with DHS is in process to be finalized and DLIR is leading contractor negotiations. The recommendation to identify all critical tasks will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM13 Schedule Management finding.
Project Organization and Management	2019.07.PM05	Risk	Moderate	N/A	A lack of clarity on DataHouse's development methodology may not allow or adequately prepare stakeholders to participate readily.	hataHouse is using a modified Agile development methodology that is referred to as "Water-Scrum-Fail". This is a combination of the waterfall and Agile methods that defines the full set of requirements at the beginning but uses Agile user stories and sprints while building the software. Based on the current project plan, the eCMS Project was supposed to begin the Build stage of Phase 1 and transition to the Scrum methodology. Although the recent DHS development will likely delay the kickoff of this stage, there are a number of concerns regarding the transition to the Scrum methodology:  - DataHouse has not yet fully determined the number, length, and details of the sprints.  - The project schedule also does not yet reflect the agile sprints cycles or identify resources who are expected to participate.  - There have not been communications with the DLIR project team and stakeholders regarding the Scrum methodology or the roles and responsibilities they have during this stage of the project.  - Wanny of the DataHouse project team members work remotely and are unable to work on-site.		Formalize an approach for executing Scrum phases.  Communicate the approach for executing Scrum phases to all team members and impacted stakeholders.	Consider industry best practices for Agile methodologies such as retrospectives, daily standups, burndown charts, and frequent user demonstrations and feedback.  *Establish the backlog preparation and refinement process.  *Establish vitual conferencing tools and communication protocols for geographically distributed team members.  *Set the number and length of the sprints.  *Update the project schedule for sprint activities and assign resources (refer to finding 2019.07.PM.14).  *Include clear and detailed procedures and roles and responsibilities for Scrum tasks (refer to finding 2019.07.PM.02).  *DUR should be included in project team activities (refer to finding 2019.07.PM.02).	Closed	09/20/19- Acculty has kept the severity rating as Level 2 (Moderate). Although DataHouse has incorporated the Case Management sprint schedule into the overall project schedule and provided a high-level overview of the requirements/user stories to be covered by each sprint, roles and responsibilities still need to be clearly defined and communicated. The Case Management development team follows a classic Scrum model and plans to clarify roles and responsibilities of Product Owners and users, how new requirements will be approved and prioritized, and acceptance criteria during the next user review and Epic 2. The Content Management development team follows a semi-agile process and drafted an overview document of the team's change management practices.  10/25/19. The Case Management development team held a training for the DLIR Product Owners to provide an overview of the Scrum methodology and the Product Owner role and responsibilities.		Closed as the Scrum methodology has been formalized and was communicated to the DLIR eCMS Product Owners. The recommendation to communicate the methodology to all impacted stakeholders will continue to be monitored under the 2019-07-PM07 Stakeholder Communications finding.
Business Process Reengineering	2019.07.PM11	Risk	Moderate	N/A	Not identifying and addressing BPR opportunities prior to system design and development may require additional effort to correct.	There is no formal plan for BPR activities. DataHouse's approach to BPR was to start with the current state process maps, walkthrough the process with stakeholders, and make updates to the processes maps. As a result of this process, DataHouse provided future state process maps. However, Team Acculty was unable to clearly understand how processes were prioritized for change, root causes were addressed, or processes were improved (e.g., elimination of rework loops).  Business process improvement is a key deliverable identified in the RFP and in DataHouse's contract. The DataHouse contract states that the key deliverable will be manifested through; faster throughput of data into the system; faster response times to requests by users, less errors reported in the system; greater flexibility to make system changes; and online access and input by internal and external users. However, the RFP and contract on tot clearly identify how this deliverable will be supported, evaluated, or accepted by DLIR (refer to finding 2019.07.PG03). There should be clear documentation on how the new solution plans on measuring and achieving key business process improvement performance goals.  The IV&V recommendations made at 2019.07.PG05.R1, 2019.07.PG05.R2, and 2019.07.PG05.R3 regarding clear and measurable goals and success metrics will also address this finding. Below is an additional recommendation to further improve BPR activities.		identify and track BPR opportunities in a log.	This log should be used to plan BPR and design activities and to develop content for communications and training.	Closed	09/20/19: Accuity has kept the severity rating as Level 2 (Moderate) as a process or tool for tracking BPR changes for future communications and training has not been created:  10/25/19 and 11/22/19: BPR opportunities continue to be discussed during sprint sessions; however, identified opportunities are not formally tracked.  12/20/19: The Case Management user story tracker tool identifies which user stories resulted in BPR.	12/20/2019	Closed as user stories resulting in significant BPR can be identified for communications and training.

ASSESSMENT			ORIGINAL	CURRENT						FINDING			
System Software, Hardware, and Integrations	FINDING I 2019.07.11	ID TYPE IT01 Issue	High	N/A	ENDING The original solution proposed by DataHouse in their BAFO to leverage the existing DHS FileNet hosting infrastructure is no longer a feasible solution.	There are a number of items in the DataHouse BAFO that are no longer feasible based on the inability to leverage the existing DHS FileNet environment. Under the original solution, DHS would monitor and maintain the enterprise IBM FileNet environment. As DHS will no longer be providing access to their IBM FileNet environment, DLIR will need to identify resources to take on the monitoring and maintenance of the IBM FileNet infrastructure. As DataHouse recommended in the BAFO the on-premise installation for the IBM ECM solution due to the capture volume	RECOMMENDATION ID 2019.07.IT01.R1	ECOMMENDATION Evaluate other total solution alternatives for an alternative solution.	SUPPLEMENTAL BECOMMENDATION  Consider solutions that could include other technical applications that could utilize a different choice of methodology using different tools, provide a cheaper solution for the longer-term, and faster implementation.  Consider the following website which lists 20 competitive alternatives to IBM FileNet for consideration: www.g2.com/products/ibm-filenet-content manager/competitors/alternatives. Additional research could result in more extensive choices going forward.		INDING STATUS UPDATE  909/20/19: In July 2019, DataHouse presented AWS as a potential alternative solution. The proposed AWS solution was compared to another cloud solution, Microsoft Azure, in respects to cost and performance. DataHouse reviewed the listing of content management solutions provided by Accuity and concluded that IBM FileNet was the best solutions for this project: however, no formal analysis was prepared. DUR approved AWS as the replacement hosting infrastructure solution effectively remediating the nability to leverage the DHS FileNet environment issue.	9/20/2019	Closure reason Closed as a replacement solution was approved by DLIR. As a comprehensive analysis was not prepared and there is still a need for additional clarification regarding certain aspects of the replacement solution, Accuity will continue to monitor plans for AWS security
						and higher performance of document file transfers over the LAN and internal State network, DLR should be provided with a technical analysis of various solution options that includes a comparison of the alternatives on performance.  Although this issue relates to the proposed hosting infrastructure solution for Content Management, this is an opportunity for both DataHouse and DLR to reassess the total solution considering all updated technological opportunities available today. DLR should ensure that DataHouse performs sufficient analysis regarding possible alternative solution options. DLR should also take the time to perform adequate due dilligence before making any decisions. It is important that thorough analysis and adequate due dilligence is performed before moving forward in the project clin order to avoid further project delays and to ensure that the delivered system will meet operational and stakeholder requirements.		Prepare a comprehensive technical analysis of the alternative solution.	Include the impact of the alternative solution to project cost, schedule, resources, security, maintenance and operations, system software, hardware integration requirements, performance requirements, and required infrastructure to ensure a complete and successful working solution.  Clearly define what needs to be completed, who is responsible, steps for completion, and timing.  Considerations for impact on project cost includes costs related to the following:  Processing, storage and connectivity  Operating system and database management licensing Interfacing technologies  Maintenance and operations  Data center, collocation facilities and availability requirements  If it is decided that FileNet is the most cost effective and efficient solution, renewal and ongoing costs of FileNet enterprise licensing considerations for impact on project schedule, time estimates, and resources include:  Acquisition, installation, and configuration of software and infrastructure  Ongoing maintenance and operations (patching, updates)  Performance of security assessments  Change and configuration management		Acculty had also recommended that a comprehensive technical analysis be prepared on the replacement solution; however, DLIR decided not to formally document the analysis as they are comfortable with the selection based on reading of AWS whitepapers, the information provided by DataHouse, and discussions with ETS and EDPSO.		under finding 2019.07.1707, AWS M&O roles and responsibilities under the new preliminary concern 2019.10.1702, and AWS costs under finding 2019.07.PM12.
Design		IT03 Issue	High	N/A		Case Management is currently in the design phase and design documents have not been provided. The Content Management Design (version 1.0) approved by DLIR on May 6, 2019. The recent DHS development will require design documents to be updated after an alternative Content Management hosting infrastructure solution is selected. However, even prior to this development, the Content Management design documents were drafted based on requirements documentation that is incomplete (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10). The requirements document deficiencies should be remediated immediately and the design documents updated accordingly.		Update the Content Management design documents.	Consider updates for revised requirements documents (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10) and for the alternative Content Management hosting infrastructure solution (refer to finding 2019.07.IT01).		09/20/19: Acculty decreased the sevently rating from Level 1 (High) to Level 2 (Moderate). DataHouse updated the Content Management Design Document to include additional, more detailed requirements. As noted above at finding 2019.07 PM10, DataHouse is in the process of updating the requirements documentation to include all requirements from the DataHouse contract.  10/20/19: The Content Management Design Document (version 1.2) was updated to refine or add requirements.		design documents are regularly updated as changes to requirements are made. The completeness of the design with respect to contract requirements will continue to be monitored under the 2019.07.PM10 requirements finding.
Data Conversion	2019.07.11	ITO4 Risk	Moderate	N/A	plan that is based on incomplete, inaccurate, and outdated requirements may impact the data migration design	Case Management is currently in the design phase and data conversion documents have not be drafted. The Content Management Conversion and Migration (version 0.0) document was drafted by DataHouse on June 13, 2019 but was not yet approved by DLIR. The document was drafted based on requirements documentation that is incomplete (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10). Furthermore, the Content Management Conversion and Migration (version 0.0) document included a risk that changes to the requirements after a certain point in the project may cause additional effort to re-factor the migration design process.  As data conversion is the process of converting data from one source to suit the system requirements of another, it is important that the data conversion plan is based on accurate system requirements. The requirements document deficiencies (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10) should be remediated immediately and the data conversion plan updated accordingly.		Update the Content Management data conversion plan.	Consider updates for revised requirements documents (refer to finding 2019.07.PM10).	Closed	09/20/19: Accuity has kept the severity rating as Level 2 (Moderate). The Content Management Conversion and Migration Plan (version 1.1) was updated on 09/05/19 before the Content Management Design Document (version 1.1) was updated on 09/15/19 to include additional design requirements. Changes to requirements should be evaluated for the impacts on the conversion and migration plans and the detailed taxonomy mapping. 10/25/19: DataHouse evaluated the new requirements and determined that there is no impact to the high level Content Management conversion requirements included in the Conversion and Migration Plan. 11/22/19: Accuity reviewed the taxonomy mapping with the primary stakeholder and confirmed that changes in system requirements will not have a significant impact on the Content Management data conversion plan as the legacy system has limited data fields that are currently used.	11/22/2019	Closed as changes in system requirements do not appear to significantly impact the Content Management data conversion plan.

## Appendix E: Prior IV&V Reports

AS OF DATE	DESCRIPTION
06/30/19	Initial On-Site IV&V Review Report
09/20/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
10/25/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
11/22/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
12/20/19	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
01/24/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
02/20/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
03/27/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
04/24/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
05/22/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
06/26/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
07/29/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
08/21/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
09/28/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
10/23/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
11/24/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
12/23/20	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
01/26/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
02/23/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report



AS OF DATE	DESCRIPTION
03/24/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
04/27/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
05/27/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
06/25/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
07/27/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
08/25/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
09/28/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
10/26/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
11/29/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
12/29/21	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report
01/25/22	Monthly On-Site IV&V Review Report



Appendix F: Comment Log on Draft Report



## Appendix F: Comment Log on Draft Report

## DLIR DCD eCMS Project: IV&V Document Comment Log





ID#	Page #	Comment	Commenter's Organization	Accuity Resolution
1		No DLIR comments.		
2				
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