



**STATE OF HAWAII
BOARD OF EDUCATION**
P.O. BOX 2360
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96804

January 24, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi
President and Members of the Senate
Thirty-first State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki, Speaker
and Members of the House of
Representatives
Thirty-first State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 431
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

For your information and consideration, I am transmitting a copy of the annual report on the State's public charter schools as required by Section 302D-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes. In accordance with Section 93-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, I am also informing you that the report may be viewed electronically at:

<http://boe.hawaii.gov/policies/Pages/Reports.aspx>.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Catherine Payne".

Catherine Payne
Chairperson

cc: Legislative Reference Bureau
Department of Education (via email)
Office of the Governor (via email)
Office of the Lieutenant Governor (via email)
Department of Budget and Finance (via email)
Office of the Auditor (via email)

Enclosures



STATE OF HAWAII
BOARD OF EDUCATION
P.O. BOX 2360
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96804

LEGISLATIVE REPORT

SUBJECT

Requesting the Board of Education (the “Board”) provide the Governor, Legislature and the public an annual report on the State’s public charter schools, drawing from the annual reports submitted by every authorizer as well as any additional relevant data compiled by the Board, for the school year ending in 2021. The annual report shall include:

- (1) The Board’s assessment of the successes, challenges, and areas for improvement in meeting the purposes of Hawaii Revised Statutes (“HRS”) Chapter 302D, including the Board’s assessment of the sufficiency of funding for public charter schools, and any suggested changes in state law or policy necessary to strengthen the State’s public charter schools;
- (2) A line-item breakdown of all federal funds received by the Department of Education (the “Department”) and distributed to authorizers;
- (3) Any concerns regarding equity and recommendations to improve access to and distribution of federal funds to public charter schools;
- (4) A summary of the criteria used by the charter school facilities funding working group, established pursuant to HRS §302D-29.5, in allocating facilities funding;
- (5) A detailed breakdown of the allocation of funding through general funds and bond funds;
- (6) A detailed list of the projects funded by general funds and bond funds;
- (7) The status of funding for projects previously awarded; and
- (8) A discussion of all Board policies adopted in the previous year, including a detailed explanation as to whether each policy is or is not applicable to charter schools.

REFERENCE

HRS §302D-21.

ACTION REQUESTED

Report to the 2022 Legislature.

REPORT

This is the tenth annual report provided by the Board pursuant to Act 130, Session Laws of Hawaii (“SLH”) 2012, codified as HRS Chapter 302D and subsequently amended. The goal of Act 130, SLH 2012, was to strengthen the Hawaii charter school governance structure by establishing clear lines of authority that ensures accountability of the charter school system. A

key aspect of HRS Chapter 302D is increased oversight and accountability of charter schools. Measures related to academic performance, financial performance and sustainability, and operational viability are a focus of the law.

The annual report required by HRS §302D-21 is designed to meaningfully assess and support the provisions of the law. Since the first report in 2012, each subsequent report has built upon previous years' reports. These annual reports have provided information on the status of the charter schools, the implementation of accountability measures needed to fulfill the purposes of the law, the status of charter school facilities funding and the implementation of Act 234, SLH 2015¹, and the Board's efforts to implement charter school law and improve the charter school system. This year's report builds on last year's report.

FINDINGS

(1) The Board's assessment of the successes, challenges, and areas for improvement in meeting the purposes of this chapter, including the Board's assessment of the sufficiency of funding for public charter schools, and any suggested changes in state law or policy necessary to strengthen the State's public charter schools.

SUCSESSES

First regular performance evaluation of an authorizer. In previous reports, the Board reported that it made significant progress in the implementation of Hawaii Administrative Rules ("HAR") Chapter 8-515, entitled "Establishment and Oversight of Charter School Authorizers." The Board adopted an application for chartering authority, authorizing contract, and authorizer performance evaluation system.²

On May 14, 2021, the Board initiated the first regular performance evaluation of the State Public Charter School Commission (the "Commission") in accordance with HAR §8-515-11. As of the writing of this report, the performance evaluation of the Commission is still underway, and the Board anticipates issuing the performance evaluation report to the Commission in January 2022. The Board will include the results and outcomes of the evaluation in next year's legislative report.

Applications for chartering authority. On May 17, 2021, the Board released the notice inviting applications for chartering authority for its next application cycle. However, the Board did not receive any intents to apply by the deadline of June 7, 2021. The Board will release its next notice inviting applications in May of 2022 and will continue to report the results of its applications for chartering authority cycles in these annual reports.

¹ Act 234, SLH 2015, section 1 states that the purpose of the Act is "to provide: (1) A framework for providing facilities funding and support for public charter school facilities with adequate prioritization, oversight, and accountability; and (2) Public charter schools and early learning programs that are affiliated with a public charter school with the opportunity to secure the use of additional state facilities deemed vacant and appropriate for use."

² More information about the background and development of the application for chartering authority, authorizing contract, and authorizer performance evaluation system is contained in Student Achievement Committee Chairperson Margaret Cox's memorandum dated May 2, 2019 here: http://boe.hawaii.gov/Meetings/Notices/Meeting%20Material%20Library/GBM_20190502_Action%20on%20multiple%20charter%20school%20authorizer%20system%20documents.pdf.

Fiscal stability. For the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the Commission, currently the sole charter school authorizer in Hawaii, assessed the financial performance of all charter schools with a financial performance framework that examines the potential risk of fiscal insolvency. Based on the results of this financial performance framework, only two charter schools out of the 37 assessed received risk ratings lower than “acceptable,” illustrating that the majority of charter schools remain fiscally sound.³ The results suggest that the financial status of charter schools, as a group, continues to be relatively stable. Note, however, that fiscal stability is likely more indicative of sound fiscal management by the majority of charter schools rather than the sufficiency of funding for charter schools. As described below, facilities funding continues to be an ongoing challenge.

CHALLENGES

Facilities funding. As noted in previous reports, a major and ongoing challenge is the lack of funding for charter school facilities. Act 234, SLH 2015, took a step toward addressing this perennial problem. This report addresses the reporting requirements of Act 234, but the Legislature has not appropriated general funds or authorized bonds for charter school facilities to date.

In previous reports, the Board reported that the Commission adopted a charter school facilities funding framework with criteria to determine the distribution of facilities funds, pursuant to HRS §302D-29.5. For many years, the Board has recommended that the Legislature provide some form of facilities funding to charter schools to address this unmet need, especially with the facilities funding criteria in place. Given the State’s dire economic situation last year, the Board was more concerned with preserving as much funding as possible for charter schools, and public education in general, than facilities funding for charter schools. However, with improved economic and fiscal projections, the Board once again urges the Legislature to consider providing facilities funding for charter schools.

Centralized support. As reported for several years, another major challenge is the lack of a system of support for charter schools. Unlike Department schools, charter schools do not have a centralized department or agency that allows them to take advantage of economies of scale and maximize their financial resources. The Commission attempts to fill this void by providing some supports. However, the Commission’s statutory role as an authorizer conflicts with the role of a true support organization. Statute acknowledges this and restricts the level and type of support the Commission can provide.⁴ In addition, the approval of another authorizer without a non-authorizer centralized support agency would add complexity to the charter school system and expose it to potential conflicts of interests, fairness and equity issues, and unnecessary inefficiencies.⁵ The Legislature,

³ The Commission’s 2020-2021 annual report is available on its website here:

<http://www.chartercommission.hawaii.gov/reports>. See page 31 for a summary of charter schools’ overall financial performance.

⁴ Pursuant to HRS §302D-5(g), the Commission “shall not provide technical support to a prospective charter school applicant, an applicant governing board, or a charter school it authorizes in cases in which the technical support will directly and substantially impact any authorizer decision related to the approval or denial of the charter application or the renewal, revocation, or nonrenewal of the charter contract.”

⁵ More information about how the centralized support issue relates to a multiple charter school authorizer system is contained in Student Achievement Committee Chairperson Margaret Cox’s memorandum dated

Board, and other stakeholders could begin addressing this issue as part of an overall reassessment of the charter school system as discussed below.

AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

Holistic assessment of charter school system. It has been nearly a decade since the Legislature passed Act 130, SLH 2012, overhauling the charter school system. The charter school system could benefit from another holistic reassessment of governance, authority, and accountability structures, especially in regards to powers, duties, and responsibilities.

One aspect of charter school law that has seen incremental yet consistent changes since 2012 is the expansion of powers and responsibilities of authorizers, particularly the Commission. It is important to analyze the structural implications and practical effects of these policy changes. For example, since the original codification of HRS Chapter 302-D, it seems that an authorizer now has the ability to *de facto* close a school without corresponding relief or due process. It is necessary to examine whether this is the intent of the Legislature and the implications this has on the charter school system.

In addition, structural improvements will be necessary for the Board to successfully implement and oversee a system with multiple charter school authorizers. As noted above and in previous reports, the Board made significant progress in the implementation of HAR Chapter 8-515. Still, the State (the Board, Legislature, and other agencies) has much work to do to create a charter school system that can support more than one authorizer. The issue of centralized support for charter schools noted above directly connects to a comprehensive multiple authorizer system. Further, the Board still has to develop an application form and process for charter transfers to implement HAR Chapter 8-517, entitled “Charter Contract Transfers,” but the Board may want to first consider amending its administrative rules or wait for a centralized support system to address some previously raised issues, such as the transfer of funds between authorizers when a charter school transfers. Finally, in its report to the 2020 Legislature (and referenced in its report to the 2021 Legislature), the Board explained a fundamental issue regarding funding for authorizers other than the Commission. Specifically, statute does not provide for a stable source of funds from the state budget for any authorizer other than the Commission, which makes it difficult for any other authorizer to exist.⁶

Because the task force the Legislature established in 2011 to address issues on charter school governance, accountability, and authority was successful in recommending comprehensive system changes that led to Act 130, SLH 2012,⁷ the Board recommends that the Legislature convene another task force to examine similar opportunities for improvement.

April 5, 2018 here:

http://boe.hawaii.gov/Meetings/Notices/Meeting%20Material%20Library/SAC_20180405_Action%20on%20charter%20school%20support%20structure.pdf.

⁶ The Board’s report to the 2020 Legislature on charter schools is available here:

[https://boe.hawaii.gov/policies/Documents%20/BOE%20Charter%20School%20Report%20to%202020%20Legislature%20\(transmittal\).pdf](https://boe.hawaii.gov/policies/Documents%20/BOE%20Charter%20School%20Report%20to%202020%20Legislature%20(transmittal).pdf).

⁷ The task force’s report to the 2012 Legislature is available here:

https://www.capitol.hawaii.gov/session2011/studies/CSGTF_REPORT.pdf.

(2) A line-item breakdown of all federal funds received by the Department and distributed to authorizers.

Please see attached, Exhibit A.

(3) Any concerns regarding equity and recommendations to improve access to and distribution of federal funds to public charter schools.

In its report this year, the Commission notes that it continues to “collaborate with the [Department] on ensuring an equal, proportionate share of pandemic relief for charter schools from the funding provided by the federal government.” The Commission also notes that it engages and collaborates with multiple state agencies, including the Department of Budget and Finance, the Department of Accounting and General Services, and the Department of Education.⁸

Based on the Commission’s report, the Board does not currently have any concerns regarding equity or recommendations to improve access to and distribution of federal funds to public charter schools.

(4) A summary of the criteria used by the charter school facilities funding working group, established pursuant to HRS §302D-29.5, in allocating facilities funding.

As noted above and in previous reports, the Commission adopted a charter school facilities funding framework with criteria to determine the distribution of facilities funds.⁹ The Commission’s framework includes a process for soliciting and evaluating applications for facilities funding. Charter schools with virtual education as the primary method of delivering core subject instruction or with school facilities already paid for by the State are ineligible to apply.

The criteria for prioritizing applications for facilities funding include:

- Needs of the charter school, such as the existence of substandard facilities, other equity and adequacy needs, and issues of health, safety, and legal compliance;
- Overall benefit to its surrounding community, such as overcrowding relief for Department schools or providing options for families whose Department school is low performing;
- Amount of risk and availability of recourse to the State;
- Whether the charter school received facilities funding through other state funding;
- School facilities located on State property or under an agreement whereby the State controls the property with at least 20 years remaining; and
- Title I status.

The Charter School Facilities Funding Working Group has not yet used the criteria described above to allocate facilities funding because the Legislature has not yet appropriated general funds or issued bond authorization to charter schools for facilities, pursuant to HRS §302D-29.5.

⁸ Commission 2020-2021 annual report, page 39.

⁹ Commission 2019-2020 annual report is available on its website here: <http://www.chartercommission.hawaii.gov/reports>. See pages 279-292.

(5) A detailed breakdown of the allocation of funding through general funds and bond funds.

The Legislature has not yet appropriated general funds or issued bond authorization to charter schools for facilities.

(6) A detailed list of the projects funded by general funds and bond funds.

There are currently no charter school facilities projects being funded by general funds or bond funds.

(7) The status of funding for projects previously awarded.

No charter school facilities projects have been awarded general funds or bond funds.

(8) A discussion of all board policies adopted in the previous year, including a detailed explanation as to whether each policy is or is not applicable to charter schools.

As it has done in past reports, the Board is again providing a full list of all current policies, attached as Exhibit B, indicating whether each policy is applicable to charter schools.

Since its last report, the Board has not adopted new policies or amended existing policies.

FUTURE ACTIONS

The Board will complete the first regular performance evaluation of the Commission and report the results in its next annual report. The Board recommends that the Legislature establish a task force to reexamine governance, authority, and accountability structures, including the expansion of authorizers' powers and responsibilities, centralized support for charter schools, and a system with multiple charter school authorizers. With the improved economic and fiscal outlook, the Board once again urges the Legislature to provide facilities funding to address the issue of long-term financial stability and equity, which has been a clear issue in each of the Board's ten annual reports.

Exhibit A – Summary of Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Federal Fund Allocations to Charter Schools

Federal Program	Grant Purpose and Basis for Allocation	All Funds distributed to the Charter Schools via the Commission in Fiscal Year 2020-2021
U.S. DOE Impact Aid	Grant provided financial assistance to local education agencies affected by Federal presence. Distribution based on proportion of total public-school enrollment. FY 2020-2021 share of \$2,406,640 was provided in FY 2019-2020	Please see “Basis for Allocation”
Impact Aid – Innovative Programs	Grant is to provide awards for innovative projects to advance the goals of the Strategic Plan through high impact strategies.	\$1,020
Impact Aid – PCS CARES ESSER II	To provide charter schools with an equivalent pro-rata share of the Federal Coronavirus, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funding.	\$8,991,457
DoD – Charter Schools	Grant provided financial assistance to local education agencies affected by military presence. Distribution based on proportion of total public-school enrollment.	\$266,176
DOD Supplement to Impact Aid funds for Compact Impact funds	To provide charter schools with a pro-rata share based on enrollment of the federal Compact Impact funds received from the U.S. Department of the Interior. In lieu of directly allocating Compact Impact funds that carry with them spending restrictions and reporting requirements, this allocation was made using Department of Defense (DoD) Supplement to Impact Aid funds that only requires the funds be expended pursuant to State law.	\$264,421
ESSA Title I – Centralized LEA	Grant is to provide all children significant opportunity to receive a fair, equitable, and high-quality education and to close educational achievement gaps.	\$404,132

Exhibit A – Summary of Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Federal Fund Allocations to Charter Schools

Federal Program	Grant Purpose and Basis for Allocation	All Funds distributed to the Charter Schools via the Commission in Fiscal Year 2020-2021
ESSA Title I LEA Grant-School Improvement	Grant provides supplemental services and supports to Priority, Focus, and low performing schools.	\$1,469,425
ESSA Title I LEA Grant-Schools	Grant provided to help disadvantaged students in school with the highest concentrations of poverty meet the same high standards expected of all students. Distribution made to only schools with 47.2% or more students receiving free or reduced-price meals. Distribution to these schools based on Title I formula using number of free or reduced-price eligible students multiplied by the per pupil amount for the school's county.	\$3,158,702
ESSA Title I LEA Grant-Parent Engagement	Grant to provide support for parent involvement activities, including but not limited to family literacy training, training to enhance parenting skills, etc. Distribution based on Title I formula.	\$32,992
Education for Homeless Children & Youth	Grant provided to support all homeless children to have equal access to free and appropriate public education. Funds support staffing for personnel that provide technical assistance to various groups. Distribution is based on the cost of a homeless liaison position and related expenses.	\$18,875
Title VIB Special Education Project I (IDEA)	Grant provided special education and related services to eligible students in accordance with federal regulations. NOTE: IDEA funds are primarily allocated to Complex Areas to assist in supporting special education related services for all public-school students, including charter school students.	\$131,969

Exhibit A – Summary of Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Federal Fund Allocations to Charter Schools

Federal Program	Grant Purpose and Basis for Allocation	All Funds distributed to the Charter Schools via the Commission in Fiscal Year 2020-2021
ESSA Title IIA Assist Non-Highly Qualified Teachers to Highly Qualified Teachers	To provide charter schools with funding to support professional development and other activities that assist Non-Highly Qualified Teachers (NHQT) to become Highly Qualified (HQ) in core academic subjects.	\$6,725
ESSA Title IIA Targeted Professional Development	Grant provided to improve teacher quality and increase the number of highly qualified teachers in the classroom.	\$512,830
Perkins – Program Improvement FY21	Grant to provide resource and services to identified project schools that are developing and implementing improved and expanded CTE programs during the school year. Distribution of funds based on SY19-20 CTE one-year plans that have been submitted and approved.	\$3,998
ESSA Title IIA Professional Development	Grant provided to improve teacher quality and increase the number of highly qualified teachers in the classroom. Distribution based on an approved Title IIA Highly Qualified Plan	\$276,900
ESSA Migrant Education	Grant provided to support education programs that address the needs of migratory children. Distribution made based on a percentage formula incorporating at-risk factors and the number of migrant students at each school.	\$49,958
Middle School UPLINK – DHS FY21	Grant provides funds to approved middle and intermediate schools to proactively prevent students in grades 6-8 from engaging in risky behaviors through activities offered in the out-of-school hours (before and/or afterschool, weekends, intersessions and summer).	\$40,000

Exhibit A – Summary of Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Federal Fund Allocations to Charter Schools

Federal Program	Grant Purpose and Basis for Allocation	All Funds distributed to the Charter Schools via the Commission in Fiscal Year 2020-2021
Special Ed Pre-School Grant	Grant provides funds for supplemental services to support the special education of students with disabilities 3 to 5 years of age in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 (IDEA) and Hawaii Administrative Rules, Chapter 60.	\$202
ESSA MEP Consortium Incentive Grant	Grant provides funds for providing high-quality, and comprehensive educational and support programs for migratory children to help reduce problems associated with frequent moves, cultural and language barriers, and health related problems that inhibit their success in school.	\$2,025
ESSA 21 st CCLC – Cohort 12	Grant provides funds to support the purpose of the 21st Century Community Learning Centers (21st CCLC) Program (CFDA 84.287C), authorized under Title IV, Part B of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). ESEA was reauthorized in December 2015 and renamed the "Every Student Succeeds Act" (ESSA) to provide academic enrichment opportunities during non-school hours for students that focus on: A. Opportunities for academic enrichment, including tutorial services in core academic subjects;	\$1,552

Exhibit A – Summary of Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Federal Fund Allocations to Charter Schools

Federal Program	Grant Purpose and Basis for Allocation	All Funds distributed to the Charter Schools via the Commission in Fiscal Year 2020-2021
	<p>B. An array of additional services, programs, and activities, such as youth development and violence prevention programs; and</p> <p>C. Opportunities for family literacy and other educational development.</p>	
ESSA Title IIA Support New Teachers & Principals	Grant provides funds to support to new teachers in their first three years of employment, and for principals and vice principals in their first three years of assignment.	\$192
Title VIB – SEA Activities	Grant provides funds for statewide administration and general supervision of special education and related services. General supervision activities include monitoring and enforcement, complaint investigation, administering an administrative hearing process, and establishing and implementing a mediation system.	\$184
CARES-ESSER-Summer Learning Program	Grant provides funds to provide programs for credit recovery, e-school expansion for advanced learning and credit attainment, K-2 literacy, compensatory services, UH courses, and summer learning hubs.	\$4,000
CARES-ESSER-Sp Ed Callback for IEPs	Grant provides funds to enable schools/offices to provide resources to support families, students and communities with differentiated needs for transition to reopening.	\$70

Exhibit A – Summary of Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Federal Fund Allocations to Charter Schools

Federal Program	Grant Purpose and Basis for Allocation	All Funds distributed to the Charter Schools via the Commission in Fiscal Year 2020-2021
CARES-ESSER-Summer Mental Health Support	Grant provides funds to schools to hire school counselors and the complex areas to hire social workers to support summer school teams as they meet the academic, behavioral and social-emotional needs of their students. In addition, the funds would also be used to establish a statewide Trauma Certification pathway for School-Based Behavioral Health (SBBH) personnel to attain certification(s) in the delivery of mental health support and/or in PracticeWise Evidence-Based Strategies. These additional supports are to address behavioral and mental health needs of students due to the recent pandemic.	\$8,000
CARES-ESSER-SPED Summer Learning	Grant provides funds to enable complex areas and schools to provide accelerated learning experiences for students with disabilities during the summer.	\$26,787
ESEA Title I – Homeless Children	Grant provides funds to provide educationally-related support services to homeless children, including children who do not attend Title I schools.	\$12,515
ESEA Title I – Transportation & Supplemental Ed Services	Grant provides funds to provide all children significant opportunity to receive a fair, equitable, and high-quality education and to close educational achievement gaps (Elementary and Secondary Education Act section 1001).	\$8,409
Total		\$18,100,156

Exhibit B – Board of Education Policies and Applicability to Charter Schools

As of 11/20/2020

Policy #	Policy	Applicable to Charter Schools?
E-1	Philosophy of Education in Hawaii's Public Schools	No
E-2	Mission, Vision, Values, and Beliefs	No
E-3	Nā Hopena A'o (HĀ)	No
E-100	Student Success	No
E-101	Whole Student Development	No
101-1	Student Code of Conduct	No
101-2	Character Education	No
101-3	Student Activities	No
101-4	Community Sponsored Activities	No
101-5	Guidance, Counseling and Related Services	No
101-6	Comprehensive Student Support System	No
101-7	School Climate and Discipline	No
101-8	Extended Learning Opportunities	No
101-9	School-Sponsored Student Publications	No
101-10	School Service	No
101-11	Surfing	No
101-12	Academic Requirements for Participation in Co-Curricular Activities	No
101-13	Controversial Issues	No
101-14	Family and Community Engagement/Partnership	No
101-15	Focus on Students	No
101-16	High School Athletics	No
E-102	Academic Mastery and Assessment	No
102-1	Effective Schools Reporting	No
102-2	K-12 Literacy	No
102-3	Statewide Content and Performance Standards	Yes
102-4	Diverse Stakeholder Inclusion in the Development of Content and Performance Standards	No
102-5	Comprehensive Assessment and Accountability System	No
102-6	Statewide Assessment Program	Yes
102-7	Recruitment and Testing of Students by Private Schools and Other Agencies	No
102-8	Student Promotion	No
102-9	Middle Level Education Promotion	No
102-10	Educational Research and Evaluation	No
102-11	Pilot and Innovative Projects	No
102-12	Reporting Student Progress and Achievement	No
102-13	Credits	No
102-14	Homework	No
102-15	High School Graduation Requirements and Commencement	Yes

Policy #	Policy	Applicable to Charter Schools?
E-103	Health and Wellness	No
103-1	Health and Wellness	No
103-3	Emergency Care for Sick or Injured Students	No
103-4	School Health Services	No
103-5	Sexual Health Education	No
103-6	School Food Services	No
103-7	Food Sales	No
103-8	Prophylactics in the Public Schools	No
E-105	Well Rounded Academic Program	No
105-1	Academic Program	No
105-2	Responsibility for Curriculum Development and Implementation	No
105-3	Curriculum	No
105-4	Instructional Materials	No
105-5	Gifted and Talented	No
105-6	Career and Technical Education	No
105-7	Hawaiian Education Programs	Yes
105-8	Ka Papahana Kaiapuni	Yes
105-9	Fine Arts Program	No
105-10	Alternative Programs and Services for Secondary Students	No
105-11	Pregnant/Parenting Students	No
105-12	Special Education and Related Services	Yes
105-13	Inclusion	No
105-14	Multilingualism for Equitable Education	No
105-15	Seal of Biliteracy	No
105-16	English Learners (EL)	No
105-18	Field Trips and Student Travel	No
E-106	Supports for Effective Learning	No
106-1	School Calendar	No
106-2	Class Size	No
106-3	Admission and Attendance	No
106-4	Dress Code and School Uniforms	No
106-5	Student Instructional Hours and School Year Requirements and Waiver Process	No
E-200	Staff Success	No
E-201	High Performing Employees	No
201-1	Ethics and Code of Conduct	Yes
201-2	Accountability of Employees	No
201-3	Collective Bargaining	Yes
201-4	Leaves of Absence	No
E-202	Highly Effective School Administration (Strong, Visible School Leadership)	No
202-1	School Leadership	No

Policy #	Policy	Applicable to Charter Schools?
202-2	School Year for Principals	No
202-3	School Year for Vice Principals	No
202-4	Principal Performance Evaluation	No
E-203	Highly Effective Teaching	No
203-1	Duties and Responsibilities of Teachers	No
203-2	Developmentally-Appropriate Teaching Strategies	No
203-3	Guidance Regarding Student Rights and Disciplinary Practices	No
203-4	Teacher Performance Evaluation	No
203-5	Substitute Teachers	No
E-204	Hiring, Training and Retention of Employees	No
204-1	Teacher Recruitment, Retention, and Employment	No
204-2	Educational Officer Appointment and Probation	No
204-3	Personnel Development	No
204-4	Employee Certification	No
204-5	Compensation and Classification	No
204-6	Department of Education Housing	No
204-7	Department of Education New Employee Orientation Program	No
204-8	Department of Education Employee Dress Code	No
204-9	Strike Situation	No
204-10	Personnel Relations	No
204-11	Student Teachers from Out-of-State Universities	No
E-300	Effective Systems of Support	No
E-301	Facilities and Technology	No
301-1	Facilities Standards	No
301-2	Creating Communities of Learners	No
301-3	Use of School Buildings, Facilities and Grounds	No
301-4	School Lavatories	No
301-5	Use of School Equipment	No
301-6	Internet Use	No
301-7	Employee Electronic Communication and Technology Use and Access	No
301-8	Naming of Schools and School Facilities	No
301-9	Sustainability	No
301-10	Equitable Allocation of Facilities Resources	No
E-302	Transportation	No
302-1	Student Transportation	No
E-303	Financial Systems, Business Processes and Organizational Resources	No
303-1	Department of Education Budgets	No
303-2	Department of Education's Budget Public Input Required	No
303-3	Department of Education Program Evaluations	No
303-4	Federal Funds	No
303-5	Capital Improvement Program	No

Policy #	Policy	Applicable to Charter Schools?
303-6	Carryover Funds	No
303-7	Personal Services Contracts	No
303-8	Real Estate Transaction	No
303-9	Collecting Third-Party Dues and Assessments	No
303-10	Fee for Service	No
303-11	After School Plus (A+) Fees	No
303-12	Commercialism	No
303-13	Sale of Merchandise	No
303-14	Inventory	No
303-15	Disposals/Transfers	No
E-304	Communications (Family and Community Engagement)	No
304-1	E Komo Mai	No
304-3	Open Communication	No
304-4	Department of Education Data information Availability and Access	No
304-5	Public Complaints	No
E-305	Safe Schools, Safe Students	No
305-1	Student Safety and Welfare	No
305-2	Safe workplace	No
305-3	Safe Schools	No
305-4	Use of Force	No
305-5	Cooperation with Law Enforcement Agencies	No
305-6	Closing Schools in the Event of Disaster and/or other Emergencies	No
305-7	Alcohol and Illicit Drug Use	No
305-8	Youth Gangs	No
305-9	Practice of Hazing Students	No
305-10	Anti-Harassment, Anti-Bullying, and Anti-Discrimination Against Student(s) by Employees	No
305-11	Classroom and Laboratory Safety	No
E-400	Board of Education Governance	No
400-1	Board of Education Roles and Responsibilities	No
400-2	Policies and Policy-Setting	Yes
400-3	Implementation of Board of Education Policy	No
400-4	Budget Restrictions and Reductions	No
400-5	Public Board of Education	No
400-6	Involvement of School Advisory Councils, Library Advisory Commission and Hawaii State Student Council	No
400-8	Board of Education Student Member Selection	No
E-500	Department of Education	No
500-1	Organization of the Department	No
500-2	Plan of Organization	No
500-3	Employment of the Superintendent of Education	No
500-4	Duties and Responsibilities of Superintendent	No

Policy #	Policy	Applicable to Charter Schools?
500-5	Evaluation of the Superintendent of Education and the State Librarian	No
500-6	Salaries of Subordinate Superintendents	No
500-7	Temporary Assumptions of the Superintendent's Office Due to Absence or Illness	No
500-8	Accreditation of Schools	No
500-9	Establishment of Complex Areas	No
500-11	School Attendance Areas	No
500-12	Geographic Exceptions to the Mandatory School Attendance Law	No
500-14	Pre-Kindergarten and Kindergarten	No
500-16	Middle Level Education	No
500-17	High School Education	No
500-18	Summer School Programs	No
500-19	School Community Councils	No
500-20	School Community Council Waivers and School Community Council Exceptions	No
500-21	Student Information and Confidential Records	No
500-22	School Visitations by Non-School Personnel	No
500-23	Solicitations by Department Personnel and Students	No
500-24	Opening and Closing Hours of School	No
500-25	Establishment of Articulated School Complexes	No
500-26	New Student Orientation	No
500-27	Multi-Track Year-Round Education	No
E-600	Libraries	No
600-1	Hawaii State Public Library System Collection Development	No
600-2	Hawaii State Public Library System Budgets	No
600-3	Hawaii State Public Library System Safe Workplace	No
600-4	Naming of Hawaii State Public Library Facilities	No
600-5	Hawaii State Public Library System Internet Acceptable Use	No
600-6	Access to Hawaii State Public Library System Facilities	No
600-7	Hawaii State Public Library System Wireless Security Disclaimer and Use	No
E-700	Public Charter Schools	Yes
E-800	Adult Education	No
800-1	Content Standards for Adult Community Schools	No
E-900	Legal Requirements, Implementation and Limitations	Yes
900-1	Department of Education Applicant and Employee Non-Discrimination	No
900-2	Copyright	No
900-3	Religion and Public Schools	No
900-4	Gender Equity in Education	No
900-5	Rights of Students Who Are Deaf, Hard of Hearing, or Deaf-Blind	No
900-6	Student Rights and Due Process	No
8300	Board Appointment of Charter School Review Panel Members*	Yes*

*Board Policy 8300 is a carryover policy from the old numbering system. The Board has not yet revised this policy to reflect current law (as the Charter School Review Panel was repealed in 2012).