THE SENATE THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2021 STATE OF HAWAII

S.C.R. NO. 185

MAR 1 2 2021

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

RECOGNIZING THE CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION OF THE HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION ACT OF 1920, AS AMENDED.

WHEREAS, Prince Jonah Kūhiō Kalaniana'ole (Prince Kūhiō) was 1 Hawaii's delegate to the United States Congress from his 2 election in 1902 until his untimely passing on January 7, 1922, 3 and was not a voting member of the governing body; and 4 5 WHEREAS, in 1919, the Territory of Hawaii Legislature 6 unanimously supported the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act; and 7 8 9 WHEREAS, in April 1920, Prince Kūhiō introduced House Resolution 13500, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, for passage 10 by the United States Congress for the betterment of his beloved 11 12 Hawaiian people; and 13 WHEREAS, the U.S. Senate and House Committees on 14 Territories comprised of a bipartisan coalition of elected 15 officials to pass the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act out of their 16 17 committees; and 18 WHEREAS, Senate Resolution 1881, arising out of House 19 20 Resolution 13500, passed by voice vote in the United States Senate on June 27, 1921, and the United States House of 21 Representatives on June 30, 1921; and 22 23 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act was signed on 24 25 July 9, 1921, by President Warren G. Harding and took effect on September 16, 1921. The Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, 26 as amended, created the Hawaiian Homes Commission whose first 27 28 Chairman, Wallace R. Farrington, was the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii; and 29 30 WHEREAS, the other members of the first Commission included 31 Prince Kūhiō, Kahu Akaiko Akana, Rudolph Duncan, and George 32 33 Cooke; and



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1 2 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended, was enacted to provide homestead lots for native 3 Hawaiians, who following the Mahele of 1848, lost their parcels 4 due to a myriad of reasons, including the lack of understanding 5 of the recently imposed foreign legal and judicial system, 6 introduction and expansion of large-scale ranching and 7 8 plantation operations, the decline of taro cultivation due to 9 the abandonment of large irrigation systems that had been maintained by the community, the acquisition of parcels through 10 adverse possession or quiet title actions, and the seizing of 11 parcels as payment for debts and taxes; and 12 13 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act was enacted to 14 provide homesteading programs for native Hawaiians by placing 15 approximately 200,000 acres of former crown lands into the 16 Hawaiian Home Lands Trust, in which the management of the 17 Hawaiian Home Lands Trust was vested in the Hawaiian Homes 18 19 Commission; and 20 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as 21 22 amended, provides the Chairman of the Hawaiian Homes Commission 23 the authority to propose to the Secretary of the Interior the exchange of Hawaiian home lands for land privately or publicly 24 25 owned in furtherance of the purposes of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act; and 26 27 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as 28 amended, created the Hawaiian Home Loan Fund where receipts from 29 30 thirty per cent of the rental of cane lanes and thirty percent of water licenses would reside; and 31 32 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Home Loan Fund was utilized to 33 provide loans to homesteaders to erect dwellings and construct 34 permanent improvements; purchase livestock and farm equipment; 35 and otherwise assist in the development of the tract; and 36 37 WHEREAS, the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as 38 amended, sought to increase native Hawaiian land ownership by 39 making the land title inalienable, providing adequate access to 40 41 water to all homestead holdings, and provide financial assistance until farming operations were underway; and 42



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1 WHEREAS, in 1959, Congress enacted the Admission Act to 2 admit the Territory of Hawaii into the United States as a state. 3 4 In compliance with the Admission Act, and as a compact between Hawaii and the United States relating to the management and 5 6 disposition of the Hawaiian home lands, the State adopted the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, as amended, as a law of the State 7 through Article XII of the Hawaii State Constitution, whereby 8 the day-to-day management of the Hawaiian Home Lands trust is 9 10 vested in the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, an agency of the State of Hawaii, headed by the Hawaiian Homes Commission; 11 12 and 13 WHEREAS, in its 1925 Report to the Legislature of Hawaii, 14 the Hawaiian Homes Commission wrote that Prince Kūhiō "made a 15 notable record and his voice was listened to with respect by 16 staunch friends among national leaders" and "the adoption of the 17 Hawaiian Homes Commission Act stands as a monument to his 18 19 memory"; now, therefore, 20 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-first 21 Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2021, the 22 House of Representatives concurring, that this body recognizes 23 the centennial celebration of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act 24 25 of 1920, as amended; and 26 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 27 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to Hawaii's congressional 28 delegation, Governor, Chairperson of the Hawaiian Homes 29 30 Commission, Chairperson of the Board of Trustees of the Office of Hawaiian Affairs, and all county mayors. 31 32 12 33 34 OFFERED BY:

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