JAN 22 2021

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHARTER SCHOOLS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 302D-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 4 establishment. (a) New start-up and conversion charter schools
- 5 may be established pursuant to this section.
- 6 (b) Any community, department school, school community
- 7 council, group of teachers, group of teachers and
- 8 administrators, or nonprofit organization may submit a letter of
- 9 intent to an authorizer to form a charter school and establish
- 10 an applicant governing board. The letter on intent is merely a
- 11 notice provided by the applicant to the authorizer that the
- 12 applicant intends to complete an application. Anyone that
- 13 submits a letter of intent may later submit an application. An
- 14 applicant governing board may develop a charter application
- 15 pursuant to this section; provided that:

1	(1)	An applicant governing board established by a
2		community may develop a charter application for a
3		start-up charter school;
4	(2)	An applicant governing board established by a
5		department school or a school community council may
6		develop a charter application for a conversion charter
7		school;
8	(3)	An applicant governing board established by a group of
9		teachers or a group of administrators may develop a
10		charter application for a start-up or conversion
11		charter school; and
12	(4)	A nonprofit organization may:
13		(A) Establish an applicant governing board that is
14		separate from the nonprofit organization and
15		develop a charter application for a start-up or
16		conversion charter school; or
17		(B) Establish an applicant governing board that shall
18		be the board of directors of the nonprofit
19		organization and may develop a charter
20		application for a conversion charter school;
21		provided that any nonprofit organization that

1	seek	s to manage and operate a conversion charter
2	scho	ol shall:
3	(i)	Submit to the authorizer at the time of the
4		charter application bylaws or policies that
5		describe the manner in which business is
6		conducted and policies that relate to the
7		management of potential conflict of interest
8		situations;
9	(ii)	Have experience in the management and
10		operation of public or private schools or,
11		to the extent necessary, agree to obtain
12		appropriate services from another entity or
13		entities possessing such experience;
14	(iii)	Not interfere in the operations of the
15		department school to be converted until
16		otherwise authorized by the authorizer in
17		consultation with the department; and
18	(iv)	Have the same protections that are afforded
19		to all other governing boards in its role as
20		the conversion charter school governing
21		board.

1	(6)	The	charter school application process and schedule
2	shall be	deter	mined by the authorizer, and shall provide for and
3	include, a	at a	minimum, the following elements:
4	(1)	The	issuance and publication of [a request for
5		prop	osals] an application process by the authorizer or
6		the	authorizer's internet website that, at a minimum:
7		(A)	Solicits charter applications and presents the
8			authorizer's strategic vision for chartering;
9		(B)	Includes or directs applicant governing boards to
10			the performance framework developed by the
11			authorizer in accordance with section 302D-16;
12		(C)	Includes statutory criteria that will guide the
13			authorizer's decision to approve or deny a
14			charter application;
15		(D)	States clear, appropriately detailed questions
16			and provides guidelines concerning the format and
17			content essential for applicant governing boards
18			to demonstrate the capacities necessary to
19			establish and operate a successful charter
20			school; and

1		(E) Requires charter applications to provide or	
2		describe all essential elements, as determined by	
3		the authorizer, of proposed school plans;	
4	(2)	The submission of a letter of intent to notify the	
5		authorizer of the applicant's intent to apply to open	
6		and operate a start-up charter school or to convert a	
7		department school to a conversion charter school;	
8		provided that anyone that submits a letter of intent	
9		is subsequently entitled to submit an application;	
10	(3)	The timely submission of a completed charter	
11		application to the authorizer; provided that a charter	
12		application for a conversion charter school shall	
13		include certification and documentation that the	
14		charter application was approved by a majority of the	
15		votes cast by existing administrative, support, and	
16		teacher personnel, and parents of students at the	
17		existing department school; provided that:	
18		(A) This vote shall be considered by the authorizer	
19		to be the primary indication of the existing	
20		administrative, support, and teaching personnel,	

1		and parents' approval to convert to a charter
2		school;
3		(B) The balance of stakeholders represented in the
4		vote and the extent of support received in
5		support of the conversion shall be key factors,
6		along with the applicant's proposed plans, to be
7		considered by the authorizer when deciding
8		whether to award a charter; and
9		(C) A breakdown of the number of administrative,
10		support, and teaching personnel, and parents of
11		students who constitute the existing department
12		school and the number who actually participated
13		in the vote shall be provided to the authorizer;
14	(4)	The timely review of the charter application by the
15		authorizer for completeness, and notification by the
16		authorizer to the applicant governing board that the
17		charter application is complete[+] or if the
18		authorizer determines that the application is
19		incomplete, notification by the authorizer to the
20		applicant governing board that the application is
21		incomplete that provides a detailed listing of any

1		missing elements of the application and leasonable
2		opportunity for the applicant governing board to cure
3		any deficiency;
4	(5)	Upon receipt of a completed charter application, the
5	V	review and evaluation of the charter application by
6		qualified persons including but not limited to:
7		(A) An in-person interview with representatives from
8		the applicant governing board; and
9		(B) An opportunity in a public forum for the public
10		to provide input on each charter application;
11	(6)	Following the review and evaluation of a charter
12		application, approval or denial of the charter
13		application by the authorizer in a meeting open to the
14		public[+] and subsequent written notice to the
15		applicant and in the event of a denial, the notice
16		must provide specific information to the applicant on
17		its appeal rights to the board, including without
18		limitation, the number of days by which the applicant
19		must file an appeal with the board and where the
20		applicant should file the appeal;

1	(/)	A provision for a linar date by which a written
2		decision to approve or deny a charter application must
3		be made by the authorizer, upon receipt of a complete
4		charter application[; and] from the applicant;
5		provided that if no written decision is provided by
6		that date, the application shall be deemed approved;
7		and
8	(8)	A provision that no charter school may begin operation
9		before obtaining authorizer approval of its charter
10		application and charter contract and fulfilling pre-
11		opening requirements that may be imposed by the
12		authorizer, pursuant to section 302D-14.5.
13	(d)	A charter application to become a start-up or
14	conversio	n charter school shall meet the requirements of this
15	subsectio	n, section 302D-25, and any other requirements set by
16	the autho	rizer. The charter application shall, at a minimum:
17	(1)	Include plans for a charter school that are likely to
18		satisfactorily meet the academic, financial,
19		organizational, and operational performance
20		indicators, measures, and metrics set forth in the

1	additizer b performance framework, parsuant co
2	section 302D-16;
3	(2) Include plans for a charter school that is in
4	compliance with applicable laws; and
5	(3) [+]Recognize[+] the interests of the general public.
6	(e) In reviewing a charter application under this section
7	an authorizer shall take into consideration the constitution of
8	the applicant governing board, terms of applicant governing
9	board members, and the process by which applicant governing
10	board members were selected.
11	(f) In reviewing charter applications under this section,
12	an authorizer shall develop a schedule to approve or deny a
13	charter application by the end of the calendar year prior to the
14	opening year of the proposed charter school for purposes of
15	meeting any deadlines to request funding from the legislature;
16	provided that nothing in this section shall be construed as
17	requiring an authorizer to accept and review charter
18	applications annually.
19	(g) If a conflict between the provisions in this section
20	and other provisions in this chapter occurs, this section shall
21	control.

1 (h) If an authorizer takes any action that prohibits an 2 applicant from proceeding with an application for any reason, 3 that action shall be deemed a denial and subject to appeal 4 pursuant to section 302D-15." SECTION 2. Section 302D-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 6 amended to read as follows: 7 "§302D-15 Appeals; charter applications, renewals, or 8 revocations. (a) The board shall have the power to decide 9 appeals of decisions by an authorizer to deny the approval of a 10 charter application, deny renewal of a charter contract, or 11 revoke a charter school's charter contract. An appeal shall be 12 filed with the board within twenty-one calendar days of the 13 receipt of the notification of denial or revocation. Only a 14 party whose charter application has been denied, whose charter 15 contract renewal has been denied, or whose charter contract has 16 been revoked may initiate an appeal under this section for 17 The board shall review an appeal and issue a final 18 decision within sixty calendar days of the filing of the appeal. 19 The board shall serve as the final arbitrator of (b) 20 appeals authorized by subsection (a) [-] and the authorizer shall 21 act in accordance with the board's decision within the timeframe

- 1 stated by the board or in the absence of a timeframe, the
- 2 reasonable amount of time needed to comply. If an authorizer
- 3 fails to timely comply with the final decision of the board, the
- 4 board may impose a penalty on the authorizer, including without
- 5 limitation, fining the authorizer for every day the authorizer
- 6 is not in compliance, implementing the decision and binding the
- 7 authorizer to the final decision, or revoking the authorizer's
- 8 charter authority consistent with section 302D-11(e).
- 9 (c) A party shall not be entitled to a hearing before the
- 10 board under this section until it has exhausted all available
- 11 administrative remedies.
- 12 (d) The board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to
- 13 implement this section.
- 14 (e) If the board overrules a denial or revocation by an
- 15 authorizer, at the option of the charter school, another
- 16 eligible authorizer may be designated as the authorizer for
- 17 ongoing operations of the charter school; provided that the new
- 18 authorizer accepts the charter school."
- 19 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 20 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 21 begun before its effective date.



Timbelle M. Lidami

- 1 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 3 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

4

INTRODUCED BY:

Report Title:

Charter Schools; Application; Appeals; Board of Education

Description:

Clarifies the process for applicants to submit a letter of intent to apply to open and operate a charter school. Provides for penalties for authorizers who fail to timely comply with board decisions.

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