A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE STATE PLAN.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that sustainable design
- 2 concepts for public infrastructure incorporate green vegetation
- 3 and trees to decrease urban temperatures, reduce carbon
- 4 emissions, improve air quality, and capture water to replenish
- 5 the water table. The effects of climate change have made
- 6 implementing sustainable design concepts more critical, as each
- 7 passing year has seen increased temperatures and other impacts
- 8 from climate change.
- 9 Studies have determined that people who live in areas that
- 10 have more trees and green space are less likely to have acute
- 11 respiratory symptoms and less likely to die of heart disease or
- 12 respiratory disease. Studies have also found that green
- 13 vegetation, trees, and properly designed and well-maintained
- 14 infrastructure can also produce significant improvements to
- 15 mental health and have positive psychological and quality-of-
- 16 life benefits in a community. The Walt Disney Company uses
- 17 these principles in park design, including painting unsightly



- 1 infrastructure, such as trash cans and street lights, a standard
- 2 shade of neutral green to blend them into the surrounding
- 3 environment to improve the quality of experience for visitors.
- 4 The same can be done in local communities to produce similar
- 5 mental health and quality-of-life benefits.
- 6 The legislature further finds that Hawaii is world-renowned
- 7 for its vegetation, and that citizens and tourists alike
- 8 actively seek out green spaces. Increasing the number of parks
- 9 and green spaces in Honolulu's urban core will increase the
- 10 quality of life of residents and visitors alike.
- 11 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to improve the
- 12 quality of life in the State by:
- (1) Establishing objectives and policies for state
- 14 facility systems in the Hawaii State Planning Act to
- achieve the use of green infrastructure, vegetation,
- and trees in state facility systems, infrastructure,
- and transit projects; and
- 18 (2) Requiring the office of planning, in partnership with
- the greenhouse gas sequestration task force, to make
- 20 recommendations for implementing the green

1	infrastructure objectives, policies, and priority
2	guidelines established by this Act.
3	SECTION 2. Chapter 226, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
5	designated and to read as follows:
6	"§226- Objectives and policies for facility systems
7	green infrastructure. (a) Planning for state facility systems,
8	infrastructure, and transit projects with regard to green
9	infrastructure shall be directed toward the achievement of the
10	following sustainability design objectives:
11	(1) Minimizing stormwater runoff and replenishing the
12	water table;
13	(2) Reducing the urban heat-island effect;
14	(3) Encouraging the removal of pollutants from the air;
15	and
16	(4) Encouraging the removal, sequestration, and storage of
17	greenhouse gas emissions.
18	(b) Planning for state facility systems, infrastructure,
19	and transit projects shall incorporate the achievement of the
20	following quality of experience design objectives:

1	(1)	Creating a visual and sound barrier to enhance the
2		quality of life in the surrounding community;
3	(2)	Incorporating as much live foliage, trees, green
4		infrastructure, and open green space as possible, with
5		a priority on the use of Hawaiian plants where
6		<pre>feasible; and</pre>
7	(3)	Finishing exterior exposed appurtenances and concrete
8		surfaces not covered in foliage or green
9		infrastructure with a standardized paint scheme to
10		protect against weathering, blending appropriately
11		with Hawaii's natural environment, and enhancing a
12		Hawaii sense of place that provides for a better
13		quality of life experience.
14	<u>(c)</u>	For the purpose of this section, "green
15	infrastru	cture" means the range of measures that use plant or
16	soil syst	ems, including trees, permeable pavement or other
17	permeable	surfaces or substrates, stormwater harvest and reuse,
18	or landsc	aping to store, infiltrate, or evapotranspirate water
19	and reduc	e flows to sewer systems or to surface waters."

1 SECTION 3. Section 226-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted 3 and to read as follows: 4 ""Hawaiian plants" shall have the same meaning as in 5 section 103D-408." 6 SECTION 4. Section 226-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 7 8 "(b) To achieve the scenic, natural beauty, and historic 9 resources objective, it shall be the policy of this State to: 10 Promote the preservation and restoration of (1)11 significant natural and historic resources. Provide incentives to maintain and enhance historic, 12 (2) 13 cultural, and scenic amenities. 14 Promote the preservation of views and vistas to (3) 15 enhance the visual and aesthetic enjoyment of mountains, ocean, scenic landscapes, and other natural 16 17 features. 18 (4)Protect those special areas, structures, and elements that are an integral and functional part of Hawaii's 19

ethnic and cultural heritage.

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1	(5)	Encourage the design of developments and activities
2		that complement the natural beauty of the islands.
3	<u>(6)</u>	Promote the increase of outdoor public green spaces.
4	(7)	Connect outdoor public green spaces with existing
5		trails.
6	(8)	Promote the increase of urban tree canopy.
7	(9)	Prioritize the use of Hawaiian plants where feasible
8		to contribute to Hawaii's historic and cultural
9		heritage, sense of place, biodiversity, and
10		resilience."
11	SECT	ION 5. Section 226-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended t	o read as follows:
13	"§22	6-104 Population growth and land resources priority
14	guideline	s. (a) Priority guidelines to effect desired
15	statewide	growth and distribution:
16	(1)	Encourage planning and resource management to insure
17		that population growth rates throughout the State are
18		consistent with available and planned resource
19		capacities and reflect the needs and desires of
20		Hawaii's people.

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1	(2)	Manage a	growth	rate	for H	Hawaii's	economy	that	t will
2		parallel	future	emplo	yment	needs	for Hawa	aii's	people.

- (3) Ensure that adequate support services and facilities are provided to accommodate the desired distribution of future growth throughout the State.
- (4) Encourage major state and federal investments and services to promote economic development and private investment to the neighbor islands, as appropriate.
- (5) Explore the possibility of making available urban land, low-interest loans, and housing subsidies to encourage the provision of housing to support selective economic and population growth on the neighbor islands.
- (6) Seek federal funds and other funding sources outside the State for research, program development, and training to provide future employment opportunities on the neighbor islands.
- 18 (7) Support the development of high technology parks on the neighbor islands.
- (b) Priority guidelines for regional growth distributionand land resource utilization:

(1)	Encourage urban growth primarily to existing urban
	areas where adequate public facilities are already
	available or can be provided with reasonable public
	expenditures, and away from areas where other
	important benefits are present, such as protection of
	important agricultural land or preservation of
	lifestyles.

- (2) Make available marginal or nonessential agricultural lands for appropriate urban uses while maintaining agricultural lands of importance in the agricultural district.
- (3) Restrict development when drafting of water would result in exceeding the sustainable yield or in significantly diminishing the recharge capacity of any groundwater area.
- (4) Encourage restriction of new urban development in areas where water is insufficient from any source for both agricultural and domestic use.
- 19 (5) In order to preserve green belts, give priority to
 20 state capital-improvement funds which encourage
 21 location of urban development within existing urban

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2	develo	pment	of a	nc	ncontiguous	new	urban	core	

- (6) Seek participation from the private sector for the cost of building infrastructure and utilities, and maintaining open spaces.
- Pursue rehabilitation of appropriate urban areas. (7)
 - (8) Support the redevelopment of Kakaako into a viable residential, industrial, and commercial community.
 - (9) Direct future urban development away from critical environmental areas or impose mitigating measures so that negative impacts on the environment would be minimized.
- Identify critical environmental areas in Hawaii to (10)include but not be limited to the following: 15 watershed and recharge areas; wildlife habitats (on 16 land and in the ocean); areas with endangered species of plants and wildlife; natural streams and water bodies; scenic and recreational shoreline resources; 19 open space and natural areas; historic and cultural 20 sites; areas particularly sensitive to reduction in water and air quality; and scenic resources.

1	(11)	Identify all areas where priority should be given to
2		preserving rural character and lifestyle.
3	(12)	Utilize Hawaii's limited land resources wisely,
4		providing adequate land to accommodate projected
5		population and economic growth needs while ensuring
6		the protection of the environment and the availability
7		of the shoreline, conservation lands, and other
8		limited resources for future generations.
9	(13)	Protect and enhance Hawaii's shoreline, open spaces,
10		and scenic resources.
11	(c)	Priority guidelines to promote the use of green
12	infrastru	cture in state facility systems, infrastructure, and
13	transit p	rojects:
14	(1)	Design all new state facilities, infrastructure, and
15		transit upgrades to include best practices for tree
16		planting and other green infrastructure.
17	(2)	Make provisions for maintaining trees in accordance
18		with standards set by the Accredited Standards
19		Committee of the Tree Care Industry Association.
20	(3)	Select tree species matched to site conditions to
21		maximize tree health.

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1	(4)	Select tree and vegetation species for larger size at
2		maturity where possible to maximize environmental
3		benefits.
4	(5)	Select varied native tree and vegetation species for
5		biodiversity to increase resilience.
6	(6)	Promote traffic safety with placement of foliage and
7		trees consistent with Federal Highway Administration
8		guidance, outside of "clear zones"."
9	SECT	ION 6. The office of planning, in partnership with the
10	greenhous	e gas sequestration task force, shall submit a report
11	to the le	gislature, no later than twenty days prior to the
12	convening	of the regular session of 2022, that includes:
13	(1)	Recommendations for implementing the green
14		infrastructure objectives and policies set out by
15		section 226- , Hawaii Revised Statutes, as
16		established by section 2 of this Act, and the priority
17		guidelines set out by section 226-104(c), Hawaii
18		Revised Statutes, as established by section 4 of this
19		Act; and
20	(2)	Any other findings and recommendations, including any
21		proposed legislation.

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- 1 SECTION 7. New statutory material is underscored.
- 2 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

State Plan; Green Infrastructure; Office of Planning; Greenhouse Gas Sequestration Task Force; Report

Description:

Establishes green infrastructure objectives and policies for state facility systems in the Hawaii State Planning Act to improve the quality of life for residents and visitors. Adds definition of "green infrastructure". Requires the office of planning, in partnership with the greenhouse gas sequestration task force, to submit a report to the legislature making recommendations for implementing the green infrastructure objectives, policies, and priority guidelines established by this measure. Effective 7/1/2050. (SD1)

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