## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE HAWAIIAN LANGUAGE.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Hawaiian
- 2 language is Hawai'i's indigenous and first language, as well as
- 3 the original language of Hawai'i's executive, judicial, and
- 4 legislative branches. During his reign, King Kamehameha III
- 5 famously declared, "He aupuni palapala ko'u", or "Mine is the
- 6 kingdom of education", in reference to the high literacy rate in
- 7 the Kingdom of Hawai'i. This level of literacy continued into
- 8 the 1900s, as 95.3 per cent of Native Hawaiians were literate,
- 9 according to the 1910 United States Census. However, due to a
- 10 myriad of political, economic, and social pressures, the
- 11 Hawaiian language was materially marginalized, leading to its
- 12 atrophy and eventual formal and practical exclusion from public
- 13 and civic spaces. However, due to the Hawaiian language
- 14 community's efforts and resilience, the existence of the
- 15 Hawaiian language has been maintained and its vitality restored
- 16 for future generations.

The legislature recognizes that Hawaiian language 1 2 practitioners generally employ two written orthographies, namely 3 unmarked language and marked language. The unmarked orthography was the first writing system of Hawaiian language. The marked 4 5 orthography, which includes the 'okina and kahakō, was created as 6 a means to help learners of Hawaiian language determine when to 7 elongate a vowel or where to insert a glottal stop. The intent 8 of this measure is not to claim the superiority of one version 9 of orthography over the other, or to invalidate communities with 10 an unbroken lineage of Hawaiian speakers who do not follow 11 contemporary Hawaiian writing or structures, as communities such 12 as these are vital to Native Hawaiian culture and the State on 13 the whole. Rather, the intent of this measure is to establish a 14 standard for the spelling and punctuation of Hawaiian names and 15 words when they appear in certain documents, letterheads, and 16 highway signage created by state and county agencies for the 17 purposes of consistency and uniformity. 18 Additionally, the intent of this Act is not to require that 19 legislative bills and other official documents be written in 20 Hawaiian as well as English; rather, if documents and 21 letterheads prepared by or for state or county agencies or

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•	officials contain nawallan names and words, this Act only
2	requires that the Hawaiian names and words be written in a
3	consistent matter. This measure further clarifies that Hawaiian
4	spelling not in conformance with the standards established by
5	this measure will not invalidate an official document, nor will
6	it allow a cause of action to arise. Finally, this measure
7	intends that consistent spelling and punctuation of Hawaiian
8	names and words be used only for state highway signs and the
9	letterheads, symbols, emblems, and documents of certain
10	designated state officials created after January 1, 2022, or
11	when there is a need to reprint or revise existing state highway
12	signs or the letterheads, symbols, emblems, and documents of
13	certain designated state officials.
14	Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to require:
15	(1) Official stationery and website of designated state
16	officials to include the Hawaiian translation of the
17	office's or department's name; and
18	(2) All letterhead, documents, symbols, and emblems of the
19	State and counties and state highway signs that
20	include Hawaiian names and words to include Hawaiian

include Hawaiian names and words to include Hawaiian

1 names, words, spelling, and punctuation consistent 2 with certain references. 3 SECTION 2. Section 1-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended to read as follows: 5 "\$1-13 Official languages. English and Hawaiian are the 6 official languages of Hawaii. Whenever there is found to exist 7 any radical and irreconcilable difference between the English 8 and Hawaiian version of any of the laws of the State, the 9 English version shall be held binding. Hawaiian shall not be 10 required for public acts and transactions [-]; provided that if 11 Hawaiian names or words are included in those documents, the 12 names or words shall be consistent with Hawaiian spelling and 13 punctuation, including kahakō and 'okina, as determined under 14 section 1-13.5(b)." 15 SECTION 3. Section 1-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended to read as follows: 17 "[{]\$1-13.5[}] Hawaiian language; spelling. [Macrons and 18 glottal stops may be used in the spelling of words or terms in 19 the Hawaiian language in] (a) Effective January 1, 2022, all 20 documents and letterheads and, notwithstanding any law to the 21 contrary, state highway signs prepared by or for state or county 1

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2 letterheads, and state highway signs contain Hawaiian language 3 names or words, shall include consistent Hawaiian names and 4 words and consistent Hawaiian spelling and punctuation, 5 including kahakō and 'okina that punctuate the name or word to 6 which they relate; provided that any revision to conform any 7 document, letterhead, or state highway sign existing on or before January 1, 2022, to the requirements of this section may 8 9 be implemented when the document, letterhead, or state highway 10 sign requires replacement or reprinting or otherwise requires revision. Any rule, order, policy, or other act, official or 11 12 otherwise, that prohibits or discourages the use of [these 13 symbols] consistent Hawaiian names and words, as required by 14 this section, shall be void.

agencies or officials [-], to the extent that the documents,

17 (1) "Hawaiian Dictionary: Hawaiian-English, English18 Hawaiian", by Mary Kawena Pukui and Samuel H. Elbert,
19 University of Hawai'i Press, copyright 1986;

words shall be printed in conformance with:

For the purposes of consistency, Hawaiian names and

1	(2)	"Māmaka Kaiao: A Modern Hawaiian Vocabulary",	
2		developed by the Kōmike Hua'ōlelo, the Hawaiian Lexicon	
3		Committee; or	
4	(3)	"Place Names of Hawaii", by Mary Kawena Pukui,	
5		Samuel H. Elbert, and Esther T. Mookini, University of	
6		Hawai'i Press, copyright 1974.	
7	<u>(c)</u>	Any Hawaiian names and words that are spelled or	
8	punctuate	d inconsistently with subsection (b) within a document	
9	or letter	head subject to this section shall not be deemed to	
10	invalidate the document or render it unenforceable. No cause of		
11	action shall arise against the State, any county, or any state		
12	or county agency, official, or employee for any Hawaiian names		
13	and words that are spelled or punctuated inconsistently with		
14	subsectio	n (b)."	
15	SECT	ION 4. Section 5-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
16	amended to read as follows:		
17	"[+]	§5-6.5[] State language. (a) The Hawaiian language	
18	is the na	tive language of Hawaii and [may], effective January 1,	
19	2022, sha	<u>ll</u> be used on all emblems and symbols representative of	
20	the State	, its departments, agencies, and political	
21	subdivisi	ons[-] and, notwithstanding any laws to the contrary,	

- 1 state highway signs; provided that for emblems, symbols, and
- 2 state highway signs existing prior to January 1, 2022,
- 3 conformance with this section may be delayed until a replacement
- 4 for the emblem, symbol, or state highway sign is otherwise
- 5 required.
- 6 (b) The governor, lieutenant governor, state legislators,
- 7 and heads of the principal departments shall prominently display
- 8 a Hawaiian translation of the name of their respective office or
- 9 department at least once on the main page of their official
- 10 website and in the letterhead of their stationery. The
- 11 University of Hawai'i Ka Haka 'Ula o Ke'elikōlani or Kawaihuelani
- 12 Center for Hawaiian Language may consult with each office or
- 13 department prior to implementing the translation on the
- 14 appropriate use of the Hawaiian language and its spelling. The
- 15 University of Hawaii shall consult with native speakers to
- 16 determine the appropriate use of the Hawaiian language and its
- 17 spelling in translations.
- 18 (c) The Hawaiian language as used on all emblems, symbols,
- 19 and state highway signs shall conform to the requirements of
- 20 section 1-13.5(b).

- 1 (d) This section shall not be construed to require that
- 2 the full text of legislative bills and other official documents
- 3 be written in Hawaiian.
- 4 (e) For the purpose of this section, "native speakers" are
- 5 speakers of the Hawaiian language who come from an unbroken
- 6 lineage of primary speakers of the Hawaiian language."
- 7 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 8 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 9 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2060.

### Report Title:

Hawaiian Language; Official Websites; Letterhead; Translation; State Highway Signs; Symbols; Emblems

#### Description:

Requires the governor, lieutenant governor, state legislators, and heads of principal departments to prominently display a Hawaiian language translation of the name of their respective office or department at least once on the main page of their official website and in the letterhead of their stationery. Requires all letterheads, documents, state highway signs, symbols, and emblems of the State and other political subdivisions that include Hawaiian names or words to include consistent Hawaiian names, spelling, and punctuation, including the use of kahakō and 'okina. Establishes references for consistent Hawaiian names and words, including consistent Hawaiian spelling and punctuation. Clarifies that the full text of bills and other official documents are not required to be written in Hawaiian and that inconsistently spelled or punctuated Hawaiian words and names shall not invalidate the documents or render them unenforceable and no cause of action shall arise accordingly. Effective 7/1/2060. (HD1)

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