## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MICROCHIP IDENTIFICATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that one in three pets
- 2 will become lost during its lifetime. Sadly, ninety per cent of
- 3 these pets will not return home unless the pet is equipped with
- 4 some sort of identification. Across the nation, 1,500,000 stray
- 5 animals are euthanized by animal shelters and animal control
- 6 contractors. Microchip identification can save the lives of
- 7 these pets.
- 8 Today, national microchip registration companies provide a
- 9 more affordable and effective alternative for pet owners looking
- 10 for their lost pets. The legislature further finds that
- 11 microchip identification is the single most effective way of
- 12 returning lost pets to their owners. A microchip is about the
- 13 size of a grain of rice and implanted beneath the pet's skin
- 14 between the shoulders. It contains a unique number used to
- 15 identify animals, which can be scanned and then used to find the
- 16 owner's contact information in a registry. Found pets can be

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- 1 taken to a veterinary office, rescue organization or shelter, or
- 2 even a pet store to have the pet checked for a microchip.
- 3 With support from social media, individuals with personal
- 4 scanners are available in every community and can respond to
- 5 found pet alerts posted on pet pages. National registries, such
- 6 as the nonprofit Found Animals organization, then send a
- 7 voicemail, text message, and electronic mail alert to owners
- 8 when their pet is found. The pet owner is then provided with
- 9 the contact information of the rescuer or finder. These support
- 10 networks allow finders to directly return lost pets to their
- 11 owners in the communities in which they live, since lost pets
- 12 are most often found within a mile of their home.
- 13 The legislature also finds that this streamlined process
- 14 effectively bypasses the need for animal control, saves taxpayer
- 15 money by eliminating the cost of intake and boarding, and avoids
- 16 the delays and additional stress on the pet from sitting alone
- in a kennel waiting for its owner.
- 18 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to save pets' lives
- 19 by requiring all dog and cat owners to microchip their pets.

1	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 143, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
3	and to re	ad as follows:
4	" <u>§14</u>	3- Microchip identification. (a) An owner shall
5	have a mi	crochip implanted in the owner's dog or cat, and the
6	owner sha	ll register the microchip number and the owner's
7	contact i	nformation with a microchip registration company.
8	(b)	When the contact information of the owner of a dog or
9	cat chang	es, the owner shall provide the new contact information
10	to the ap	plicable microchip registration company no later than
11	thirty da	ys after the change in contact information occurs.
12	(c)	When the owner of a dog or cat transfers ownership to
13	another owner:	
14	(1)	The former owner shall inform the new owner of the
15		microchip registration company with which the dog or
16		cat's microchip is registered; and
17	(2)	The new owner shall provide the microchip registration
18		company with the new owner's contact information no
19		later than thirty days after the transfer of ownership
20		occurs.

1	(d) Each animal control contractor or nonprofit animal
2	rescue organization shall implant a microchip in all stray dogs
3	and cats in its custody that do not have a microchip.
4	(e) All animal control contractors shall activate the
5	microchip registration company's found pet alerts to notify
6	owners whose pets' microchips are registered with that company if
7	the pet is found and the owner is not present.
8	(f) Veterinary clinics, animal shelters, and other animal
9	rescue organizations that scan found pets for microchips shall
10	release only the chip identification number to the finder upon
11	request.
12	(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to
13	animals being cared for as part of a designated population
14	management program.
15	(h) As used in this section, "owner" means any person
16	owning, harboring, or keeping a dog or cat; providing care or
17	sustenance for a dog or cat; or having custody of a dog or cat,
18	whether temporarily or permanently. "Owner" shall not include

the animal quarantine branch of the department of agriculture."

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1	SECTION 3. Section 143-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
2	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted			
3	and to read as follows:			
4	""Microchip" or "microchip identification" means a device			
5	that is implanted under the skin of an animal and that contains			
6	contact information for the owner of the animal."			
7	SECTION 4. Section 143-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
8	amended to read as follows:			
9	"§143-2 License or microchip required. It shall be			
10	unlawful for any person to own or harbor a [dog]:			
11	(1) Dog unless the dog is licensed and has been implanted			
12	with a microchip identification as provided by this			
13	chapter[ $_{\tau}$ ]; provided that the [ $\frac{1}{2}$ ];			
14	the several] counties may, by ordinance, dispense with			
15	or modify the licensing requirements of this chapter[ $\div$			
16	This]; provided further that this chapter shall not			
17	apply to dogs under the age of three months [which do			
18	not run at large, dogs in quarantine and] or dogs			
19	brought into the State exclusively for the purpose of			
20	entering them in a dog show or [dog] exhibition and			
21	not allowed to run at large[-]; or			

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1	(2) Cat unless the cat has been implanted with a microchip
2	identification as provided by this chapter; provided
3	that the counties may, by ordinance, dispense with or
4	modify the licensing requirements of this chapter;
5	provided further that this chapter shall not apply to
6	cats under the age of three months or cats brought
7	into the State exclusively for the purpose of entering
8	them in a cat show or exhibition and not allowed to
9	run at large."
10	SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
11	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
12	pegun before its effective date.
13	SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
14	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
15	SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on May 6, 2137.

### Report Title:

Microchip Identification; Pets; Dog and Cat Owners

#### Description:

Requires dog and cat owners to microchip their pets. Effective 5/6/2137. (HD1)

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