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1 "Cybersecurity event" means an event resulting in
2 unauthorized access to, disruption or misuse of, an information
3 system or information stored on that information system.

4 "Cybersecurity event" shall not include:

5 (1) Unauthorized acquisition of encrypted nonpublic
6 information if the encryption, process, or key is not
7 also acquired, released, or used without
8 authorization; and

9 (2) An event in which the licensee has determined that the
10 nonpublic information accessed by an unauthorized
11 person has not been used or released and has been
12 returned or destroyed.

13 "Encrypted" means the transformation of data into a form
14 that results in a low probability of assigning meaning without
15 the use of a protective process or key.

16 "Information security program" means the administrative,
17 technical, and physical safeguards that a licensee uses to
18 access, collect, distribute, process, protect, store, use,
19 transmit, dispose of, or otherwise handle nonpublic information.

20 "Information system" means a discrete set of electronic
21 information resources organized for the collection, processing,
22 maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of

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1 electronic information, as well as any specialized system such
2 as industrial controls systems, process controls systems,
3 telephone switching and private branch exchange systems, and
4 environmental control systems.

5 "Licensee" means every licensed insurer, producer, and any
6 other person licensed or required to be licensed, or authorized
7 or required to be authorized, or registered or required to be
8 registered, under chapter 431 or 432, or holding a certificate
9 of authority under chapter 432D. "Licensee" shall not include a
10 purchasing group or a risk retention group chartered and
11 licensed in a state other than this State, or a licensee that is
12 acting as an assuming insurer that is domiciled in another state
13 or jurisdiction.

14 "Multi-factor authentication" means authentication through
15 verification of at least two of the following types of
16 authentication factors:

- 17 (1) Knowledge factors, such as a password;
- 18 (2) Possession factors, such as a token or text message on
19 a mobile phone; or
- 20 (3) Inherence factors, such as a biometric characteristic.

21 "Nonpublic information" means information that is not
22 publicly available information and is:

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- 1 (1) Business-related information of a licensee, whose
2 tampering, unauthorized disclosure, access, or use
3 would cause a material adverse impact to the business,
4 operations, or security of the licensee; or
- 5 (2) Any information concerning a consumer which, because
6 of name, number, personal mark, or other identifier,
7 can be used to identify the consumer, in combination
8 with any one or more of the following data elements:
- 9 (A) Social security number;
- 10 (B) Driver's license number or non-driver
11 identification card number;
- 12 (C) Account number, credit, or debit card number;
- 13 (D) Any security code, access code, or password that
14 would permit access to a consumer's financial
15 account; or
- 16 (E) Biometric records; or
- 17 (3) Any information or data, except age or gender, in any
18 form or medium created by or derived from a health
19 care provider or a consumer and that relates to:
- 20 (A) The past, present, or future physical, mental, or
21 behavioral health or condition of any consumer or
22 a member of the consumer's family;

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1 (B) The provision of health care to any consumer; or

2 (C) Payment for the provision of health care to any
3 consumer.

4 "Person" means any individual or any non-governmental
5 entity, including, but not limited to, any non-governmental
6 partnership, corporation, branch, agency, or association.

7 "Publicly available information" means any information that
8 a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made
9 available to the general public from:

10 (1) Federal, state, or local government records;

11 (2) Widely distributed media; or

12 (3) Disclosures to the general public that are required to
13 be made by federal, state, or local law.

14 For purposes of this definition, a licensee has a reasonable
15 basis to believe that information is lawfully made available to
16 the general public if the licensee has taken steps to determine:

17 (1) That the information is of the type that is available
18 to the general public; and

19 (2) Whether a consumer can direct that the information not
20 be made available to the general public and, if so,
21 that the consumer has not done so.

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1 "Risk assessment" means the risk assessment that each
2 licensee is required to conduct under section 431:A-C.

3 "State" means the State of Hawaii.

4 "Third-party service provider" means a person, not
5 otherwise defined as a licensee, that contracts with a licensee
6 to maintain, process, store, or otherwise is permitted access to
7 nonpublic information through its provision of services to the
8 licensee.

9 **§431:A-B Implementation of information security program.**

10 Commensurate with the size and complexity of the licensee, the
11 nature and scope of the licensee's activities, including its use
12 of third-party service providers, and the sensitivity of the
13 nonpublic information used by the licensee or in the licensee's
14 possession, custody, or control, each licensee shall develop,
15 implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information
16 security program based on the licensee's risk assessment and
17 that contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards
18 for the protection of nonpublic information and the licensee's
19 information system.

20 **§431:A-C Objectives of information security program. (a)**

21 A licensee's information security program shall be designed to:

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- 1 (1) Protect the security and confidentiality of nonpublic
2 information and the security of the information
3 system;
- 4 (2) Protect against any threats or hazards to the security
5 or integrity of nonpublic information and the
6 information system;
- 7 (3) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of
8 nonpublic information, and minimize the likelihood of
9 harm to any consumer; and
- 10 (4) Define and periodically reevaluate a schedule for
11 retention of nonpublic information and a mechanism for
12 its destruction when no longer needed.
- 13 (b) Regarding risk assessment, the licensee shall:
- 14 (1) Designate one or more employees, an affiliate, or an
15 outside vendor designated to act on behalf of the
16 licensee who is responsible for the information
17 security program;
- 18 (2) Identify reasonably foreseeable internal or external
19 threats that could result in unauthorized access,
20 transmission, disclosure, misuse, alteration or
21 destruction of nonpublic information, including the
22 security of information systems and nonpublic

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1 information that are accessible to or held by third-
2 party service providers;

3 (3) Assess the likelihood and potential damage of these
4 threats, taking into consideration the sensitivity of
5 the nonpublic information;

6 (4) Assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures,
7 information systems, and other safeguards in place to
8 manage these threats, including consideration of
9 threats in each relevant area of the licensee's
10 operations, including:

11 (A) Employee training and management;

12 (B) Information systems, including network and
13 software design, as well as information
14 classification, governance, processing, storage,
15 transmission, and disposal; and

16 (C) Detecting, preventing, and responding to attacks,
17 intrusions, or other systems failures; and

18 (5) Implement information safeguards to manage the threats
19 identified in its ongoing assessment, and no less than
20 annually, assess the effectiveness of the safeguards'
21 key controls, systems, and procedures.

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1 **§431:A-D Risk management.** Based on its risk assessment,
2 the licensee shall:

3 (1) Design its information security program to mitigate
4 the identified risks, commensurate with the size and
5 complexity of the licensee's activities, including its
6 use of third-party service providers, and the
7 sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the
8 licensee or in the licensee's possession, custody, or
9 control;

10 (2) Determine which security measures listed below are
11 appropriate and implement such security measures:

12 (A) Place access controls on information systems,
13 including controls to authenticate and permit
14 access only to authorized individuals to protect
15 against the unauthorized acquisition of nonpublic
16 information;

17 (B) Identify and manage the data, personnel, devices,
18 systems, and facilities that enable the
19 organization to achieve business purposes in
20 accordance with their relative importance to
21 business objectives and the organization's risk
22 strategy;

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- 1 (C) Restrict access at physical locations containing
2 nonpublic information, only to authorized
3 individuals;
- 4 (D) Protect by encryption or other appropriate means,
5 all nonpublic information while being transmitted
6 over an external network and all nonpublic
7 information stored on a laptop computer or other
8 portable computing or storage device or media;
- 9 (E) Adopt secure development practices for in-house
10 developed applications used by the licensee and
11 procedures for evaluating, assessing, or testing
12 the security of externally developed applications
13 used by the licensee;
- 14 (F) Modify the information system in accordance with
15 the licensee's information security program;
- 16 (G) Use effective controls, which may include multi-
17 factor authentication procedures for any
18 individual accessing nonpublic information;
- 19 (H) Regularly test and monitor systems and procedures
20 to detect actual and attempted attacks on, or
21 intrusions into, information systems;

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- 1 (I) Include audit trails within the information
2 security program designed to detect and respond
3 to cybersecurity events and designed to
4 reconstruct material financial transactions
5 sufficient to support normal operations and
6 obligations of the licensee;
- 7 (J) Implement measures to protect against
8 destruction, loss, or damage of nonpublic
9 information due to environmental hazards, such as
10 fire and water damage or other catastrophes or
11 technological failures; and
- 12 (K) Develop, implement, and maintain procedures for
13 the secure disposal of nonpublic information in
14 any format.
- 15 (3) Include cybersecurity risks in the licensee's
16 enterprise risk management process;
- 17 (4) Stay informed regarding emerging threats or
18 vulnerabilities and use reasonable security measures
19 when sharing information relative to the character of
20 the sharing and the type of information shared; and
- 21 (5) Provide its personnel with cybersecurity awareness

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1 training that is updated as necessary to reflect risks
2 identified by the licensee in the risk assessment.

3 **§431:A-E Oversight by board of directors.** If the licensee
4 has a board of directors, the board or an appropriate committee
5 of the board shall, at a minimum:

6 (1) Require the licensee's executive management or its
7 delegates to develop, implement, and maintain the
8 licensee's information security program;

9 (2) Require the licensee's executive management or its
10 delegates to report in writing at least annually, the
11 following information:

12 (A) The overall status of the information security
13 program and the licensee's compliance with this
14 article; and

15 (B) Material matters related to the information
16 security program, addressing issues such as risk
17 assessment, risk management and control
18 decisions, third-party service provider
19 arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity
20 events or violations and management's responses
21 thereto, and recommendations for changes in the
22 information security program.

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1 (3) If executive management delegates any of its
2 responsibilities under sections 431:A-B through 431:A-
3 I, it shall oversee the development, implementation,
4 and maintenance of the licensee's information security
5 program prepared by the delegate and shall receive a
6 report from the delegate complying with the
7 requirements of the report to the board of directors
8 above.

9 **§431:A-F Oversight of third-party service provider**

10 **arrangements.** A licensee shall:

- 11 (1) Exercise due diligence in selecting its third-party
12 service provider; and
- 13 (2) Require a third-party service provider to implement
14 appropriate administrative, technical, and physical
15 measures to protect and secure the information systems
16 and nonpublic information that are accessible to or
17 held by the third-party service provider.

18 **§431:A-G Program adjustments.** The licensee shall monitor,
19 evaluate, and adjust, as appropriate, the information security
20 program consistent with any relevant changes in technology, the
21 sensitivity of its nonpublic information, internal or external
22 threats to information, and the licensee's own changing business

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1 arrangements, such as mergers and acquisitions, alliances and
2 joint ventures, outsourcing arrangements, and changes to
3 information systems.

4 **§431:A-H Incident response plan.** (a) As part of its
5 information security program, each licensee shall establish a
6 written incident response plan designed to promptly respond to
7 and recover from any cybersecurity event that compromises the
8 confidentiality, integrity, or availability of nonpublic
9 information in its possession, the licensee's information
10 systems, or the continuing functionality of any aspect of the
11 licensee's business or operations.

12 (b) The incident response plan shall address the following
13 areas:

- 14 (1) The internal process for responding to a cybersecurity
15 event;
- 16 (2) The goals of the incident response plan;
- 17 (3) The definition of clear roles, responsibilities, and
18 levels of decision-making authority;
- 19 (4) External and internal communications and information
20 sharing;

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1 (5) Identification of requirements for the remediation of
2 any identified weaknesses in information systems and
3 associated controls;

4 (6) Documentation and reporting regarding cybersecurity
5 events and related incident response activities; and

6 (7) The evaluation and revision, as necessary, of the
7 incident response plan following a cybersecurity
8 event.

9 **§431:A-I Annual certification to commissioner.** (a) Each
10 insurer domiciled in this State shall annually submit to the
11 commissioner a written statement by February 15, certifying that
12 the insurer is in compliance with the requirements set forth in
13 sections 431:A-B through 431:A-I.

14 (b) Each insurer shall maintain all records, schedules,
15 and data supporting this certificate for a period of five years
16 for examination by the commissioner.

17 (c) To the extent an insurer has identified areas,
18 systems, or processes that require material improvement,
19 updating, or redesign, the insurer shall document the
20 identification and the remedial efforts planned and underway to
21 address those areas, systems, or processes. The documentation
22 shall be available for inspection by the commissioner.

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1 **§431:A-J Investigation of a cybersecurity event.** (a) If
2 the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has or may have
3 occurred, the licensee, outside vendor, or service provider
4 designated to act on behalf of the licensee shall conduct a
5 prompt investigation.

6 (b) During the investigation, the licensee, outside
7 vendor, or service provider designated to act on behalf of the
8 licensee shall, at a minimum, determine as much of the following
9 information as possible:

- 10 (1) Determine whether a cybersecurity event has occurred;
11 (2) Assess the nature and scope of the cybersecurity
12 event;
13 (3) Identify any nonpublic information that may have been
14 involved in the cybersecurity event; and
15 (4) Perform or oversee reasonable measures to restore the
16 security of the information systems compromised in the
17 cybersecurity event to prevent further unauthorized
18 acquisition, release, or use of nonpublic information
19 in the licensee's possession, custody, or control.

20 (c) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity event has
21 or may have occurred in a system maintained by a third-party
22 service provider, the licensee will complete the steps listed in

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1 subsection (b) or confirm and document that the third-party
2 service provider has completed those steps.

3 (d) The licensee shall maintain records concerning all
4 cybersecurity events for a period of at least five years from
5 the date of the cybersecurity event and shall produce those
6 records upon demand of the commissioner.

7 **§431:A-K Notification of a cybersecurity event.** (a) Each
8 licensee shall notify the commissioner as promptly as possible,
9 but in no event later than seventy-two hours from a
10 determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred, when
11 either of the following criteria has been met:

12 (1) This State is the licensee's state of domicile, in the
13 case of an insurer, or this State is the licensee's
14 home state, in the case of a producer; or

15 (2) The licensee reasonably believes that the nonpublic
16 information involved is of 250 or more consumers
17 residing in this State and that is either of the
18 following:

19 (A) A cybersecurity event impacting the licensee, in
20 which notice is required to be provided to any
21 government body, self-regulatory agency, or any

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1 other supervisory body pursuant to any state or
2 federal law; or

3 (B) A cybersecurity event that has a reasonable
4 likelihood of materially harming:

5 (i) Any consumer residing in this State; or

6 (ii) Any material part of the normal operation of
7 the licensee.

8 (b) The licensee shall provide as much of the following
9 information as possible:

10 (1) Date of the cybersecurity event;

11 (2) Description of how the information was exposed, lost,
12 stolen, or breached, including the specific roles and
13 responsibilities of third-party service providers, if
14 any;

15 (3) How the cybersecurity event was discovered;

16 (4) Whether any lost, stolen, or breached information has
17 been recovered and, if so, how this was done;

18 (5) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity event;

19 (6) Whether the licensee has filed a police report or has
20 notified any regulatory, government, or law
21 enforcement agencies and, if so, when the notification
22 was provided;

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- 1 (7) Description of the specific types of information
2 acquired without authorization. "Specific types of
3 information" means particular data elements,
4 including, but not limited to, types of medical
5 information, types of financial information, or types
6 of information allowing identification of the
7 consumer;
- 8 (8) The period during which the information system was
9 compromised by the cybersecurity event;
- 10 (9) The number of total consumers in this State affected
11 by the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall
12 provide the best estimate in the initial report to the
13 commissioner and update this estimate with each
14 subsequent report to the commissioner pursuant to this
15 section;
- 16 (10) The results of any internal review identifying a lapse
17 in either automated controls or internal procedures,
18 or confirming that all automated controls or internal
19 procedures were followed;
- 20 (11) Description of efforts being undertaken to remediate
21 the situation that permitted the cybersecurity event
22 to occur;

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1 (12) A copy of the licensee's privacy policy and a
2 statement outlining the steps the licensee will take
3 to investigate and notify consumers affected by the
4 cybersecurity event; and

5 (13) Name of a contact person who is both familiar with the
6 cybersecurity event and authorized to act for the
7 licensee.

8 (c) The licensee shall provide the information in
9 electronic form as directed by the commissioner.

10 (d) The licensee shall have a continuing obligation to
11 update and supplement initial and subsequent notifications to
12 the commissioner concerning the cybersecurity event.

13 (e) This section shall not supersede any reporting
14 requirements in chapter 487N.

15 **§431:A-L Notification to consumers.** The licensee shall
16 comply with chapter 487N, as applicable, and provide a copy of
17 the notice sent to consumers under that chapter to the
18 commissioner when a licensee is required to notify the
19 commissioner under section 431:A-K.

20 **§431:A-M Notice regarding cybersecurity events of third-**
21 **party service providers.** (a) In the case of a cybersecurity
22 event in a system maintained by a third-party service provider,

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1 of which the licensee has become aware, the licensee shall treat
2 the event as it would under section 431:A-K.

3 (b) The computation of the licensee's deadlines shall
4 begin on the day after the third-party service provider notifies
5 the licensee of the cybersecurity event or the licensee
6 otherwise has actual knowledge of the cybersecurity event,
7 whichever is sooner.

8 (c) Nothing in this article shall prevent or abrogate an
9 agreement between a licensee and another licensee, a third-party
10 service provider, or any other party to fulfill any of the
11 investigation requirements imposed under section 431:A-J or
12 notice requirements imposed under sections 431:A-K through
13 431:A-O.

14 **§431:A-N Notice regarding cybersecurity events of**
15 **reinsures to insurers.** (a) In the case of a cybersecurity
16 event involving nonpublic information that is used by the
17 licensee that is acting as an assuming insurer or in the
18 possession, custody, or control of a licensee that is acting as
19 an assuming insurer and that does not have a direct contractual
20 relationship with the affected consumers, the assuming insurer
21 shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the commissioner

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1 of its state of domicile within seventy-two hours of making the
2 determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred.

3 (b) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual
4 relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the consumer
5 notification requirements imposed under chapter 487N and any
6 other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity
7 event imposed under this article.

8 (c) In the case of a cybersecurity event involving
9 nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody, or
10 control of a third-party service provider of a licensee that is
11 an assuming insurer, the assuming insurer shall notify its
12 affected ceding insurers and the commissioner of its state of
13 domicile within seventy-two hours of receiving notice from its
14 third-party service provider that a cybersecurity event has
15 occurred.

16 (d) The ceding insurers that have a direct contractual
17 relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill the consumer
18 notification requirements imposed under chapter 487N and any
19 other notification requirements relating to a cybersecurity
20 event imposed under this article.

21 **§431:A-0 Notice regarding cybersecurity events of insurers**
22 **to producers of record.** (a) In the case of a cybersecurity

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1 event involving nonpublic information that is in the possession,
2 custody, or control of a licensee that is an insurer or its
3 third-party service provider and for which a consumer accessed
4 the insurer's services through an independent insurance
5 producer, the insurer shall notify the producers of record of
6 all affected consumers as soon as practicable as directed by the
7 commissioner.

8 (b) The insurer is excused from this obligation in
9 instances where it does not have the current producer of record
10 information for any individual consumer.

11 **§431:A-P Powers of the commissioner.** (a) The
12 commissioner shall have power to examine and investigate the
13 affairs of any licensee to determine whether the licensee has
14 been or is engaged in any conduct in violation of this article.

15 (b) This power is in addition to the powers that the
16 commissioner has under section 431:2-208. Any investigation or
17 examination shall be conducted pursuant to section 431:2-301.7.

18 (c) Whenever the commissioner has reason to believe that a
19 licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this State that
20 violates this article, the commissioner may take action that is
21 necessary or appropriate to enforce the provisions of this
22 article.

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1 **§431:A-Q Confidentiality.** (a) Any documents, materials,
2 or other information in the control or possession of the
3 commissioner that is furnished by a licensee, or an employee or
4 agent thereof acting on behalf of the licensee pursuant to
5 sections 431:A-I and 431:A-K(b)(2), (3), (4), (5), (8), (10),
6 and (11), or that are obtained by the commissioner in an
7 investigation or examination pursuant to section 431:A-P shall
8 be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to
9 chapter 92F, shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be
10 subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private
11 civil action. However, the commissioner is authorized to use
12 the documents, materials, or other information in the
13 furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as a part
14 of the commissioner's duties.

15 (b) Neither the commissioner nor any person acting under
16 the direction of the commissioner shall be permitted or required
17 to testify in any private civil action concerning any
18 confidential documents, materials, or information subject to
19 subsection (a).

20 (c) To assist in the performance of the commissioner's
21 duties under this article, the commissioner:

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1 (1) May share documents, materials, or other information,
2 including the confidential and privileged documents,
3 materials, or information subject to subsection (a),
4 with other state, federal, and international
5 regulatory agencies, with the National Association of
6 Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or
7 subsidiaries, and with state, federal, and
8 international law enforcement authorities; provided
9 that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the
10 confidentiality and privileged status of the document,
11 material, or other information;

12 (2) May receive documents, materials, or information,
13 including otherwise confidential and privileged
14 documents, materials, or information, from the
15 National Association of Insurance Commissioners, its
16 affiliates or subsidiaries, and from regulatory and
17 law enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic
18 jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or
19 privileged any document, material, or information
20 received with notice or the understanding that it is
21 confidential or privileged under the laws of the

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1 jurisdiction that is the source of the document,
2 material, or information;

3 (3) May share documents, materials, or other information
4 subject to subsection (a), with a third-party
5 consultant or vendor, provided that the consultant
6 agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and
7 privileged status of the document, material, or other
8 information; and

9 (4) May enter into agreements governing sharing and use of
10 information consistent with this subsection.

11 (d) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of
12 confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information
13 shall occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under
14 this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in
15 subsection (c).

16 (e) Nothing in this article shall prohibit the
17 commissioner from releasing final adjudicated actions that are
18 open to public inspection pursuant to chapter 92F to a database
19 or other clearinghouse service maintained by the National
20 Association of Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates, or
21 subsidiaries.

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1 **§431:A-R Exceptions.** (a) The following exceptions shall
2 apply to this article:

3 (1) A licensee with fewer than ten employees, including
4 any independent contractors, is exempt from sections
5 431:A-B through 431:A-I;

6 (2) A licensee subject to the Health Insurance Portability
7 and Accountability Act of 1996 that has established
8 and maintains an information security program pursuant
9 to the statutes, rules, regulations, procedures, or
10 guidelines established thereunder will be considered
11 to have met the requirements of sections 431:A-B
12 through 431:A-I; provided that the licensee is
13 compliant with and submits a written statement
14 certifying its compliance with the same;

15 (3) An employee, agent, representative, or designee of a
16 licensee, who is also a licensee, is exempt from
17 sections 431:A-B through 431:A-I and need not develop
18 its own information security program to the extent
19 that the employee, agent, representative, or designee
20 is covered by the information security program of the
21 other licensee.

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1 (b) In the event that a licensee ceases to qualify for an
2 exception, the licensee shall have 180 days to comply with this
3 article.

4 **§431:A-S Penalties.** In the case of a violation of this
5 article, a licensee may be penalized in accordance with section
6 431:2-203.

7 **§431:A-T Private cause of action.** This article may not be
8 construed to create or imply a private cause of action for
9 violation of its provisions, and it may not be construed to
10 curtail a private cause of action that would otherwise exist in
11 the absence of this article.

12 **§431:A-U Rules.** The commissioner may, in accordance with
13 chapter 91, adopt rules as are necessary to carry out the
14 provisions of this article."

15 SECTION 2. Section 431:19-115, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

17 "(a) No insurance laws of this State other than those
18 contained in this article, article 15, or specifically
19 referenced in this article shall apply to captive insurance
20 companies; provided that:

21 (1) Sections 431:3-302 to 431:3-304.5, 431:3-307, 431:3-
22 401 to 431:3-409, 431:3-411, 431:3-412, and 431:3-414;

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1 articles 1, 2, 4A, 5, 6, 9A, 9B, 9C, 11, [~~and~~] 11A[~~+~~],
2 and 431:A; and chapter 431K shall apply to risk
3 retention captive insurance companies; and
4 (2) Articles 1, 2, and 6 shall apply to class 5
5 companies."

6 SECTION 3. If any provision of this Act, or the
7 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
8 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
9 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
10 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
11 of this Act are severable.

12 SECTION 4. In codifying the new article and sections added
13 to chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by section 1 of this
14 Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute appropriate
15 article and section numbers for the letters used in designating
16 and referring to the new article and sections in this Act.

17 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
18 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

19 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
20 provided that licensees shall have one year from the effective
21 date of this Act to implement sections 431:A-B through 431:A-I
22 in section 1 of this Act, except that licensees shall have two

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1 years from the effective date of this Act to implement section
2 431:A-F in section 1 of this Act.

3

4

INTRODUCED BY: *Mu A. W.*

5

BY REQUEST

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Report Title:

Insurance Data Security Law; Data Security; Information Security Program; Nonpublic Information; Cybersecurity Event; Chapter 431

Description:

Adopts the National Conference of Insurance Commissioners' Insurance Data Security Model Law to establish insurance data security standards for Hawaii insurance licensees.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

SB. NO. 1100

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Commerce and Consumer Affairs

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO INSURANCE DATA SECURITY.

PURPOSE: To adopt the National Conference of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) Insurance Data Security Model Law to establish insurance data security standards for Hawaii insurance licensees.

MEANS: Add a new article to chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), and amend section 431:19-115(a), HRS.

JUSTIFICATION: The NAIC adopted the Data Security Model Law in 2017 to strengthen existing data privacy and consumer breach notification obligations of insurance licensees. The NAIC strongly encourages that states adopt this model law by 2022 or otherwise risk federal preemption of state laws in this area.

Impact on the public: None.

Impact on the department and other agencies: This bill will help the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs promote and enhance insurance data privacy and consumer breach notifications.

GENERAL FUNDS: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION: CCA-106.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES: None.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon approval; provided that licensees shall have one year from the effective date of this bill to implement sections 431:A-B through 431:A-I in section 1 of this bill, except that licensees shall have two years from the effective date of this bill to implement section 431:A-F in section 1 of this bill.