A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COSMETICS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that for more than fifty
- 2 years, cosmetic manufacturers have used animals in painful tests
- 3 to assess the safety of chemicals used in cosmetic products.
- 4 Today, modern approaches that are cheaper, faster, and more
- 5 reliable at predicting adverse human reactions are widely
- 6 available and are becoming more accessible each year. In
- 7 addition, companies now have thousands of existing cosmetic
- 8 ingredients with histories of safe use that have long been sold
- 9 and utilized.
- 10 California was the first state to prohibit the sale of
- 11 cosmetics tested on animals, which was supported by dozens of
- 12 cosmetic companies and industry associations, including the
- 13 Personal Care Products Council, California Retailers
- 14 Association, and California Manufacturers and Technology
- 15 Association. The California ban took effect on January 1, 2020,
- 16 and was joined by Nevada and Illinois. In 2013, the United
- 17 States' largest trading partner, the European Union, ended the

- 1 importation and sale of cosmetics that have been tested on
- 2 animals. Today, more than thirty countries have banned cosmetic
- 3 animal testing and several others have legislation pending.
- 4 The purpose of this Act is to prohibit manufacturers from
- 5 selling cosmetic products in the State that are tested on
- 6 animals beginning January 1, 2022. It is not the intent of this
- 7 Act to penalize retailers or consumers who rely on manufacturers
- 8 to meet state laws or rules, nor is it the intent to prohibit
- 9 the continued import or export of cosmetic products in the State
- 10 from or to other countries if the safety of the product sold in
- 11 the State does not rely on data from animal testing that was
- 12 performed after 2021. This approach is consistent with the
- 13 implementation of the European Union regulations and the
- 14 recently adopted laws in California, Nevada, and Illinois.
- 15 SECTION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
- 17 designated and to read as follows:
- 18 "§321- Cosmetics; animal testing; prohibition. (a)
- 19 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, and except as
- 20 otherwise provided in this section, it shall be unlawful for a
- 21 manufacturer to import for profit, sell, or offer for sale in

1	the State	any	cosmetic for which the manufacturer knew or
2	reasonabl	y sho	uld have known that an animal test was conducted
3	or contra	cted,	by or on behalf of the manufacturer or any
4	supplier	of th	e manufacturer, on or after January 1, 2022.
5	(b)	The	prohibitions in subsection (a) shall not apply to:
6	(1)	<u>An a</u>	nimal test of a cosmetic that is required by a
7		fede	ral or state regulatory authority if all of the
8		foll	owing apply:
9		(A)	The cosmetic or an ingredient in the cosmetic
10			that is being tested is in wide use and cannot be
11			replaced by another cosmetic or ingredient
12			capable of performing a similar function;
13		<u>(B)</u>	A specific human health problem relating to the
14			cosmetic or ingredient is substantiated and the
15			need to conduct animal tests is justified and is
16			supported by a detailed research protocol
17			proposed as the basis for the evaluation of the
18.			cosmetic or ingredient; and
19		(C)	There is no nonanimal testing method accepted for
20			the relevant purpose by the applicable federal or
21			state regulatory authority;

1	(2)	An animal test that was conducted to comply with a
2		requirement of a foreign regulatory authority, if no
3		evidence derived from that test was relied upon to
4		substantiate the safety of a cosmetic sold within the
5		State by the manufacturer;
6	(3)	An animal test that was conducted on any product or
7		ingredient subject to the requirements of subchapter V
8		of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 United
9		States Code 351 et seq.), as amended; or
10	(4)	Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an
11		animal test that was conducted for purposes unrelated
12		to cosmetics pursuant to a requirement of a federal,
13		state, or foreign regulatory agency; provided that no
14		evidence derived from the testing was relied upon to
15		substantiate the safety of a cosmetic sold within this
16		State by the manufacturer. If evidence from such
17		testing was relied upon for that purpose, the
18		prohibition in paragraph (1) does not apply if:
19		(A) Documentary evidence exists of the intent of the
20		test that was unrelated to cosmetics; and

1	(B) The ingredient that was the subject of the
2	testing has been used for purposes unrelated to
3	cosmetics for not less than twelve months prior
4	to the reliance.
5	(c) A violation of this section shall be punishable by a
6	fine of \$5,000 and an additional \$1,000 for each day the
7	violation continues.
8	(d) A violation of this section may be enforced by the
9	prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation
10	occurred. The fine shall be paid to the county in which the
11	violation occurred.
12	(e) A prosecuting attorney may, upon a determination that
13	there is a reasonable likelihood that a violation has occurred
14	under this section, review the testing data upon which a
15	cosmetic manufacturer has relied in the development or
16	manufacturing of the relevant cosmetic product sold in the
17	State.
18	(f) Any information disclosed under this section shall be
19	protected as a trade secret and a prosecuting attorney shall
20	enter into a protective order with the manufacturer before
21	receipt of the information from a manufacturer. A prosecuting

1	attorney	shall take other appropriate measures necessary to
2	preserve	the confidentiality of the information produced
3	pursuant	to this section.
4	(g)	This section shall not apply to:
5	(1)	A cosmetic if the cosmetic in its final form was
6		tested on animals before January 1, 2022, even if the
7		cosmetic is manufactured on or after that date;
8	(2)	An ingredient in a cosmetic if the ingredient was sold
9		in this State and tested on animals before January 1,
10		2022, even if the ingredient is manufactured on or
11		after that date; or
12	(3)	A manufacturer reviewing, assessing, or retaining
13		evidence from animal testing as defined in this
14		section.
15	(h)	Counties or other political subdivisions of the State
16	shall not	establish any prohibition on or relating to animal
17	tests as	defined in this section that are not identical to the
18	prohibiti	ons set forth in this section and that do not include
19	the exemp	tions contained in this section.
20	(i)	For the purposes of this section:

- 1 "Animal test" means the internal or external application of 2 a cosmetic, either in its final form or any ingredient thereof, 3 to the skin, eyes, or other body part of a live, nonhuman 4 vertebrate. 5 "Cosmetic" means any article intended to be rubbed, poured, 6 sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied 7 to the human body or any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness, or altering the 8 9 appearance, including personal hygiene products such as 10 deodorant, shampoo, or conditioner. 11 "Ingredient" means any component of a cosmetic defined by 12 title 21 Code of Federal Regulations section 700.3, as amended. "Manufacturer" means any person whose name appears on the 13 label of a cosmetic product pursuant to the requirements of 14 title 21 Code of Federal Regulations section 701.12, as amended. 15 16 "Supplier" means any entity that supplies, directly or 17 through a third party, any ingredient used in the formulation of
- 19 SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 20 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 21 begun before its effective date.

a manufacturer's cosmetic."



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1 SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2022. 2

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INTRODUCED BY: Alle a suth

JAN 2 6 2021

Report Title:

Cosmetics; Cruelty-free; Animal Testing; Prohibition; Fines

Description:

Bans the import for profit, sale, and offer for sale of any cosmetic in the State if the final product or any component of the final product was developed or manufactured using animal testing performed on or after 1/1/2022. Effective 1/1/2022.

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