THE SENATE THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE, 2020 STATE OF HAWAII

S.C.R. NO. 10

JAN 2 1 2020

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES PROVIDE AN ESTIMATE OF THE BUDGET APPROPRIATION AND LEGISLATIVE ACTION NECESSARY TO FUND AN EXPANSION OF MED-QUEST COVERAGE TO ALL POST-PARTUM WOMEN FOR A PERIOD OF TWELVE MONTHS FOLLOWING CHILDBIRTH.

WHEREAS, women who are ineligible for post-partum health 1 2 coverage struggle to get necessary care during the fourth 3 trimester, the twelve weeks following childbirth during which time a woman recovers from birth and transitions to nurture and 4 5 care for her infant; and 6 7 WHEREAS, the fourth trimester is a critical time as women 8 are more likely to die of pregnancy-related conditions during 9 this time than during pregnancy or childbirth; and 10 11 WHEREAS, nationwide, drug overdoses, suicides and pregnancy-related chronic illnesses, including diabetes, heart 12 disease, and high blood pressure, contribute to a rise in deaths 13 among women during pregnancy, childbirth, and the first twelve 14 months after childbirth; and 15 16 17 WHEREAS, according to the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, adequate medical attention could prevent 18 19 three out of five post-partum deaths; and 20 WHEREAS, Medicaid pregnancy coverage, which pays for nearly 21 half of all births in the United States, expires sixty days 22 after childbirth, leaving many women without health insurance 23 during this vulnerable time; and 24 25 26 WHEREAS, although women may reapply as a parent after this 27 sixty-day time period, because the income limit for parents is



S.C.R. NO. 10

lower, many women are unable to gualify for coverage as a 1 2 parent; and 3 WHEREAS, policymakers in at least six states, including 4 California, Illinois, Missouri, New Jersey, South Carolina, and 5 6 Tennessee, are working to extend Medicaid coverage to a full 7 year after childbirth; and 8 WHEREAS, health agencies in Georgia, Texas, Utah, and 9 10 Washington recommend similar efforts; and 11 12 WHEREAS, according to the Commonwealth Fund, a health care advocacy group, maternal mortality rates, including deaths 13 during and up to one year after pregnancy, are higher in the 14 15 United States than in other developed nations; and 16 17 WHEREAS, while pregnancy-related death rates have dropped 18 worldwide over the past thirty years, these rates have more than 19 doubled in the United States; and 20 WHEREAS, according to the United States Centers for Disease 21 22 Control and Prevention, the number of deaths per one hundred 23 thousand live births in the United States has risen from seven in 1987 to seventeen in 2016; now, therefore, 24 25 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirtieth Legislature 26 of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2020, the House of 27 Representatives concurring, that the Department of Human 28 29 Services is requested to provide an estimate of the budget 30 appropriation and legislative action necessary to fund an expansion of Med-QUEST coverage to all otherwise eligible post-31 32 partum women in the State for a period of twelve months following childbirth; and 33 34 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Human 35 Services is requested to submit a report of its findings and 36 37 recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the Legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of 38 39 the Regular Session of 2021; and 40 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 41 42 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Director of Human



S.C.R. NO. 10

Services, Chief Executive Officer of the Hawaii Health Systems
Corporation, Regional Chief Executive Officer of the Hawaii
Health Systems Corporation Oahu Region, and Chair of the
American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists Hawaii
Section.



