A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGISTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds there are not enough
- 2 prescribing mental health care providers available to serve the
- 3 needs of Hawaii's people. Because of this shortage, access to
- 4 quality, comprehensive, and affordable health care can be
- 5 facilitated and enhanced by collaborative practice between
- 6 licensed clinical psychologists and medical doctors.
- 7 Authorizing qualified clinical psychologists with appropriate
- 8 advanced training to prescribe from a limited formulary of
- 9 psychotropic medication will benefit Hawaii residents who live
- 10 in rural or medically underserved communities, where mental
- 11 health professionals with prescriptive authority are in short
- 12 supply.
- 13 The legislature further finds that the mental health needs
- 14 of the State continue to outweigh present capacity. According
- 15 to the Annual Report on Findings from the Hawaii Physician
- 16 Workforce Assessment Project (December 2018), psychiatrist

- 1 shortages are highest in Maui and Kauai counties. Maui county
- 2 has the greatest shortage, at 36.91 per cent, followed by Kauai
- 3 county with a 33.30 per cent shortage, and then Hawaii county
- 4 with a 32.95 per cent shortage. The 2018 report reflected no
- 5 shortage of psychiatrists in the city and county of Honolulu;
- 6 however, these calculations do not factor in the additional
- 7 systemic barriers related to accessing care in urban areas, such
- 8 as long wait times to see psychiatrists, psychiatrists not
- 9 taking new patients due to being overbooked, and psychiatrists
- 10 not taking medicaid or medicare insurance. As high as these
- 11 shortages are, the 2018 report notes that these measurements are
- 12 based on the assumption that there is an adequate number of
- 13 primary care physicians in each county. Since there are
- 14 critical shortages of primary care physicians in Hawaii, the
- 15 psychiatrist shortages may be underestimated.
- 16 Lack of access to appropriate mental health treatment has
- 17 serious and irrevocable consequences for many Hawaii residents.
- 18 According to the department of health, of the ten leading
- 19 injury-related causes of death, death by suicide is the number
- 20 one cause among Hawaii residents from the ages of fifteen to
- 21 twenty-four. Studies have shown that people who attempt or

- 1 commit suicide have often received inadequate or no mental
- 2 health treatment due to the effects of a shortage of community
- 3 mental health providers. While causes for suicide are complex,
- 4 the most commonly reported contributing factors are mental
- 5 health conditions that, when identified and treated, respond
- 6 favorably to therapy and psychotropic medication.
- 7 A 2016 Hawaii News Now article reported that sixty-one per
- 8 cent of all people arrested in 2015 on Oahu suffered from
- 9 serious mental illness or severe substance intoxication. This
- 10 almost two-fold increase occurred in the period following
- 11 substantial cuts to state-supported mental health services in
- **12** 2009.
- 13 According to the National Alliance on Mental Illness and
- 14 the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
- 15 Administration, approximately thirty-two thousand adults in
- 16 Hawaii, representing more than three per cent of the population,
- 17 live with serious mental illness. The actual scope of need in
- 18 the State is even greater since this figure excludes individuals
- 19 with clinical diagnoses such as unipolar depression, anxiety
- 20 disorders, adjustment disorders, substance abuse, or post-
- 21 traumatic stress disorder.

1 The legislature additionally finds that increasing the 2 number of prescribing mental health providers would be 3 beneficial to the State's homeless population. According to the 4 2018 Hawaii Statewide Point-In-Time Count, there are an 5 estimated 6,530 homeless persons in the State, with an estimated 6 1,714 of those persons meeting the definition of chronically 7 homeless. According to the 2018 Oahu Homeless Point-In-Time 8 Count, there are an estimated 4,495 homeless persons on Oahu. 9 Of those persons, a large number fall into four subpopulations 10 that would likely benefit from increased access to prescribing mental health providers, including: one thousand eighty-four 11 12 adults with a serious mental illness; eight hundred twenty 13 adults with a substance use disorder; forty-eight adults with 14 HIV/AIDS; and two hundred eighty adult survivors of domestic 15 violence. 16 Clinical psychologists are licensed health professionals 17 with an average of seven years of post-baccalaureate study and 18 three thousand hours of post-graduate supervised practice in the 19 diagnosis and treatment of mental illness. The American 20 Psychological Association has developed a model curriculum for a 21 master's degree in psychopharmacology for the education and

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- 1 training of prescribing psychologists. However, the current
- 2 allowable scope of clinical psychologists' practice in Hawaii
- 3 does not include prescribing medications. Currently, these
- 4 providers' patients must consult with and pay for another
- 5 provider to obtain psychotropic medication when it is indicated.
- 6 The legislature has previously authorized prescription
- 7 privileges for advanced practice registered nurses,
- 8 optometrists, dentists, and naturopathic physicians. Licensed
- 9 clinical psychologists with specialized education and training
- 10 for prescriptive practice have been allowed to prescribe
- 11 psychotropic medications to active duty military personnel and
- 12 their families in federal facilities and the United States
- 13 Public Health Service for decades. In recent years, Idaho,
- 14 Iowa, Illinois, Louisiana, and New Mexico have adopted
- 15 legislation authorizing prescriptive authority for advanced
- 16 trained psychologists. Many of these prescribing psychologists
- 17 have filled long-vacant public health positions or otherwise
- 18 serve predominantly indigent and rural patient populations.
- 19 Independent evaluations of the federal Department of
- 20 Defense psychopharmacological demonstration project by the
- 21 Government Accountability Office and the American College of

- 1 Neuropsychopharmacology, as well as the experiences in other
- 2 jurisdictions, have shown that appropriately trained
- 3 psychologists can prescribe and administer medications safely
- 4 and effectively.
- 5 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the board of
- 6 psychology to grant prescriptive authority to prescribing
- 7 psychologists who meet specific education, training, and
- 8 registration requirements.
- 9 SECTION 2. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 11 to read as follows:
- 12 "PART . PRESCRIBING PSYCHOLOGISTS
- 13 §465- Definitions. As used in this part unless the
- 14 context otherwise requires:
- 15 "Advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive
- 16 authority" means an advanced practice registered nurse, as
- 17 defined in section 457-2, with prescriptive authority granted
- 18 pursuant to section 457-8.6.
- "Clinical experience" means a period of supervised clinical
- 20 training and practice in which clinical diagnoses and
- 21 interventions, which can be completed and supervised as part of

- 1 or subsequent to earning a post-doctoral master of science
- 2 degree in clinical psychopharmacology training, are learned.
- 3 "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in section
- 4 329-1.
- 5 "Forensically encumbered" means a person who has been
- 6 detained by Hawaii courts for forensic examination or committed
- 7 to a psychiatric facility under the care and custody of the
- 8 director of health for appropriate placement by any court; has
- 9 been placed on conditional release or released on conditions by
- 10 a judge in Hawaii courts; or is involved in mental health court
- 11 or a jail diversion program.
- "Narcotic drug" has the same meaning as in section 329-1.
- 13 "Opiate" has the same meaning as in section 329-1.
- 14 "Prescribing psychologist" means a clinical psychologist
- 15 who has undergone specialized training in clinical
- 16 psychopharmacology, passed a national proficiency examination in
- 17 psychopharmacology approved by the board, and been granted a
- 18 prescriptive authority privilege by the board.
- 19 "Prescription" means an order for a psychotropic medication
- 20 or any device or test directly related to the diagnosis and

- 1 treatment of mental and emotional disorders pursuant to the
- 2 practice of psychology.
- 3 "Prescriptive authority privilege" means the authority
- 4 granted by the board to prescribe and administer psychotropic
- 5 medication and other directly related procedures within the
- 6 scope of practice of psychology in accordance with rules adopted
- 7 by the board.
- 8 "Primary care provider" means a physician or osteopathic
- 9 physician licensed or exempt from licensure pursuant to section
- 10 453-2 or an advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive
- 11 authority.
- 12 "Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related
- 13 to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders
- 14 pursuant to the practice of psychology, except drugs classified
- 15 into schedule I, II, or III pursuant to chapter 329, opiates, or
- 16 narcotic drugs; provided that psychotropic medication shall
- 17 include stimulants for the treatment of attention deficit
- 18 hyperactivity disorder regardless of the stimulants' schedule
- 19 classification.
- 20 "Serious mental illness" means bipolar I disorder, bipolar
- 21 II disorder, delusional disorder, major depressive disorder with

- 1 psychotic features, psychosis secondary to substance use,
- 2 schizophrenia, schizophreniform disorder, and schizoaffective
- 3 disorder, as defined by the most current version of the
- 4 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
- 5 §465- Administration. (a) The board shall prescribe
- 6 application forms and fees for application for and renewal of
- 7 prescriptive authority privilege pursuant to this part.
- 8 (b) The board shall develop and implement procedures to
- 9 review the educational and training credentials of a
- 10 psychologist applying for or renewing prescriptive authority
- 11 privilege under this part, in accordance with current standards
- 12 of professional practice.
- (c) The board shall determine the exclusionary formulary
- 14 for prescribing psychologists.
- 15 (d) The board shall have all other powers which may be
- 16 necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
- 17 §465- Prescriptive authority privilege; requirements.
- 18 Beginning on July 1, 2022, the board shall accept applications
- 19 for prescriptive authority privilege. Every applicant for
- 20 prescriptive authority privilege shall submit evidence

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1	satisfacto	ory to the board, in a form and manner prescribed by
2	the board,	that the applicant meets the following requirements:
3	(1)	The applicant possesses a current license pursuant to
4		section 465-7;
5	(2)	The applicant successfully graduated with a post
6		doctoral master's degree in clinical
7		psychopharmacology from a regionally-accredited
8		institution with a clinical psychopharmacology program
9		designated by the American Psychological Association,
10		or the equivalent of a post doctoral master's degree,
11		as approved by the board; provided that any equivalent
12		shall include study in a program offering intensive
13		didactic education including instruction in anatomy
14		and physiology, biochemistry, neuroanatomy,
15		neurophysiology, neurochemistry, physical assessment
16		and laboratory examinations, clinical medicine and
17		pathophysiology, clinical and research pharmacology
18		and psychopharmacology, clinical pharmacotherapeutics,
19		research, and professional, ethical, and legal issues;
20	(3)	The applicant has clinical experience that includes:

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1	(A)	A minimum of eight hundred hours completed in a
2		clinical prescribing practicum including
3		geriatric, pediatric, and pregnant patients
4		completed in no less than twelve months and no
5		more than fifty-six months;
6	(B)	Supervision of a minimum of one hundred patients
7		including geriatric, pediatric, and pregnant
8		patients;
9	(C)	A minimum of eighty hours completed in a physical
10		assessment practicum in a primary care, family
11		practice, community, or internal medicine
12		setting;
13	(D)	No less than one hundred hours of community
14		service with homeless, veteran, or low-income
15		populations;
16	(E)	No less than two hours per week of supervision by
17		a primary care provider or a prescribing
18		psychologist; and
19	(F)	Eight weeks of rotation in each of the following:
20		(i) Internal and family medicine;
21		(ii) Women's health;



1		(iii) Pediatrics; and
2		(iv) Geriatrics; and
3	(4)	The applicant has successfully passed the nationally
4		recognized Psychopharmacology Examination for
5		Psychologists developed by the American Psychological
6		Association's Practice Organization's College of
7		Professional Psychology, or other authority, relevant
8		to establish competence across the following content
9		areas: neuroscience, nervous system pathology,
10		physiology and pathophysiology, biopsychosocial and
11		pharmacologic assessment and monitoring, differential
12		diagnosis, pharmacology, clinical psychopharmacology,
13		research, integrating clinical psychopharmacology with
14		the practice of psychology, diversity factors, and
15		professional, legal, ethical, and interprofessional
16		issues; provided that the passing score shall be
17		determined by the American Psychological Association's
18		Practice Organization's College of Professional
19		Psychology or other authority, as applicable.
20	§465	- Prescriptive authority privilege; renewal. (a)
21	The board	shall implement a method for the renewal of

- 1 prescriptive authority privilege in conjunction with the renewal
- 2 of a license under section 465-11.
- 3 (b) To qualify for the renewal of prescriptive authority
- 4 privilege, a prescribing psychologist shall present evidence
- 5 satisfactory to the board that the prescribing psychologist has
- 6 completed at least eighteen hours biennially of acceptable
- 7 continuing education, as determined by the board, relevant to
- 8 the pharmacological treatment of mental and emotional disorders;
- 9 provided that a first-time prescribing psychologist shall not be
- 10 subject to the continuing education requirements under this
- 11 section for the first prescriptive authority privilege renewal.
- 12 (c) The continuing education requirement under this
- 13 section shall be in addition to the continuing education
- 14 requirement under section 465-11.
- 15 (d) The board may conduct random audits of licensees to
- 16 determine compliance with the continuing education requirement
- 17 under this section. The board shall provide written notice of
- 18 an audit to each licensee randomly selected for audit. Within
- 19 sixty days of notification, the licensee shall provide the board
- 20 with documentation verifying compliance with the continuing
- 21 education requirement established by this section.

1 Prescriptive authority privilege; prescribing §465-2 practices. (a) It shall be unlawful for any psychologist not 3 granted prescriptive authority privilege under this part to 4 prescribe, offer to prescribe, administer, or use any sign, 5 card, or device to indicate that the psychologist is so 6 authorized. 7 (b) A valid prescription issued by a prescribing 8 psychologist shall be legibly written and contain, at a minimum, 9 the following: 10 Date of issuance; (1)11 (2) Original signature of the prescribing psychologist; **12** Prescribing psychologist's name and business address; (3) 13 (4)Name, strength, quantity, and specific instructions 14 for the psychotropic medication to be dispensed; **15** (5) Name and address of the person for whom the 16 prescription was written; 17 (6) Room number and route of administration if the patient 18 is in an institutional facility; and

Number of allowable refills, if applicable.

19

(7)

1	(c)	A prescribing psychologist shall comply with all
2	applicabl	e state and federal laws and rules relating to the
3	prescript	ion and administration of psychotropic medication.
4	(d)	A prescribing psychologist shall:
5	(1)	Except as provided in paragraph (3), prescribe and
6		administer psychotropic medication only in
7		consultation with and pursuant to a written
8		collaborative agreement with a patient's primary care
9		provider that is established and signed prior to
10		prescribing any psychotropic medication for the
11		patient;
12	(2)	Make any changes to a medication treatment plan,
13		including dosage adjustments, addition of medications,
14		or discontinuation of medications only in consultation
15		and collaboration with a patient's primary care
16		provider;
17	(3)	For patients who are forensically encumbered and for
18		patients with a diagnosis of serious mental illness
19		who are subject to the jurisdiction of the department
20		of health:

1		(A)	Pres	cribe and administer psychotropic medication
2			only	:
3			(i)	In accordance with a treatment protocol
4				agreed to by the prescribing psychologist
5				and the treating department of health
6				psychiatrist; and
7			(ii)	With notification to all other health care
8				providers treating the patient; and
9		(B)	Ente	r into a collaborative agreement with the
10			depa	rtment of health prior to prescribing any
11			psyc:	hotropic medication; and
12	(4)	Docu	ment	all consultations in the patient's medical
13		reco	rd.	
14	(e)	A pr	escri	bing psychologist shall not prescribe or
15	administer	psy	chotr	opic medication for any patient who does not
16	have a pri	.mary	care	provider.
17	(f)	A pr	escri	bing psychologist shall not delegate
18	prescripti	.ve a	uthor	ity to any other person.
19	§465-		Presc	riptive authority privilege; exclusionary
20	formulary.	(a	.) A	prescribing psychologist shall only prescribe
21	and admini	gter	· medi	cations for the treatment of mental health

- 1 disorders as defined by the most current version of the
- 2 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
- 3 (b) The exclusionary formulary for prescribing
- 4 psychologists shall consist of drugs or categories of drugs
- 5 adopted by the board.
- 6 (c) The exclusionary formulary and any revised formularies
- 7 shall be made available to licensed pharmacies at the request of
- 8 the pharmacy and at no cost.
- 9 (d) Under the exclusionary formulary, prescribing
- 10 psychologists shall not prescribe or administer:
- 11 (1) Schedule I controlled substances pursuant to section
- **12** 329-14;
- 13 (2) Schedule II controlled substances pursuant to section
- **14** 329-16;
- 15 (3) Schedule III controlled substances pursuant to section
- 16 329-18, including all narcotic drugs and opiates; and
- 17 (4) For indications other than those stated in the
- 18 labeling approved by the federal Food and Drug
- 19 Administration for patients seventeen years of age or
- 20 younger;

- 1 provided that prescribing psychologists may prescribe and
- 2 administer stimulants for the treatment of attention deficit
- 3 hyperactivity disorder, regardless of the stimulants' schedule
- 4 classification.
- 5 §465- Drug Enforcement Administration; registration.
- 6 (a) Every prescribing psychologist shall comply with all
- 7 federal and state registration requirements to prescribe and
- 8 administer psychotropic medication.
- 9 (b) Every prescribing psychologist shall file with the
- 10 board the prescribing psychologist's federal Drug Enforcement
- 11 Administration registration number. The registration number
- 12 shall be filed before the prescribing psychologist issues any
- 13 prescription for a psychotropic medication.
- 14 §465- Violation; penalties. Any person who violates
- 15 this part shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction,
- 16 fined no more than \$1,000 or imprisoned no more than one year,
- 17 or both. Any person who violates this part may also be subject
- 18 to disciplinary action by the board."
- 19 SECTION 3. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended as follows:

1 1. By adding two new definitions to be appropriately 2 inserted and to read: 3 ""Prescribing psychologist" means a clinical psychologist 4 licensed under chapter 465 who has undergone specialized 5 training in clinical psychopharmacology, passed a national 6 proficiency examination in psychopharmacology approved by the 7 board of psychology, and been granted a prescriptive authority 8 privilege by the board of psychology. 9 "Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related 10 to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders 11 pursuant to the practice of psychology, as defined in section 12 465-1, except drugs classified into schedule I, II, or III 13 pursuant to this chapter, opiates, or narcotic drugs; provided 14 that psychotropic medication shall include stimulants for the 15 treatment of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder regardless 16 of the stimulants' schedule classification." 17 By amending the definition of "practitioner" to read: 18 ""Practitioner" means: 19 A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific (1) 20 investigator, or other person licensed and registered

under section 329-32 to distribute, dispense, or

21

1		conduct research with respect to a controlled
2		substance in the course of professional practice or
3		research in this State;
4	(2)	An advanced practice registered nurse with
5		prescriptive authority licensed and registered under
6		section 329-32 to prescribe and administer controlled
7		substances in the course of professional practice in
8		this State; [and]
9	<u>(3)</u>	A prescribing psychologist licensed and registered
10		under section 329-32 to prescribe and administer
11,		psychotropic medication in the course of professional
12		practice in this State; and
13	[(3)]	(4) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution
14		licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to
15		distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to
16		or to administer a controlled substance in the course
17		of professional practice or research in this State."
18	SECT	ION 4. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by	y amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
20	"(i)	Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
21	issued on	ly as follows:

1	(1)	All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
2		originate from within the State and be dated as of,
3		and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
4		issued and shall contain:
5		(A) The first and last name and address of the
6		patient; and
7		(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
8		prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
9		prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
10		methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
11		shall record as part of the directions for use,
12		the medical need of the patient for the
13		prescription.
14		Except for electronic prescriptions, controlled
15		substance prescriptions shall be no larger than eight
16		and one-half inches by eleven inches and no smaller
17		than three inches by four inches. A practitioner may
18		sign a prescription in the same manner as the
19		practitioner would sign a check or legal document
20		(e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall use both

words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and

21

1	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
2	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
3	to be dispensed. Where an oral order or electronic
4	prescription is not permitted, prescriptions shall be
5	written with ink or indelible pencil or typed, shall
6	be manually signed by the practitioner, and shall
7	include the name, address, telephone number, and
8	registration number of the practitioner. The
9	prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
10	for the signature of the practitioner, but the
11	prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
12	the prescription does not conform in all essential
13	respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
14	pursuant to this chapter. In receiving an oral
15	prescription from a practitioner, a pharmacist shall
16	promptly reduce the oral prescription to writing,
17	which shall include the following information: the
18	drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed
19	in figures only, and directions for use; the date the
20	oral prescription was received; the full name, Drug
21	Enforcement Administration registration number, and

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oral code number of the practitioner; and the name and
address of the person for whom the controlled
substance was prescribed or the name of the owner of
the animal for which the controlled substance was
prescribed.

A corresponding liability shall rest upon a pharmacist who fills a prescription not prepared in the form prescribed by this section. A pharmacist may add a patient's missing address or change a patient's address on all controlled substance prescriptions after verifying the patient's identification and noting the identification number on the back of the prescription document on file. The pharmacist shall not make changes to the patient's name, the controlled substance being prescribed, the quantity of the prescription, the practitioner's Drug Enforcement Administration number, the practitioner's name, the practitioner's electronic signature, or the practitioner's signature;

(2) An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans

1	Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
2	exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
3	include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
4	(A) The registration number of the hospital or other
5	institution; and
6	(B) The special internal code number assigned to the
7	physician by the hospital or other institution in
8	lieu of the registration number of the
9	practitioner required by this section.
10	The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy
11	of this special internal code number list to the
12	department as often as necessary to update the
13	department with any additions or deletions. Failure
14	to comply with this paragraph shall result in the
15	suspension of that facility's privilege to fill
16	controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies
17	outside of the hospital or other institution. Each
18	written prescription shall have the name of the
19	physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
20	well as the signature of the physician;

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1	(3)	An official exempted from registration shall include
2		on all prescriptions issued by the official:
3		(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
4		"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and
5		(B) The official's service identification number, in
6		lieu of the registration number of the
7		practitioner required by this section. The
8		service identification number for a Public Health
9		Service employee shall be the employee's social
10		security or other government issued
11		identification number.
12		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
13		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
14		signature of the officer; [and]
15	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe
16		controlled substances under the authorization of a
17		supervising physician shall include on all controlled
18		substance prescriptions issued:
19		(A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
20		number of the supervising physician; and

1		(B) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
2		number of the physician assistant.
3		Each written controlled substance prescription issued
4		shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
5		printed name, address, and phone number of both the
6		supervising physician and physician assistant, and
7		shall be signed by the physician assistant. The
8		medical record of each written controlled substance
9		prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
10		reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
11		supervising physician within seven working days [-];
12		and
13	(5)	A prescribing psychologist authorized to prescribe and
14		administer psychotropic medication pursuant to
15		part of chapter 465 in consultation and
16		collaboration with a primary care provider shall
17		include on all psychotropic medication prescriptions
18		issued:
19		(A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
20		number of the licensed primary care provider; and

1		(B) The printed, stamped, typed, or hand-printed
2		name, address, and phone number of both the
3		licensed primary care provider and prescribing
4		psychologist; and
5		(C) The signature of the prescribing psychologist."
6	SECTI	ION 5. Section 329-39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by	amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
8	"(b)	Whenever a pharmacist sells or dispenses any
9	controlled	d substance on a prescription issued by a physician,
10	dentist, p	oodiatrist, or veterinarian, or any psychotropic
11	medication	on a prescription issued by a prescribing
12	psychologi	st, the pharmacist shall affix to the bottle or other
13	container	in which the drug is sold or dispensed:
14	(1)	The pharmacy's name and business address;
15	(2)	The serial number of the prescription;
16	(3)	The name of the patient or, if the patient is an
17		animal, the name of the owner of the animal and the
18		species of the animal;
19	(4)	The name of the physician, dentist, podiatrist, [or]
20		veterinarian, or prescribing psychologist by whom the
21		prescription is written; and

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1
         (5)
              Such directions as may be stated on the prescription."
2
         SECTION 6. Section 346-59.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3
    amended by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
4
         "(i) All psychotropic medications covered by this section
5
    shall be prescribed by a psychiatrist, a physician, [ex] an
6
    advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority
7
    under chapter 457 and duly licensed in the State [-], or a
8
    prescribing psychologist authorized under part of chapter
9
    465."
10
         SECTION 7. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11
    amended by designating sections 465-1 to 465-15 as part I and
12
    inserting a title before section 465-1 to read as follows:
13
                      "PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS"
                     Section 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14
         SECTION 8.
15
    amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:
16
               [Nothing] Other than as provided in part
17
    nothing in this chapter shall be construed as permitting the
18
    administration or prescription of drugs, or in any way engaging
19
    in the practice of medicine as defined in the laws of the
20
    State."
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- 1 SECTION 9. (a) The board of psychology shall submit a
- 2 report to the legislature, no later than twenty days prior to
- 3 the convening of the regular session of 2021, on the
- 4 authorization of prescriptive authority to prescribing
- 5 psychologists who meet specific education, training, and
- 6 registration requirements pursuant to this Act.
- 7 (b) The board of psychology shall collaborate with the
- 8 department of health when preparing information in the report
- 9 regarding the treatment of patients who are forensically
- 10 encumbered or patients with a diagnosis of serious mental
- 11 illness who are subject to the department's jurisdiction.
- 12 SECTION 10. If any provision of this Act, or the
- 13 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held
- 14 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
- 15 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the
- 16 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
- 17 of this Act are severable.
- 18 SECTION 11. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 19 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 20 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 21 the new sections in this Act.

1	SECT	ION 12. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
2	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
3	SECT	ION 13. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050;
4	provided	that:
5	(1)	The amendments made to section 329-38(i), Hawaii
6		Revised Statutes, by section 4 of this Act shall not
7		be repealed when that section is reenacted on June 30,
8		2023, pursuant to section 6 of Act 66, Session Laws of
9		Hawaii 2017;
10	(2)	This Act shall be repealed on August 31, 2025; and
11	(3)	Upon repeal of this Act, sections 329-1, 329-38,
12		329-39, 346-59.9, and 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
13		shall be reenacted in the form in which they read on
14		June 30, 2019.

Report Title:

Clinical Psychologists; Prescriptive Authority Privilege

Description:

Authorizes and establishes procedures and criteria for prescriptive authority for clinical psychologists who meet specific education, training, and registration requirements. Requires the Board of Psychology to accept applications for prescriptive authority privilege beginning 7/1/2022. Requires the Board of Psychology to report to the Legislature prior to the Regular Session of 2021. Sunsets on 8/31/2025. Effective 7/1/2050. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.