S.B. NO. ⁸⁰⁷ S.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ELECTRONIC PRESCRIPTION ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 153, Session 2 Laws Hawaii 2018, requires all prescribers of controlled 3 substances to query the electronic prescription accountability system, prior to issuing a prescription for certain controlled 4 5 substances, to reduce the risk of abuse of or addiction to a 6 controlled substance. The electronic prescription 7 accountability system, also known as the prescription drug 8 monitoring program, is a useful tool for health care providers 9 when determining which controlled substances a patient has been 10 prescribed.

11 The legislature notes that although prescribers have taken 12 steps to implement this law, some concerns have been raised 13 about the applicability of the law to certain patient 14 populations. The legislature further finds that the law should 15 not apply in inpatient settings, where a patient is in a 16 hospital or nursing home and is directly administered a 17 prescription under the supervision of a health care provider.

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1 The law should also not apply to initial prescriptions for 2 patients being treated for post-operative pain with a limited 3 three-day supply, for consistency with a 2016 Centers for 4 Disease Control and Prevention recommendation on acute pain 5 management. An exemption for patients with a terminal disease 6 who are receiving hospice or other types of palliative care is 7 also appropriate to reduce barriers to this end-of-life choice. 8 Therefore, requiring a health care provider to consult the 9 electronic prescription accountability system under these 10 circumstances may cause a delay in the provision of appropriate 11 care to the patient.

12 The legislature additionally finds that existing law 13 requires prescribing health care providers to adopt and maintain 14 informed consent policies for opioid therapy patients. 15 Providers have since adopted these policies; however, concerns 16 have been raised about requiring a patient to complete the 17 informed consent process in certain situations, such as where 18 the patient is in intensive care, is being monitored, or 19 otherwise lacks the capacity to provide consent.

20

The purpose of this Act is to:

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1 (1)Specify that a health care provider shall not be 2 required to consult the electronic prescription 3 accountability system when a patient is in an 4 inpatient setting, in post-operative care, or has a 5 terminal disease and is receiving hospice or other 6 palliative care; and 7 (2) Clarify that an informed consent agreement is not 8 required for patients whose prescription will be 9 directly administered under the supervision of a 10 health care provider. SECTION 2. Section 329-38.2 Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 12 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 13 No prescriber shall prescribe a schedule II, III, or "(b) 14 IV controlled substance without first requesting, receiving, and 15 considering records of the ultimate user from the state 16 electronic prescription accountability system as needed to 17 reduce the risk of abuse of or addiction to a controlled 18 substance, as needed to avoid harmful drug interactions, or as

otherwise medically necessary; provided that this subsection
shall not apply to [+] any prescription:

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1	(1)	[Any prescription for] <u>For</u> a supply of three days or
2		less that is made in an emergency situation, by an
3		emergency medical provider, or in an emergency room;
4		[and]
5	(2)	[Any prescription written] That will be administered
6	*	directly to a patient under the supervision of a
7		health care provider licensed to practice within the
8		State; provided that a medically-indicated query of
9		the electronic prescription accountability system is
10		made when the patient is initially admitted for
11		inpatient care at a hospital;
12	(3)	That is an initial prescription for a patient being
13		treated for post-operative pain; provided that the
14		prescription is limited to a three-day supply with no
15		refills;
16	(4)	For a patient with a terminal disease receiving
17		hospice or other types of palliative care; provided
18		that for purposes of this paragraph, "terminal
19		disease" means an incurable and irreversible disease
20		that will, within reasonable medical judgment, produce
21		death within six months; or

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1	(5) Prescribed while the state electronic prescription		
2	accountability system is nonfunctional."		
3	SECTION 3. Section 329-38.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
4	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:		
5	"(c) For the purposes of this section, "qualifying opioid		
6	therapy patient" means:		
7	(1) A patient requiring opioid treatment for more than		
8	three months;		
9	(2) A patient who is prescribed benzodiazepines and		
10	opioids together; or		
11	(3) A patient who is prescribed a dose of opioids that		
12	exceeds ninety morphine equivalent doses.		
13	This term shall not apply to an individual who lacks		
14	capacity as defined in section 327E-2 and who is receiving		
15	treatment at a hospital under the supervision of a licensed		
16	health care provider."		
17	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
18	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
19	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.		

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Report Title:

Electronic Prescription Accountability System; Hospice; Palliative Care; Opioid Therapy; Informed Consent Process

Description:

Specifies that a health care provider shall not be required to consult the electronic prescription accountability system for patients when the prescription will be directly administered under the supervision of a health care provider, provided that the system is consulted when the patients are initially admitted at a hospital; for patients in post-operative care with a prescription limited to a three-day supply; or for patients with a terminal disease receiving hospice or other palliative care. Clarifies that an informed consent agreement is not necessary for patients whose prescription will be directly administered under the supervision of a health care provider. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

