A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds, as declared in the World

2 Conservation Congress Hawai'i Commitments of 2016, that "[w]e

3 must undertake profound transformations in how human societies

4 live on Earth, with particular attention to making our patterns

5 of production and consumption more sustainable. We must

6 recognize that human health and wellbeing depend on healthy

7 ecosystems. We must recognize that every form of life has value

8 - regardless of its worth to humans." Hawai'i has been a leader

9 in conservation efforts for decades, through its commitment to

environmental and sustainability policies. In the 1970s, the

11 State enacted the state environmental policy, chapter 344,

12 Hawaii Revised Statutes, as a mechanism to set environmental

13 goals. While comprehensive, it lacked measurable indicators and

14 enforcement means. Hawai'i's understanding of the challenges

15 facing the State's natural environment worldwide have changed

16 remarkably since the 1970s, while the laws enacted in Hawai'i in

17 recent decades have served as a starlight for other

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- 1 jurisdictions and set a global example on how to adopt policies
- 2 on sustainability. More recently, several approaches to
- 3 sustainability have emerged in Hawai'i, including the Aloha+
- 4 Challenge, the governor's sustainable Hawai'i initiative, and
- 5 other initiatives inspired by the Mālama Honua Worldwide Voyage
- 6 and Mālama Hawai'i.
- 7 In July of 2014, the State launched the Aloha+ Challenge:
- 8 He Nohona 'Ae'oia, A Culture of Sustainability, a statewide
- 9 commitment to sustainability, with the leadership of the
- 10 governor, four county mayors, Office of Hawaiian Affairs,
- 11 legislature, and Hawai'i Green Growth public-private partners
- 12 across the State. The Aloha+ Challenge builds on Hawai'i's
- 13 history of systems thinking, Hawaiian culture and values, and
- 14 successful track record on sustainability to outline six
- 15 ambitious goals to be achieved by 2030:
- 16 (1) Clean energy: Achieve seventy per cent clean energy,
- with forty per cent from renewables and thirty per
- 18 cent from efficiency;
- 19 (2) Local food: At least double local food production for
- 20 local consumption;

1	(3)	Natural resource management: Reverse the trend of
2		natural resource loss mauka to makai by increasing
3		freshwater security, watershed protection, community-
4		based marine management, invasive species control, and
5		restoration of native species;
6	(4)	Waste reduction: Reduce the solid waste stream prior
7		to disposal by seventy per cent through source
8		reduction, recycling, bioconversion, and landfill
9		diversion methods;
10	(5)	Smart sustainable communities: Increase livability
11		and resilience in the built environment through
12		planning and implementation at the state and county
13		levels; and
14	(6)	Green workforce and education: Increase local green
15		jobs and education to implement these goals.
16	To i	ncrease the efforts of the Aloha+ Challenge, the
17	governor	launched the sustainable Hawaiʻi initiative in 2016,
18	which inc	ludes five goals:
19	(1)	Double local food production by 2020;
20	. (2)	Implement Hawai'i's interagency biosecurity plan by
21		2027;

1	(3) Flocect chiltry per cent of the highest priority
2	watersheds by 2030;
3	(4) Manage thirty per cent of nearshore ocean waters by
4	2030; and
5	(5) Achieve one hundred per cent renewable energy in
6	electricity by 2045.
7	In May of 2014, Hōkūleʻa began a three-year voyage across
8	the world's oceans carrying the message of Mālama Honua - to
9	care for the earth. Building on the legacy of the Polynesian
10	way finders, the Hōkūle'a Worldwide Voyage inspired actions of
11	conservation across the Hawaiian islands and beyond, resulting
12	in the connection of a lei of aloha around the globe.
13	At the global level, the United Nations Sustainable
14	Development Goals, the World Conservation Congress Hawaiii
15	Commitments of 2016, and the Paris Climate Agreement have been
16	adopted to guide global efforts. The Sustainable Development
17	Goals (SDGs), otherwise known as the 2030 Agenda for Sustainabl
18	Development, were born at the United Nations Conference on
19	Sustainable Development in Rio de Janeiro in 2012, came into
20	effect in 2015, and are a universal call to action to end
21	poverty, protect the planet, and ensure that all people enjoy

- 1 peace and prosperity. The seventeen SDGs are interconnected and
- 2 work in the spirit of partnership and pragmatism to make the
- 3 right choices now to improve life, in a sustainable way, for
- 4 future generations. The SDGs provide a clear framework for
- 5 action to guide countries in accordance with their own
- 6 priorities and the environmental challenges of the world at
- 7 large. They tackle the root causes of poverty and unite
- 8 individuals to make a positive change for both people and
- 9 planet.
- 10 Dealing with the threat of climate change impacts how
- 11 people manage the world's fragile natural resources, achieving
- 12 gender equality and better health helps eradicate poverty, and
- 13 fostering peace and inclusive societies will reduce inequalities
- 14 and help economies prosper. The SDGs are voluntary commitments
- 15 to make the world a better and more prosperous place.
- 16 During September 2016, over ten thousand leaders from
- 17 government, civil society, indigenous communities, faith and
- 18 spiritual traditions, the private sector, and academia gathered
- 19 in Hawai'i for a meeting of the International Union for
- 20 Conservation of Nature World Conservation Congress. Delegates
- 21 to the Congress adopted the World Conservation Congress Hawai'i

- 1 Commitments to achieve the transformation required to promote a
- 2 "Culture of Conservation". The Hawai'i Commitments consist of
- 3 seven identified challenges and proposed solutions, including:
- 4 (1) Linking spirituality, religion, culture, and
- 5 conservation;
- 6 (2) Engaging and empowering youth;
- 7 (3) The challenge of sustaining the global food supply and
- 8 conserving nature;
- 9 (4) The challenge of preserving the health of the world
- 10 ocean;
- 11 (5) The challenge of ending wildlife trafficking;
- 12 (6) The challenge of engaging with the private sector; and
- 13 (7) The challenge of climate change.
- 14 The Hawai'i Commitments build on the Paris Climate Agreement and
- 15 the SDGs to allow different global voices to come together and
- 16 find common ground in the spirit of partnership, collaboration,
- 17 and sustainability.
- 18 During 2018, the governor issued Executive Order No. 18-06,
- 19 which directed all state agencies to implement practices to
- 20 assist the State in achieving the United Nations SDGs.
- 21 Additionally, four counties have expressed support for the

- 1 Sustainable Development Goals. The county of Maui in particular
- 2 has adopted Resolution No. 18-18, which states that the County
- 3 "supports the Hawaii State Senate's efforts to enact legislation
- 4 to attain the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals".
- 5 In order for Hawai'i to continue to serve as a starlight for
- 6 the rest of the world in setting policies on sustainability and
- 7 to serve as global leader on issues of conservation and
- 8 sustainability, it is essential that the State demonstrate its
- 9 full commitment to its own policies and goals as well as the
- 10 goals set on the international stage at United Nations
- 11 conferences and summits on sustainability. In particular, the
- 12 legislature has identified seven of the United Nations SDGs that
- 13 are most immediately vital to the State: good health and
- 14 well-being; quality education; decent work and economic growth;
- 15 sustainable cities and communities; responsible consumption and
- 16 production; peace, justice, and strong institutions; and the
- 17 formation of partnerships for the Sustainable Development Goals.
- 18 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to codify the State's
- 19 commitment to conservation, sustainability, and economic
- 20 development by including the seventeen United Nations SDGs and

1	indicators, w	ith references to existing state sustainability				
2	programs, in	the Hawaii Revised Statutes.				
3	SECTION	SECTION 2. Chapter 226, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
4	amended by add	ding a new section to be appropriately designated				
5	and to read a	s follows:				
6	" <u>§226-</u>	Sustainable development goals. In pursuance of				
7	the State's s	ustainability goals, and notwithstanding any law to				
8	the contrary,	all agencies shall, insofar as practicable, take				
9	action to ass	ist the State in achieving the following				
10	sustainable d	evelopment goals and indicators by 2030 unless				
11	otherwise ind	icated in this section:				
12	(1) Goa	l 1. No poverty. End poverty in all its forms				
13	eve	rywhere.				
14	(A)	Eradicate extreme poverty for all people in				
15		Hawaii, currently measured as a family of four				
16		living on less than \$89 a day;				
17	<u>(B)</u>	Reduce at least by half the number of men, women,				
18		and children of all ages living below the federal				
19		<pre>poverty level;</pre>				
20	<u>(C)</u>	Implement appropriate social protection systems				
21		and measures for all, including floors, and				

1			achieve substantial coverage for the poor and the
2			vulnerable;
3		(D)	Ensure that all men and women, in particular the
4			poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to
5			economic resources, as well as access to basic
6			services, ownership and control over property,
7			inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new
8			technology, and financial services, including
9			microfinance; and
10		<u>(E)</u>	Build the resilience of the poor and those in
11			vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure
12			and vulnerability to climate-related extreme
13			events and other economic, social, and
14			environmental shocks and disasters.
15	(2)	Goal	2. Zero hunger. End hunger, achieve food
16		secu	rity and improved nutrition, and promote
17		sust	ainable agriculture.
18		(A)	End hunger and ensure access by all people in
19			Hawaii, in particular the poor and people in
20			vulnerable situations, including infants, to

1		safe, nutritious, and sufficient food all year
2		round;
3	(B)	End all forms of malnutrition, including
4		achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed
5		targets on stunting and wasting in children under
6		five years of age, and address the nutritional
7		needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating
8		women, and older persons;
9	<u>(C)</u>	Double local food production by 2020, pursuant to
10		the goals of the sustainable Hawaii initiative
11		and Aloha+ Challenge, and double the agricultural
12		productivity and incomes of small-scale food
13		producers, in particular women, Native Hawaiians,
14		family farmers, pastoralists, and fishers,
15		including through secure and equal access to
16		land, other productive resources and inputs,
17		knowledge, financial services, markets and
18		opportunities for value addition and non-farm
19		<pre>employment;</pre>
20	(D)	Increase seafood security throughout the Hawaiian
21		islands through an improved understanding of

1		current capacity, active fishpond restoration,
2		restoration of nearshore fish populations, and
3		improvement in sustainable production,
4		distribution, and consumption practices;
5	<u>(E</u>) Ensure sustainable food production systems and
6		implement resilient agricultural practices that
7		increase productivity and production; help
8		maintain ecosystems; strengthen capacity for
9		adaptation to climate change, extreme weather,
10		drought, flooding and other disasters; and
11		progressively improve land and soil quality;
12	<u>(F</u>) By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds,
13		cultivated plants, and farmed and domesticated
14		animals and their related wild species, including
15		through soundly managed and diversified seed and
16		plant banks at the state and local levels, and
17		promote access to and fair and equitable sharing
18		of benefits arising from the utilization of
19		genetic resources and associated traditional
20		knowledge, as internationally agreed;

1		<u>(G)</u>	Increase investment in rural infrastructure,
2			agricultural research and extension services,
3			technology development, and plant and livestock
4			gene banks; and
5		<u>(H)</u>	Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning
6			of food commodity markets and their derivatives
7			and facilitate timely access to market
8			information, including on food reserves, in order
9			to help limit extreme food price volatility.
10	(3)	Goal	3. Good health and well-being. Ensure healthy
11		live	s and promote well-being for all at all ages.
12		(A)	Ensure the state maternal mortality ratio of less
13			than ten per one hundred thousand live births;
14		<u>(B)</u>	End preventable deaths of newborns and children
15			under five years of age, with all counties aiming
16			to ensure that the neonatal mortality rate is at
17			least as low as four per one thousand live births
18			and the under-five mortality rate is at least as
19			low as six per one thousand live births;
20		<u>(C)</u>	End the epidemics of human immunodeficiency virus
21			(HIV), acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS),

1		tuberculosis, and neglected tropical diseases and
2		combat hepatitis, mumps, rat lung worm disease,
3		dengue fever, water-borne diseases, and other
4		communicable diseases;
5	(D)	Reduce by one-third premature mortality from non-
6		communicable diseases through prevention and
7		treatment and promote mental health and well-
8		being;
9	<u>(E)</u>	Strengthen the prevention and treatment of
10		substance abuse, including narcotic drug and
11		alcohol abuse;
12	<u>(F)</u>	Halve the number of state deaths and injuries
13		<pre>from road traffic accidents;</pre>
14	(G)	Ensure universal access to sexual and
15		reproductive health care services, including
16		family planning, information and education, and
17		the integration of reproductive health into state
18		programs;
19	(H)	Achieve universal health coverage, including
20		financial risk protection; access to quality
21		essential health care services; and access to

1			safe, effective, quality, and affordable
2			essential medicines and vaccines for all people
3			in Hawaii;
4		<u>(I)</u>	Substantially reduce the number of deaths and
5			illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air,
6			water, and soil pollution and contamination;
7		<u>(J)</u>	Substantially reduce tobacco use among persons of
8			all ages;
9	·	<u>(K)</u>	Substantially increase health financing and the
10			recruitment, development, training, and retention
11			of the health workforce in the State,
12			particularly in rural areas; and
13		<u>(L)</u>	Strengthen the capacity of all counties for early
14			warning, risk reduction, and management of
15			national and global health risks.
16	(4)	Goal	4. Quality education. Ensure inclusive and
17		equi	table quality education and promote lifelong
18		lear	ning opportunities for all.
19		<u>(A)</u>	Ensure that all children complete and have access
20			to equitable and quality primary and secondary

1		education leading to relevant and effective
2		learning outcomes;
3	<u>(B)</u>	Ensure that all children have access to quality
4		early childhood development, care, and pre-school
5		education to prepare them for primary education;
6	<u>(C)</u>	Ensure equal access for all persons to affordable
7		and quality technical, vocational, and tertiary
8		education, including university;
9	<u>(D)</u>	Substantially increase the number of youth and
10		adults who have relevant skills, including
11		technical and vocational skills, for employment
12		and for entrepreneurship, and develop young
13		leaders for careers in the conservation and
14		natural resource management fields in Hawaii
15		through internships, fellowships, training, and
16		networking opportunities;
17	<u>(E)</u>	Engage and empower youth to connect with nature,
18		take action to support conservation, and work for
19		the planet, pursuant to the World Conservation
20		Congress Hawaii Commitments of 2016, and ensure
21		that all learners acquire the knowledge and

1		skills needed to promote sustainable development,
2		sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender
3		equality, promotion of a culture of peace and
4		non-violence, global citizenship, and
5		appreciation of cultural diversity and of
6		culture's contribution to sustainable
7		development;
8	<u>(F)</u>	Advance environmental and cultural literacy via
9		broad-based partnerships for grassroots capacity
10		<pre>building;</pre>
11	(G)	Eliminate gender disparities in education and
12		ensure equal access to all levels of education
13		and vocational training for the vulnerable,
14		including persons with disabilities, Native
15		Hawaiians, and children in vulnerable situations;
16	(H)	Substantially increase the state literacy rate
17		for youths and adults;
18	<u>(I)</u>	Build and upgrade education facilities that are
19		child, disability, and gender sensitive and
20		provide safe, non-violent, inclusive, and
21		effective learning environments for all;

1		<u>(J)</u>	Substantially expand statewide the number of
2			scholarships available for enrollment in higher
3			education, including vocational training,
4			information and communications technology, and
5			technical, engineering, and scientific programs;
6			and
7		(K)	Substantially increase the supply of qualified
8			teachers.
9	(5)	Goal	5. Gender equality. Achieve gender equality and
10		empo	wer all women and girls.
11		(A)	End all forms of discrimination against all women
12			and girls in Hawaii;
13		(B)	Eliminate all forms of violence against all women
14			and girls in the public and private spheres,
15			including trafficking and sexual and other types
16			of exploitation;
17		<u>(C)</u>	Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child,
18			early, and forced marriage and female genital
19			mutilation;
20		<u>(D)</u>	Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work
21			through the provision of public services.

1			infrastructure, and social protection policies
2			and the promotion of shared responsibility within
3			the household and the family;
4		<u>(E)</u>	Ensure women's full and effective participation
5			and equal opportunities for leadership at all
6			levels of decision-making in political, economic,
7			and public life; and
8		<u>(F)</u>	Ensure universal access to sexual and
9			reproductive health and reproductive rights.
10	(6)	Goal	6. Clean water and sanitation. Ensure
11		avai	lability and sustainable management of water and
12		sani	tation for all.
13		(A)	Achieve universal and equitable access to safe
14			and affordable drinking water for all;
15		<u>(B)</u>	Achieve access to adequate and equitable
16			sanitation and hygiene for all;
17		<u>(C)</u>	Improve water quality by reducing pollution,
18			eliminating dumping and minimizing release of
19			hazardous chemicals and materials, reducing the
20			proportion of untreated wastewater, and

1		substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse
2		statewide;
3	<u>(D)</u>	Substantially increase water-use efficiency
4		across all sectors and ensure sustainable
5		withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address
6		water scarcity;
7	(E)	Implement integrated water resources management
8		at all levels in line with the goals of the
9		sustainable Hawaii initiative, Aloha+ Challenge,
10		and World Conservation Congress Hawaii
11		Commitments of 2016;
12	<u>(F)</u>	Protect thirty per cent of priority watersheds,
13		pursuant to the sustainable Hawaii initiative,
14		and restore water-related ecosystems, including
15		watersheds, mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers,
16		aquifers, and lakes;
17	(G)	Expand statewide cooperation and capacity-
18		building support to the counties in water- and
19		sanitation-related activities and programs,
20		including water harvesting, desalination, water

1			efficiency, wastewater treatment, and recycling
2			and reuse technologies; and
3		<u>(H)</u>	Support and strengthen the participation of local
4			communities in improving water and sanitation
5			management.
6	(7)	Goal	7. Affordable and clean energy. Ensure access
7		to a	ffordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern
8		ener	gy for all.
9		(A)	Ensure universal access to affordable, reliable,
10			and modern energy services;
11		<u>(B)</u>	Achieve seventy per cent clean energy, with forty
12			per cent from renewable energy sources and thirty
13			per cent from efficiency, pursuant to the goals
14			of the Aloha+ Challenge;
15		<u>(C)</u>	Achieve one hundred per cent renewable energy in
16			electricity by 2045, pursuant to the goals of the
17			sustainable Hawaii initiative;
18		(D)	Enhance statewide cooperation to facilitate
19			access to clean energy research and technology,
20			including renewable energy, energy efficiency,
21			and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology,

1			and promote investment in energy infrastructure
2			and clean energy technology; and
3		<u>(E)</u>	Expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for
4			supplying modern and sustainable energy services
5			for all.
6	(8)	Goal	8. Decent work and economic growth. Promote
7		sust	ained, inclusive, and sustainable economic growth;
8		full	and productive employment; and work for all.
9		<u>(A)</u>	Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance
10			with national circumstances and at least one per
11			cent gross domestic product growth per annum;
12		(B)	Achieve higher levels of economic productivity
13			through diversification, technological upgrading,
14			and innovation, including through a focus on
15			high-value added and labor-intensive sectors;
16		<u>(C)</u>	Promote development-oriented policies that
17			support productive activities, job creation in
18			high paying sectors, entrepreneurship,
19			creativity, and innovation, and encourage the
20			formalization and growth of green jobs and

1		enterprises, including through access to
2		financial services;
3	(D)	Improve progressively state resource efficiency
4		in consumption and production and endeavor to
5		decouple economic growth from environmental
6		degradation in line with the goals of the World
7		Conservation Congress Hawaii Commitments of 2016;
8	<u>(E)</u>	Achieve full and productive employment for all
9		women and men, including for young people and
10		persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work
11		of equal value;
12	<u>(F)</u>	Substantially reduce the proportion of youth not
13		employed, obtaining an education, or in a job or
14		skill training program;
15	<u>(G)</u>	Take immediate and effective measures to
16		eradicate forced labor, end modern slavery and
17		human trafficking, and secure the prohibition and
18		elimination of child labor;
19	<u>(H)</u>	Protect labor rights and promote safe and secure
20		working environments for all workers, including

1			migrant workers, in particular women migrants,
2			and those in precarious employment;
3		<u>(I)</u>	Devise and implement policies to promote
4	·		sustainable tourism that creates jobs and
5			promotes local culture and products; and
6		<u>(J)</u>	Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial
7			institutions to encourage and expand access to
8			banking, insurance, and financial services for
9			all.
10	(9)	Goal	9. Industry, innovation, and infrastructure.
11		Buil	d resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and
12		sust	ainable industrialization, and foster innovation.
13		<u>(A)</u>	Develop quality, reliable, sustainable, and
14			resilient infrastructure to support economic
15			development and human well-being, with a focus or
16			affordable and equitable access for all;
17		<u>(B)</u>	Promote inclusive and sustainable
18			industrialization and significantly raise
19			industry's share of employment and gross domestic

1	<u>(C)</u>	Increase the access of small-scale industrial and
2		other enterprises to financial services,
3		including affordable credit, and their
4		integration into value chains and markets;
5	(D)	Upgrade and develop infrastructure and retrofit
6		industries to make them sustainable, with
7		increased resource-use efficiency and greater
8		adoption of clean and environmentally sound
9		technologies and industrial processes;
10	<u>(E)</u>	Enhance scientific research, upgrade the
11		technological capabilities of industrial sectors
12		statewide, including encouraging innovation and
13		substantially increasing the number of research
		and development workers, and public and private
15		research and development spending;
16	<u>(F)</u>	Support local technology development, research,
17		and innovation, including by ensuring a conducive
18		policy environment for industrial diversification
19		and value addition to commodities; and

1		<u>(G)</u>	Significantly increase access to information and
2			communications technology and strive to provide
3			universal and affordable access to the Internet.
4	(10)	Goal	10. Reduced inequalities.
5		(A)	Progressively achieve and sustain income growth
6			of the bottom forty per cent of the population at
7			a rate higher than the national average;
8		<u>(B)</u>	Empower and promote the social, economic, and
9			political inclusion of all, irrespective of age,
10			sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin,
11			religion, or economic or other status;
12		(C)	Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities
13			of outcome, including by eliminating
14			discriminatory laws, policies, and practices and
15			promoting appropriate legislation, policies, and
16			action in this regard;
17		<u>(D)</u>	Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage, and
18			social protection policies, and progressively
19			achieve greater equality; and
20		(E)	Facilitate orderly, safe, regular, and
21			responsible migration and mobility of people,

1			including through the implementation of planned
2			and well-managed migration policies.
3	(11)	Goal	11. Sustainable cities and communities. Make
4		citi	es and communities inclusive, safe, resilient, and
5		sust	ainable.
6		(A)	Ensure access for all to adequate, safe, and
7			affordable housing and basic services;
8		<u>(B)</u>	Provide access to safe, affordable, accessible,
9	,		and sustainable transport systems for all, and
10			improving road safety, notably by expanding
11			public transport, with special attention to the
12			needs of those in vulnerable situations, women,
13			children, persons with disabilities, and older
14			persons;
15		<u>(C)</u>	Increase livability and resilience in the built
16			environment through planning and implementation
17			at the state and county levels, pursuant to the
18			goals of the Aloha+ Challenge;
19		(D)	Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard
20			Hawaii's cultural and natural heritage by linking
21			spirituality, religion, culture, and conservation

1		to cultivate a culture of conservation, pursuant
2		to the World Conservation Congress Hawaii
3		Commitments of 2016;
4	<u>(E)</u>	Significantly reduce the number of deaths and the
5		number of people affected and substantially
6		decrease the direct economic losses caused by
7		disasters with a focus on protecting the poor and
8		people in vulnerable situations;
9	<u>(F)</u>	Reduce the adverse per capita environmental
10		impact of cities, including by paying special
11		attention to air quality and municipal and other
12		waste management in line with the goals of the
13		World Conservation Congress Hawaii Commitments of
14		2016;
15	(G)	Provide universal access to safe, inclusive, and
16		accessible, green and public spaces, in
17		particular for women and children, older persons,
18		and persons with disabilities;
19	(H)	Support positive economic, social, and
20		environmental links between urban and rural areas
21		by strengthening development planning in line

1			with the goals of the sustainable Hawaii
2			initiative, Aloha+ Challenge, and World
3			Conservation Congress Hawaii Commitments of 2016;
4			and
5		<u>(I)</u>	Substantially increase the number of cities and
6			towns adopting and implementing integrated
7			policies and plans toward inclusion, resource
8			efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate
9			change, resilience to disasters, and develop and
10			implement holistic disaster risk management at
11			all levels.
12	(12)	Goal	12. Responsible consumption and production.
13		Ensu	re sustainable consumption and production
14		patt	erns.
15		(A)	Achieve the sustainable management and efficient
16			use of natural resources;
17		(B)	Reverse the trend of natural resource loss mauka
18			to makai by increasing freshwater security,
19			watershed protection, community-based marine
20			management, invasive species control, and

1		restoration of native species pursuant to the
2		goals of the Aloha+ Challenge;
3	(C)	Conduct management-driven, comprehensive resource
4		baseline assessments around every island in
5		Hawaii;
6	<u>(D)</u>	Increase food security by increasing the cost
7		effectiveness of food production, reducing food
8		loss in the distribution chain, decreasing the
9		waste of food, changing food consumption
10		preferences, and ensuring that water resources
11		are managed sustainably, pursuant to the World
12		Conservation Congress Hawaii Commitments of 2016;
13	(E)	Halve per capita statewide food waste at the
14		retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses
15		along production and supply chains, including
16		<pre>post-harvest losses;</pre>
17	<u>(F)</u>	Achieve the environmentally sound management of
18		chemicals and all wastes throughout their life
19		cycle and significantly reduce their release to
20		air, water, and soil in order to minimize their

1			adverse impacts on human health and the
2			environment;
3		(G)	Reduce the solid waste stream prior to disposal
4			by seventy per cent through source reduction,
5			recycling, bioconversion, and landfill diversion
6			methods, pursuant to the goals of the Aloha+
7			Challenge;
8		<u>(H)</u>	Encourage companies to adopt sustainable
9			practices and to integrate sustainability
10			information into their reporting cycle;
11		<u>(I)</u>	Promote sustainable public procurement practices;
12		<u>(J)</u>	Ensure that people everywhere have the relevant
13			information and awareness for sustainable
14			development and lifestyles in harmony with
15			nature; and
16		<u>(K)</u>	Develop and implement tools to monitor
17			sustainable development impacts for sustainable
18			tourism that creates jobs and promotes local
19	-		culture and products.
20	(13)	Goal	13. Climate action. Take urgent action to
21		comb	at climate change and its impacts.

1		(A)	Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to
2			climate-related hazards and natural disasters
3			statewide in line with the Paris Climate
4			Agreement and the World Conservation Congress
5			Hawaii Commitments of 2016;
6		(B)	Integrate climate change measures into state
7			policies, strategies, and planning; and
8		<u>(C)</u>	Improve education, awareness-raising, and human
9			and institutional capacity on climate change
10			mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction, and
11			early warning, pursuant to the goals of the
12			Aloha+ Challenge.
13	(14)	Goal	14. Life below water. Conserve and sustainably
14		use	the oceans, seas, and marine resources for
15		sust	ainable development.
16		(A)	Prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution
17			of all kinds, in particular from land-based
18			activities, including plastics, marine debris,
19			and nutrient pollution;
20		(B)	Sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal
21			ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts

.1	and t	take action for their restoration through on-
2	the-c	ground efforts via public-private, community-
3	based	d partnerships in order to:
4	<u>(i)</u>	Improve ocean-related enforcement by
5		enhancing state capacity and creating more
6		effective, streamlined adjudication
7		processes;
8	<u>(ii)</u>	Increase the amount of nearshore waters
9		throughout the State that are sufficiently
10		and effectively managed to allow for healthy
11		fisheries and habitats;
12	(iii)	Increase areas where communities are
13		formally and actively managing marine
14		resources statewide;
15	(iv)	Secure appropriate levels of support for
16		agencies for critical natural resource
17		initiatives and devise and implement a means
18		by which to manage resources statewide that
19		enables increased funding to the State for
20		improved fisher data, stock assessments,
21		enforcement, and ocean user education; and

1		(v) Incorporate climate adaptation measures into
2		the majority of county planning and
3		permitting processes;
4	<u>(C)</u>	Effectively manage thirty per cent of nearshore
5		ocean water, pursuant to the goals of the
6		sustainable Hawaii initiative, and remove or
7		prevent threat material, including sediment,
8		invasive species, and marine debris, from
9		entering nearshore marine habitats;
10	(D)	By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting, end
11		overfishing, illegal, unreported, unregulated,
12		and destructive fishing practices; and implement
13		science-based management plans, in order to
14		restore fish stocks in the shortest time
15		feasible, at least to levels that can produce
16		maximum sustainable yield as determined by their
17		biological characteristics;
18	<u>(E)</u>	By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries
19		subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and
20		overfishing: eliminate subsidies that contribute

1			to illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;
2			and refrain from introducing new such subsidies;
3		<u>(F)</u>	Minimize and address the impacts of ocean
4			acidification, including through enhanced
5			scientific cooperation at all levels;
6		(G)	Conserve at least thirty per cent of coastal and
7			marine areas, consistent with state, national,
8			and international law and based on the best
9			available scientific information;
10		(H)	Increase scientific knowledge, develop research
11			capacity, and transfer marine technology to
12			improve ocean health and to enhance the
13		•	contribution of marine biodiversity; and
14		<u>(I)</u>	Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers
15		•	to marine resources and markets.
16	(15)	Goal	15. Life on land. Protect, restore, and promote
17		sust	ainable use of terrestrial ecosystems; sustainably
18		mana	ge forests; combat desertification; and halt and
19		reve	rse land degradation and biodiversity loss.

1	<u>(A)</u>	Ensure the conservation, restoration, and
2		sustainable use of terrestrial and inland
3		freshwater ecosystems and their uses;
4	<u>(B)</u>	Promote the implementation of sustainable
5		management of all types of forests, halt
6		deforestation, restore degraded forests, and
7		substantially increase afforestation and
8		reforestation statewide;
9	<u>(C)</u>	Combat desertification; restore degraded land and
10		soil, including land affected by desertification,
11		drought, and floods; and strive to achieve a land
12		degradation-neutral world;
13	<u>(D)</u>	Ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems,
14		including their biodiversity, in order to enhance
15		their capacity to provide benefits that are
16		essential for sustainable development;
17	(E)	Promote fair and equitable sharing of the
18		benefits arising from the utilization of genetic
19		resources and promote appropriate access to such
20		resources, as internationally agreed;

1	<u>(F)</u>	Take urgent and significant action to reduce the
2		degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of
3		biodiversity, and protect and prevent the
4		extinction of threatened species, pursuant to the
5		World Conservation Congress Hawaii Commitments of
6		2016;
7	<u>(G)</u>	Take urgent action to end poaching and
8		trafficking of protected species of flora and
9		fauna and address the demand and supply of
10		illegal wildlife products;
11	<u>(H)</u>	Implement Hawaii's interagency biosecurity plan
12		by 2027, pursuant to the goals of the sustainable
13		Hawaii initiative;
14	<u>(I)</u>	Integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into
15		state and local planning, development processes,
16		poverty reduction strategies, and accounts; and
17	(J)	Mobilize significant resources from all sources
18		and at all levels to finance sustainable forest
19		management and provide adequate incentives to
20		advance conservation and reforestation.

1	<u>(16)</u>	Goal	16. Peace, justice, and strong institutions.
2		Prom	ote peaceful and inclusive societies for
3		sust	ainable development, provide access to justice for
4		<u>all,</u>	and build effective, accountable, and inclusive
5		inst	itutions at all levels.
6		(A)	Significantly reduce all forms of violence and
7			related death rates statewide;
8		(B)	End abuse, exploitation, trafficking, and all
9			forms of violence against and torture of
10			individuals;
11		(C)	Promote the rule of law at all levels and ensure
12			equal access to justice for all;
13		(D)	Significantly reduce illicit financial and arms
14			flows, strengthen the recovery and return of
15			stolen assets, and combat all forms of organized
16			<pre>crime;</pre>
17		<u>(E)</u>	Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in
18			all their forms;
19		<u>(F)</u>	Develop effective, accountable, and transparent
20			institutions at all levels;

1		(G)	Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory, and
2			representative decision-making at all levels;
3		<u>(H)</u>	Broaden and strengthen the participation of
4			citizens in the institutions of state and local
5			governance;
6		<u>(I)</u>	Ensure public access to information and protect
7			fundamental freedoms; and
8		<u>(J)</u>	Strengthen relevant state institutions to prevent
9			violence and combat terrorism and crime.
10	(17)	Goal	17. Partnerships for the goals. Strengthen the
11		mean	s of implementation.
12		(A)	Encourage and promote effective public, public-
13			private, and civil society partnerships, building
14			on the experience and resourcing strategies of
15			partnerships;
16		(B)	Mobilize additional financial resources from
17			multiple sources;
18		(C)	Significantly increase investment in conservation
19			action from both public and private sector
20			sources, pursuant to the World Conservation
21			Congress Hawaii Commitments of 2016.

1	(D)	Enhance cooperation on and access to science,
2		technology, and innovation; and enhance
3		knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms;
4	<u>(E)</u>	Promote the development, transfer, dissemination,
5	•	and diffusion of environmentally sound
6		technologies;
7	<u>(F)</u>	Strengthen domestic resource mobilization to
8		improve domestic capacity for tax and other
9		revenue collection;
10	(G)	Enhance statewide macroeconomic stability,
11		including through policy coordination and policy
12		coherence;
13	(H)	Enhance policy coherence for sustainable
14		development;
15	<u>(I)</u>	Respect each agency's policy space and leadership
16		to establish and implement policies for poverty
17		eradication and sustainable development;
18	<u>(J)</u>	Enhance capacity-building support to increase
19		significantly the availability of high-quality,
20		timely, and reliable data disaggregated by
21		income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory

1		status, disability, geographic location, and
2		other relevant characteristics; and
3	(K)	Build on existing initiatives to develop
4		measurements of progress on sustainable
5		development that complement gross domestic
6		product."
7	SECTION 3	. New statutory material is underscored.
8	SECTION 4	. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Sustainable Development Goals

Description:

Codifies sustainable development goals based on the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals and indicators. (SD1)

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