A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HAWAIIAN AS AN OFFICIAL LANGUAGE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 MAHELE 1. Ma ka 'Aha 'Elele Hana Kumukānāwai o Hawai'i i ka 2 makahiki 1978, ua hoʻolale ke Kōmike Kuleana Hawaiʻi he hoʻololi 3 'ōlelo pāku'i i ho'opa'a 'ia ma ka Paukū XV, §4 o ke Kumukānāwai o 4 ka Moku'āina 'o Hawai'i, 'o ka 'ōlelo Hawai'i, he 'ōlelo kūhelu o ka 5 Moku'āina 'o Hawai'i. Ua mana'o ke Kōmike he pono ka lilo 'ana o ka 'ōlelo Hawai'i i 'ōlelo kūhelu o Hawai'i i mea e ho'ohanohano 6 7 pono ai i ka mo'omeheu 'õiwi o Hawai'i i ili mai i nā lāhui a pau o Hawaiʻi nei. 8

9 Eia hou, hoʻomaopopo ka ʻAhaʻōlelo, ke hoʻoikaika nei nā
10 aupuni o nā ʻāina ʻē i nā pono o nā lāhui ʻōiwi ma ʻō a ʻō o ka
11 honua. I ka makahiki 2007, ua ʻāpono ʻia ka Hōʻike no nā Pono o
12 nā Lāhui 'Ōiwi e ka ʻAha Aupuni Hui Pū 'Ia. I ka makahiki 2011, ua
13 pūlima ka Pelekikena o ʻAmelika Hui Pū 'Ia i ia Hōʻike. Ma kēia
14 pila, hoʻopaʻa ʻia ka mahele 13 o ia hōʻike ma nā 'Ōlelo Kūpaʻa
15 Hoʻoponopono Hou ʻia o Hawaiʻi.



1	Pālua nā kumu o kēia kānāwai. 'O ka mua, he hoʻoikaika kēia
2	i ka hoʻohana ʻia o ka ʻ ōlelo Hawaiʻ i . ʻO ka lua, he paipai kēia i
3	ka Moku'āina 'o Hawai'i e kau i ka 'ōlelo Hawai'i ma ka pae like o
4	ka 'õlelo Pelekānia e like me ka mana' <mark>o i kau ai ka mahele 1-13 o</mark>
5	ke Kumukānāwai o Hawai ʻi ma ka makahiki 1978.
6	MAHELE 2. E hoʻololi ʻia ka Mahele 1-13 o nā ʻŌlelo Kūpaʻa
7	Hoʻoponopono Hou ʻIa o Hawaiʻi e heluhelu ʻia penei:
8	"§1-13 Official languages. (a) In recognition of the
9	United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples,
10	the legislature acknowledges that Native Hawaiians have the
11	right to revitalize, use, develop, and transmit to future
12	generations their histories, language, oral traditions,
13	philosophies, writing systems, and literatures, and to designate
14	and retain their own names for communities, places, and persons.
15	The State shall take effective measures to ensure that this
16	right is protected and also to ensure that Native Hawaiians and
17	others can understand and be understood in political, legal, and
18	administrative proceedings in the Hawaiian language, where
19	necessary, through the provision of interpretation or by other
20	appropriate means.



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1 (b) English and Hawaiian are the official languages of 2 Hawaii. Whenever there is found to exist any radical and 3 irreconcilable difference between the English and Hawaiian 4 version of any of the laws of the State, the English version 5 shall be held binding [-]; provided that if the law in question 6 was originally drafted in Hawaiian and the English version was 7 translated based on the Hawaiian version, the Hawaiian language 8 version shall be held binding. Hawaiian shall [not] be required 9 for public acts and transactions." 10 MAHELE 3. E hoʻololi 'ia ka Mahele 1-13.5 o nā 'Ōlelo Kūpa'a 11 Ho'oponopono Hou 'Ia o Hawai'i e heluhelu 'ia penei: 12 "[+] §1-13.5[+] Hawaiian language; spelling. (a) [Macrons 13 and glottal stops may] 'Okina and kahako shall be used in the 14 spelling of words or terms in the Hawaiian language, when 15 appropriate, in documents prepared by or for state or county 16 agencies or officials [-], except when the Hawaiian text is by 17 and for the benefit of native speakers of Hawaiian; provided 18 that any document submitted to state or county agencies or 19 officials by members of the general public shall not require the 20 use of 'okina and kahako. Any rule, order, policy, or other act, 21 official or otherwise, that prohibits or discourages the use of



1	these symbols shall be void[-], except for those specifically
2	designed for the benefit of native speakers of Hawaiian.
3	(b) 'Okina are known in English as glottal stops and shall
4	be represented as a left single quotation mark. Kahakō elongate
5	vowel sounds and shall be represented as a macron over a vowel."
6	MAHELE 4. E hoʻololi ʻia ka Mahele 321C-1 o nā ʻŌlelo Kūpaʻa
7	Hoʻoponopono Hou ʻIa o Hawaiʻi e heluhelu ʻia penei:
8	"[[]§321C-1[]] General purpose; purpose of the office of
9	language access. The Hawaiian language is the indigenous
10	language of Hawaii. Article XV, section 4, of the state
11	constitution recognizes Hawaiian as an official state language.
12	To better uphold this constitutional mandate and facilitate the
13	rejuvenation and realization of Hawaiian as an official language
14	of Hawaii, state and county agencies must provide Hawaiian
15	language speakers with the equal opportunity to transact
16	government business and access government services.
17	[Many individuals living in Hawaii read, write, speak, and
18	understand English. There] In addition, there are many
19	individuals[, however,] <u>in Hawaii</u> who are limited English
20	proficient. Language for limited English proficient persons can
21	be a barrier to accessing important benefits or services,



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understanding and exercising important rights, complying with
 applicable responsibilities, or understanding other information
 provided by state-funded programs and activities.

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The purpose of this chapter is to affirmatively address, on account of national origin, the language access needs of limited English proficient persons [-] and of Hawaiian language speakers. It is the intent of the legislature that these services be guided by Executive Order No. 13166 and succeeding provisions of federal law, regulation, or guidance.

10 The purpose of the office of language access is to address 11 the language access needs of limited English proficient persons 12 and of Hawaiian language speakers and ensure meaningful access 13 to services, programs, and activities offered by the executive, 14 legislative, and judicial branches of state government, 15 including departments, offices, commissions, boards, or other 16 agencies, and all covered entities, for limited English 17 proficient persons [-] and Hawaiian language speakers." 18 MAHELE 5. E hoʻololi 'ia ka Mahele 321C-2 ma o ka pāku'i 'ana

19 i wehewehe 'ana hou e ho'okomo pono 'ia a e heluhelu 'ia penei:

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1	" <u>"</u> Ha	waiian language speaker" means an individual who speaks
2	Hawaiian	with enough proficiency to read, write, speak, or
3	understan	d the Hawaiian language."
4	MAHE	LE 6. E hoʻololi ʻia ka Mahele 321C-3 o nā ʻŌlelo Kūpaʻa
5	Hoʻoponopo	ono Hou'Ia o Hawaiʻi ma o ka hoʻololi'ana i nā mahele
6	lalo'o (a	a), (b), a me (c) penei:
7	"(a)	Each state agency and all covered entities shall take
8	reasonabl	e steps to ensure meaningful access to services,
9	programs,	and activities by limited English proficient persons[$ au$
10	which] an	d Hawaiian language speakers. Limited English
11	proficien	t persons will be determined by a totality of
12	circumsta	nces, including the following factors:
13	(1)	The number or proportion of limited English proficient
14		persons served or encountered in the eligible service
15		population;
16	(2)	The frequency with which limited English proficient
17		persons come in contact with the services, programs,
18		or activities;
19	(3)	The nature and importance of the services, programs,
20		or activities; and

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1 (4)The resources available to the State or covered entity 2 and the costs. 3 Subject to subsection (a), each state agency and (b) 4 covered entity shall provide competent, timely oral language 5 services to limited English proficient persons and Hawaiian 6 language speakers who seek to access services, programs, or 7 activities. 8 (C) Subject to subsection (a), each state agency and 9 covered entity shall provide written translations of vital 10 documents to limited English proficient persons and Hawaiian 11 language speakers who seek to access services, programs, or 12 activities, as follows: 13 (1)Written translations of vital documents for Hawaiian 14 language speakers and each eligible limited English 15 proficient group that constitutes five per cent or one 16 thousand, whichever is less, of the population of 17 persons eligible to be served or likely to be affected 18 or encountered; or 19 (2) If there are fewer than fifty persons in a limited

20 English proficient group that reaches the five per 21 cent threshold in paragraph (1), written notice in the



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1 primary language to the limited English proficient 2 language group of the right to receive competent oral 3 interpretation of those written materials, free of 4 cost." 5 MAHELE 7. 'O nā mea kāpae 'ia, aia i loko o nā kahaapo 6 kihikihi a ua kahawaena 'ia. 'O nā mea hou, ua kahalalo 'ia. 7 MAHELE 8. E ka'a ana kēia kānāwai ma kona 'āpono 'ia. 8 (English Translation) 9 SECTION 1. At the Hawai'i State Constitutional Convention 10 in 1978, the committee on Hawaiian affairs proposed the 11 constitutional amendment that is now enshrined in article XV, 12 section 4, of the Hawai'i State Constitution, establishing 13 Hawaiian as an official language of the State of Hawai'i. The 14 committee felt it necessary to include this amendment in the 15 constitution "in order to give full recognition and honor to the 16 rich cultural inheritance that Hawaiians have given to all 17 ethnic groups of this State." 18 The legislature further recognizes its contribution to the 19 growing international movement for the protection of the rights 20 of the world's indigenous peoples through passage of this Act. 21 In 2007, the United Nations adopted the United Nations



Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples. In 2011, the
 United States became signatory on the Declaration. In this Act,
 article thirteen of the United Nation's Declaration is codified
 into the Hawai'i Revised Statutes.
 The purpose of this Act is to promote the use of the
 Hawaiian language and encourage the State of Hawai'i to put

7 Hawaiian language on the same level as English as intended8 pursuant to section 1-13, Hawai'i Revised Statutes.

9 SECTION 2. Section 1-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10 amended to read as follows:

11 "§1-13 Official languages. (a) In recognition of the 12 United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, 13 the legislature asserts that Native Hawaiians have the right to revitalize, use, develop, and transmit to future generations 14 15 their histories, language, oral traditions, philosophies, 16 writing systems, and literatures, and to designate and retain 17 their own names for communities, places, and persons. · 18 The State shall take effective measures to ensure that this 19 right is protected and also to ensure that Native Hawaiians and 20 others can understand and be understood in political, legal, and 21 administrative proceedings in the Hawaiian language, where



necessary, through the provision of interpretation or by other
 appropriate means.

3 (b) English and Hawaiian are the official languages of Hawaii. Whenever there is found to exist any radical and 4 5 irreconcilable difference between the English and Hawaiian version of any of the laws of the State, the English version 6 7 shall be held binding [-]; provided that if the law in question 8 was originally drafted in Hawaiian and the English version was 9 translated based on the Hawaiian version, the Hawaiian language version shall be held binding. Hawaiian shall [not] be required 10 11 for public acts and transactions."

12 SECTION 3. Section 1-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 "[+]§1-13.5[+] Hawaiian language; spelling. (a) [Macrons 15 and glottal stops may] 'Okina and kahako shall be used in the spelling of words or terms in the Hawaiian language, when 16 appropriate, in documents prepared by or for state or county 17 agencies or officials [-], except when the Hawaiian text is by 18 19 and for the benefit of native speakers of Hawaiian; provided 20 that any document submitted to state or county agencies or 21 officials by members of the general public shall not require the



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1	use of 'okina and kahakō. Any rule, order, policy, or other act,
2	official or otherwise, that prohibits or discourages the use of
3	these symbols shall be void $[\cdot]$, except for those specifically
4	designed for the benefit of native speakers of Hawaiian.
5	(b) 'Okina are known in English as glottal stops and shall
6	be represented as a left single quotation mark. Kahakō elongate
7	vowel sounds and shall be represented as a macron over a vowel."
8	SECTION 4. Section 321C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"[{]§321C-1[]] General purpose; purpose of the office of
11	language access. The Hawaiian language is the indigenous
12	language of Hawaii. Article XV, section 4, of the state
13	constitution recognizes Hawaiian as an official state language.
14	To better uphold this constitutional mandate and facilitate the
15	rejuvenation and realization of Hawaiian as an official language
16	of Hawaii, state and county agencies must provide Hawaiian
17	language speakers with the equal opportunity to transact
18	government business and access government services.
19	[Many individuals living in Hawaii read, write, speak, and
20	understand English. There] In addition, there are many
21	individuals[, however,] <u>in Hawaii</u> who are limited English



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proficient. Language for limited English proficient persons can
 be a barrier to accessing important benefits or services,
 understanding and exercising important rights, complying with
 applicable responsibilities, or understanding other information
 provided by state-funded programs and activities.

6 The purpose of this chapter is to affirmatively address, on 7 account of national origin, the language access needs of limited 8 English proficient persons [-] and of Hawaiian language speakers. 9 It is the intent of the legislature that these services be 10 guided by Executive Order No. 13166 and succeeding provisions of 11 federal law, regulation, or guidance.

12 The purpose of the office of language access is to address 13 the language access needs of limited English proficient persons 14 and of Hawaiian language speakers and ensure meaningful access 15 to services, programs, and activities offered by the executive, 16 legislative, and judicial branches of state government, 17 including departments, offices, commissions, boards, or other 18 agencies, and all covered entities, for limited English 19 proficient persons [-] and Hawaiian language speakers."

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1	SECTION 5. Section 321C-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
3	and to read as follows:
4	" <u>"Hawaiian language speaker" means an individual who speaks</u>
5	Hawaiian with enough proficiency to read, write, speak, or
6	understand the Hawaiian language."
7	SECTION 6. Section 321C-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsections (a), (b), and (c) to read as
9	follows:
10	"(a) Each state agency and all covered entities shall take
11	reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to services,
12	programs, and activities by limited English proficient persons[$ au$
13 .	which] and Hawaiian language speakers. Limited English
14	proficient persons will be determined by a totality of
15	circumstances, including the following factors:
16	(1) The number or proportion of limited English proficient
17	persons served or encountered in the eligible service
18	population;
19	(2) The frequency with which limited English proficient
20	persons come in contact with the services, programs,
21	or activities;



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1 (3) The nature and importance of the services, programs, 2 or activities; and 3 (4) The resources available to the State or covered entity 4 and the costs. 5 (b) Subject to subsection (a), each state agency and 6 covered entity shall provide competent, timely oral language 7 services to limited English proficient persons and Hawaiian 8 language speakers who seek to access services, programs, or 9 activities. 10 (c) Subject to subsection (a), each state agency and 11 covered entity shall provide written translations of vital 12 documents to limited English proficient persons and Hawaiian 13 language speakers who seek to access services, programs, or 14 activities, as follows: 15 Written translations of vital documents for Hawaiian (1)16 language speakers and each eligible limited English 17 proficient group that constitutes five per cent or one 18 thousand, whichever is less, of the population of 19 persons eligible to be served or likely to be affected 20 or encountered; or

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1 (2) If there are fewer than fifty persons in a limited 2 English proficient group that reaches the five per 3 cent threshold in paragraph (1), written notice in the 4 primary language to the limited English proficient 5 language group of the right to receive competent oral 6 interpretation of those written materials, free of 7 cost." 8 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 9 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

10 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



Report Title:

Hawaiian Language; State Law; Public Documents; Office of Language Access; Hawaiian Diacritical Marks

Description:

Inserts article thirteen of the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples into the Hawaii Revised Statutes. Requires that Hawaiian be used for public acts and transactions. Directs the office of language access to provide services to Hawaiian language speakers. Requires the Hawaiian version of a law be held binding if the law in question was originally drafted in Hawaiian and then translated into English. Requires that 'okina and kahakō be used, when appropriate, in documents prepared by or for state or county agencies or officials, with certain exceptions. Amends existing law so that any rule, order, policy, or other act, official or otherwise, that prohibits or discourages the use of 'okina and kahakō, except those specifically designed for the benefit of native speakers of Hawaiian, shall be void. (SD2)

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