## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SHARK AND RAY PROTECTION.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that sharks, known as

2 "mano" in the Hawaiian language, and rays, known variously as

3 "hīhīmanu", "hāhālua", "hailepo", or "lupe" in the Hawaiian

4 language depending on the type of ray, are extremely important

5 to ocean ecosystems. As ocean predators near the top of the

6 food chain, sharks keep the ecosystem balanced, regulate

7 populations of other marine life, and ensure healthy fish stock

8 and reefs.

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9 The legislature also finds that sharks and rays are more

vulnerable than most other fish species. They are long-living

11 and slow-growing, start reproducing at an advanced age, and

12 produce relatively few offspring per year. If the food chain is

disrupted by a decline in the shark population, it affects the

entire reef system. Protection for sharks and rays ultimately

15 means healthier, more resilient oceans and reefs that are better

16 able to withstand other pressures on the ocean ecosystem from

17 climate change and pollution.

1	The	legislature further finds that sharks and rays on the
2	reefs not	only play important ecological roles, but are also
3	valued fi	gures in Hawaiian culture and are important
4	economica	lly to ocean recreation industries and to tourism in
5	Hawaii.	The benefits of maintaining viable populations greatly
6	outweigh	any value that would be gained by killing these
7	species.	
8	The	purpose of this Act is to protect sharks and rays for
9	ecologica	l purposes, for their value to the ocean recreation
10	industry,	and for their value to Native Hawaiian cultural
11	practices	by:
12	(1)	Establishing fines and penalties for knowingly
13		capturing, taking, possessing, abusing, or entangling
14		a shark, whether alive or dead, or killing a shark,
15		within state marine waters;
16	(2)	Expanding the existing prohibition on knowingly
17		capturing or killing a manta ray to apply to all rays;
18		and
19	(3)	Expanding the prohibition regarding rays to include
20		knowingly capturing, taking, possessing, abusing, or

1	entangling a ray, whether alive or dead, or killing a
2	ray, within state marine waters.
3	SECTION 2. Chapter 188, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
5	and to read as follows:
6	"§188- Sharks; manō; prohibitions; exceptions; penalties
7	and fines. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), or as
8	otherwise provided by law, no person shall knowingly capture,
9	take, possess, abuse, or entangle any shark, whether alive or
10	dead, or kill any shark, within state marine waters.
11	(b) Any person violating this section or any rule adopted
12	pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor;
13	provided that the fine for violating this section shall be:
14	(1) \$500 for a first offense;
15	(2) \$2,000 for a second offense; and
16	(3) \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense.
17	(c) In addition to any other penalty imposed under this
18	section, a person violating this section shall be subject to:
19	(1) An administrative fine of no more than \$10,000 for
20	each shark captured, taken, possessed, abused,
21	entangled, or killed in violation of this section;

1	(2)	Seizure and forfeiture of any captured sharks,
2		commercial marine license, vessel, and fishing
3		equipment; and
4	(3)	Assessment of administrative fees and costs, and
5		attorney's fees and costs.
6	(d)_	The criminal penalties and administrative fines, fees
7	and costs	shall be assessed per shark captured, taken,
8	possessed	, abused, entangled, or killed in violation of this
9	section.	
10	(e)	This section shall not apply to:
11	(1)	Special activity permits allowed under section 187A-6
12		or research permits authorized by law; provided that
13		the permit issued does not allow a take that exceeds
14		the potential biological removal level; provided
15		further that the department of land and natural
16		resources may adopt rules to define "take" for
17		purposes of this subsection and determine when a take
18		exceeds the potential biological removal level;
19	(2)	The department of land and natural resources or its
20		designated agent if the capture, taking, possession,

1		abuse, entanglement, or killing is for the protection	
2	-	of public safety;	
3	(3)	Sharks taken outside of state marine waters and	
4		possessed on a vessel in state marine waters pursuant	
5		to any federally managed fishery, for the purpose of	
6		landing the catch in the State; and	
7	(4)	Any person if the capture, taking, possession, abuse,	
8		entanglement, or killing is the result of defense of	
9		the person's self or of another against death or	
10		bodily harm.	
11	(f)	Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict	
12	the exerc	ise of traditional and customary rights protected	
13	pursuant	to article XII, section 7, of the Hawaii State	
14	Constitut	ion.	
15	(g)	For the purposes of this section, "shark" means any	
16	species of shark within the subclass Elasmobranchii."		
17	SECTION 3. Section 188-39.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
18	amended to read as follows:		
19	"[+]§188-39.5[ <del>] Manta rays;</del> ] Rays; hīhīmanu; hāhālua;		
20	hailepo; lupe; prohibitions, penalties and fines. (a) [No]		
21	Except as	provided in subsection (e), no person shall knowingly	

- 1 capture [or kill], take, possess, abuse, or entangle a [manta]
- 2 ray, whether alive or dead, or kill any ray, within state marine
- 3 waters.
- 4 (b) Any person violating this section or any rule adopted
- 5 pursuant to this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and
- 6 shall be fined:
- 7 (1) \$500 for a first offense;
- 8 (2) \$2,000 for a second offense; and
- 9 (3) \$10,000 for a third or subsequent offense.
- 10 (c) In addition to any other penalty imposed under this
- 11 section, a person violating this section shall be subject to:
- 12 (1) An administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 for
- each [manta] ray captured, taken, possessed, abused,
- 14 entangled, or killed in violation of this section;
- 15 (2) Seizure and forfeiture of any captured [manta] rays,
- 16 commercial marine license, vessel, and fishing
- 17 equipment; and
- 18 (3) Assessment of administrative fees and costs, and
- 19 attorney's fees and costs.
- 20 (d) The criminal penalties and administrative fines and
- 21 costs shall be assessed per [manta] ray captured, taken,

- 1 possessed, abused, entangled, or killed in violation of this
- 2 section.
- 3 (e) This section shall not [prohibit] apply to special
- 4 activity permits allowed under section 187A-6[+] or research
- 5 permits authorized by law; provided that the permit issued does
- 6 not allow a take that exceeds the potential biological removal
- 7 level; and provided further that the department [shall] may
- 8 adopt rules to define a "take" and determine when a take exceeds
- 9 the potential biological removal level.
- 10 (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict
- 11 the exercise of traditional and customary rights protected
- 12 pursuant to article XII, section 7, of the Hawaii State
- 13 Constitution.
- 14 (g) For the purposes of this section, "ray" means any
- 15 species of ray within the subclass Elasmobranchii."
- 16 SECTION 4. Section 188-70, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 18 "(a) Any person violating any provision of or any rule
- 19 adopted pursuant to this chapter, except sections 188-23 [and],
- 20 188-39.5, and 188- , is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and, in
- 21 addition to any other penalties, shall be fined not less than:

- 1 (1) \$100 for a first offense;
- 2 (2) \$200 for a second offense; and
- 3 (3) \$500 for a third or subsequent offense."
- 4 SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 5 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 6 begun before its effective date.
- 7 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 8 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 9 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2019.

## Report Title:

Sharks; Rays; Prohibitions; Exemptions

## Description:

Establishes an offense of knowingly capturing, taking, possessing, abusing, entangling, or killing a shark in state marine waters, along with penalties and fines. Expands the existing prohibition on knowingly capturing or killing a manta ray in state marine waters to apply to all rays and to also include knowingly taking, possessing, abusing, or entangling a ray. Provides certain exemptions. (SD2)

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