JAN 2 3 2020

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY PROJECTS NEAR RESIDENTIAL AREAS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State is
- 2 expecting to have more renewable energy projects constructed to
- 3 meet its one-hundred-percent renewable portfolio standard by
- 4 2045 to address increasing carbon emissions and curb the climate
- 5 crisis.
- 6 The legislature further finds that it is important that the
- 7 State responsibly designate a safe distance between energy
- 8 projects, including renewable energy projects, and residential
- 9 areas to ensure the health and safety of Hawaii's people, as
- 10 multiple renewable energy projects have received substantial
- 11 pushback from residents in neighboring communities.
- 12 The purpose of this Act is to establish a minimum distance
- 13 of half a mile between utility-scale energy projects and the
- 14 boundary of residential areas.
- 15 SECTION 2. Chapter 196, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
- 17 and to read as follows:



1	"§196- Placement of utility-scale energy projects;
2	restriction. No utility-scale energy project shall be
3	constructed or located within half a mile from the boundary of
4	any residential area."
5	SECTION 3. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"§205-2 Districting and classification of lands. (a)
8	There shall be four major land use districts in which all lands
9	in the State shall be placed: urban, rural, agricultural, and
10	conservation. The land use commission shall group contiguous
11	land areas suitable for inclusion in one of these four major
12	districts. The commission shall set standards for determining
13	the boundaries of each district, provided that:
14	(1) In the establishment of boundaries of urban districts
15	those lands that are now in urban use and a sufficient
16	reserve area for foreseeable urban growth shall be
17	included;
18	(2) In the establishment of boundaries for rural
19	districts, areas of land composed primarily of small
20	farms mixed with very low density residential lots,
21	which may be shown by a minimum density of not more

1		than one house per one-half acre and a minimum lot
2		size of not less than one-half acre shall be included,
3		except as herein provided;
4	(3)	In the establishment of the boundaries of agricultural
5		districts the greatest possible protection shall be
6		given to those lands with a high capacity for
7		intensive cultivation; and
8	(4)	In the establishment of the boundaries of conservation
9		districts, the "forest and water reserve zones"
10		provided in Act 234, section 2, Session Laws of Hawaii
11		1957, are renamed "conservation districts" and,
12		effective as of July 11, 1961, the boundaries of the
13		forest and water reserve zones theretofore established
14		pursuant to Act 234, section 2, Session Laws of Hawaii
15		1957, shall constitute the boundaries of the
16		conservation districts; provided that thereafter the
17		power to determine the boundaries of the conservation
18		districts shall be in the commission.
19	In establ	ishing the boundaries of the districts in each county,
20	the commi	ssion shall give consideration to the master plan or
21	general p	lan of the county.

- 1 (b) Urban districts shall include activities or uses as
- 2 provided by ordinances or regulations of the county within which
- 3 the urban district is situated.
- 4 In addition, urban districts shall include geothermal
- 5 resources exploration and geothermal resources development, as
- 6 defined under section 182-1, as permissible uses.
- 7 (c) Rural districts shall include activities or uses as
- 8 characterized by low density residential lots of not more than
- 9 one dwelling house per one-half acre, except as provided by
- 10 county ordinance pursuant to section 46-4(c), in areas where
- 11 "city-like" concentration of people, structures, streets, and
- 12 urban level of services are absent, and where small farms are
- 13 intermixed with low density residential lots except that within
- 14 a subdivision, as defined in section 484-1, the commission for
- 15 good cause may allow one lot of less than one-half acre, but not
- 16 less than eighteen thousand five hundred square feet, or an
- 17 equivalent residential density, within a rural subdivision and
- 18 permit the construction of one dwelling on such lot; provided
- 19 that all other dwellings in the subdivision shall have a minimum
- 20 lot size of one-half acre or 21,780 square feet. Such petition
- 21 for variance may be processed under the special permit

- 1 procedure. These districts may include contiguous areas which
- 2 are not suited to low density residential lots or small farms by
- 3 reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
- 4 Rural districts shall also include golf courses, golf driving
- 5 ranges, and golf-related facilities.
- 6 In addition to the uses listed in this subsection, rural
- 7 districts shall include geothermal resources exploration and
- 8 geothermal resources development, as defined under section
- 9 182-1, and construction and operation of wireless communication
- 10 antenna, as defined under section 205-4.5(a)(18), as permissible
- 11 uses.
- (d) Agricultural districts shall include:
- 13 (1) Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
- of crops, crops for bioenergy, orchards, forage, and
- forestry;
- 16 (2) Farming activities or uses related to animal husbandry
- and game and fish propagation;
- 18 (3) Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
- plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
- 20 water;

1	(4)	Wind-generated	energy	production	for	public,	private,
2		and commercial	use;				

- (5) Biofuel production, as described in section 205-4.5(a)(16), for public, private, and commercial use;
- (6) Solar energy facilities; provided that:
 - (A) This paragraph shall apply only to land with soil classified by the land study bureau's detailed land classification as overall (master) productivity rating class B, C, D, or E; and
 - (B) Solar energy facilities placed within land with soil classified as overall productivity rating class B or C shall not occupy more than ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty acres of land, whichever is lesser, unless a special use permit is granted pursuant to section 205-6;
- (7) Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner of the property and accessory to any of the above activities, regardless of whether conducted on

1		the same premises as the agricultural activities to
2		which they are accessory, including farm dwellings as
3		defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4), employee housing,
4		farm buildings, mills, storage facilities, processing
5		facilities, photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-
6		scale renewable energy systems producing energy solely
7		for use in the agricultural activities of the fee or
8		leasehold owner of the property, agricultural-energy
9		facilities as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(17),
10		vehicle and equipment storage areas, and plantation
11		community subdivisions as defined in section
12		205-4.5(a)(12);
13	(8)	Wind machines and wind farms;
14	(9)	Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
15		other scientific and environmental data collection and
16		monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
17		acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
18		be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
19		dwellings;
20	(10)	Agricultural parks;

1	(11)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a
2		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
3		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
4		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
5		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
6		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
7		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
8		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
9		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
10		section 205-5;
11	(12)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
12		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
13		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
14		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
15		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
16		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
17		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
18		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
19		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona

fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation

as defined in section 165-2;

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1	(13)	Open area recreational facilities;								
2	(14)	Geot	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal							
3		resc	resources development, as defined under section 182-							
4	(15)	Agri	cultural-based commercial operations registered in							
5		Hawa	Hawaii, including:							
6		(A)	A roadside stand that is not an enclosed							
7			structure, owned and operated by a producer for							
8			the display and sale of agricultural products							
9			grown in Hawaii and value-added products that							
10			were produced using agricultural products grown							
11			in Hawaii;							
12		(B)	Retail activities in an enclosed structure owned							
13			and operated by a producer for the display and							
14			sale of agricultural products grown in Hawaii,							
15			value-added products that were produced using							
16			agricultural products grown in Hawaii, logo ite							
17			related to the producer's agricultural							
18			operations, and other food items;							
19		(C)	A retail food establishment owned and operated by							
20			a producer and permitted under chapter 11-50,							
21			Hawaii administrative rules, that prepares and							

1	serves rood at retail using products grown in								
2	Hawaii and value-added products that were								
3	produced using agricultural products grown in								
4	Hawaii;								
5	(D) A farmers' market, which is an outdoor market								
6	limited to producers selling agricultural								
7	products grown in Hawaii and value-added products								
8	that were produced using agricultural products								
9	grown in Hawaii; and								
10	(E) A food hub, which is a facility that may contain								
11	a commercial kitchen and provides for the								
12	storage, processing, distribution, and sale of								
13	agricultural products grown in Hawaii and value-								
14	added products that were produced using								
15	agricultural products grown in Hawaii.								
16	The owner of an agricultural-based commercial								
17	operation shall certify, upon request of an officer or								
18	agent charged with enforcement of this chapter under								
19	section 205-12, that the agricultural products								
20	displayed or sold by the operation meet the								
21	requirements of this paragraph; and								

Hydroelectric facilities as described in section 1 (16)2 205-4.5(a)(23). 3 Agricultural districts shall not include golf courses and golf 4 driving ranges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d). 5 Agricultural districts include areas that are not used for, or 6 that are not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by 7 reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics. 8 Conservation districts shall include areas necessary 9 for protecting watersheds and water sources; preserving scenic 10 and historic areas; providing park lands, wilderness, and beach 11 reserves; conserving indigenous or endemic plants, fish, and 12 wildlife, including those which are threatened or endangered; 13 preventing floods and soil erosion; forestry; open space areas 14 whose existing openness, natural condition, or present state of 15 use, if retained, would enhance the present or potential value 16 of abutting or surrounding communities, or would maintain or 17 enhance the conservation of natural or scenic resources; areas 18 of value for recreational purposes; other related activities; 19 and other permitted uses not detrimental to a multiple use conservation concept. Conservation districts shall also include 20

1 areas for geothermal resources exploration and geothermal 2 resources development, as defined under section 182-1. 3 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to 4 the contrary, no utility-scale energy project shall be 5 constructed or located within half a mile from the boundary of 6 any residential area." 7 SECTION 4. Section 205-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 9 "(a) Within the agricultural district, all lands with soil 10 classified by the land study bureau's detailed land 11 classification as overall (master) productivity rating class A 12 or B and for solar energy facilities, class B or C, shall be 13 restricted to the following permitted uses: 14 (1) Cultivation of crops, including crops for bioenergy, 15 flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, and 16 timber; **17** (2) Game and fish propagation; 18 Raising of livestock, including poultry, bees, fish, (3) 19 or other animal or aquatic life that are propagated

for economic or personal use;



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ı	(4)	rarm dwellings, employee housing, larm buildings, or
2		activities or uses related to farming and animal
3		husbandry. "Farm dwelling", as used in this
4		paragraph, means a single-family dwelling located on
5		and used in connection with a farm, including clusters
6		of single-family farm dwellings permitted within
7		agricultural parks developed by the State, or where
8		agricultural activity provides income to the family
9		occupying the dwelling;
10	(5)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
11		for agricultural practices;
12	(6)	Public and private open area types of recreational
13		uses, including day camps, picnic grounds, parks, and
14		riding stables, but not including dragstrips,
15		airports, drive-in theaters, golf courses, golf
16		driving ranges, country clubs, and overnight camps;
17	(7)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
18		roadways, transformer stations, communications
19		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
20		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small

buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not



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1		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
2		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
3		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
4		structures;
5	(8)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or improvement
6		of buildings or sites of historic or scenic interest;
7	(9)	Agricultural-based commercial operations as described
8		in section 205-2(d)(15);
9	(10)	Buildings and uses, including mills, storage, and
10		processing facilities, maintenance facilities,
11		photovoltaic, biogas, and other small-scale renewable
12		energy systems producing energy solely for use in the
13		agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold owner
14		of the property, and vehicle and equipment storage
15		areas that are normally considered directly accessory
16		to the above-mentioned uses and are permitted under
17		section 205-2(d);
18	(11)	Agricultural parks;
19	(12)	Plantation community subdivisions, which as used in
20		this chapter means an established subdivision or
21		cluster of employee housing, community buildings, and



1		agricultural support buildings on land currently or								
2		formerly owned, leased, or operated by a sugar or								
3		pineapple plantation; provided that the existing								
4		structures may be used or rehabilitated for use, and								
5		new employee housing and agricultural support								
6		buildings may be allowed on land within the								
7		subdivision as follows:								
8		(A) The employee housing is occupied by employees or								
9		former employees of the plantation who have a								
10		property interest in the land;								
11		(B) The employee housing units not owned by their								
12		occupants shall be rented or leased at affordable								
13		rates for agricultural workers; or								
14		(C) The agricultural support buildings shall be								
15		rented or leased to agricultural business								
16		operators or agricultural support services;								
17	(13)	Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a								
18		farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the								
19		enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;								
20		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is								
21		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural								



1		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
2		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
3		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
4		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
5		section 205-5;
6	(14)	Agricultural tourism activities, including overnight
7		accommodations of twenty-one days or less, for any one
8		stay within a county; provided that this paragraph
9		shall apply only to a county that includes at least
10		three islands and has adopted ordinances regulating
11		agricultural tourism activities pursuant to section
12		205-5; provided further that the agricultural tourism
13		activities coexist with a bona fide agricultural
14		activity. For the purposes of this paragraph, "bona
15		fide agricultural activity" means a farming operation
16		as defined in section 165-2;
17	(15)	Wind energy facilities, including the appurtenances
18		associated with the production and transmission of
19		wind generated energy; provided that the wind energy
20		facilities and appurtenances are compatible with



S.B. NO. 3048

L		agriculture	uses a	and	cause	mini	ma⊥	advers	se	impact	on	
2		agricultural	lland	;								
3	(16)	Biofuel prod	cessing	g fa	ciliti	les,	incl	uding	th	e		

appurtenances associated with the production and refining of biofuels that is normally considered directly accessory and secondary to the growing of the energy feedstock; provided that biofuel processing facilities and appurtenances do not adversely impact agricultural land and other agricultural uses in the vicinity.

For the purposes of this paragraph:

"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure of the appropriate type and scale for economic commercial storage and distribution, and other similar handling of feedstock, fuels, and other products of biofuel processing facilities.

"Biofuel processing facility" means a facility
that produces liquid or gaseous fuels from organic
sources such as biomass crops, agricultural residues,
and oil crops, including palm, canola, soybean, and
waste cooking oils; grease; food wastes; and animal

1		residues and wastes that can be used to generate
2		energy;
3	(17)	Agricultural-energy facilities, including
4		appurtenances necessary for an agricultural-energy
5		enterprise; provided that the primary activity of the
6		agricultural-energy enterprise is agricultural
7		activity. To be considered the primary activity of an
8		agricultural-energy enterprise, the total acreage
9		devoted to agricultural activity shall be not less
10		than ninety per cent of the total acreage of the
11		agricultural-energy enterprise. The agricultural-
12		energy facility shall be limited to lands owned,
13		leased, licensed, or operated by the entity conducting
14		the agricultural activity.
15		As used in this paragraph:
16		"Agricultural activity" means any activity
17		described in paragraphs (1) to (3) of this subsection.
18		"Agricultural-energy enterprise" means an
19		enterprise that integrally incorporates an
20		agricultural activity with an agricultural-energy
21		facility.



(18)

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"Agricultural-energy facility" means a facility
that generates, stores, or distributes renewable
energy as defined in section 269-91 or renewable fuel
including electrical or thermal energy or liquid or
gaseous fuels from products of agricultural activities
from agricultural lands located in the State.

"Appurtenances" means operational infrastructure of the appropriate type and scale for the economic commercial generation, storage, distribution, and other similar handling of energy, including equipment, feedstock, fuels, and other products of agricultural-energy facilities;

Construction and operation of wireless communication antennas, including small wireless facilities; provided that, for the purposes of this paragraph, "wireless communication antenna" means communications equipment that is either freestanding or placed upon or attached to an already existing structure and that transmits and receives electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of all types of wireless communications services; provided further that "small

1		wireless facilities" shall have the same meaning as in
2		section 206N-2; provided further that nothing in this
3		paragraph shall be construed to permit the
4		construction of any new structure that is not deemed a
5		permitted use under this subsection;
6	(19)	Agricultural education programs conducted on a farming
7		operation as defined in section 165-2, for the
8		education and participation of the general public;
9		provided that the agricultural education programs are
10		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
11		use of the parcels or lots on which the agricultural
12		education programs are to occur and do not interfere
13		with surrounding farm operations. For the purposes of
14		this paragraph, "agricultural education programs"
15		means activities or events designed to promote
16		knowledge and understanding of agricultural activities
17		and practices conducted on a farming operation as
18		defined in section 165-2;
19	(20)	Solar energy facilities that do not occupy more than
20		ten per cent of the acreage of the parcel, or twenty
21		acres of land, whichever is lesser or for which a



1		special use permit is granted pursuant to section 205-
2		6; provided that this use shall not be permitted on
3		lands with soil classified by the land study bureau's
4		detailed land classification as overall (master)
5		productivity rating class A;
6	(21)	Solar energy facilities on lands with soil classified
7		by the land study bureau's detailed land
8		classification as overall (master) productivity rating
9		B or C for which a special use permit is granted
10		pursuant to section 205-6; provided that:
11		(A) The area occupied by the solar energy facilities
12		is also made available for compatible
13		agricultural activities at a lease rate that is
14		at least fifty per cent below the fair market
15		rent for comparable properties;
16		(B) Proof of financial security to decommission the
17		facility is provided to the satisfaction of the
18		appropriate county planning commission prior to
19		date of commencement of commercial generation;
20		and

1		(C) Solar energy facilities shall be decommissioned
2		at the owner's expense according to the following
3		requirements:
4		(i) Removal of all equipment related to the
5		solar energy facility within twelve months
6		of the conclusion of operation or useful
7		life; and
8		(ii) Restoration of the disturbed earth to
9		substantially the same physical condition as
10		existed prior to the development of the
11		solar energy facility.
12		For the purposes of this paragraph, "agricultural
13		activities" means the activities described in
14		paragraphs (1) to (3);
15	(22)	Geothermal resources exploration and geothermal
16		resources development, as defined under section 182-1;
17		or
18	(23)	Hydroelectric facilities, including the appurtenances
19		associated with the production and transmission of
20		hydroelectric energy, subject to section 205-2;



1	provided that the hydroelectric facilities and their
2	appurtenances:
3	(A) Shall consist of a small hydropower facility as
4	defined by the United States Department of
5	Energy, including:
6	(i) Impoundment facilities using a dam to store
7	water in a reservoir;
8	(ii) A diversion or run-of-river facility that
9	channels a portion of a river through a
10	canal or channel; and
11	(iii) Pumped storage facilities that store energy
12	by pumping water uphill to a reservoir at
13	higher elevation from a reservoir at a lower
14	elevation to be released to turn a turbine
15	to generate electricity;
16	(B) Comply with the state water code, chapter 174C;
17	(C) Shall, if over five hundred kilowatts in
18	hydroelectric generating capacity, have the
19	approval of the commission on water resource
20	management including a new instream flow

1		standard established for any new hydroelectric
2		facility; and
3	(D)	Do not impact or impede the use of agricultural
4		land or the availability of surface or ground
5		water for all uses on all parcels that are served
6		by the ground water sources or streams for which
7		hydroelectric facilities are considered.
8	Notwithstandin	g any other provision of this section to the
9	contrary, no u	tility-scale energy project shall be constructed
10	or located in	the agricultural district within half a mile from
11	the boundary o	f any residential area."
12	SECTION 5	. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
13	and stricken.	New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECTION 6	. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
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		INTERPORTED DE SI MILITERO

INTRODUCED BY

Some Freedo K: Kurt Feellor

Report Title:

Energy Projects; State Land Use Districts; Permitted Uses

Description:

Prohibits utility-scale energy projects from being constructed or located within half a mile from the boundary of any residential area.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.