S.B. NO. 3045

JAN 2 3 2020

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PRESCRIPTION DRUG RATE SETTING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that prescription
 medications are as important to the health and safety of the
 residents of this State as traditional public utilities such as
 transportation, gas, electricity, telecommunications, and water.
 The State has traditionally regulated the price of utilities
 charged to consumers because of the monopoly structure of the
 market.

8 The cost of many prescription drugs has become increasingly unaffordable for residents, employers, and the government 9 10 because parts of the prescription drug market are monopolies or 11 oligopolies, and the costs to consumers in these parts of the 12 market are not managed. The difference between the 13 affordability of traditional utilities and the costs of 14 prescription drugs is due in part to the active role that the 15 State plays in directing what consumers will pay for utilities 16 and the corresponding inactive role that the State plays in not 17 directing what consumers will pay for drugs.



1	The purpose of this Act is to establish a prescription		
2	affordability commission to review prescription drug costs and		
3	establish levels of reimbursement and rates, thereby protecting		
4	state residents, state and local governments, commercial health		
5	plans, health care providers, pharmacies licensed in the State,		
6	and other consumers within the health care system from high		
7	costs of prescription drug products.		
8	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by		
9	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read		
10	as follows:		
	"CHAPTER		
11	"CHAPTER		
11 12	CHAPTER PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY		
12	PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY		
12 13	PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the		
12 13 14	PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY § -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:		
12 13 14 15	<pre>PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Advisory committee" means the prescription affordability</pre>		
12 13 14 15 16	<pre>PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Advisory committee" means the prescription affordability advisory committee.</pre>		
12 13 14 15 16 17	<pre>PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Advisory committee" means the prescription affordability advisory committee. "Commission" means the prescription affordability</pre>		
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>PRESCRIPTION AFFORDABILITY \$ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Advisory committee" means the prescription affordability advisory committee. "Commission" means the prescription affordability commission established under this chapter.</pre>		



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1 (1) The costs of an appropriate use of a prescription drug
2 that exceed the therapeutic benefit relative to other
3 therapeutic options or alternative treatments; or
4 (2) The costs of an appropriate use of a prescription drug
5 that are not sustainable to public and private health
6 care systems over a ten-year time frame.

7 "Health insurance carriers" means accident and health or 8 sickness insurers governed under article 10A, chapter 431, 9 mutual benefit societies governed under article 1, chapter 432, 10 and health maintenance organizations governed under chapter 11 432D.

12 Ś -2 Commission; established. (a) The prescription affordability commission is established in the department and 13 14 shall consist of five members appointed by the governor pursuant to section 26-34 who shall have knowledge or experience in 15 16 health care economics or clinical medicine. The members shall 17 select the chairperson of the commission. The members shall 18 serve in accordance with the requirements of chapter 84. 19 (b) The chairperson shall hire an executive director and

20 legal counsel without regard to chapter 76.



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1	(c)	The	executive director, with the approval of the		
2	commissio	on, ma	y hire staff, who shall be subject to chapter 76.		
3	S	-3 P	owers and duties. (a) The commission shall have		
4	the powers and duties to:				
5	(1)	Acce	ss pricing information for prescription drug		
6		prod	ucts by:		
7		(A)	Entering into a memorandum of understanding with		
8			another state to which manufacturers already		
9			report pricing information;		
10		(B)	Accessing other available pricing information;		
11			and		
12		(C)	Requiring manufacturers to provide pricing		
13			information;		
14	(2)	Cond	uct affordability reviews;		
15	(3)	Asse	ss and collect a fee upon manufacturers, pharmacy		
16		bene	fits managers, health insurance carriers, and		
17		whol	esale distributors;		
18	(4)	Set	rates, engage in negotiations over rates, limit		
19		rate	s, and make determinations regarding compliance		
20		with	rate settings; and		



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1	(5)	Assess a penalty upon manufacturers, pharmacy benefits
2		managers, health insurance carriers, and wholesale
3		distributors for failure to pay the assessment fee
4		under paragraph (3).
5	(b)	In addition to any other powers pursuant to this
6	chapter,	the commission may:
7	(1)	Adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to implement the
8		requirements of this chapter; and
9	(2)	Contract with an independent third party for any
10		service necessary to carry out the powers and duties
11		of the commission; provided that the contract shall
12		require that unless written permission is granted by
13		the commission, a third party hired by the commission
14		may not release, publish, or otherwise use any
15		information to which the third party has access under
16		its contract.
17	S	-4 Meetings of the commission; proprietary data. (a)
18	The commi	ssion shall hold public meetings at least once every
19	six weeks	subject to chapter 92 in order to review prescription
20	drug info	rmation submissions; provided that the chair may cancel

21 or postpone a meeting if there are no prescription drugs to



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review. The commission shall determine whether to subject a
 prescription drug to an affordability review and conduct a
 prescription drug cost analysis when deciding to impose a cost
 or payment limit on payors for a prescription drug.

5 (b) Notwithstanding section 92-7(b), the commission shall 6 file written public notice of a public meeting with the office 7 of the lieutenant governor at least two weeks before the 8 meeting. Materials for each meeting shall be made available to 9 the public at the department of commerce and consumer affairs at 10 least one week before the meeting.

(c) Pursuant to sections 92-4 and 92-5(8), the commission may hold an executive meeting closed to the public to discuss proprietary data and information.

14 (d) Subject to subsection (e), all submissions to the
15 commission pertaining to a prescription drug cost review shall
16 be deemed government records that are subject to chapter 92F.

(e) Proprietary data and information discussed in an
executive meeting closed to the public pursuant to subsection
(c) shall be exempt from public disclosure under chapter 92F.

20 § -5 Advisory committee; established. (a) There is
21 established in the department a prescription affordability



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advisory committee to provide advisory assistance to the
 commission. The advisory committee shall comprise eleven
 members who shall be appointed by the governor subject to
 section 26-34. Initial members shall serve staggered terms of
 three, four, and five years. The members shall serve in
 accordance with the requirements of chapter 84.

7 (b) Members shall be appointed based upon their knowledge
8 of pharmaceutical business models, the practice of medicine,
9 clinical knowledge and training, patients' perspectives, health
10 care cost trends and drivers, clinical and health services
11 research, and the state health care marketplace.

(c) To the extent possible, the governor shall appoint
members to represent patients, physicians, commercial payors,
government employee benefits, large employer plans,
pharmaceutical manufacturers, health services researchers,

16 clinical researchers, and pharmacologists.

17 § -6 Prescription affordability special fund. (a)
18 There is established in the state treasury the prescription
19 affordability special fund to be administered by the department,
20 into which shall be deposited all moneys collected under this
21 chapter.



1 (b) Moneys in the prescription affordability special fund 2 shall consist of: 3 (1) The prescription affordability fee assessments 4 authorized under section -3(a)(2); 5 Penalties authorized under section -3(a)(3) for (2) 6 failure to pay the prescription affordability fee 7 assessments; 8 (3) Any investment earnings of the special fund; 9 (4) Appropriations from the legislature; and 10 (5) Any other sources of funding. 11 (C) Moneys in the prescription affordability special fund 12 shall be used only to provide funding for the commission and for 13 the purposes authorized under this chapter, including costs 14 incurred by the commission in carrying out the purposes of this 15 chapter. 16 S -7 Required manufacturer notice of introductory price 17 and price increases. (a) For a patented prescription drug, a 18 manufacturer shall notify the commission if it intends to 19 increase the wholesale acquisition cost of the prescription drug 20 by more than ten per cent or by more than \$10,000 during any 21 twelve-month period, or if it intends to introduce to market a



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1 brand-name prescription drug that has a wholesale acquisition 2 cost of \$30,000 per year or per course of treatment. The notice 3 shall be provided in writing at least thirty days prior to the 4 planned effective date of the increase or introduction and include a justification as described in subsection (c). After 5 consultation with stakeholders and experts, the commission shall 6 7 establish a third threshold that, when breached, will trigger 8 manufacturer reporting for brand-name prescription drugs.

9 For generic prescription drugs, a manufacturer shall (b) 10 notify the commission if it intends to increase the wholesale 11 acquisition cost of the generic prescription drug by more than 12 twenty-five per cent or by more than \$300 during any twelve 13 month period, or if it intends to introduce to market a generic 14 prescription drug that has a wholesale acquisition cost of 15 \$3,000 or more annually. The notice shall be provided in 16 writing at least thirty days prior to the planned effective date 17 of the increase or introduction and include a justification as 18 described in subsection (c). After consultation with 19 stakeholders and experts, the commission shall establish a third 20 threshold that, when breached, will trigger manufacturer 21 reporting for generic prescription drugs.



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1 (c) Justification for the proposed launch price or price 2 increases specified in subsections (a) and (b) shall include all documents and research related to the manufacturer's selection 3 4 of the price increase or introductory price including life cycle management, net average price in the State, market competition 5 6 and context, projected revenue, and if available, estimated cost effectiveness of the prescription drug. 7 -8 Determining excess costs to payors and consumers. 8 S 9 (a) An affordability review of a prescription drug shall 10 include a determination whether the appropriate use of a 11 prescription drug product has led or will lead to excess costs 12 for health care systems in the State. 13 (b) Factors that the commission may consider in 14 determining cost and excess cost include: 15 (1)The price at which the prescription drug has been or 16 will be sold in the State: 17 (2) The average monetary price rebate or discount that the 18 manufacturer provides or is expected to provide to 19 payors in the State, as reported by manufacturers and 20 health plans;



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1	(3)	The price at which effective therapeutic alternatives
2		have been or will be sold in the State;
3	(4)	The average monetary price rebate or discount that the
4		manufacturer provides or is expected to provide to
5		health plan payors in the State for effective
6		therapeutic alternatives;
7	(5)	The relative clinical merits of the prescription drug
8		under review compared to effective therapeutic
9		alternatives;
10	(6)	The cost to payors based upon patient access;
11	(7)	The impact on patient access resulting from the cost
12		of the prescription drug relative to insurance
13		benefits;
14	(8)	The current or expected value of manufacturer-
15		supported, drug-specific, patient access programs;
16	(9)	The relative financial impacts to health, medical, and
17		other social services costs; provided that those costs
18		can be quantified and compared to the baseline effects
19		of existing effective therapeutic alternatives; and
20	(10)	Other factors as may be specified by rule by the
21		commission.



1 (c) If, after considering the factors in subsection (b), 2 the commission is unable to determine whether a prescription drug will produce or has produced excess costs, the commission 3 4 may consider the following: 5 (1) Manufacturer research and development costs, as shown 6 on the company's federal tax filing for the most 7 recent tax year multiplied by the proportion of 8 manufacturer sales in this State to sales nationwide; 9 (2) That portion of direct-to-consumer marketing costs 10 that are eligible for favorable federal tax treatment 11 in the most recent tax year, that are specific to the 12 prescription drug under review, and that are 13 multiplied by the proportion of total manufacturer 14 sales in the State to sales nationwide for the 15 prescription drug under review; 16 (3) Gross and net manufacturer revenues for the most 17 recent tax year; and 18 (4) Any additional factors that the commission considers 19 relevant to the circumstances. 20 S -9 Rate setting. (a) If the commission finds that 21 the spending on the prescription drug under review creates



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excess costs for payors and consumers, the commission shall
 establish the level of reimbursement that shall be billed and
 paid among payors and providers in a deductible period.

4 (b) Instances of failure to bill and pay at levels
5 established by the commission under subsection (a) shall be
6 referred to the attorney general for further review.

7 (c) Upon a finding of noncompliance with commission
8 requirements, the attorney general may pursue all available
9 legal remedies.

10 (d) It shall not be considered noncompliance if a health 11 care stakeholder obtains price concessions from a manufacturer 12 that result in an insurer's net cost that is lower than the rate 13 established by the commission.

14 § -10 Appeals and judicial review. (a) Any person
15 aggrieved by a decision of the commission may request an appeal
16 of the decision within thirty days after the decision of the
17 commission.

(b) The commission shall hear the appeal and make a final
decision within sixty days after the appeal is requested. The
proceeding shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 91.



(c) Any person aggrieved by a final decision of the
 commission may petition for judicial review by the circuit court
 of the first circuit. The review shall be as provided by
 chapter 91.

5 -11 Annual reports. (a) The commission shall report S annually to the legislature and the governor on general 6 7 prescription drug price trends, the number of companies required 8 to report because of prescription drug pricing decisions, and 9 the number of prescription drugs that were subject to commission 10 review and analysis, including the results of the analysis, as 11 well as the number and disposition of appeals and judicial 12 reviews.

13 § -12 Scope of law and relation with other laws; ERISA 14 plans and medicare drug plans. (a) This chapter shall require 15 state-sponsored and state-regulated health plans and health 16 programs to limit drug reimbursements and drug payments to no 17 more than the commission-established upper payment limit.

18 (b) Subject to subsection (c), this chapter does not apply19 to ERISA plans and medicare part D plans.

20 (c) Providers who dispense and administer drugs in the
21 State to individuals in the State shall bill all payors at no



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1 more than the upper payment limit to the patient without regard 2 to whether or not an ERISA plan or medicare part D plan chooses 3 to reimburse the provider above the upper payment limit." 4 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general 5 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so 6 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2020-2021 for 7 deposit into the prescription affordability special fund. 8 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the prescription 9 affordability special fund the sum of \$ or so much 10 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2020-2021 for the 11 purposes of this Act. 12 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of 13 commerce and consumer affairs for the purposes of this Act. 14 SECTION 5. If any provision of this Act, or the 15 application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held 16 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or 17 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions 18 19 of this Act are severable.





SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2020.

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INTRODUCED BY: Rosly

Mh. Labha L Kurt Ferella





Report Title:

Prescription Drugs; Rate Reviews; Rate Setting; Appropriation

Description:

Establishes a prescription affordability commission within the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs to review prescription drug costs and establish levels of reimbursement. Appropriates moneys.

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