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JAN 2 3 2020

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FINANCIAL EXPLOITATION.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 346, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding a new section to part X to be appropriately
3	designated and to read as follows:
4	" <u>§346-</u> Right to proceed for private litigants; financial
5	exploitation; amount of recovery. (a) A vulnerable adult who
6	has been financially exploited may commence an action against
7	any perpetrator and may recover actual and punitive damages for
8	such financial exploitation. The action may be brought by the
9	vulnerable adult or that person's guardian, by a person or
10	organization acting on behalf of the vulnerable adult with the
11	consent of that person or that person's guardian, or by the
12	personal representative of the estate of a deceased victim
13	without regard to whether the cause of death resulted from the
14	financial exploitation.
15	(b) The civil action may be brought in any court of
16	competent jurisdiction where the violation is alleged to have
1 7	

17 occurred.



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1	(c) The court may award the prevailing party actual or
2	punitive damages in addition to reasonable attorney's fees and
3	costs of the action.
4	(d) The remedies or penalties provided by this section are
5	cumulative and in addition to any other remedies or penalties
6	allowed by law."
7	SECTION 2. Chapter 708, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
9	designated and to read as follows:
10	"§708- Financial exploitation of an elderly person or
11	disabled adult; presumption of exploitation; penalties. (1) A
11 12	disabled adult; presumption of exploitation; penalties. (1) A person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an
12	person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an
12 13	person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult if the person:
12 13 14	person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult if the person: (a) Knowingly obtains, uses, or endeavors to obtain or use
12 13 14 15	<pre>person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult if the person: (a) Knowingly obtains, uses, or endeavors to obtain or use an elderly person's or disabled adult's funds, assets,</pre>
12 13 14 15 16	<pre>person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult if the person: (a) Knowingly obtains, uses, or endeavors to obtain or use an elderly person's or disabled adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to temporarily or</pre>
12 13 14 15 16 17	<pre>person commits the offense of financial exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult if the person: (a) Knowingly obtains, uses, or endeavors to obtain or use an elderly person's or disabled adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the elderly person or disabled</pre>



1		(i) Stands in a position of trust and confidence with
2		the elderly person or disabled adult; or
3	_	(ii) Has a business relationship with the elderly
4		person or disabled adult;
5	(b)	Obtains or uses, endeavors to obtain or use, or
6		conspires with another to obtain or use an elderly
7		person's or disabled adult's funds, assets, or
8		property with the intent to temporarily or permanently
9		deprive the elderly person or disabled adult of the
10		use, benefit, or possession of the funds, assets, or
11		property, or to benefit someone other than the elderly
12		person or disabled adult, by a person who knows or
13		reasonably should know that the elderly person or
14		disabled adult lacks the capacity to consent;
15	(c)	Breaches a fiduciary duty owed to an elderly person or
16		disabled adult as the guardian of the person or
17		property of the elderly person or disabled adult, or
18		trustee of a trust created or established in favor of
19		the elderly person or disabled adult or agent under a
20		power of attorney which results in an unauthorized
21		appropriation, sale, or transfer of property of the



1	elderly person or disabled adult or held in trust for
2	the benefit of the elderly person or disabled adult.
3	An unauthorized appropriation under this section
4	occurs when the elderly person or disabled adult does
5	not receive the reasonably equivalent financial value
6	for goods or services, or when the fiduciary commits
7	any of the following acts:
8	(i) For agents, and guardians, appointed under
9	chapter 560:
10	(A) Commits fraud in obtaining appointment;
11	(B) Abuses powers;
12	(C) Wastes, embezzles, or intentionally
13	mismanages the assets of the principal or
14	beneficiary; or
15	(D) Acts contrary to the principal's sole
16	benefit or best interest; or
17	(ii) For guardians and trustees who are appointed
18	under chapter 551 or 554:
19	(A) Commits fraud in obtaining appointment;
20	(B) Abuses powers; or



1	(C) Wastes, embezzles, or intentionally
2	mismanages the assets of the principal or
3	<pre>beneficiary;</pre>
4	(d) Misappropriates, misuses, or transfers without
5	authorization money belonging to an elderly person or
6	disabled adult from an account in which the elderly
7	person or disabled adult placed the funds, owned the
8	funds, and was the sole contributor or payee of the
9	funds before the misappropriation, misuse, or
10	unauthorized transfer; provided that this paragraph
11	applies only to the following accounts:
12	(i) Personal accounts;
13	(ii) Joint accounts created with the intent that only
14	the elderly person or disabled adult enjoys all
15	rights, interests, and claims to moneys deposited
16	into the account; or
17	(iii) Convenience accounts; or
18	(e) Intentionally or negligently fails to effectively use
19	an elderly person's or disabled adult's income and
20	assets for the necessities required for that person's
21	support and maintenance, and the person is a caregiver



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1		or stands in a position of trust and confidence with
2		the elderly person or disabled adult.
3	(2)	Any inter vivos transfer of money or property valued
4	in excess	of \$10,000 at the time of the transfer, whether in a
5	single tr	ansaction or multiple transactions, by a person sixty-
6	five year	s of age or older to a nonrelative whom the transferor
7	knew for	fewer than two years before the first transfer and for
8	which the	transferor did not receive the reasonable equivalent
9	financial	value in goods or services creates a rebuttable
10	presumpti	on that the transfer was the result of exploitation;
11	provided	that:
12	<u>(a)</u>	The presumption in this subsection shall apply
13		regardless of whether the transfer or transfers are
14		denoted by the parties as a gift or loan; provided
15		that it shall not apply to a valid loan evidenced in
16		writing that includes definite repayment dates and
17		repayment is not in default, in whole or in part, for
18		more than sixty-five days;
19	<u>(b)</u>	The presumption in this subsection does not apply to:
20		(i) Persons who are in the business of making loans;
21		or



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1	(ii) Bona fide charitable donations to nonprofit
2	organizations that qualify for tax exempt status
3	under the Internal Revenue Code; and
4	(c) In a criminal case to which this subsection applies,
5	if the trial is by jury, jurors shall be instructed
6	that they may, but are not limited to draw an
7	inference of exploitation upon proof beyond a
8	reasonable doubt of the facts listed in this
9	subsection. The presumption of shall impose no burden
10	on the defendant.
11	(3) Financial exploitation of an elderly person or
12	disabled adult in the first degree is a class A felony if the
13	funds, assets, or property involved in the exploitation of the
14	elderly person or disabled adult is valued at \$50,000 or more.
15	(4) Financial exploitation of an elderly person or
16	disabled adult in the second degree is a class B felony if the
17	funds, assets, or property involved in the exploitation of an
18	elderly person or disabled adult is valued \$10,000 or more, but
19	less than \$50,000.
20	(5) Financial exploitation of an elderly person or
21	disabled adult in the third degree is a class C felony if the



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1	funds, assets, or property involved in the exploitation of an
2	elderly person or disabled adult is valued at less than \$10,000.
3	(6) If a person is charged with financial exploitation of
4	an elderly person or disabled adult that involves the taking or
5	loss of property valued at more than \$5,000 and property
6	belonging to a victim is seized from the defendant pursuant to a
7	search warrant, the court shall hold an evidentiary hearing and
8	determine, by a preponderance of the evidence, whether the
9	defendant unlawfully obtained the victim's property. If the
10	court finds that the property was unlawfully obtained, the court
11	may order it returned to the victim for restitution purposes
12	before a trial on the charge. This determination is
13	inadmissible in evidence at trial on the charge and does not
14	give rise to a presumption that the defendant has committed an
15	offence under this section."
16	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
17	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
18	begun before its effective date.
19	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
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SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.



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#### Report Title:

Kupuna Caucus; Elderly; Vulnerable Adults; Disabled Adults; Financial Exploitation; Civil Action; Damages; Attorneys Fees; Penal Code; Presumption

#### Description:

Authorizes a civil cause of action by a vulnerable adult for financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult. Allows attorney's fees and costs and punitive damages. Establishes degrees and classes of felonies for financial exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult. Establishes a presumption of financial exploitation.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

