JAN 1 7 2020

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION OF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State's income
- 2 tax treatment of real estate investment trusts should be
- 3 decoupled from the federal income tax treatment.
- 4 Pursuant to existing law, it is the legislature's intent to
- 5 conform the income tax law of the State as closely as may be
- 6 with the Internal Revenue Code, unless there is good reason to
- 7 the contrary. The legislature may choose to adopt none of the
- 8 amendments to the Internal Revenue Code or may provide that
- 9 certain amendments are limited in their operation.
- 10 The legislature finds that real estate investment trusts
- 11 were established by the federal government to give investors,
- 12 especially small investors, access to income-producing real
- 13 estate. The federal real estate investment trust provisions
- 14 allow a dividends paid deduction to the real estate investment
- 15 trust, thereby allowing the real estate investment trust itself
- 16 to not pay tax on income distributed to its shareholders, who
- 17 would then pay tax on that income. Existing state law conforms



- 1 to these provisions, but creates an anomaly because a real
- 2 estate investment trust that does business in Hawaii, but pays
- 3 dividends to shareholders out of the state, results in no Hawaii
- 4 income tax collected either from the real estate investment
- 5 trust or from its shareholders, due to the fact that
- 6 shareholders pay any tax on dividends to the state in which they
- 7 reside, not where the income was generated.
- 8 The legislature further finds that real estate investment
- 9 trusts in Hawaii own real estate assets of about \$17 billion,
- 10 generating an annual income of \$1 billion, which, if taxed, at
- 11 the current corporate rate assessed to all other corporations,
- 12 would generate Hawaii taxes of \$65 million per year. A 2016
- 13 analysis conducted by the department of business, economic
- 14 development, and tourism concluded that the State had foregone
- 15 about \$36 million in income tax in year 2014, and that the
- 16 amount of real estate investment trust investments has risen
- 17 substantially since 2014.
- 18 Some real estate investment trust shareholders live in
- 19 Hawaii, but a substantial majority do not. Further, while real
- 20 estate investment trusts own more real estate in Hawaii per
- 21 capita than in any other state, it ranks fortieth in the nation

- 1 for the number of real estate investment trust shareholders as a
- 2 percentage of the population. As a result, many real estate
- 3 investment trusts and their shareholders pay a mere fraction of
- 4 the Hawaii state income tax compared to what other corporations
- 5 pay.
- 6 The legislature therefore finds that it would be more
- 7 equitable to decouple from the federal system in this regard so
- 8 that corporations and other business entities doing business in
- 9 Hawaii pay a fair tax burden commensurate with the substantial
- 10 privileges and resources in Hawaii that were used to generate
- 11 their profits. Real estate investment trusts would continue to
- 12 receive their generous federal tax exemptions and continue to
- 13 benefit from Hawaii's low property tax rates.
- 14 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to disallow
- 15 dividends paid deductions for real estate investment trusts for
- 16 taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, which shall
- 17 repeal on December 31, 2023.
- 18 SECTION 2. Section 235-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- "(b) The following Internal Revenue Code subchapters,
- 21 parts of subchapters, sections, subsections, and parts of

1 subsections shall not be operative for the purposes of this 2 chapter, unless otherwise provided: 3 Subchapter A (sections 1 to 59A) (with respect to (1) determination of tax liability), except 5 section 1(h)(2) (relating to net capital gain reduced by the amount taken into account as investment 7 income), except sections 2(a), 2(b), and 2(c) (with 8 respect to the definition of "surviving spouse" and 9 "head of household"), except section 41 (with respect 10 to the credit for increasing research activities), 11 except section 42 (with respect to low-income housing 12 credit), except sections 47 and 48, as amended, as of 13 December 31, 1984 (with respect to certain depreciable 14 tangible personal property), and except 15 section 48(d)(3), as amended, as of February 17, 2009 16 (with respect to the treatment of United States 17 Department of Treasury grants made under section 1603

of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Tax Act of

2009). For treatment, see sections 235-110.91,

235-110.7, and 235-110.8;

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1	(2)	Section 78 (with respect to dividends received from
2		certain foreign corporations by domestic corporations
3		choosing foreign tax credit);
4	(3)	Section 86 (with respect to social security and tier 1
5		railroad retirement benefits);
6	(4)	Section 91 (with respect to certain foreign branch
7		losses transferred to specified 10-percent owned
8		foreign corporations);
9	(5)	Section 103 (with respect to interest on state and
10		local bonds). For treatment, see section 235-7(b);
11	(6)	Section 114 (with respect to extraterritorial income).
12		For treatment, any transaction as specified in the
13		transitional rule for 2005 and 2006 as specified in
14		the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 section 101(d)
15		and any transaction that has occurred pursuant to a
16		binding contract as specified in the American Jobs
17		Creation Act of 2004 section 101(f) are inoperative;
18	(7)	Section 120 (with respect to amounts received under
19		qualified group legal services plans). For treatment,
20		see section 235-7(a)(9) to (11);

1	(8)	Section 122 (with respect to certain reduced uniformed
2		services retirement pay). For treatment, see section
3		235-7(a)(3);
4	(9)	Section 135 (with respect to income from United States
5		savings bonds used to pay higher education tuition and
6		fees). For treatment, see section 235-7(a)(1);
7	(10)	Section 139C (with respect to COBRA premium
8		assistance);
9	(11)	Subchapter B (sections 141 to 150) (with respect to
10		tax exemption requirements for state and local bonds);
11	(12)	Section 151 (with respect to allowance of deductions
12		for personal exemptions). For treatment, see
13		section 235-54;
14	(13)	Section 179B (with respect to expensing of capital
15		costs incurred in complying with Environmental
16		Protection Agency sulphur regulations);
17	(14)	Section 181 (with respect to special rules for certain
18		film and television productions);
19	(15)	Section 196 (with respect to deduction for certain
20		unused investment credits);

Section 199 (with respect to the U.S. production 1 (16)activities deduction); 2 (17) Section 199A (with respect to qualified business 3 income); 4 (18)Section 222 (with respect to qualified tuition and 5 related expenses); 6 Sections 241 to 247 (with respect to special 7 (19)8 deductions for corporations). For treatment, see 9 section 235-7(c); 10 Section 250 (with respect to foreign-derived (20) 11 intangible income and global intangible low-taxed 12 income); Section 267A (with respect to certain related party 13 (21)14 amounts paid or accrued in hybrid transactions or with 15 hybrid entities); Section 280C (with respect to certain expenses for 16 (22)which credits are allowable). For treatment, see 17 section 235-110.91; 18 19 Section 291 (with respect to special rules relating to (23) corporate preference items); 20 Section 367 (with respect to foreign corporations); 21 (24)

1	(25)	Section 501(c)(12), (15), (16) (with respect to exempt
2		organizations); except that section 501(c)(12) shall
3		be operative for companies that provide potable water
4		to residential communities that lack any access to
5		public utility water services;
6	(26)	Section 515 (with respect to taxes of foreign
7		countries and possessions of the United States);
8	(27)	Subchapter G (sections 531 to 565) (with respect to
9		corporations used to avoid income tax on
10		shareholders);
11	(28)	Subchapter H (sections 581 to 597) (with respect to
12		banking institutions), except section 584 (with
13		respect to common trust funds). For treatment, see
14		chapter 241;
15	(29)	Section 642(a) and (b) (with respect to special rules
16		for credits and deductions applicable to trusts). For
17		treatment, see sections 235-54(b) and 235-55;
18	(30)	Section 646 (with respect to tax treatment of electing
19		Alaska Native settlement trusts);
20	(31)	Section 668 (with respect to interest charge on
21		accumulation distributions from foreign trusts);

1	(32)	Subchapter L (sections 801 to 848) (with respect to
2		insurance companies). For treatment, see sections
3		431:7-202 and 431:7-204;
4	(33)	Section 853 (with respect to foreign tax credit
5		allowed to shareholders). For treatment, see
6		section 235-55;
7	(34)	Section 853A (with respect to credits from tax credit
8		bonds allowed to shareholders);
9	(35)	Section 857(b)(2)(B) (with respect to the dividends
10		<pre>paid deduction for real estate investment trusts);</pre>
11	[ <del>(35)</del> ]	(36) Subchapter N (sections 861 to 999) (with respect
12		to tax based on income from sources within or without
13		the United States), except sections 985 to 989 (with
14		respect to foreign currency transactions). For
15		treatment, see sections 235-4, 235-5, and 235-7(b),
16		and 235-55;
17	[ <del>(36)</del> ]	(37) Section 1042(g) (with respect to sales of stock
18		in agricultural refiners and processors to eligible
19		<pre>farm cooperatives);</pre>
20	[ <del>-(37)</del> ]	(38) Section 1055 (with respect to redeemable ground
21		rents);



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        [<del>(38)</del>] (39) Section 1057 (with respect to election to treat
                transfer to foreign trust, etc., as taxable exchange);
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        \left[\frac{(39)}{(40)}\right] (40) Sections 1291 to 1298 (with respect to treatment
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                of passive foreign investment companies);
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        \left[\frac{40}{40}\right] (41) Subchapter Q (sections 1311 to 1351) (with
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                respect to readjustment of tax between years and
 7
                special limitations);
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        \left[\frac{41}{1}\right] (42) Subchapter R (sections 1352 to 1359) (with
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                respect to election to determine corporate tax on
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                certain international shipping activities using per
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                ton rate);
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        [\frac{42}{2}] (43) Subchapter U (sections 1391 to 1379F) (with
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                respect to designation and treatment of empowerment
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                zones, enterprise communities, and rural development
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                investment areas). For treatment, see chapter 209E;
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        \left[\frac{(43)}{(43)}\right] (44) Subchapter W (sections 1400 to 1400C) (with
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                respect to District of Columbia enterprise zone);
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        [(44)] (45) Section 14000 (with respect to education tax
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               benefits);
        [<del>(45)</del>] (46) Section 1400P (with respect to housing tax
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                benefits);
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        [\frac{46}{1}] (47) Section 1400R (with respect to employment
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               relief);
        \left[\frac{47}{47}\right] (48) Section 1400T (with respect to special rules for
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               mortgage revenue bonds);
        [(48)] (49) Section 1400U-1 (with respect to allocation of
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               recovery zone bonds);
       [\frac{49}{100}] (50) Section 1400U-2 (with respect to recovery zone
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               economic development bonds); and
       [\frac{(50)}{(51)}] (51) Section 1400U-3 (with respect to recovery zone
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               facility bonds)."
         SECTION 3. Section 235-71, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
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                In the case of a real estate investment trust there
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    is imposed on the taxable income, computed as provided in
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    sections 857 and 858 of the Internal Revenue Code but with the
    changes and adjustments made by this chapter (without prejudice
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    to the generality of the foregoing, for taxable years beginning
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    before January 1, 2021, the deduction for dividends paid is
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    limited to [such] the amount of dividends as is attributable to
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    income taxable under this chapter [\frac{1}{2}] and, for taxable years
    beginning after December 31, 2020, no deductions for dividends
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- 1 paid shall be allowed), a tax consisting in the sum of the
- 2 following: 4.4 per cent if the taxable income is not over
- \$ \$25,000, 5.4 per cent if over \$25,000 but not over \$100,000, and
- 4 on all over \$100,000, 6.4 per cent. In addition to any other
- 5 penalty provided by law any real estate investment trust whose
- 6 tax liability for any taxable year is deemed to be increased
- 7 pursuant to section 859(b)(2)(A) or 860(c)(1)(A) after December
- 8 31, 1978, (relating to interest and additions to tax determined
- 9 with respect to the amount of the deduction for deficiency
- 10 dividends allowed) of the Internal Revenue Code shall pay a
- 11 penalty in an amount equal to the amount of interest for which
- 12 such trust is liable that is attributable solely to [such] the
- 13 increase. The penalty payable under this subsection with
- 14 respect to any determination shall not exceed one-half of the
- amount of the deduction allowed by section 859(a), or 860(a)
- 16 after December 31, 1978, of the Internal Revenue Code for [such]
- 17 the taxable year."
- 18 SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 20 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
- 21 and shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,



- 1 2020; provided that this Act shall be repealed on December 31,
- 2 2023; provided further that sections 235-2.3(b) and 235-71(d),
- 3 Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted in the form in which
- 4 they read prior to the effective date of this Act.

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INTRODUCED BY:

201-455-

Shaires

#### Report Title:

Taxation; Real Estate Investment Trusts; Dividends Paid Deduction

#### Description:

Disallows dividends paid deduction for real estate investment trusts. Applies to taxable years beginning after 12/31/2020. Sunsets 12/31/2023.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.