JAN 1 7 2020

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as a result of
- 2 pursuing its goal to reach one hundred per cent renewable energy
- 3 by 2045, Hawaii must continue to support utility-scale renewable
- 4 energy projects that benefit residents and ratepayers.
- 5 Currently, there are sixty utility-scale renewable energy
- 6 projects feeding into the State's power grids, and many more are
- 7 projected for completion in the next several years. Despite
- 8 great progress, the State continues to depend heavily on
- 9 imported petroleum for its energy needs, and it must support a
- 10 stable and robust financial framework for renewable energy
- 11 projects to reach the State's ambitious renewable energy goals.
- 12 The legislature further finds that in order to continue to
- 13 support this goal, the State must distinguish utility-scale
- 14 renewable energy projects from other renewable energy technology
- 15 systems under the tax credit program. Under the terms of the
- 16 public utilities commission order 35286, which authorized a
- 17 solicitation for utility-scale renewable energy projects in



- 1 2018, bidders were required to pass through the full value of
- 2 the tax credit to ratepayers in the form of lower power prices.
- 3 Eight projects totaling approximately two hundred seventy-five
- 4 megawatts alternate current were selected in this solicitation,
- 5 with expected completion dates between 2021 and 2022. These
- 6 eight projects are essential to Hawaii's ability to meet its
- 7 near-term clean energy and carbon reduction goals. However,
- 8 while the projects' power prices assume the full value of the
- 9 tax credit as of the time of bidding, the projects will not
- 10 secure the tax credit until they are completed and energized.
- 11 Without certainty as to the value of the tax credit, these
- 12 projects would need to take on the full risk of a reduced or
- 13 eliminated credit as they secure financing and complete
- 14 construction, placing the projects at risk of cancellation.
- 15 Providing certainty for these projects is necessary to ensure
- 16 their financial viability and keep the State on track to
- 17 achieving its clean energy goals.
- 18 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 19 (1) Define an "eligible utility-scale renewable energy
- 20 project" for purposes of a renewable energy

1		technologies income tax credit available to commercial
2		solar energy systems;
3	(2)	Clarify the calculation of the renewable energy
4		technologies income tax credit available to commercial
5		solar energy systems;
6	(3)	Provide that the value of the renewable energy
7		technologies income tax credit for eligible utility-
8		scale renewable energy projects shall be based on the
9		credit value and cap that are in effect as of July 1,
10		2020; and
11	(4)	Provides that an eligible utility-scale renewable
12		energy project shall not be eligible to collect the
13		tax credit if they entered into a contract after
14		December 31, 2018.
15	SECT	ION 2. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended as	s follows:
17	1. 1	By amending subsections (b) and (c) to read:
18	"(b)	The amount of credit allowed for each eligible
19	renewable	energy technology system shall not exceed the
20	applicable	e cap amount, which is determined as follows:

1	(1)	If t	he primary purpose of the solar energy system is
2		to u	se energy from the sun to heat water for household
3		use,	then the cap amounts shall be:
4		(A)	\$2,250 per system for single-family residential
5			property;
6		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
7			residential property; and
8		(C)	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;
9	(2)	For	all other solar energy systems, the cap amounts
10		shal	l be:
11		(A)	\$5,000 per system for single-family residential
12			property; provided that if all or a portion of
13			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
14			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
15			to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
16			reduced by thirty-five per cent of the actual
17			system cost or \$2,250, whichever is less;
18		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
19			residential property; and
20		(C)	\$500,000 per [ <del>system</del> ] megawatt direct current for
21			systems installed on commercial property; and

1	(3)	For a	all wind-powered energy systems, the cap amounts
2		shal	l be:
3		(A)	\$1,500 per system for single-family residential
4			property; provided that if all or a portion of
5			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
6			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
7			to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
8			reduced by twenty per cent of the actual system
9			cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;
10		(B)	\$200 per unit per system for multi-family
11			residential property; and
12		(C)	\$500,000 per system for commercial property.
13	(c)	For t	the purposes of this section:
14	"Actı	ual co	ost" means costs related to the renewable energy
15	technology	y syst	tems under subsection (a), including accessories
16	and insta	llatio	on, but not including the cost of consumer
17	incentive	prem	iums unrelated to the operation of the system or
18	offered w	ith th	ne sale of the system and costs for which another
19	credit is	clair	med under this chapter.
20	"Elig	gible	utility-scale renewable energy project" means a
21	renewable	ener	gy project that was selected prior to December 31

- 1 2018, under the Hawaiian Electric Companies' final variable
- 2 renewable dispatchable generation request for proposal pursuant
- 3 to public utilities commission order number 35286, docket 2017-
- 4 0352, and that is placed in service no later than December 31,
- **5** 2023.
- 6 "Household use" means any use to which heated water is
- 7 commonly put in a residential setting, including commercial
- 8 application of those uses.
- 9 "Renewable energy technology system" means a new system
- 10 that captures and converts a renewable source of energy, such as
- 11 solar or wind energy, into:
- 12 (1) A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy;
- 13 (2) Electricity; or
- 14 (3) Fuel.
- "Solar or wind energy system" means any identifiable
- 16 facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that converts solar
- 17 or wind energy to useful thermal or electrical energy for
- 18 heating, cooling, or reducing the use of other types of energy
- 19 that are dependent upon fossil fuel for their generation."
- 2. By amending subsection (k) to read:

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### S.B. NO. **2556**

1	"(k) This section shall apply to eligible renewable energy				
2	technology systems that are installed and placed in service on				
3	or after July 1, 2009[-]; provided that for an eligible utility-				
4	scale renewable energy project, the tax credit shall be based on				
5	the credit value and cap that were in effect as of July 1, 2020;				
6	provided further that an eligible utility-scale renewable energy				
7	project shall not be eligible to receive the tax credit pursuant				
8	to subsection (b)(2)(C) if they entered into a contract after				
9	December 31, 2018."				
10	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed				
11	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.				
12	SECTION 4. This Act, upon its approval, shall apply to				

INTRODUCED BY:

taxable years beginning after December 31, 2019.

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#### Report Title:

Renewable Energy Technologies; Income Tax Credit; Eligible Utility-scale Renewable Energy

#### Description:

Defines an "eligible utility-scale renewable energy project" for purposes of a renewable energy technologies income tax credit available to commercial solar energy systems. Clarifies the calculation of the renewable energy technologies income tax credit for commercial solar energy systems. Provides that the value of the renewable energy technologies income tax credit for eligible utility-scale renewable energy projects shall be based on the credit value and cap that are in effect as of 7/1/2020. Provides that an eligible utility-scale renewable energy project shall not be eligible to collect the tax credit if they entered into a contract after 12/31/2018.

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